

INTRODUCTION

The City of Fresno originally developed in the late 1800's in a natural low-lying area where Dry Creek emptied into the valley floor. The area was called the "Sinks of Dry Creek." As the City grew, its susceptibility to flood damages also grew. For many years the City addressed flooding conditions with limited solutions on an individual site basis of the flooding location. Often the burden of dealing with the flooding fell to the businesses and residents that had developed in the lower lying areas.

In order to address this problematic flooding, on May 13, 1955 the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control Act became law, which was a result of efforts by the local citizenry. The Act created a special district to address drainage and flood control solutions. Since its formation the FMFCD has developed and is following a flood control and storm drainage master plan, which calls for the systematic completion of an area-wide flood control system and numerous local drainage systems. In the beginning, there was no coordinated or comprehensive flood control or drainage program in the community. Since that time, FMFCD developed a comprehensive storm drainage and flood control master plan and has worked jointly with the cities of Fresno and Clovis on many improvement projects. FMFCD has completed numerous facilities including major flood control structures, local drainage basins and many hundred miles of storm drainage pipelines that now provide permanent, local drainage service to more than 75% of the Fresno/Clovis area.

FMFCD's flood control program focuses on controlling flood flows from an extensive network of streams which extend into the Fresno/Clovis area from the adjoining foothills. The streams carry runoff from a 175 square mile area that reaches an elevation of 5,000 feet in the Sierra-Nevada. The streams flow to the valley floor where they periodically inundate farmland and urban development. Storm flows have caused the local streams and canals to overflow an average of once every four years since 1953. Until the late 1940's, the largest flood threat was from Big Dry Creek, an 81.7 square mile watershed upland of the City. In February 1948, the Big Dry Creek Dam was completed and provided protection that would control approximately a 60-year, 30-day event.

With the formation of the FMFCD, FMFCD was delegated the control of such storm flows through a planned system of dams and reservoirs, detention basins, channel improvements and stream controls. The initial planning work was completed in 1957 and it is documented in a report often referred to as the "Nolte Report".

Subsequently, FMFCD became the local sponsor of a federal project with responsibility for the major elements of the system. Please refer to Figure 3-1 as a general reference to features of the Project and its relationship to the federal project, identified as the Redbank and Fancher Creeks Flood Control Project, a cooperative effort by the United States Army Corps of Engineers ("USACE"), the State of California and the FMFCD.

In the Local Cooperation Agreement, between the USACE and the FMFCD, FMFCD accepted the responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the Big Dry Creek Dam and appurtenances from the federal government. Big Dry Creek Dam and all of its appurtenances are not part of the State Plan of Flood Control. Water Code Section 8523 defines the State Plan of Flood Control as limited to the Sacramento and San Joaquin River watersheds. Water Code Section 12646 (e) further states, "The Sacramento-San Joaquin Valley does not include the lands lying within the Tulare Lake basin, including the Kings River" (see Figure 3-10). Volume 3, Regional Reports (Tulare Lake) of the California Water Plan Update 2009 identifies the Fresno/Clovis area as being within the Tulare Lake Basin. Thus, the Fresno/Clovis metropolitan area is qualified for the Proposition 1E funds, which are designated for areas not part of the State Plan of Flood Control.

The Project will promote water conservation by (i) capturing stormwater and recharging it to the local groundwater aquifer (the primary source of drinking water supply - currently in substantial overdraft), (ii) improving the volume of imported water that can be recharged into the local groundwater basin during the non-rainy season, and (iii) using captured stormwater as a supply for irrigation of the perimeter of landscaped basins.

These benefits are incorporated into the Upper Kings Basin Integrated Regional Water Management Plan ("IRWMP"). The Fresno Metropolitan's Flood Control District Service Plan is a Foundational Action identified in the IRWMP, meeting the specific IRWMP objectives of conjunctive use, flood management, water quality, and environmental management. The IRWMP further describes how FMFCD, with the assistance of Fresno Irrigation District ("FID"), captures stormwater through joint use facilities designed for both flood control and groundwater recharge purposes. This strategy was listed as "a good example of how recharge/retention ponds and canal facilities can be integrated to meet multiple objectives..."

Functionality

FMFCD has a very complex flood control and urban storm drainage system. The flood control system is comprised of natural streams, flood control dams, reservoirs, and detention basins. The urban storm drainage system is comprised of pipeline collection systems and detention basins.

The Fresno area is unique such that there are no natural drainages that leave the area. The geology of the area is alluvium deposited by the San Joaquin River on the north and the Kings River on the south leaving the Fresno Area lower than the original banks of the rivers. An exception to this is the Big Dry Creek Channel, now mostly converted to an irrigation canal by the predecessors of the Fresno Irrigation District (FID). The Big Dry Creek conveyed storm water generated from the Dry Creek watershed southwesterly to the "Sinks of Dry Creek" where it would accumulate and eventually percolate into the soil. Without the natural drainages to remove flood water from the area, the local canals and pipelines owned by FID are utilized for this purpose. FMFCD has an agreement with FID to use their system for flood water

conveyance, but their system has capacity limitations and discharges to it must be managed very carefully to avoid flooding outside of the canals.

FMFCD's urban storm water collection system is a combination of pipelines and storm water detention basin located throughout the Fresno and Clovis area. The basins have a finite capacity and are not designed to contain the total runoff from all storms that may occur. Generally they can store up to 6" of rainfall runoff. Due to this limited capacity, the captured storm water must be released from the basins as soon as possible to make room for additional water that may enter the system. The water is continually released into the FID system as canal capacity will permit. FMFCD's flood control system must also use the FID system to route the flood waters. During storm events, FMFCD's major flood control features north and easterly of the urban area capture and detain flood water before it enters the urban area. This allows the urban basins time to be "dewatered" and canal capacity made available for the flood water detained in the flood control reservoirs outside of the urban area. Most of the flood control facilities were designed and constructed by the USACE in the early 1990's as part of the Redbank and Fancher Creeks Project and provide as a minimum, protection from the 200 year return frequency storm event. Exception to this is the Redbank Creek Dam and Reservoir, the Holland Creek Re-Diversion Project and the Fancher Creek Detention Basin, which were constructed by FMFCD. The flood control features are located on major stream courses such as Fancher Creek, Redbank Creek, Pup Creek, Big Dry, and Dog Creek. FID's Big Dry Creek Canal is utilized to dewater 34 upland basins of FMFCD's 154 urban storm water management basins. However, because of the inter-relationship of flood flows routing in various canals and dewatering of urban stormwater basins, any storage increase lessens the burden of the flood flows in the canals. Having additional storage and flood routing capabilities generated by the Dry Creek Flood Control Improvement Project will greatly benefit the local area and the potential ground water recharge potential will benefit the overall regional groundwater basin.

Background/History

Big Dry Creek Dam

The Big Dry Creek Dam is located in the foothills of the western slopes of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, in eastern Fresno County, between the San Joaquin and Kings Rivers. The Big Dry Creek Dam is situated on Dry Creek at the northeasterly fringe of the Clovis City limits. The Big Dry Creek Dam was constructed by USACE in 1948 and later modified by the USACE. The original main embankment consisted of an earth filled dam with a maximum height of 37 feet and a length of 21,000 feet. The reservoir provided flood detention for a gross pool of 16,250 acre-feet. The reservoir was designed to provide a 60-year level of protection to the cities of Clovis and Fresno and suburban areas.

Modifications to the Big Dry Creek Dam started in 1992 as part of the Redbank and Fancher Creeks Project. The homogenous rolled earth filled dam was extended to 25,300 feet long with the crest being raised 7.5 feet to an elevation of 442.2 USGS datum (providing a maximum height of about 44 feet). The Big Dry Creek Dam has a concrete Ogee spillway with a crest

length of 550 feet with a crest elevation of 432.7 USGS datum. The Standard Project Flood Pool is 30,300 acre-feet at a storage pool elevation of 432.7 USGS datum. The project was completed in August of 1993 and modifications were made to control flows from the upper 81.7 square mile of the Big Dry Creek and Dog Creek watersheds.

The maximum water historically stored behind the Big Dry Creek Dam, from the storm event of January, 1997, was about 12,632 acre-feet or a storage pool at 422.5 elevation USGS datum. Sustained seepage and sand boils were observed at the toe of the dam at the historical storage level. The diagram below identifies the proposed tow drain improvement of Big Dry Creek Dam as Figure 3-1-1.



Figure 3-1-1: Big Dry Creek Dam

Pup Creek-Enterprise Detention Basin

The Pup Creek-Enterprise Detention Basin is located in Fresno County, situated just easterly of the City of Clovis' Sphere of Influence and located approximately two (2) miles directly south of the Big Dry Creek Dam. It is generally located between Herndon, DeWolf, Paul and Leonard Avenues bordered to the north by the Enterprise Canal.



Figure 3-1-2: Pup Creek-Enterprise Detention Basin

The Pup Creek drainage system is comprised of four (4) different tributaries and referenced for identification purposes as; (i) the North Tributary, (ii) the main Pup Creek Channel, (iii) Tributary No. 1 and (iv) Tributary No. 2. The attenuation of peak flow is only needed on the main Pup Creek Channel. The main channel of Pup Creek flows generally through the center of the Pup Creek-Enterprise Detention Basin as it is shown in Figure 3-1-2. The Pup Creek-Enterprise Detention Basin site is 17 acres in size located partly within the 100-year floodplain (please see Figure 3-1-3 Floodplain Map). FMFCD utilizes a flood routing model created by the USACE to plan its flood routing and flood protection systems. The model was intended to safely route the 200 year flood event through the complex integrated stream and irrigation system through the urban area. However, the model has not proven to be fully accurate and FMFCD is correcting the model and adding flood protection features to do so. The model assumed the entire runoff from the Pup Creek watershed could be conveyed to the Pup Creek Detention Basin located approximately one mile downstream of the proposed Pup Creek-Enterprise Detention Basin. But, due to a flood routing deficiency at the Enterprise Canal, 147 cubic feet per second (cfs) of the peak flow in this tributary will overtop the bank and enter the Enterprise Canal. This is due to the limited capacity of the culvert under the Enterprise Canal and the head developed on the upstream side of the canal rising to overtop the bank. Currently, only 15 cfs will flow beneath the canal at the maximum head (Figure 3-1-4: Routing Diagram). Water entering the canal at this point will usurp capacity planned for other flood flow routing and overflow the canal banks downstream. Even without other flood flows in the canal, the downstream canal capacity is not adequate to convey 147 cfs. The Pup Creek Channel and floodplain between the proposed Pup Creek-Enterprise Detention Basin and the Pup Creek Basin has been encroached upon such that this channel too cannot convey the full flow without causing major flooding. As an additional

benefit of the project feature, the flows will be detained in the basin and released at rates that will not cause flooding in the downstream area.



Figure 3-1-3: Floodplain Map

After considering several other alternates to convey this water to the original intended location of the Pup Creek Detention Basin, it became obvious that the best option was to purchase the Pup Creek-Enterprise Detention Basin site and create detention storage at that location. The 17 acre site is large enough when fully excavated to provide the offsetting capacity needed (approximately 200 acre-feet) to detain the flood flows and release it at the capacity available in either the Pup Creek channel or during non-critical flows to the Enterprise Canal.



Figure 3-1-4: Routing Diagram

The grant request excludes the excavation of the basin below grade to defer this large expense and allow contractors desiring fill material to remove the material without public expense. However, when such material is removed, the project feature will improve in its performance to attenuate peak flows.

The Pup Creek-Enterprise Detention Basin is tributary to the Big Dry Creek Channel. All of the water from the watershed is ultimately conveyed downstream in the Big Dry Creek (see Figure 3-1-5: Pup Creek-Dry Creek Routing Diagram). The Pup Creek system downstream of the Pup Creek Basin (before reaching Dry Creek) has limited capacity and also serves to convey water away from four (4) urban drainage systems in Clovis. Storage at the Pup Creek-Enterprise Detention Basin will provide additional control and relief of flood conditions in Clovis. The flood flow benefit also continues downstream of the confluence of Pup Creek with Dry Creek and several downstream urban drain systems will also benefit from any detained water (reduction in flow) at the Pup Creek-Enterprise Detention Basin.

The Pup Creek-Enterprise Detention Basin will also be utilized for groundwater recharge and provide additional wildlife habitat. The open space and water availability at this basin, like many other FMFCD detention facilities has demonstrated an attractive location for wildlife.

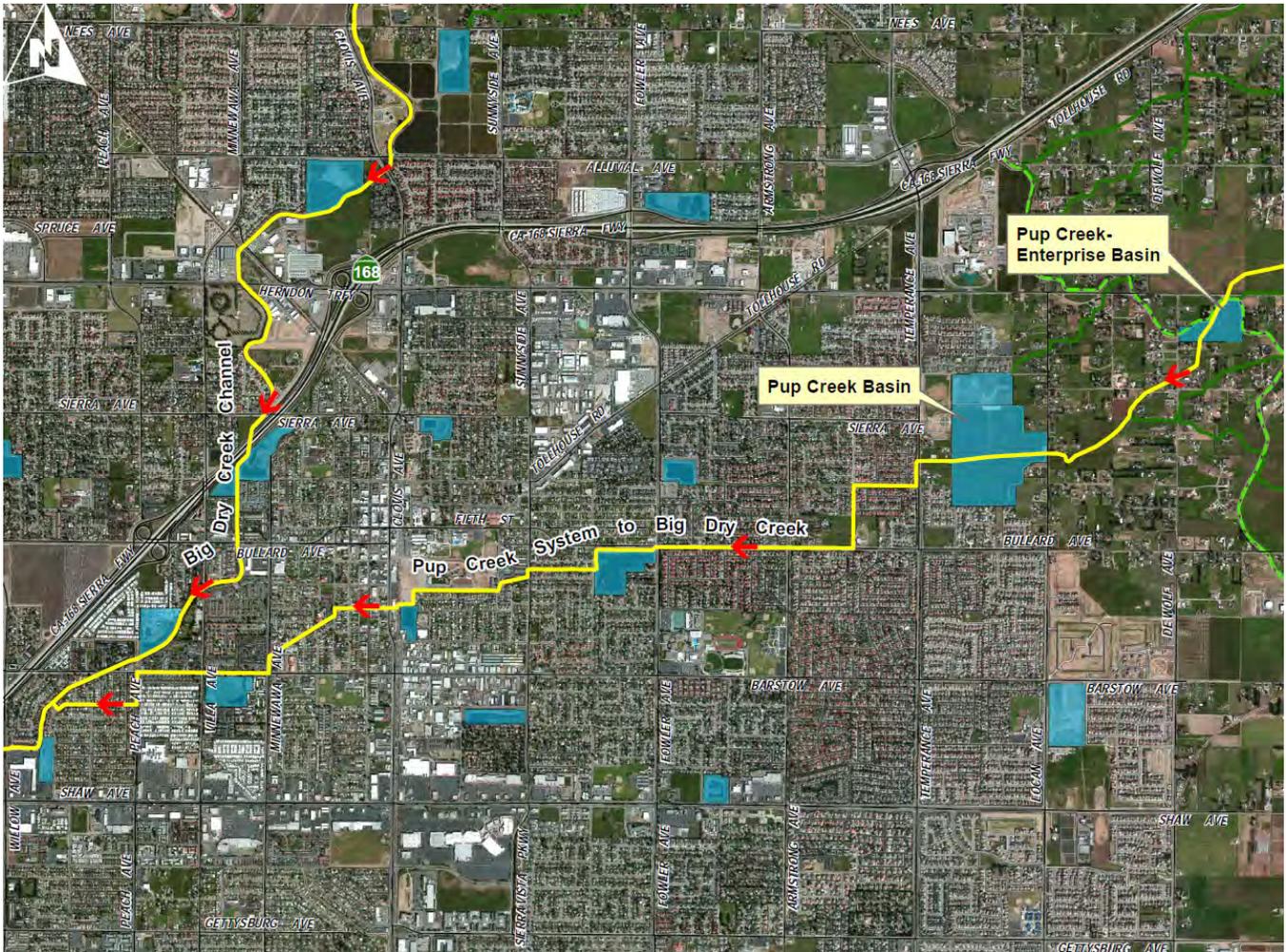


Figure 3-1-5: Pup Creek – Dry Creek Routing Diagram

Big Dry Creek Detention Basin

The Big Dry Creek Detention Basin is a 25 acre site and is positioned at the easterly side of the City of Fresno, located approximately seven (7) miles downstream of the Big Dry Creek Dam, south of Ashlan Avenue and east of Freeway 168. It is located adjacent to the City of Fresno’s groundwater recharge facilities called Leaky Acres and at the confluence of Big Dry Creek and the Gould Canal. An 11.4 acre portion of the property is being acquired by the State of California (State) for drainage purposes for Freeway 168 and subsequently transferring ownership to the FMFCD. An additional 13.8 acres is owned by the City of Fresno, Department of Aviation and it is being acquired by FMFCD.

Presently, urban Drainage Area "C" does not meet FMFCD's stormwater storage capacity standards. With the combination of the parcels mentioned above and their convenient location, the design capacity for the site is a gross pool of approximately 259.8 acre-feet. Also, it will not only provide services to Freeway 168 but with the extra storage capacity, FMFCD can attenuate flood flows from Big Dry Creek and/or the Gould Canal and provide stormwater storage capacity for this area to bring the drainage area to FMFCD's standards.

Please reference Figure 3-1-6 for the proposed configuration of Big Dry Creek Detention Basin and for the location of Drainage Area "C".

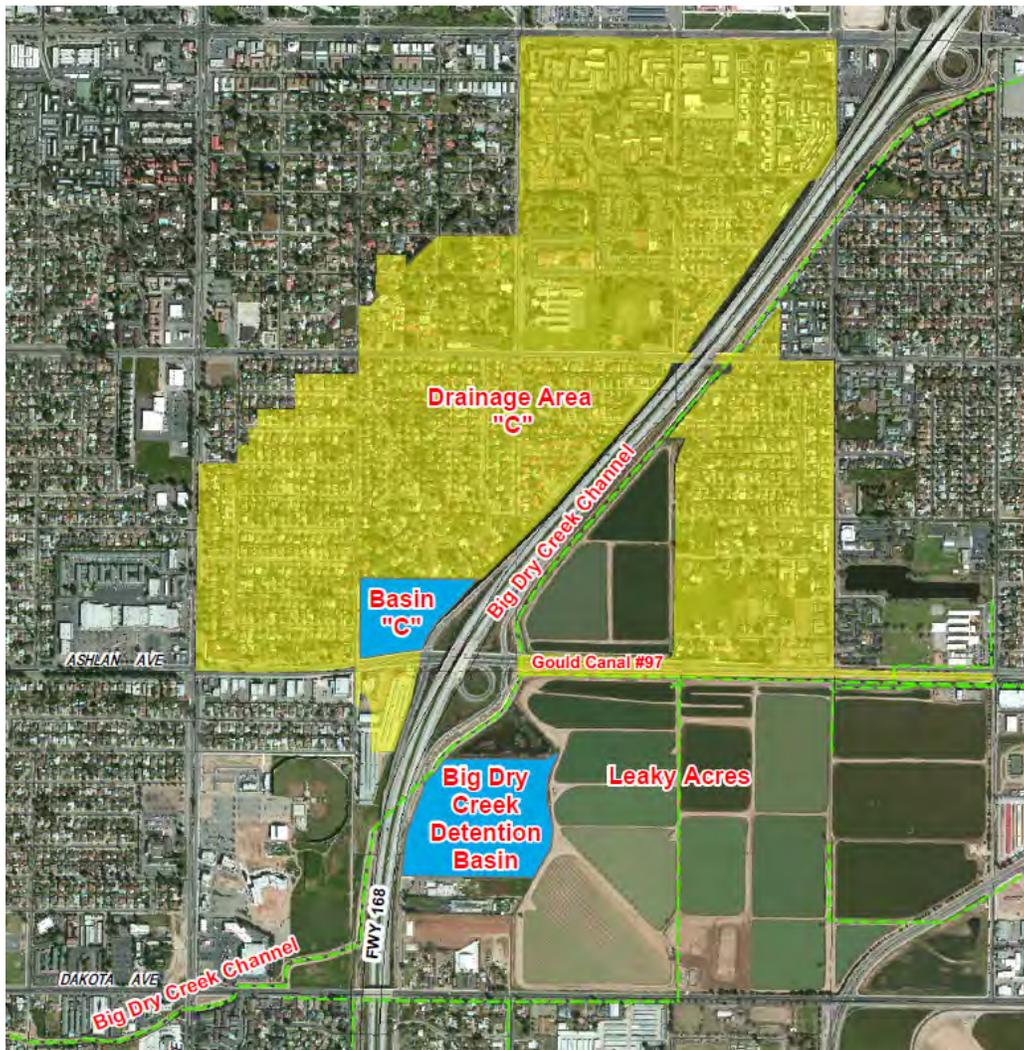


Figure 3-1-6: Big Dry Creek Detention Basin

Dry Creek Extension Basin

The Dry Creek Extension Basin is in Fresno County, located about 16 miles downstream of the dam. It is situated east of Dry Creek and just southwesterly of the Fresno City limits. Its general location is between Jensen, Annadale, Brawley and Blythe Avenues bordered to the north by the Fanning Ditch. FMFCD currently owns 20 acres and is interested in acquiring an adjacent 23

acres east of its 20 acre parcel. The proposal for this site is to convert it into one detention and recharge basin. According to the Ultimate Basin design, the basin will be capable of storing 795 acre-feet improving the overall flood protection and provide additional stormwater storage capacity. Currently, the excavation work for the 20 acre site is being completed by the former owner under contract with FMFCD.

Figure 3-1-7 shows the configuration of Dry Creek Extension Basin.

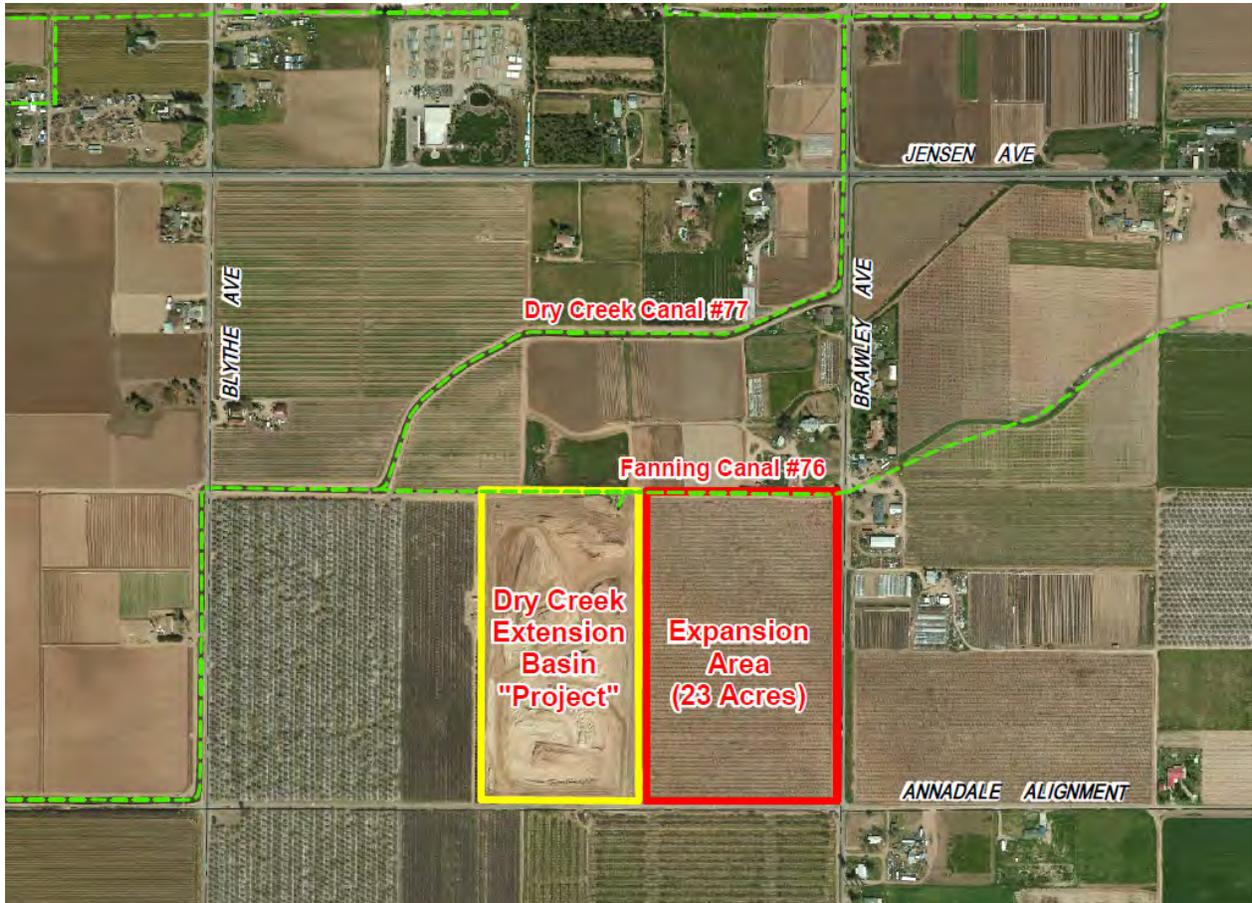


Figure 3-1-7: Dry Creek Extension Basin

Dam Breach Analysis for Big Dry Creek Dam, California

1. Introduction.

1.1 Purpose and Scope. This report describes the dam breach analysis of Big Dry Creek Dam in Fresno County, California. Inundation area maps have been developed for use in emergency planning. A table presenting approximate flood peak travel times from the dam to selected locations, peak water surface elevations, and maximum flow velocities, is included in section 6.2 of the report.

1.2 Previous Studies and References. Information used to perform the dam breach analysis was obtained from the following references.

1. Big Dry Creek Dam Probable Maximum Flood Inundation, PMF Inundation Maps, In House Report, US Army Corps of Engineers, Sacramento District, September 1992.
2. Big Dry Dam Breach Study, California, Inundation Area Maps, US Army Corps of Engineers, Sacramento District, March 1977.
3. DAMBRK, The NWS Dam-Break Flood Forecasting Model, Users Manual, National Weather Service, Documentation Prepared by the Hydrologic Engineering Center, US Army Corps of Engineers, February 1984.
4. HEC-1, Flood Hydrograph Package, User's Manual, US Army Corps of Engineers Hydrologic Engineering Center, September 1990.
5. Redbank and Fancher Creeks, California, Big Dry Creek Dam Feature Design Memorandum, US Army Corps of Engineers, Sacramento District, August 1990.

1.3 Reason for Restudy of Big Dry Creek Dam Breach. New dam-breach inundation maps are required for Big Dry Creek Dam due to modification of the original structure. The rolled earth fill dam has been raised 7.2 feet, from elevation 435.0 to 442.2 feet ngvd (1929 national geodetic vertical datum), to increase gross pool storage capacity from 16,500 acre-feet to 30,200 acre-feet. The spillway was changed from a broadcrested weir to an Ogee spillway, and has been raised from elevation 425.0 to 432.7 feet ngvd.

1.4 Breach Hydrograph. The modeled dam breach produced a hydrograph with a peak flow of 69,900 ft³/s occurring one hour after the breach began to form. Muskingum-Cunge routing was used to route the hydrograph from the dam downstream through Fresno.

2. Description of Area.

2.1 Description of Big Dry Creek Dam and Reservoir. Big Dry Creek Dam Reservoir, at gross pool storage, impounds approximately 30,200 acre-feet and has a surface area of 2151 acres. The homogeneous rolled earth fill dam is 25,300 feet long, has a maximum section height of 45 feet, and a crest elevation of 442.2 ngvd. The concrete Ogee spillway has a crest length of 550 feet and crest elevation of 432.7 feet, ngvd. Pertinent data used in the dam breach analysis for Big Dry Creek Dam included:

Pertinent Data, See Ref. 5.

1. Drainage Area at Big Dry Creek Dam 81.7 mi²
2. Type of Dam Structure Homogeneous Rolled Earth Fill
3. Top of Dam Crest Elevation, ngvd 442.2 ft
4. Spillway Crest Elevation, ngvd 432.7 ft
5. Gross Pool Storage 30,200 ac-ft
6. Max Height of Dam 45 ft
7. Invert Elevation of Big Dry Cr. Outlet Works @ impact basin, ngvd .. 392.5 ft

2.2 Location of Big Dry Creek Dam. Big Dry Creek Dam is located in the foothills of the western slopes of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, in eastern Fresno County, between the San Joaquin and Kings Rivers. The dam controls flow from the upper 81.7 mi² of the Big Dry Creek watershed. Big Dry Creek is a tributary to the San Joaquin River.

2.3 Topography. Local topography ranges from moderately steep to steep hills and ridges in the foothills in the upper Big Dry Creek watershed, to nearly level alluvial plains in the eastern San Joaquin Valley near Fresno and Clovis. Rolling hills and terraces, composed of alluvium, border the foothills east of Fresno.

2.4 Streams and Canals. Streams flow in natural channels through the foothills, however, the channels have been extensively modified below the dam. In effect, the channels are now dual-purpose, and convey both irrigation water supplies and storm runoff. The Big Dry Creek outlet works are located north of the original alignment of Big Dry Creek. The Little Dry Creek outlet works divert impounded water from Big Dry Creek northward into Little Dry Creek, near the confluence with the San Joaquin River. The major dual purpose channels are the Fresno Canal, Mill Ditch, Dry Creek Canal, and Herndon Canal. Other canals also cross the inundation area below the dam. The Friant-Kern Canal crosses the watershed upstream of the dam.

2.5 Vegetative Cover. Vegetative cover between the dam and the Fresno metropolitan area consists primarily of orchards, vineyards, pastures, and field crops. Hillier areas in the vicinity of the dam and Friant-Kern Canal are predominantly short-grass range land.

2.6 Climate and Precipitation. The climate of the area is semi-arid, with hot, dry summers and cool, moist winters. Fog can occur frequently in December and January, when a high pressure

system traps marine air in the Valley. Average annual precipitation over the watershed varies from approximately 10.5 inches at Fresno to over 30 inches in the headwaters of Dry Creek. Most of this precipitation occurs between November and April. Thundershowers may move into the area during the summer. Winter precipitation usually falls as rain, although snowfall may occur down to 2,000 feet and occasionally lower.

2.7 Storm Characteristics. Flood producing storms in the area occur as rain during October through April. The majority of these storms occur from the latter part of December to the first part of April. There are two distinct types of flood producing storms: general storms that produce widespread heavy precipitation, and local storms that produce extremely heavy short-term precipitation over small areas.

3. Modeling the Dam Breach with HEC-1.

3.1 Breach Characteristics. Multiple dam breach scenarios were modeled using the dam breach and multiplan routines in HEC-1. Breach configuration was determined by trial and error and *Suggested Typical Ranges of Breach Parameters* from Table 3.1 (p. 3-2) of the DAMBRK Users Manual (Ref. 3). The target peak flow rate was determined from an enveloping curve developed from observed outflow rates from breached dams (outflow vs. hydraulic depth). The target peak discharge was a flow near, but not exceeding, the envelope curve value. The time distribution of the resulting hydrograph is relatively insensitive to differences in breach configuration for any given target peak outflow. To achieve the target peak discharge, breach the full height of the dam, and maintain the desired breach width at the invert (80 feet), the breach side slopes were kept relatively steep, at 0.5 to one. For an earthen dam, the recommended breach width is 0.5 to four dam heights, the recommended side slope of the breach is zero to one ft/ft, and the recommended time to achieve maximum breach size is 0.5 to four hours. The breach invert elevation corresponds to the outlet work invert elevation. Model parameters required by the dam break routine include: starting water surface elevation, elevation at invert of breach, breach dimensions, and the time to achieve maximum breach dimensions. The following breach parameters were used in the dam breach analysis for Big Dry Creek Dam:

Big Dry Creek Breach Parameters, See Ref. 3.

1. Starting Water Surface Elevation, ngvd 432.7 ft
2. Invert Elevation of Breach, ngvd 392 ft
3. Width of Breach at Invert 80 ft
4. Side Slope of Breach 0.5 H-1.0 V
5. Selected Time to Fully Formed Breach 1 hour
6. Hydraulic Depth of Water at Breach approx. 41 ft

3.2 Breach Hydrograph. The modeled dam breach produced a hydrograph with a peak flow of 69,900 ft³/s occurring one hour after the breach began to form. Attenuation reduces the peak flow to 44,300 ft³/s at the Southern Pacific rail line, above Hwy 99, approximately 12 miles below the dam. The flood wave travel time to this location is approximately 11 hours.

3.3 Conditions at Time of Breach. Most breaches occur after flow begins over the top-of-dam, however, for the purposes of this study, the simulated dam breach occurred with the water surface at spillway crest (from a piping failure), and after inflow to the reservoir has essentially ended. Such conditions simulate a dam breach with the greatest element of surprise; during a spillway flow event (or dam overtopping) emergency activities will already have begun, including evacuations, thereby reducing the impact of a dam breach. Although the simulated breach did not result from overtopping of the dam, a relatively short time of one hour was selected for the breach to become fully formed. A breach produced by overtopping of the dam may produce somewhat broader flood limits.

3.4 Breach Locations. The analyzed breach locations are at the original alignment of Big Dry Creek, and at the Little Dry Creek outlet works. Breach locations were selected based upon section height (water depth) and dam characteristics deemed most susceptible to breaching. Big Dry Creek outlet works are situated between the two breach locations analyzed. A breach at the Big Dry Creek outlet works would produce an inundation area contained within the mapped flood limits. Breach location influences the inundation area near the dam; however, flow paths from each simulation converge a relatively short distance below the dam (above Fresno).

3.5 Effect of Canals on Inundation Area. Flooding will occur during a time of year with low flows in irrigation canals, therefore, no significant contribution to flood waters will come from breached canals. Canal channel capacities are 2000 ft³/s or less and do not represent a significant diversion of water (as a percentage of total flow) from the inundated area. Canals carrying flood waters may be flowing at greater than design capacity, and levee sections could potentially fail, producing shallow flooding over a broad area outside of the mapped inundation area.

Canal levees within the overflow limits are used to increase irrigation canal capacity and were not designed to control significant flood events. The breach hydrograph would overtop existing levees, and the levees would become ineffective or fail. The largest levees within the overflow area are located along Herndon Canal, which runs through the City of Fresno. Approximately 80% of Herndon Canal has levees. Water has historically ponded behind the levees and flooded homes to the north of the canal. Maximum height of the levees in the area of interest is approximately 4 feet; ponded depths will not greatly exceed this depth. The highest levees within the area of interest are located at the west edge of the inundation area, between Blackstone and Palm Avenues. The levees in this 1 mile section produce somewhat broader flood limits, and greater flood depths, than would otherwise occur. Elsewhere, ponding at levees, or levee breaks, would have no significant impact on the overflow limits. Most levee sections of the Herndon Canal (within the inundation area) are between 1 and 3 feet high. Some road crossings at the canals have inverted siphons; as the roads are not elevated to the height of the levees, heavier flows will occur at road crossings and breached levee sections. Water passing through road crossings would spread rapidly and fill in behind the levees. The low levees on the Enterprise Canal and Mill Ditch will be rapidly overtopped and breached.

3.6 Effect of Existing Flood Control Structures on Inundation Area. Alluvial Drain Detention Basin is contained within the area inundated by a dam breach at Big Dry Creek Dam. The storage

within the detention basin (maximum storage = approx. 300 ac-ft) is insignificant compared to the volume in the breach hydrograph. A breach hydrograph from Big Dry Creek Dam may breach Alluvial Drain Detention basin as well, however, breaching Alluvial Drain D.B. would have no significant effect on the overflow limits. The detention basin is primarily below ground (excavated), and does not have potential to significantly alter the flood flows from a dam breach at Big Dry Creek Dam. If the detention basin were full at the time of the breach, and the dam breach induced a breach at the detention basin, there would be no significant impact on the mapped overflow limits. Conversely, if the detention basin were empty at the time of the dam breach, and the detention basin did not fail, the stored volume at the detention basin would not significantly reduce the overflow limits. Pup Creek Detention Basin, Redbank Creek Detention Basin, and Redbank Dam were not shown to be within the overflow limits from the dam breach.

4. Channel Routing of the Breach Hydrograph by the Muskingum-Cunge Method.

4.1 Use of Muskingum-Cunge Routing. Channel routing was performed by using Muskingum-Cunge routing with HEC-1. The Muskingum-Cunge routing method has been shown to compare well to full unsteady flow equations over a wide range of flow conditions. Muskingum-Cunge routing is not appropriate for routing rapidly rising hydrographs on very shallow slopes (slopes of 1 ft/mi or less). A description of Muskingum-Cunge routing begins on p. 30 of the *HEC-1 Users Manual* (Ref. 4). All of the routing reaches from the dam through the city of Fresno have slopes significantly greater than 1 ft per mile. Overbank areas with poor flow characteristics were modeled with very high N-values. In addition, ponded areas were subjectively mapped by interpretation of flow characteristics from map contours and spot elevations, using professional judgement. Backwater effects were not deemed of great enough significance to require use of the full unsteady flow equations. Few road surfaces or other man made features affecting flow (other than homes) are elevated above the ground surface.

4.2 Parameters for Muskingum-Cunge Routing. Eight-point cross-sections representing 17 routing reaches were used to model the main channel and overbank flows with Muskingum-Cunge routing. The distance between cross-sections varied as needed to define the inundation area. Each cross-section has separate N-values for the left overbank, main channel (cross-section center), and right overbank. N-values ranged from 0.01 immediately below the dam to 0.80 in overbank areas. See p. 35 of the *HEC-1 User's Manual* (ref. 4) for recommended overland flow N-values obtained from a variety of sources. A N-value range of 0.10 - 0.20 is recommended to represent areas of "short grass prairie" with shallow flow, while "sparse rangeland with debris" has a recommended N-value range of 0.05 to 0.34. A N-value 0.1 was selected for shallow flow over range and agricultural lands. Most reaches would have flows predominantly less than 3 ft in depth, especially in the urban areas; a composite N-value of 0.10 was selected for shallow flow in streets, around homes, and through yards. Areas modeled with higher N-values represent portions of the cross-section with restricted flow. A N-value of 0.01 was used for the bore of water immediately below the dam. Elsewhere, reaches with flows generally greater than 3 feet deep were given N-values ranging from 0.02 to 0.06. Other parameters required for Muskingum-Cunge routing include a reach length and water surface slope. An estimate of the water surface energy grade line slope was used for flows near

the dam, while the land surface slope was used for routing reaches within the city. Reach length is considered to be the straight line distance between cross-sections, as a flood wave would overwhelm channels and flow directly downslope (overland).

5. Delineation of Inundation Area.

5.1 Comparison to Previous Work. New overflows are similar to overflows mapped in the previous dam breach analysis (with original spillway and dam height), and also those mapped when routing the PMF through the dam and downstream through Fresno. New overflow limits are somewhat broader at some locations due to the higher discharge routed in the reevaluation. In a very few locations, small areas previously mapped within the inundation area have been removed from the inundation area due to reevaluation of flow behavior. Previous analyses used the DAMBRK and DWOPER computer programs to develop the dam breach and perform the channel routings. HEC-1 was selected for use in the present study due to its superior error checking routines and ease-of-use.

5.2 Additional Flooding. Delineated flood limits represent the best estimate of expected flood limits. Additional areas of shallow sheet flooding (1 ft or less in depth) may occur along canals and streets outside of the delineated flood zone. Flooding outside the delineated flood zone (other than that within canals) is shallow flow with low velocity, and is generally non-life threatening.

5.3 Mapping of Inundation Area. Computed cross-section water surface elevations were plotted on 1:24,000 scale USGS topographic maps, and professional judgement was used to delineate flood limits between cross-sections. Professional judgement was also used to modify water surface elevations where backwater effects would occur. (HEC-1 does not model backwater effects.) The erosive action of the water was also considered; a narrow divide may be breached by floodflows, resulting in wider flood limits. Additionally, urban growth and agricultural activities have changed, and will continue to change, the land surface contours, increasing the uncertainty associated with the mapped flood zone.

5.4 High Ground Within the Inundation Area. Pockets of high ground will escape flooding within the delineated flood zone; however, they have not been mapped due to uncertainty as to their limits. The erosive action of the water may result in changing flow paths, especially nearer the dam. Many of the areas modeled as escaping flooding are at an elevation only a few tenths of a foot from becoming inundated; the modeling methods used do not have a level of accuracy sufficient to map these areas.

5.5 Interpretation of Delineated Flood Zone. Delineated flood limits are the outer limits of what may occur with different breach scenarios; a breach at the north end of the dam (near the spillway) may not result in flooding at the southern limit shown (or vice-versa). Flow paths from all breach scenarios converge into the same overflow area before reaching Fresno.

6. Flood Wave Travel Times.

6.1 Comparison to Previous Studies. Revised estimates of the overland flow N-values produced virtually no change in flood wave travel times from those previously presented in the Big Dry Creek PMF Inundation Maps (Ref. 1), and the Big Dry Dam Breach Study Inundation Area Maps (Ref. 2). Reevaluation of N-values produced generally lower N-values in areas with deeper flow, and higher N-values in reaches with shallow flow.

6.2 Flood Wave Travel Times. Travel times to locations near the dam are highly dependent on breach location; however, travel times further downstream are less dependent on breach location. Mapped travel times are composite values from multiple breach locations, but generally represent the fastest travel times that may be expected. The mapped travel times are the travel times of the hydrograph peak, which occurs 1 hour after the breach begins. The following table presents the flood peak travel time from the dam to selected locations, and maximum flow velocity, and water surface elevations, at the same locations. Breaches at other locations along the dam may result in significantly lower flood peaks and volumes, and longer travel times. Near the dam, the peak flow arrives less than one hour after the leading edge of the flood hydrograph, while, in the lower mapped regions, the peak follows the initial stages of flooding by approximately three hours.

Table of Approximate Travel Time of Flood Peak From Dam to Selected Locations.

Location	Distance to Dam (mi)	Max WSE* (ft)	Max Flow (ft ³ /s)	Arrival Time** (hrs)	Max Vel. (ft/s)
Intersection of Sunnyside Ave and Nees Ave	2.4	376	67,000	0.5	13***
Intersection of Peach Ave and Herndon Ave	4.0	362	62,000	2	2
Intersection of Bullard Ave (6th) and Clovis Ave, Clovis	4.1	362	62,000	2	2
Intersection of Millbrook Ave and Ashlan Ave, Fresno	7.9	325	55,000	6	1
Intersection of Clinton Ave and 1st St, Fresno	9.3	311	49,000	8	1
Intersection of McKenzie Ave and Blackstone Ave, Fresno	11.3	295	47,000	10	1

* Water surface elevation at cross-section through location indicated. Some locations within the cross-section may be at a higher elevation than the water surface.
 ** Travel time of hydrograph peak from dam to indicated location. Travel time estimates rounded to nearest 1/2 hour.
 *** Flow rate exceeds 35 ft/s in upper reaches.

6.3 Flow Velocities. Modeled flow velocities ranged from nearly 40 ft/s in the first 1/2 mile below the dam, to wide shallow flow of approximately 0.6 ft/s below Hwy 99 in Fresno (see above table). Flow velocities at locations near the dam are highly dependent on breach location; however, velocities further downstream are less dependent on breach location. Velocities used for mapping are composite values from multiple breach locations, but generally represent the highest velocities that

may be expected in overflow areas. Model parameters outside of the recommended ranges would generally be required to achieve significantly higher flow velocities or water surface elevations. Changes made to the water surface slope (energy grade line) could result in higher flow velocities or water surface elevations, but the model generally becomes computationally unstable when changes of this nature are made. Warnings of unstable computations in the model output are an indication that inappropriate parameter values have been selected.

6.4 Flood Depths. Modeled flood depths are generally 3 feet or less. Large areas will experience flooding of less than 2 feet in depth. Isolated low lying areas near channels may experience flooding of up to 6 feet in depth. Care should be taken in using the map to determine flood depths, as the map presents a composite overflow from multiple breach scenarios.

7. Conclusions.

The *Inundation Area Map* presents a conservative representation of the flood limits and flood peak travel times from a dam breach at Fancher Creek Dam. Model parameters used are conservative values falling within the ranges recommended by available guidelines. Model parameters outside of the recommended range would be required to achieve significantly higher computed flow velocities or water surface elevations. Computed flow peaks and velocities compare well with those of observed events and previous analyses.

Delineated flood limits are the outer limits of what may occur with different breach scenarios; therefore, mapped limits do not represent the limits from a breach at any one given location at the dam. Breaches at certain locations along the dam may result in significantly lower flood peaks and volumes, and longer travel times. Shallow, non-life threatening flooding may occur outside of the mapped inundation area. Near the dam, the peak flow arrives less than one hour after the leading edge of the flood hydrograph, while, in the lower mapped regions, the peak follows the initial stages of flooding by approximately three hours. *Actual warning time is dependent on discovery of the breach, and reaction time following discovery of the breach.* The table in section 6.2 presents the flood peak travel times to selected locations.

Although flooding will be extensive within developed areas, modeled flood depths and velocities are generally non-life threatening to healthy adults. Large areas will experience flooding of less than 2 feet in depth, however, low lying areas near channels may experience flooding of up to 6 feet in depth. Flow velocities are generally 2 feet per second or less *beyond 4 miles from the dam*. Very dangerous conditions will exist within 4 miles of the dam. Actual maximum inundation depths and flow velocities are dependant on dam breach location and the effect of local topographic features. For evacuation purposes, the potential flood limits and available response time are of more significance than flood depths.

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*****
* FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1) *
* JUN 09 1992 *
* VERSION 4.0.3E *
* RUN DATE 07/18/95 TIME 08:52:09 *
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*****
* U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS *
* HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER *
* 609 SECOND STREET *
* DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616 *
* (916) 551-1748 *
*****

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X X XXXXXXX XXXX X
X X X X X XX
X X X X X X
XXXXXXXX XXXX X XXXX X
X X X X X X
X X X X X X
X X XXXXXXX XXXX XXX

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THIS PROGRAM REPLACES ALL PREVIOUS VERSIONS OF HEC-1 KNOWN AS HEC1 (JAN 73), HEC1GS, HEC1DB, AND HEC1KW.

THE DEFINITIONS OF VARIABLES -RTIMP- AND -RTIOR- HAVE CHANGED FROM THOSE USED WITH THE 1973-STYLE INPUT STRUCTURE. THE DEFINITION OF -AMSKK- ON RM-CARD WAS CHANGED WITH REVISIONS DATED 28 SEP 81. THIS IS THE FORTRAN77 VERSION

NEW OPTIONS: DAMBREAK OUTFLOW SUBMERGENCE, SINGLE EVENT DAMAGE CALCULATION, DSS:WRITE STAGE FREQUENCY, DSS:READ TIME SERIES AT DESIRED CALCULATION INTERVAL LOSS RATE:GREEN AND AMPT INFILTRATION

KINEMATIC WAVE: NEW FINITE DIFFERENCE ALGORITHM

1

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 1

```

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10
1 ID DAM FAILURE ANALYSIS FOR DRY CREEK, CA **** final results ***
2 ID FAIL LOCATION #1 ..... DRYfails.dat..... GR ... 15 aug 1994
3 ID BREACH AT APPROX STA 119+00, NR BIG DRY CREEK OUTLET WORKS
4 ID "C" COEFFICIENT ON SL RECORD COMBINED VALUE BIG+LITTLE DRY CREEKS, Q=1600CFS
5 ID "C" COEF ON SS RECORD DETERMINED BY WORKING BACKWARDS FROM RATING CURVE
6 ID NO INFLOW, BREACH OCCURS W/ WSE AT SPILLWAY EL 432.7 FT
7 ID EARTHEN DAM
8 ID ** SOME X-SEC 8 THRU 17 FROM PREVIOUS DWOPER ANALYSIS **
9 ID ENVELOPE CURVE OF OBSERVED BREACH DISCHARGES @ 40FT DEPTH = 72,000 CFS
10 ID
11 *DIAGRAM
12 IT 15 01JAN94 0100 200
13 IO 3
14 * JP 3
15
16 KK IN BIG DRY CR DAM
17 KM CALCULATION OF INFLOW TO BIG DRY CR DAM
18 BA 81.7
19 PB 0
20 PI 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
21 PI 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
22 PI 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
23 LU 0 0 0
24 US 4.8 .6
25 BF 0 0 1.
26
27 KK OUT BIG DRY CR DAM OUTFLOW
28 KM ROUTED FLOWS THROUGH RESERVOIR
29 KO 4
30 * KP 1
31 RS 1 ELEV 432.7
32 SV 0 0.0 600 2300 9300 25000 30200 45983 46900
33 SE 394 397 405 410 420.00 430.00 432.7 439.2 440.00
34 SS 432.7 550 4.3 1.5
35 ST 442.2 25 3.1 1.5
36 SL 392.5 60 .53 0.5
37 * SB 392 100 0 .5 432.7
38 * KP 2
39 * SB 392 100 0 1 432.7
40 * KP 3
41 * KO 3 1
42 SB 392 80 .5 1 432.7
43
44 KK RCH1
45 * KP 3
46 * KO 3
47
48 KM CHANNEL ROUTING DAM TO X1
49 KM EST WATER SURFACE ENERGY GRADE LINE SLOPE IS .40
50 RD
51 RC .020 .010 .010 1400 .400 405
52 RX 0 800 1300 2000 2600 3100 3300 3500
53 RY 407 404 405 407 405 403 405 407
54 ZW A=BIGDRY B=REACH1 C=FLOW F=SOUTHBREACH

```

1

HEC-1 INPUT

PAGE 2

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LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10
42 KK RCH2
43 KM CHANNEL ROUTING X1 TO X2

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44      KM   LAND SURFACE SLOPE = .0058, EST WATER ENERGY GRADE LINE =.10
45      RD
46      RC   .020 .020 .020 1200 .10 401
47      RX   0 100 200 500 1000 2000 2200 2900
48      RY   401 400 393 400 402 398 400 404

49      KK   RCH3
50      KM   CHANNEL ROUTING X2 TO X3
51      KM   LAND SURFACE SLOPE =.0021, EST WATER ENERGY GRADE LINE =.100
52      RD
53      RC   .030 .020 .030 3200 .1000 391
54      RX   0 1100 2500 3400 3600 3900 4500 4900
55      RY   393 390 385 390 389 390 390 395

56      KK   RCH4
57      KM   CHANNEL ROUTING X3 TO X4
58      KM   LAND SURFACE SLOPE =.0021, EST WATER ENERGY GRADE LINE =.012
59      RD
60      RC   .030 .020 .030 1000 .0120 388
61      RX   0 500 1200 1600 3000 3100 3300 4700
62      RY   390 385 380 385 385 384 385 390

63      KK   RCH5
64      KM   CHANNEL ROUTING X4 TO X5
65      KM   LAND SURFACE SLOPE =.0024, EST WATR ENERGY GRADE LINE .01
66      RD
67      RC   .030 .030 .030 4800 .0100 378
68      RX   0 6500 7800 10600 11000 11500 12700 14300
69      RY   380 376 377 375 368 375 370 380

70      KK   RCH6
71      KM   CHANNEL ROUTING X5 TO X6
72      KM   EST WATR SURFACE ENERGY GRADE LINE SLOPE =.002
73      RD
74      RC   .060 .030 .060 3500 .0020 373
75      RX   0 6100 6600 13000 17000 20400 24000 27900
76      RY   375 370 373 369 373 366 368 375
* KP 3
* KO 3

77      KK   RCH7
78      KM   CHANNEL ROUTING X6 TO X7
79      KM   HIGH n VALUE FOR LEFT BANK DUE TO BANK STORAGE
80      RD
81      RC   .060 .060 .060 4600 .0021 363
82      RX   0 5800 6500 7200 8700 13800 23300 26900
83      RY   365 360 359 361 360 359 360 365
* KP 3
* KO 3

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HEC-1 INPUT

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

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84      KK   RCH8
85      KM   CHANNEL ROUTING X7 TO X8
86      RD
87      RC   .100 .060 .100 5350 .0020 353
88      RX   0 4800 6800 6900 7700 15200 21000 33500
89      RY   355 350 350 348 350 351 351 355
* KP 3
* KO 3

90      KK   RCH9
91      KM   CHANNEL ROUTING X8 TO X9
92      RD
93      RC   .100 .060 .100 5425 .0020 348
94      RX   0 8700 9100 9400 13700 20700 21200 23900
95      RY   350 342 337 342 340 340 345 350
* KP 3
* KO 3

96      KK   RCH10
97      KM   CHANNEL ROUTING X9 TO X10
98      RD
99      RC   .100 .060 .100 6975 .0017 333
100     RX   0 8100 9400 9900 18300 18900 20700 25900
101     RY   335 330 325 330 325 324 330 335

102     KK   RCH11
103     KM   CHANNEL ROUTING X10- X11
104     RD
105     RC   .100 .100 .100 6675 .0018 319
106     RX   0 3100 14500 19500 23900 26500 27300 33200
107     RY   320 315 320 313 320 315 314 320

108     KK   RCH12
109     KM   CHANNEL ROUTING X11- X12
110     RD
111     RC   .100 .100 .100 5400 .0018 311
112     RX   0 8700 15800 21000 21500 21600 28100 31100
113     RY   315 310 305 310 303 310 310 315

114     KK   RCH13
115     KM   CHANNEL ROUTING X12- X13
116     RD
117     RC   .100 .100 .100 5700 .0015 305
118     RX   0 1700 5200 5500 6000 11000 13300 14200
119     RY   310 300 296 295 296 300 298 306

```

120	KK	RCH14									
121	KM	CHANNEL ROUTING X13- X14									
122	RD										
123	RC	.100	.100	.100	3800	.0021	294				
124	RX	0	14000	24000	26900	30200	30500	35400	36400		
125	RY	300	290	300	292	289	287	295	301		
					H8C-1 INPUT						

LINE ID.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

126	KK	RCH15								
127	KM	CHANNEL ROUTING X14- X15								
128	RD									
129	RC	.100	.100	.100	3800	.0011	291			
130	RX	0	3400	8700	17400	20900	28800	33000	36400	
131	RY	293	290	288	287	290	287	290	291	
132	KK	RCH16								
133	KM	CHANNEL ROUTING X15- X16								
134	RD									
135	RC	.100	.100	.100	3650	.0014	279			
136	RX	0	7200	10200	12800	15000	16200	21600	25500	
137	RY	280	275	275	273	275	290	274	280	
138	KK	RCH17								
139	KM	CHANNEL ROUTING X16- X17								
	+ KO	3								
140	RD									
141	RC	.100	.100	.100	5150	.0007	274			
142	RX	0	8300	20700	21600	22000	26200	27000	29200	
143	RY	275	270	270	272	270	269	270	275	
144	ZW	A=BIGDRY B=REACH17 C=FLOW F=SOUTHBREACH								
145	ZZ									

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF STREAM NETWORK

INPUT LINE	(V) ROUTING	(--->) DIVERSION OR PUMP FLOW
NO.	(.) CONNECTOR	(<---) RETURN OF DIVERTED OR PUMPED FLOW
13	IN	
	V	
	V	
24	OUT	
	V	
	V	
34	RCH1	
	V	
	V	
42	RCH2	
	V	
	V	
49	RCH3	
	V	
	V	
56	RCH4	
	V	
	V	
63	RCH5	
	V	
	V	
70	RCH6	
	V	
	V	
77	RCH7	
	V	
	V	
84	RCH8	
	V	
	V	
90	RCH9	
	V	
	V	
96	RCH10	
	V	
	V	
102	RCH11	
	V	
	V	
108	RCH12	
	V	
	V	
114	RCH13	
	V	
	V	
120	RCH14	
	V	
	V	
126	RCH15	
	V	
	V	
132	RCH16	
	V	
	V	
138	RCH17	

(***) RUNOFF ALSO COMPUTED AT THIS LOCATION

1*****

* FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1) *
 * JUN 09 1992 *
 * VERSION 4.0.3E *
 * RUN DATE 07/18/95 TIME 08:52:09 *
 *

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 * HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER *
 * 609 SECOND STREET *
 * DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616 *
 * (916) 551-1748 *
 *

DAM FAILURE ANALYSIS FOR DRY CREEK, CA **** final results ***
 FAIL LOCATION #1 DRYfails.dat..... GR ... 15 aug 1994
 BREACH AT APPROX STA 119+00, NR BIG DRY CREEK OUTLET WORKS
 "C" COEFFICIENT ON SL RECORD COMBINED VALUE BIG+LITTLE DRY CREEKS, Q=1600CFS
 "C" COEF ON SS RECORD DETERMINED BY WORKING BACKWARDS FROM RATING CURVE
 NO INFLOW, BREACH OCCURS W/ WSE AT SPILLWAY EL 432.7 FT
 EARTHEN DAM
 ** SOME X-SEC 8 THRU 17 FROM PREVIOUS DWOPER ANALYSIS **
 ENVELOPE CURVE OF OBSERVED BREACH DISCHARGES @ 40FT DEPTH = 72,000 CFS

12 IO OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES
 IPRNT 3 PRINT CONTROL
 IPLOT 0 PLOT CONTROL
 QSCAL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE

11 HYDROGRAPH TIME DATA
 NMIN 15 MINUTES IN COMPUTATION INTERVAL
 IDATE 1JAN94 STARTING DATE
 ITIME 0100 STARTING TIME
 NQ 200 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES
 NDDATE 3JAN94 ENDING DATE
 NDTIME 0245 ENDING TIME
 ICENT 19 CENTURY MARK
 COMPUTATION INTERVAL 0.25 HOURS
 TOTAL TIME BASE 49.75 HOURS

ENGLISH UNITS
 DRAINAGE AREA SQUARE MILES
 PRECIPITATION DEPTH INCHES
 LENGTH, ELEVATION FEET
 FLOW CUBIC FEET PER SECOND
 STORAGE VOLUME ACRE-FEET
 SURFACE AREA ACRES
 TEMPERATURE DEGREES FAHRENHEIT

13 KK *****
 * IN * BIG DRY CR DAM
 * *

CALCULATION OF INFLOW TO BIG DRY CR DAM

SUBBASIN RUNOFF DATA
 15 BA SUBBASIN CHARACTERISTICS
 TAREA 81.70 SUBBASIN AREA
 23 BF BASE FLOW CHARACTERISTICS
 STRTQ 0.00 INITIAL FLOW
 QRCSN 0.00 BEGIN BASE FLOW RECESSION
 RTIOR 1.00000 RECESSION CONSTANT
 PRECIPITATION DATA
 16 PB STORM 0.00 BASIN TOTAL PRECIPITATION
 17 PI INCREMENTAL PRECIPITATION PATTERN
 21 LU UNIFORM LOSS RATE
 STRTL 0.00 INITIAL LOSS
 CNSTL 0.00 UNIFORM LOSS RATE
 RTIME 0.00 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA
 22 US SNYDER UNITGRAPH
 TP 4.80 LAG
 CP 0.60 PEAKING COEFFICIENT

SYNTHETIC ACCUMULATED-AREA VS. TIME CURVE WILL BE USED

UNIT HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS
 CLARK TC= 5.16 HR, R= 4.88 HR
 SNYDER TP= 4.80 HR, CP= 0.60

UNIT HYDROGRAPH
 115 END-OF-PERIOD ORDINATES
 80. 301. 620. 1001. 1427. 1889. 2379. 2891. 3422. 3967.
 4515. 5028. 5477. 5862. 6183. 6440. 6630. 6752. 6799. 6758.
 6584. 6294. 5979. 5680. 5396. 5127. 4870. 4627. 4395. 4176.

STORAGE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	32.03	189.32	473.44	600.00
OUTFLOW	312.35	343.11	380.59	427.26	486.98	541.01	566.10	675.93	838.62	901.69
ELEVATION	394.00	394.31	394.73	395.31	396.15	397.00	397.43	399.52	403.31	405.00
STORAGE	2300.00	3177.56	9300.00	25000.00	30199.94	30383.99	30921.01	31810.96	33053.94	34650.01
OUTFLOW	1066.89	1104.45	1337.42	1561.77	1617.02	1667.87	2005.65	2908.35	4654.08	7521.04
ELEVATION	410.00	411.25	420.00	430.00	432.70	432.78	433.00	433.36	433.88	434.53
STORAGE	36599.02	38901.13	41556.26	44564.33	45983.00	46900.00				
OUTFLOW	11787.01	17730.36	25628.96	35760.57	40935.19	48403.71				
ELEVATION	435.34	436.28	437.38	438.62	439.20	440.00				

34 KK *****
 * RCH1 *

CHANNEL ROUTING DAM TO X1
 EST WATER SURFACE ENERGY GRADE LINE SLOPE IS .40

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

37 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING

38 RC NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL

ANL 0.020 LEFT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 ANCH 0.010 MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
 ANR 0.010 RIGHT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 RLNTH 1400.0 REACH LENGTH
 SBL 0.4000 ENERGY SLOPE
 ELMAX 406.0 MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

CROSS-SECTION DATA

40 RY	ELEVATION	407.00	404.00	405.00	407.00	405.00	403.00	405.00	407.00
39 RX	DISTANCE	0.00	800.00	1300.00	2000.00	2600.00	3100.00	3300.00	3500.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	0.00	0.14	0.56	1.26	2.24	3.51	5.05	7.01	9.83	13.54
OUTFLOW	0.00	75.67	480.45	1416.52	3050.65	5531.20	8994.34	13595.44	19694.09	27651.72
ELEVATION	403.00	403.16	403.32	403.47	403.63	403.79	403.95	404.11	404.26	404.42
STORAGE	18.15	23.66	30.06	37.35	45.47	54.40	64.16	74.72	86.10	98.30
OUTFLOW	37770.50	50324.53	65569.36	82751.93	101808.28	125086.64	152654.31	184652.94	221260.91	262675.38
ELEVATION	404.58	404.74	404.89	405.05	405.21	405.37	405.53	405.68	405.84	406.00

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	COMPUTATION TIME STEP			PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM Celerity
			DT	DX					
			(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(IN)	(FPS)	
MAIN			0.33	700.00	69909.80	60.49	6.95	70.21	

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN			15.00		69071.27	60.00	6.95	
------	--	--	-------	--	----------	-------	------	--

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3030E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3030E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.1382E+01 PERCENT ERROR= 0.0

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RCH1

PEAK FLOW	TIME	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
(CFS)	(HR)	6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	49.75-HR
+	69071.	1.00			
		(CFS)			
		(INCHES)			
		(AC-FT)			

CUMULATIVE AREA = 81.70 SQ MI

-----DSS---ZOPEN: New File Opened, File: DRYFAILS.DSS
 Unit: 71; DSS Version: 6-GY

-----DSS---ZWRITE Unit 71; Vers. 1: /BIGDRY/REACH1/FLOW/01JAN1994/15MIN/SOUTHBREACH/
 -----DSS---ZWRITE Unit 71; Vers. 1: /BIGDRY/REACH1/FLOW/02JAN1994/15MIN/SOUTHBREACH/
 -----DSS---ZWRITE Unit 71; Vers. 1: /BIGDRY/REACH1/FLOW/03JAN1994/15MIN/SOUTHBREACH/

 * *

42 KK * RCH2 *
 * *

CHANNEL ROUTING X1 TO X2
 LAND SURFACE SLOPE = .0058, EST WATER ENERGY GRADE LINE =.10

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

45 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING

46 RC NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL

ANL 0.020 LEFT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 ANCH 0.020 MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
 ANR 0.020 RIGHT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 RLNTH 1200. REACH LENGTH
 SEL 0.1000 ENERGY SLOPE
 ELMAX 401.0 MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

CROSS-SECTION DATA

	--- LEFT OVERBANK ---	+ ---+----- MAIN CHANNEL -----+ ---	RIGHT OVERBANK ---
48 RY ELEVATION	401.00	400.00 393.00 400.00 402.00 398.00	400.00 404.00
47 RX DISTANCE	0.00	100.00 200.00 500.00 1000.00 2000.00	2200.00 2900.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	0.00	0.14	0.56	1.26	2.23	3.49	5.02	6.84	8.93	11.30
OUTFLOW	0.00	42.21	268.00	790.16	1701.71	3085.40	5017.20	7568.09	10805.17	14792.39
ELEVATION	393.00	393.42	393.84	394.26	394.68	395.11	395.53	395.95	396.37	396.79
STORAGE	13.95	16.88	20.11	24.66	31.21	39.74	50.26	62.90	78.97	98.83
OUTFLOW	19591.08	25260.32	30960.60	34147.89	41703.18	53117.67	68569.99	85345.30	104663.44	132586.66
ELEVATION	397.21	397.63	398.05	398.47	398.89	399.32	399.74	400.16	400.58	401.00

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	COMPUTATION TIME STEP		PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CelerITY
			DT	DX				
			(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(IN)	(FPS)
MAIN			0.94	600.00	69274.63	61.17	6.95	21.25

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN			15.00		67776.12	75.00	6.96	
------	--	--	-------	--	----------	-------	------	--

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3030E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3030E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.2142E+01 PERCENT ERROR= 0.0

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RCH2

PEAK FLOW	TIME	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW				
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	49.75-HR	
+ (CFS)	(HR)					
+ 67776.	1.25	(CFS)	47992.	15281.	7372.	7372.
		(INCHES)	5.462	6.956	6.956	6.956
		(AC-FT)	23798.	30309.	30309.	30309.

CUMULATIVE AREA = 81.70 SQ MI

49 KK * RCH3 *
 * *

CHANNEL ROUTING X2 TO X3
 LAND SURFACE SLOPE =.0021, EST WATER ENERGY GRADE LINE =.100

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

52 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING

53 RC NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL

ANL 0.030 LEFT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 ANCH 0.020 MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
 ANR 0.030 RIGHT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 RLNTH 3200. REACH LENGTH
 SEL 0.1000 ENERGY SLOPE
 ELMAX 391.0 MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

CROSS-SECTION DATA

	--- LEFT OVERBANK ---	+ ---+----- MAIN CHANNEL -----+ ---	RIGHT OVERBANK ---
55 RY ELEVATION	393.00	390.00 385.00 390.00 389.00 390.00	390.00 395.00
54 RX DISTANCE	0.00	1100.00 2500.00 3400.00 3600.00 3900.00	4500.00 4900.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	0.00	1.69	6.74	15.17	26.96	42.13	60.66	82.57	107.84	136.49
OUTFLOW	0.00	125.83	798.98	2355.67	5073.24	9198.39	14957.60	22562.47	32213.05	44100.00
ELEVATION	385.00	385.32	385.63	385.95	386.26	386.58	386.89	387.21	387.53	387.84
STORAGE	168.50	203.89	242.64	284.97	333.52	389.10	453.99	535.05	619.38	706.98
OUTFLOW	58406.15	75307.65	94974.84	115151.63	135621.67	161821.20	194980.23	241306.11	294114.22	353094.47
ELEVATION	388.16	388.47	388.79	389.11	389.42	389.74	390.05	390.37	390.68	391.00

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP		PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CELERITY	
		M	DT					
			(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(FPS)	
MAIN			1.87	1600.00	68242.80	63.50	6.96	28.56

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN		15.00	67765.13	75.00	6.96
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CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3031E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3032E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.1117E+02 PERCENT ERROR= 0.0

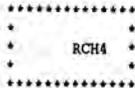
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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RCH3

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	49.75-HR
67765.	1.25	47953.	15294.	7378.	7378.
		(INCHES)	5.457	6.962	6.962
		(AC-FT)	23778.	30336.	30336.

CUMULATIVE AREA = 81.70 SQ MI

56 KK



CHANNEL ROUTING X3 TO X4
LAND SURFACE SLOPE =.0021, EST WATER ENERGY GRADE LINE =.012

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

59 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING

60 RC	NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL	
	ANL	0.030 LEFT OVERBANK N-VALUE
	ANCH	0.020 MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
	ANR	0.030 RIGHT OVERBANK N-VALUE
	RLNTH	1000. REACH LENGTH
	SBL	0.0120 ENERGY SLOPE
	ELMAX	388.0 MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

CROSS-SECTION DATA

	--- LEFT OVERBANK ---	+	----- MAIN CHANNEL -----	+	--- RIGHT OVERBANK ---				
62 RY	ELEVATION	390.00	385.00	380.00	385.00	385.00	384.00	385.00	390.00
61 RX	DISTANCE	0.00	500.00	1200.00	1600.00	3000.00	3100.00	3300.00	4700.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	0.00	0.45	1.79	4.03	7.16	11.19	16.12	21.94	28.65	36.26
OUTFLOW	0.00	44.37	281.75	830.71	1789.03	3243.72	5274.65	7956.44	11359.62	15551.44
ELEVATION	380.00	380.42	380.84	381.26	381.68	382.11	382.53	382.95	383.37	383.79
STORAGE	44.92	55.54	69.97	98.00	127.58	158.70	191.37	225.59	261.36	298.67
OUTFLOW	20272.83	25867.12	25172.79	39762.94	58364.04	80747.71	106793.27	136434.33	169636.55	206386.02
ELEVATION	384.21	384.63	385.05	385.47	385.89	386.32	386.74	387.16	387.58	388.00

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP		PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CELERITY	
		M	DT					
			(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(FPS)	
MAIN			2.25	500.00	67602.91	76.46	6.97	7.41

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN		15.00	67398.53	75.00	6.98
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70 KK

 * RCH6 *

CHANNEL ROUTING X5 TO X6
 EST WATR SURFACE ENERGY GRADE LINE SLOPE =.002

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

73 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING

74 RC NORMAL DPTH CHANNEL
 ANL 0.060 LEFT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 ANCH 0.030 MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
 ANR 0.060 RIGHT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 RLNTH 3500. REACH LENGTH
 SEL 0.0020 ENERGY SLOPE
 EIMAX 373.0 MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

CROSS-SECTION DATA

--- LEFT OVERBANK --- + --- MAIN CHANNEL --- + --- RIGHT OVERBANK ---
 76 RY ELEVATION 375.00 370.00 373.00 369.00 373.00 366.00 368.00 375.00
 75 RX DISTANCE 0.00 6100.00 6600.00 13000.00 17000.00 20400.00 24000.00 27900.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	0.00	12.46	49.85	112.17	199.41	311.58	446.16	593.97	752.84	933.50
OUTFLOW	0.00	67.62	429.37	1265.92	2726.31	4943.13	8223.31	12555.59	17816.19	22559.62
ELEVATION	366.00	366.37	366.74	367.11	367.47	367.84	368.21	368.58	368.95	369.32
STORAGE	1153.59	1413.57	1722.83	2086.94	2505.90	2979.70	3508.36	4091.87	4730.22	5423.42
OUTFLOW	29455.71	38568.04	50073.94	64307.21	81592.91	102242.04	126552.82	154811.89	187295.61	224271.36
ELEVATION	369.68	370.05	370.42	370.79	371.16	371.53	371.89	372.26	372.63	373.00

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STSP		PEAK	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
		M	DT DX				
MAIN			4.50	700.00	65440.11	112.50	2.67

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN		15.00	65044.30	120.00	7.00
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CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3040E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3050E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.1331E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.1

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RCH6

PEAK FLOW + (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	49.75-HR
65044.	2.00	47352.	15369.	7414.	7414.
		(INCHES) 5.389	6.996	6.996	6.996
		(AC-FT) 23480.	30485.	30485.	30485.

CUMULATIVE AREA = 81.70 SQ MI

77 KK

 * RCH7 *

CHANNEL ROUTING X6 TO X7
 HIGH n VALUE FOR LEFT BANK DUE TO BANK STORAGE

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

80 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING

81 RC NORMAL DPTH CHANNEL
 ANL 0.060 LEFT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 ANCH 0.060 MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
 ANR 0.060 RIGHT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 RLNTH 4600. REACH LENGTH
 SEL 0.0021 ENERGY SLOPE
 EIMAX 363.0 MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

CROSS-SECTION DATA

--- LEFT OVERBANK --- + --- MAIN CHANNEL --- + --- RIGHT OVERBANK ---
 83 RY ELEVATION 365.00 360.00 359.00 361.00 360.00 359.00 360.00 365.00
 82 RX DISTANCE 0.00 5800.00 6500.00 7200.00 8700.00 13800.00 21300.00 26900.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	0.00	36.63	146.52	329.66	586.07	913.98	1275.03	1653.55	2049.52	2462.96
OUTFLOW	0.00	88.00	558.79	1647.51	3548.12	6582.04	11121.07	16669.81	23198.32	30691.71
ELEVATION	359.00	359.21	359.42	359.63	359.84	360.05	360.26	360.47	360.68	360.89
STORAGE	2892.77	3332.46	3780.95	4238.24	4704.33	5179.22	5662.91	6155.40	6656.69	7166.79
OUTFLOW	39359.82	49205.27	59997.32	71719.98	84361.00	97911.05	112363.05	127711.76	143953.44	161085.59
ELEVATION	361.11	361.32	361.53	361.74	361.95	362.16	362.37	362.58	362.79	363.00

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	COMPUTATION TIME STEP		PEAK	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
			DT (MIN)	DX (FT)				
MAIN			5.25	511.11	64039.86	152.25	7.04	1.98

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN			15.00		64008.61	150.00	7.05	
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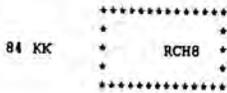
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3050E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3070E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.3245E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.4

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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RCH7

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	49.75-HR
64009.	2.50	46526.	15491.	7473.	7473.
		(INCHES) 5.295	7.051	7.051	7.051
		(AC-FT) 23071.	30725.	30725.	30725.

CUMULATIVE AREA = 81.70 SQ MI



CHANNEL ROUTING X7 TO X8

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

86 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING

87 RC NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL

ANL	0.100	LEFT OVBANK N-VALUE
ANCH	0.060	MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
ANR	0.100	RIGHT OVBANK N-VALUE
RLNTH	5350.	REACH LENGTH
SEL	0.0020	ENERGY SLOPE
ELMAX	353.0	MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

CROSS-SECTION DATA

	--- LEFT OVBANK ---	--- + ---	----- MAIN CHANNEL -----	+ ---	--- RIGHT OVBANK ---
89 RY ELEVATION	355.00	350.00	350.00	348.00	350.00
88 RX DISTANCE	0.00	4800.00	6800.00	6900.00	7700.00
					15200.00
					21000.00
					33500.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	0.00	1.91	7.65	17.22	30.62	47.84	68.89	93.77	153.77	312.24
OUTFLOW	0.00	4.48	28.42	83.80	180.48	327.23	532.11	802.64	862.37	1437.62
ELEVATION	348.00	348.26	348.53	348.79	349.05	349.32	349.58	349.84	350.11	350.37
STORAGE	542.68	845.06	1325.14	1917.97	2545.54	3207.85	3904.90	4636.71	5403.25	6204.54
OUTFLOW	2801.53	5001.28	8769.75	14347.23	21262.52	29445.93	38865.55	49506.84	61365.11	74441.88
ELEVATION	350.63	350.89	351.16	351.42	351.68	351.95	352.21	352.47	352.74	353.00

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	COMPUTATION TIME STEP		PEAK	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
			DT (MIN)	DX (FT)				
MAIN			5.25	486.36	60839.07	220.50	7.11	1.57

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN			15.00		60611.44	225.00	7.11	
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CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3072E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3098E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.3425E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.3

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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RCH8

PEAK FLOW	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	49.75-HR
+ (CFS)	(HR)	(CFS)				
+ 60611.	3.75	(INCHES)	45043.	15623.	7537.	7537.
		(AC-FT)	22335.	30989.	30989.	30989.

CUMULATIVE AREA = 81.70 SQ MI

 + +
 90 KK RCH9 +
 + +

CHANNEL ROUTING X8 TO X9

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

92 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING

93 RC NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL

ANL	0.100	LEFT OVBANK N-VALUE
ANCH	0.060	MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
ANR	0.100	RIGHT OVBANK N-VALUE
RLNTH	5425.	REACH LENGTH
SEL	0.0020	ENERGY SLOPE
ELMAX	348.0	MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

CROSS-SECTION DATA

	---	LEFT OVBANK	---	+	-----	MAIN CHANNEL	-----	+	---	RIGHT OVBANK	---
95 RY ELEVATION	350.00	342.00	337.00	342.00	340.00	340.00	340.00	345.00	350.00		
94 RX DISTANCE	0.00	8700.00	9100.00	9400.00	13700.00	20700.00	21200.00	23900.00			

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	0.00	2.92	11.69	26.30	46.75	73.05	549.59	1216.11	1982.39	2845.13
OUTFLOW	0.00	8.80	55.85	164.66	354.62	642.96	3122.35	10455.73	21664.30	37257.94
ELEVATION	337.00	337.58	338.16	338.74	339.32	339.89	340.47	341.05	341.63	342.21
STORAGE	3767.59	4739.63	5761.24	6832.42	7953.47	9136.31	10387.10	11705.82	13092.48	14547.07
OUTFLOW	58296.84	83501.24	112623.70	145560.78	182168.92	222318.52	266415.06	314427.06	366376.09	422300.47
ELEVATION	342.79	343.37	343.95	344.53	345.11	345.68	346.26	346.84	347.42	348.00

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	COMPUTATION TIME STEP		PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CELSRITY
			DT	DX				
			(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(IN)	(FPS)
MAIN			5.25	678.13	59355.41	262.50	7.17	2.08

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN			15.00		58972.99	270.00	7.17	
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CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3100E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3125E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.2603E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.0

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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RCH9

PEAK FLOW	TIME		MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	49.75-HR
+ (CFS)	(HR)	(CFS)				
+ 58973.	4.50	(INCHES)	43983.	15753.	7600.	7600.
		(AC-FT)	21810.	31246.	31246.	31246.

CUMULATIVE AREA = 81.70 SQ MI

96 KK *****
 + RCH10 +

CHANNEL ROUTING X9 TO X10

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

98 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING

99 RC NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL

ANL 0.100 LEFT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 ANCH 0.060 MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
 ANR 0.100 RIGHT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 RLNTH 6975. REACH LENGTH
 SEL 0.0017 ENERGY SLOPE
 ELMAX 333.0 MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

CROSS-SECTION DATA

101 RY --- LEFT OVERBANK --- + --- MAIN CHANNEL --- + --- RIGHT OVERBANK ---
 100 RX ELEVATION 335.00 330.00 325.00 330.00 325.00 324.00 330.00 335.00
 DISTANCE 0.00 8100.00 9400.00 9900.00 18300.00 18900.00 20700.00 25900.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	0.00	16.17	64.67	165.96	351.00	620.11	973.30	1410.57	1931.91	2537.32
OUTFLOW	0.00	34.30	217.79	627.47	1615.13	3391.48	6145.03	10048.47	15262.35	21937.80
ELEVATION	324.00	324.47	324.95	325.42	325.89	326.37	326.84	327.32	327.79	328.26
STORAGE	3226.81	4000.38	4858.02	5800.37	6835.75	7966.70	9193.22	10515.31	11932.97	13446.21
OUTFLOW	30218.38	40241.46	52139.11	66411.48	84164.83	104646.38	127715.89	153355.16	181589.06	212461.08
ELEVATION	328.74	329.21	329.68	330.16	330.63	331.11	331.58	332.05	332.53	333.00

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP		PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CCELERITY
		M	DT				
		(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(IN)	(FPS)
MAIN		4.50	536.54	55431.52	342.00	7.23	1.92

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN		15.00		55378.82	345.00	7.23	
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CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3125E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3151E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.3513E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.3

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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RCH10

PEAK FLOW	TIME	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
(CFS)	(HR)	6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	49.75-HR
55379.	5.75	42538.	15885.	7663.	7663.
		(INCHES) 4.841	7.231	7.231	7.231
		(AC-FT) 21093.	31508.	31508.	31508.

CUMULATIVE AREA = 81.70 SQ MI

102 KK *****
 + RCH11 +

CHANNEL ROUTING X10- X11

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

104 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING

105 RC NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL

ANL 0.100 LEFT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 ANCH 0.100 MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
 ANR 0.100 RIGHT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 RLNTH 6675. REACH LENGTH
 SEL 0.0018 ENERGY SLOPE
 ELMAX 319.0 MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

CROSS-SECTION DATA

107 RY --- LEFT OVERBANK --- + --- MAIN CHANNEL --- + --- RIGHT OVERBANK ---
 106 RX ELEVATION 320.00 315.00 320.00 313.00 320.00 315.00 314.00 320.00
 DISTANCE 0.00 3100.00 14500.00 19500.00 23900.00 26500.00 27300.00 33200.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	0.00	10.26	41.04	92.35	173.64	302.32	478.78	711.91	1030.64	1437.17
OUTFLOW	0.00	12.37	78.52	231.50	508.66	986.63	1733.89	2796.02	4314.65	6418.17
ELEVATION	313.00	313.32	313.63	313.95	314.26	314.58	314.89	315.21	315.53	315.84
STORAGE	1931.52	2513.68	3183.66	3941.44	4787.04	5720.45	6741.67	7850.71	9047.56	10332.22
OUTFLOW	9205.73	12768.44	17191.79	22556.90	28941.38	36419.82	45061.30	54944.64	66128.67	78682.50
ELEVATION	316.16	316.47	316.79	317.11	317.42	317.74	318.05	318.37	318.68	319.00

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP		PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CELERITY
		M	DT				
			(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(FPS)
MAIN			6.00	417.19	51157.99	462.00	7.31

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN			15.00		51089.18	465.00	7.31
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CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3151E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3187E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.4512E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.3

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HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RCH11

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW				
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	49.75-HR	
51089.	7.75	40562.	16024.	7750.	7750.	
		(INCHES)	4.616	7.294	7.313	7.313
		(AC-FT)	20113.	31782.	31864.	31864.

CUMULATIVE AREA = 81.70 SQ MI

108 KK

* RCH12 *

CHANNEL ROUTING X11- X12

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

110 RD

MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING

111 RC

NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL

ANL	0.100	LEFT OVERBANK N-VALUE
ANCH	0.100	MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
ANR	0.100	RIGHT OVERBANK N-VALUE
RLNTH	5400.	REACH LENGTH
SEL	0.0018	ENERGY SLOPE
EIMAX	311.0	MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

CROSS-SECTION DATA

	--- LEFT OVERBANK ---	+ ---+--- MAIN CHANNEL ---	+ --- RIGHT OVERBANK ---
113 RY ELEVATION	315.00	310.00 305.00 310.00 303.00	310.00 315.00
112 RX DISTANCE	0.00	8700.00 15800.00 21000.00 21500.00 21600.00	28100.00 31100.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	0.00	0.94	3.77	8.48	15.07	25.24	76.14	183.00	345.80	564.56
OUTFLOW	0.00	1.70	10.79	31.81	68.51	95.88	227.51	653.97	1482.56	2817.44
ELEVATION	303.00	303.42	303.84	304.26	304.68	305.11	305.53	305.95	306.37	306.79
STORAGE	839.26	1169.91	1556.50	1999.05	2497.54	3051.98	3662.37	4455.59	5513.20	6622.23
OUTFLOW	4753.85	7380.15	10779.36	15030.22	20207.97	26384.91	33630.78	42476.64	54280.18	68364.74
ELEVATION	307.21	307.63	308.05	308.47	308.89	309.32	309.74	310.16	310.58	311.00

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP		PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CELERITY
		M	DT				
			(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(FPS)
MAIN			9.75	771.43	49077.53	546.00	7.38

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN			15.00		49041.54	540.00	7.38
------	--	--	-------	--	----------	--------	------

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3187E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3216E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.3678E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.3

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RCH12

PEAK FLOW + (CFS)	TIME (HR)	(CFS)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	49.75-HR
+ 49042.	9.00	39568.	16015.	7819.	7819.	7819.
		(INCHES) 4.503	7.290	7.378	7.378	7.378
		(AC-FT) 19621.	31765.	32149.	32149.	32149.

CUMULATIVE AREA = 81.70 SQ MI

114 KK + RCH13 +

CHANNEL ROUTING X12- X13

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

116 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING

117 RC NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL

ANL	0.100	LEFT OVERBANK N-VALUE
ANCH	0.100	MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
ANR	0.100	RIGHT OVERBANK N-VALUE
RLNTH	5700.	REACH LENGTH
SBL	0.0015	ENERGY SLOPE
ELMAX	305.0	MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

CROSS-SECTION DATA

	--- LEFT OVERBANK ---	+ --- MAIN CHANNEL ---	+ --- RIGHT OVERBANK ---
119 RY ELEVATION	310.00	295.00	295.00
118 RX DISTANCE	0.00	1700.00	5200.00
		5500.00	6000.00
		11000.00	13300.00
		14200.00	

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	0.00	14.50	58.23	159.54	337.87	593.22	927.66	1373.66	1942.45	2634.03
OUTFLOW	0.00	26.26	164.11	526.85	1340.45	2765.59	4944.66	8084.24	12440.24	18227.97
ELEVATION	295.00	295.53	296.05	296.58	297.11	297.63	298.16	298.68	299.21	299.74
STORAGE	3434.33	4258.94	5093.80	5938.89	6794.23	7659.80	8535.62	9421.68	10317.97	11224.50
OUTFLOW	26497.93	37256.39	49536.20	63263.49	78382.22	94848.26	112626.09	131686.48	152005.22	173561.95
ELEVATION	300.26	300.79	301.32	301.84	302.37	302.89	303.42	303.95	304.47	305.00

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

ELEMENT	ALPHA	COMPUTATION TIME STEP			PEAK (CFS)	TIME TO PEAK (MIN)	VOLUME (IN)	MAXIMUM CELERITY (FPS)
		M	DT (MIN)	DX (FT)				
MAIN			10.50	814.29	47699.39	609.00	7.49	1.32

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN			15.00		47587.45	615.00	7.49	
------	--	--	-------	--	----------	--------	------	--

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3216E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3264E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.3874E+03 PERCENT ERROR= -0.3

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RCH13

PEAK FLOW + (CFS)	TIME (HR)	(CFS)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
			6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	49.75-HR
+ 47587.	10.25	38353.	16063.	7935.	7935.	7935.
		(INCHES) 4.365	7.312	7.488	7.488	7.488
		(AC-FT) 19018.	31861.	32626.	32626.	32626.

CUMULATIVE AREA = 81.70 SQ MI

120 KK * *
 * RCH14 *
 * *

CHANNEL ROUTING X13- X14

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

122 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING

123 RC NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL
 ANL 0.100 LEFT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 ANCH 0.100 MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
 ANR 0.100 RIGHT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 RLNTH 3800. REACH LENGTH
 SEL 0.0021 ENERGY SLOPE
 ELMAX 294.0 MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

CROSS-SECTION DATA

125 RY --- LEFT OVERBANK --- + --- MAIN CHANNEL --- + --- RIGHT OVERBANK ---
 124 RX ELEVATION 300.00 290.00 300.00 292.00 289.00 287.00 295.00 301.00
 DISTANCE 0.00 14000.00 24000.00 26900.00 30200.00 30500.00 35100.00 36400.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	0.00	4.51	18.06	40.63	72.22	112.85	164.34	235.07	326.08	447.80
OUTFLOW	0.00	11.44	72.63	214.13	461.16	836.15	1306.52	2002.47	2987.93	4324.87
ELEVATION	287.00	287.37	287.74	288.11	288.47	288.84	289.21	289.58	289.95	290.32
STORAGE	617.91	836.72	1104.22	1420.42	1784.50	2189.98	2635.41	3120.81	3646.16	4211.48
OUTFLOW	6171.87	8670.86	11942.48	16096.28	21361.16	27847.87	35445.22	44216.36	54223.44	65527.60
ELEVATION	290.68	291.05	291.42	291.79	292.16	292.53	292.89	293.26	293.63	294.00

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS

COMPUTATION TIME STEP

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	DT	DK	PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CELERITY
			(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(IN)	(FPS)
MAIN			9.75	760.00	46811.22	663.00	7.53	1.33

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN			15.00		46810.32	660.00	7.53	
------	--	--	-------	--	----------	--------	------	--

CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3264E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3283E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.1959E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.0

*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RCH14

PEAK FLOW	TIME	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW				
		6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	49.75-HR	
+ (CFS)	(HR)					
+ 46810.	11.00	(CFS)				
		37714.	16065.	7981.	7981.	
		(INCHES)	4.292	7.313	7.531	7.531
		(AC-FT)	18701.	31864.	32816.	32816.

CUMULATIVE AREA = 81.70 SQ MI

126 KK * *
 * RCH15 *
 * *

CHANNEL ROUTING X14- X15

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

128 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING

129 RC NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL
 ANL 0.100 LEFT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 ANCH 0.100 MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
 ANR 0.100 RIGHT OVERBANK N-VALUE
 RLNTH 3800. REACH LENGTH
 SEL 0.0011 ENERGY SLOPE
 ELMAX 291.0 MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

CROSS-SECTION DATA

131 RY --- LEFT OVERBANK --- + --- MAIN CHANNEL --- + --- RIGHT OVERBANK ---
 130 RX ELEVATION 293.00 290.00 288.00 287.00 290.00 287.00 290.00 291.00
 DISTANCE 0.00 3400.00 8700.00 17400.00 20900.00 28800.00 33000.00 36400.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	0.00	26.88	107.50	241.88	430.00	671.15	949.22	1257.65	1596.44	1965.58
OUTFLOW	0.00	33.94	215.52	635.43	1368.48	2528.12	4245.16	6391.07	8982.60	12038.32
ELEVATION	287.00	287.21	287.42	287.63	287.84	288.05	288.26	288.47	288.68	288.89
STORAGE	2365.07	2794.93	3255.13	3745.70	4266.62	4814.27	5379.86	5962.97	6563.62	7181.79
OUTFLOW	15577.91	19621.64	24190.10	29303.96	34983.86	41740.18	49314.16	57541.30	66416.13	75937.84
ELEVATION	289.11	289.32	289.53	289.74	289.95	290.16	290.37	290.58	290.79	291.00

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS
COMPUTATION TIME STEP

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	DT	DX	PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CELERITY
			(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(IN)	(FPS)
MAIN			10.50	542.86	44332.38	745.50	7.60	0.87

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN			15.00		44260.14	750.00	7.60	
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CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3283E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3312E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.4817E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.6

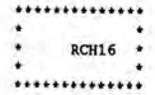
*** *** *** *** ***

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION RCH15

PEAK FLOW	TIME	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW			
(CFS)	(HR)	6-HR	24-HR	72-HR	49.75-HR
44260.	12.50	36290.	16004.	8052.	8052.
		(INCHES)	4.130	7.285	7.598
		(AC-FT)	17995.	31744.	33105.

CUMULATIVE AREA = 81.70 SQ MI

132 KK



CHANNEL ROUTING X15- X16

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

134 RD

MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING

135 RC

NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL

ANL	0.100	LEFT OVERBANK N-VALUE
ANCH	0.100	MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
ANR	0.100	RIGHT OVERBANK N-VALUE
RLNTH	3650.	REACH LENGTH
SEL	0.0014	ENERGY SLOPE
EIMAX	279.0	MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

CROSS-SECTION DATA

	--- LEFT OVERBANK ---	+	----- MAIN CHANNEL -----	+	--- RIGHT OVERBANK ---				
137 RY	ELEVATION	280.00	275.00	275.00	273.00	275.00	290.00	274.00	280.00
136 RX	DISTANCE	0.00	7200.00	10200.00	12800.00	15000.00	16200.00	21600.00	25500.00

COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA

STORAGE	0.00	10.03	40.11	90.25	163.31	264.56	394.12	603.28	860.26	1138.19
OUTFLOW	0.00	19.49	123.76	364.88	790.75	1465.16	2445.77	4088.52	6534.81	9624.55
ELEVATION	273.00	273.32	273.63	273.95	274.26	274.58	274.89	275.21	275.53	275.84
STORAGE	1437.08	1756.92	2097.71	2459.45	2842.15	3245.80	3670.41	4115.97	4582.48	5069.95
OUTFLOW	13345.70	17702.32	22705.08	28368.09	34707.35	41740.03	49483.96	57957.43	67178.95	77167.15
ELEVATION	276.16	276.47	276.79	277.11	277.42	277.74	278.05	278.37	278.68	279.00

COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS
COMPUTATION TIME STEP

ELEMENT	ALPHA	M	DT	DX	PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	MAXIMUM CELERITY
			(MIN)	(FT)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(IN)	(FPS)
MAIN			10.50	730.00	43117.69	798.00	7.64	1.23

INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL

MAIN			15.00		43051.59	795.00	7.64	
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CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3311E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3332E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.2846E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.2

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***          ***          ***          ***          ***
HYDROGRAPH AT STATION  RCH16
PEAK FLOW      TIME
+ (CFS)        (HR)
+ 43052.       13.25
                (CFS)
                (INCHES)
                (AC-FT)
                6-HR      24-HR      72-HR      49.75-HR
                35546.   15977.   8101.    8101.
                4.045   7.273   7.644   7.644
                17626.   31690.  33308.  33308.
CUMULATIVE AREA = 81.70 SQ MI

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*
* RCH17 *
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*****
CHANNEL ROUTING X16- X17

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HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA
140 RD MUSKINGUM-CUNGE CHANNEL ROUTING
141 RC NORMAL DEPTH CHANNEL
      ANL 0.100 LEFT OVERBANK N-VALUE
      ANCH 0.100 MAIN CHANNEL N-VALUE
      ANR 0.100 RIGHT OVERBANK N-VALUE
      RLNTH 5150. REACH LENGTH
      SEL 0.0007 ENERGY SLOPE
      BLMAX 274.0 MAX. ELEV. FOR STORAGE/OUTFLOW CALCULATION

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CROSS-SECTION DATA
--- LEFT OVERBANK --- + ----- MAIN CHANNEL ----- + --- RIGHT OVERBANK ---
143 RY ELEVATION 275.00 270.00 270.00 272.00 270.00 269.00 270.00 275.00
142 RX DISTANCE 0.00 8300.00 20700.00 21600.00 22000.00 26200.00 27000.00 29200.00

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COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW-ELEVATION DATA
STORAGE 0.00 20.47 81.87 184.21 404.25 961.36 1540.98 2143.12 2767.77 3414.94
OUTFLOW 0.00 17.66 112.10 330.52 764.79 2094.63 4180.26 6910.05 10235.02 14127.59
ELEVATION 269.00 269.26 269.53 269.79 270.05 270.32 270.58 270.84 271.11 271.37
STORAGE 4084.62 4776.81 5490.57 6221.94 6970.51 7736.27 8519.22 9319.37 10136.71 10971.24
OUTFLOW 18571.00 23554.93 29170.72 35386.18 42131.77 49403.41 57198.49 65515.60 74354.20 83714.59
ELEVATION 271.63 271.89 272.16 272.42 272.68 272.95 273.21 273.47 273.74 274.00

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COMPUTED MUSKINGUM-CUNGE PARAMETERS
COMPUTATION TIME STEP
ELEMENT ALPHA M DT DX PEAK TIME TO VOLUME MAXIMUM
(MIN) (FT) (CFS) (MIN) (IN) (FPS)
MAIN 10.50 515.00 38318.23 934.50 7.78 0.83

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INTERPOLATED TO SPECIFIED COMPUTATION INTERVAL
MAIN 15.00 38272.59 930.00 7.78

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CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3332E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3390E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.7612E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.6

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***          ***          ***          ***          ***
HYDROGRAPH AT STATION  RCH17
PEAK FLOW      TIME
+ (CFS)        (HR)
+ 38273.       15.50
                (CFS)
                (INCHES)
                (AC-FT)
                6-HR      24-HR      72-HR      49.75-HR
                32777.   15831.   8242.    8242.
                3.730   7.206   7.777   7.777
                16253.   31401.  33888.  33888.
CUMULATIVE AREA = 81.70 SQ MI

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-----DSS---ZWRITE Unit 71; Vers. 1: /BIGDRY/REACH17/FLOW/01JAN1994/15MIN/SOUTHBREACH/
-----DSS---ZWRITE Unit 71; Vers. 1: /BIGDRY/REACH17/FLOW/02JAN1994/15MIN/SOUTHBREACH/
-----DSS---ZWRITE Unit 71; Vers. 1: /BIGDRY/REACH17/FLOW/03JAN1994/15MIN/SOUTHBREACH/

```

1

RUNOFF SUMMARY
FLOW IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND
TIME IN HOURS, AREA IN SQUARE MILES

+	OPERATION	STATION	PEAK FLOW	TIME OF PEAK	AVERAGE FLOW FOR MAXIMUM PERIOD			BASIN AREA	MAXIMUM STAGE	TIME OF MAX STAGE
					6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR			
+	HYDROGRAPH AT	IN	0.	0.00	0.	0.	0.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	OUT	69894.	1.00	48004.	15275.	7369.	81.70	432.70	0.02
+	ROUTED TO	RCH1	69071.	1.00	47997.	15276.	7369.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH2	67776.	1.25	47992.	15281.	7372.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH3	67765.	1.25	47953.	15294.	7378.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH4	67399.	1.25	47957.	15329.	7395.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH5	66694.	1.50	47636.	15327.	7391.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH6	65044.	2.00	47352.	15369.	7411.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH7	64009.	2.50	46526.	15491.	7473.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH8	60611.	3.75	45043.	15623.	7537.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH9	58973.	4.50	43983.	15753.	7600.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH10	55379.	5.75	42538.	15885.	7663.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH11	51089.	7.75	40562.	16024.	7750.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH12	49042.	9.00	39568.	16015.	7819.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH13	47587.	10.25	38353.	16063.	7935.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH14	46810.	11.00	37714.	16065.	7981.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH15	44260.	12.50	36290.	16004.	8052.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH16	43052.	13.25	35546.	15977.	8101.	81.70		
+	ROUTED TO	RCH17	38273.	15.50	32777.	15831.	8242.	81.70		

SUMMARY OF KINEMATIC WAVE - MUSKINGUM-CUNGE ROUTING
(FLOW IS DIRECT RUNOFF WITHOUT BASE FLOW)

ISTAQ	ELEMENT	DT	PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	VOLUME	DT	INTERPOLATED TO COMPUTATION INTERVAL		VOLUME
							PEAK	TIME TO PEAK	
		(MIN)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(IN)	(MIN)	(CFS)	(MIN)	(IN)
RCH1	MANE	0.33	69909.80	60.49	6.95	15.00	69071.27	60.00	6.95
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3030E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3030E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.1382E+01 PERCENT ERROR= 0.0									
RCH2	MANE	0.94	69274.63	61.17	6.95	15.00	67776.12	75.00	6.96
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3030E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3030E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.2142E+01 PERCENT ERROR= 0.0									
RCH3	MANE	1.87	68242.80	63.50	6.96	15.00	67765.13	75.00	6.96
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3031E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3032E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.1117E+02 PERCENT ERROR= 0.0									
RCH4	MANE	2.25	67602.91	76.46	6.97	15.00	67398.53	75.00	6.98
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3034E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3038E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.6600E+01 PERCENT ERROR= -0.1									
RCH5	MANE	3.75	67488.86	82.50	6.99	15.00	66694.46	90.00	6.98
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3041E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3044E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.3453E+02 PERCENT ERROR= 0.0									

RCH6	MANE	4.50	65440.11	112.50	7.00	15.00	65044.30	120.00	7.00
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3040E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3050E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.1331E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.1									
RCH7	MANE	5.25	64039.86	152.25	7.04	15.00	64008.61	150.00	7.05
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3050E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3070E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.3245E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.4									
RCH8	MANE	5.25	60839.07	220.50	7.11	15.00	60611.44	225.00	7.11
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3072E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3098E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.3425E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.3									
RCH9	MANE	5.25	59355.41	262.50	7.17	15.00	58972.99	270.00	7.17
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3100E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3125E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.2603E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.0									
RCH10	MANE	4.50	55431.52	342.00	7.23	15.00	55378.82	345.00	7.23
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3125E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3151E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.3513E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.3									
RCH11	MANE	6.00	51157.99	462.00	7.31	15.00	51089.18	465.00	7.31
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3151E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3187E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.4512E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.3									
RCH12	MANE	9.75	49077.53	546.00	7.38	15.00	49041.54	540.00	7.38
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3187E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3216E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.3678E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.3									
RCH13	MANE	10.50	47699.39	609.00	7.49	15.00	47587.45	615.00	7.49
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3216E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3264E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.3874E+03 PERCENT ERROR= -0.3									
RCH14	MANE	9.75	46811.22	663.00	7.53	15.00	46810.32	660.00	7.53
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3264E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3283E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.1959E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.0									
RCH15	MANE	10.50	44332.38	745.50	7.60	15.00	44260.14	750.00	7.60
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3283E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3312E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.4817E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.6									
RCH16	MANE	10.50	43117.69	798.00	7.64	15.00	43051.59	795.00	7.64
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3311E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3332E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.2846E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.2									
RCH17	MANE	10.50	38318.23	934.50	7.78	15.00	38272.59	930.00	7.78
CONTINUITY SUMMARY (AC-FT) - INFLOW=0.3332E+05 EXCESS=0.0000E+00 OUTFLOW=0.3390E+05 BASIN STORAGE=-.7612E+03 PERCENT ERROR= 0.6									

1

SUMMARY OF DAM OVERTOPPING/BREACH ANALYSIS FOR STATION OUT
(PEAKS SHOWN ARE FOR INTERNAL TIME STEP USED DURING BREACH FORMATION)

PLAN 1

	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM
ELEVATION	432.70	432.70	442.20
STORAGE	30200.	30200.	49422.
OUTFLOW	1617.	1617.	71047.

RATIO OF PMF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S. ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
1.00	432.70	0.00	30200.	69894.	0.00	1.00	0.00

*** NORMAL END OF HBC-1 ***

-----DSS-----ZCLOSE Unit: 71, File: DRYFAILS.DSS
 Pointer Utilization: 0.25
 Number of Records: 6
 File Size: 14.2 Kbytes
 Percent Inactive: 0.0

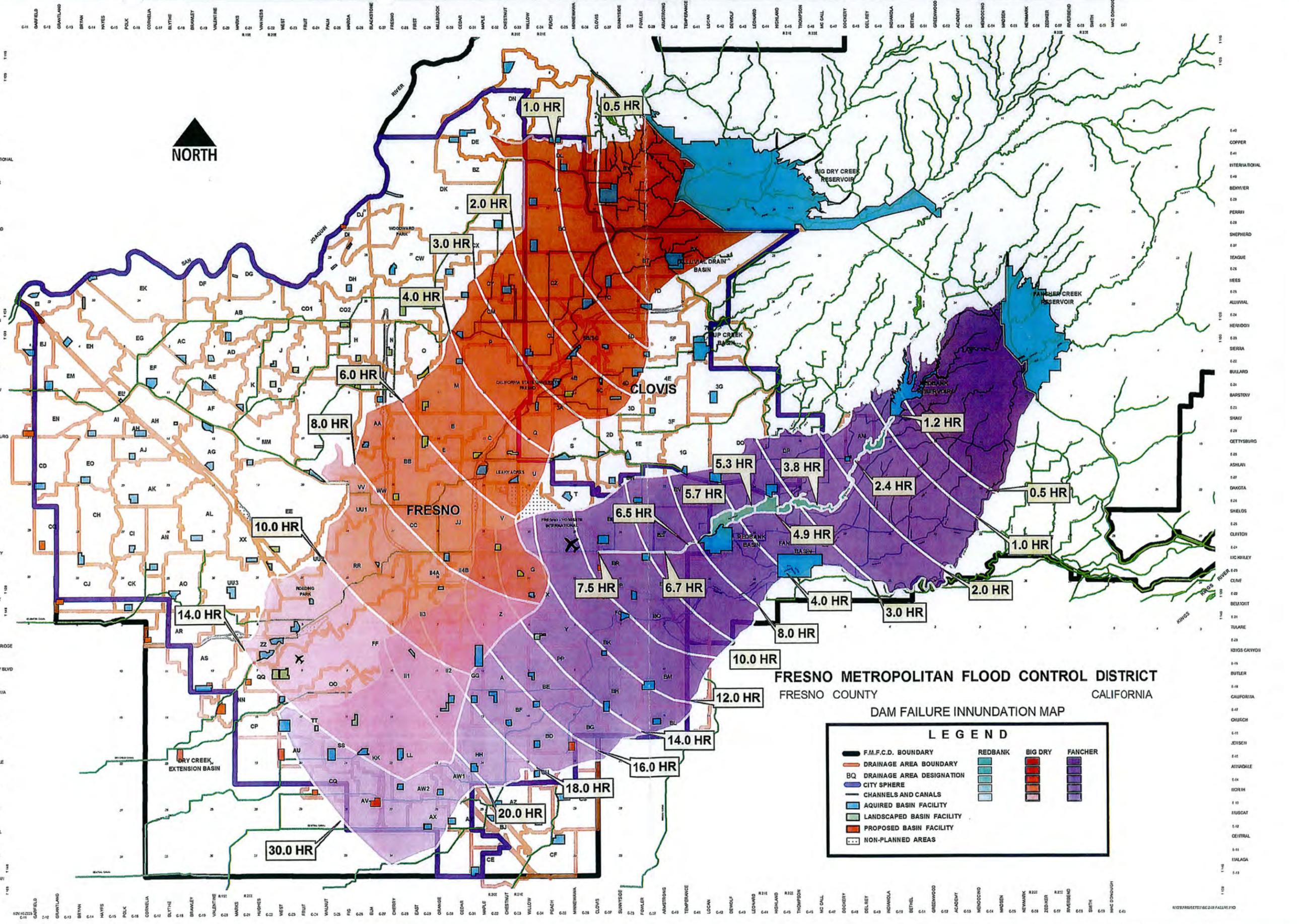


FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
FRESNO COUNTY CALIFORNIA

DAM FAILURE INUNDATION MAP

LEGEND

F.M.F.C.D. BOUNDARY	REDBANK	BIG DRY	FANCHER
DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY			
DRAINAGE AREA DESIGNATION			
CITY SPHERE			
CHANNELS AND CANALS			
ACQUIRED BASIN FACILITY			
LANDSCAPED BASIN FACILITY			
PROPOSED BASIN FACILITY			
NON-PLANNED AREAS			



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Notice of Determination

Appendix D

To:
[] Office of Planning and Research
U.S. Mail: P.O. Box 3044
Sacramento, CA 95812-3044
Street Address: 1400 Tenth St., Rm 113
Sacramento, CA 95814

From:
Public Agency: Fresno Metro Flood Control District
Address: 5469 E. Olive Ave
Fresno, CA 93727
Contact: Kristine Johnson
Phone: 559-456-3292

[] County Clerk
County of: Fresno
Address:

Lead Agency (if different from above):
Address:
Contact:
Phone:

SUBJECT: Filing of Notice of Determination in compliance with Section 21108 or 21152 of the Public Resources Code.

State Clearinghouse Number (if submitted to State Clearinghouse): 2012021052
Project Title: Const. of Stormwater Ret Basin (Pup Creek Basin), Channel Re-Alignment and Culvert Replacement
Project Applicant: Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
Project Location (include county): Herndon and DeWolf Avenues, Clovis, CA, APN 553-120-05S

Project Description:
Construction of a stormwater retention basin south of the Enterprise Canal at Pup Creek. The basin design will provide 200 acre-feet of storage for stormwater. The culverts on Pup Creek that go under the Enterprise Canal will be replaced to increase capacity and prevent water from overtopping the Enterprise Canal banks and potential flooding downstream. Pup Creek will be re-routed to flow across the basin site to a control structure at the south of the property.

This is to advise that the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District has approved the above
[] Lead Agency or [] Responsible Agency
described project on April 11, 2012 and has made the following determinations regarding the above
(date)
described project.

- 1. The project [] will [] will not] have a significant effect on the environment.
2. [] An Environmental Impact Report was prepared for this project pursuant to the provisions of CEQA.
[] A Negative Declaration was prepared for this project pursuant to the provisions of CEQA.
3. Mitigation measures [] were [] were not] made a condition of the approval of the project.
4. A mitigation reporting or monitoring plan [] was [] was not] adopted for this project.
5. A statement of Overriding Considerations [] was [] was not] adopted for this project.
6. Findings [] were [] were not] made pursuant to the provisions of CEQA.

This is to certify that the final EIR with comments and responses and record of project approval, or the negative Declaration, is available to the General Public at:
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District, 5469 E. Olive Ave., Fresno, CA 93727

Signature (Public Agency): [Signature] Title: General Manager - Secretary

Date: April 12, 2012 Date Received for filing at OPR:

Notice of Exemption

To: County Clerk
County of Fresno

From: Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 East Olive Avenue
Fresno, CA 93727

Project Title: Acquisition and Construction of Big Dry Creek Detention Basin

Project Location: Big Dry Creek Detention Basin is between State Route 168 and the City of Fresno's Leaky Acres, and just south of Ashlan Avenue and north of Hayston Avenue.

Project Location – City: Fresno

Project Location – County: County of Fresno

Description of Nature, Purpose and Beneficiaries of Project:

Big Dry Creek Detention Basin project and property were previously studied under the Route 168 Between Route 180 and Temperance Avenue Environmental Impact Statement/Environmental Impact Report prepared by the U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration and the State of California Department of Transportation in 1993 as a replacement site for Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District stormwater detention basin property that was lost due to the construction of Route 168. (See Attachment No. 1) The project has been in progress for many years. The project area is fenced and is partially excavated with some pipelines and an outfall cage already installed. The project was re-evaluated since the original CEQA evaluation was done almost 20 years ago.

Big Dry Creek Detention Basin will provide multiple purposes and serve several communities. It will provide drainage service to 107 acres of Route 168 and provided the lost stormwater storage capacity from the construction of the freeway. The basin will also provide extra storage capacity to attenuate flood flows from Big Dry Creek and/or the Gould Canal improving the overall flood protection to downstream properties. Lastly, the basin will recharge approximately 660 acre-feet of water annually to the local area's groundwater aquifer.

Name of Public Agency Approving Project: Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District

Name of Person or Agency Carrying Out Project: Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District

Exempt Status:

Categorical Exemption

Type: Existing Facilities

Section #: 15301(b)

Reasons why project is exempt: Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District is continuing a project currently being constructed and evaluated by CEQA in 1993. There are no new features or impacts associated with this project.

Lead Agency Contact Person: Kristine Johnson (559) 456-3292

FILED

JAN 24 2013

Signature:

David Phorke

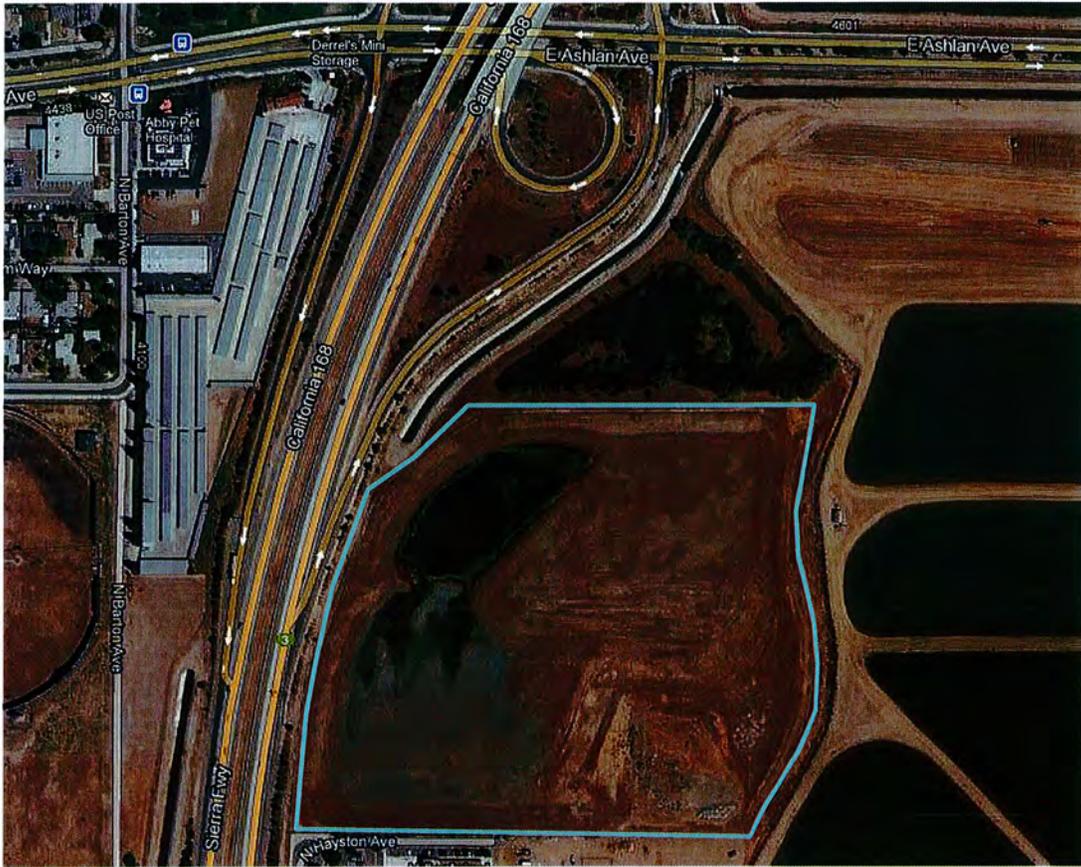
Date:

1-23-13

Title:

FRESNO COUNTY CLERK
By *Victoria Villalana*
Environmental Resources Manager **DEPUTY**

Attachment No. 1



Big Dry Creek Detention Basin Aerial View



Big Dry Creek Detention Basin from the southwest corner

STATE OF CALIFORNIA - THE RESOURCES AGENCY
DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME
ENVIRONMENTAL FILING FEE CASH RECEIPT

Receipt # **E20131000018**

Lead Agency: FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DIST. Date: 01/24/2013

County Agency of Filing: FRESNO COUNTY CLERK Document No: E20131000018

Project Title: ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF BIG DRY CREEK DETENTION BASIN

Project Applicant Name: FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT Phone Number: (559) 456-3292

Project Applicant Address: 5469 E. OLIVE AVENUE, FRESNO, CA 93727

Project Applicant: LOCAL PUBLIC AGENCY

ADMINISTRATION FEE	\$	50.00
CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION	\$	0.00
Total Received	\$	50.00

Signature and title of person receiving payment: *Victoria L. Villacana*

FRESNO COUNTY
CLERK'S OFFICE
BRANDI L. ORTH

2221 KERN STREET
FRESNO, CA 93721

Finalization 2013132124
01/24/2013 09:03am
80 vcorrales

Item Title	Count
1 EIRA	1
EIR Administrative Fee	

Document ID	Amount
DOC# E201310000017	50.00
Time Recorded 09:03 am	

Total	50.00
-------	-------

Payment Type	Amount
Cash	50.00
Amount Due	0.00

Thank You
Please Retain This Receipt
For Your Records

FILED

NOV 21 2002

Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
Notice of Determination

FRESNO COUNTY CLERK
By *[Signature]* DEPUTY
Fresno County Clerk
2221 Kern St
Fresno, CA 93721

From: Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 E. Olive Avenue
Fresno, CA 93727

E200210000340

Subject: Filing of Notice of Determination in compliance with Section 21108 or 21152 of the Public Resources Code.

Project Title: Acquisition and Construction of Dry Creek Extension Basin

Project Location: The study area for the proposed Dry Creek Extension Basin encompasses 20 acres located on the north side of W. Annadale Avenue, approximately 825 feet west of S. Brawley Avenue in Fresno County (Assessors Parcel Number 327-030-51 [western 20 acres]).

Project Description: The proposed basin will be a rural streams flood control feature and will be utilized for groundwater recharge. Water will be supplied to the basin by pipeline from the Fanning Canal located directly north of the property and the Dry Creek Canal located approximately 400 feet to the west of the property. The facility will provide no urban drainage services.

The ultimate size of the basin will be approximately 20 acres and will have capacity for approximately 166 acre-feet of water. Side slopes will be constructed at a 5:1 steepness ratio, and the basin will be excavated to an average depth of 17.5 feet. A 6-foot high permanent perimeter fence will be installed around the site.

Determinations:

This is to advise that the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (Lead Agency) has approved the above-described project on November 20, 2002, and has made the following determinations regarding the above-described project:

1. The project will not have a significant effect on the environment.
2. A Mitigated Negative Declaration was prepared for this project pursuant to the provisions of CEQA.
3. Mitigation measures were incorporated into the project.

This is to certify that the final Mitigated Negative Declaration with comments and responses and record of project approval is available to the general public at the District address noted above.

[Signature]
David Pomaville, Environmental Resources Manager

11-21-02
Date

FILED

NOV 21 2002

Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District Mitigated Negative Declaration

FRESNO COUNTY CLERK
By [Signature] DEPUTY
E200210000340

() Proposed
(X) Final

Name of Project: Acquisition and Construction of Dry Creek Extension Basin

Entity or Person Undertaking Project:

Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 E. Olive Avenue
Fresno, CA 93727

Contact: Christine Kelley
Staff Analyst
(559) 456-3292
fmfd.env@verizon.net

Project Location:

The study area for the proposed Dry Creek Extension Basin encompasses 20 acres located on the north side of W. Annadale Avenue, approximately 825 feet west of S. Brawley Avenue in Fresno County (Assessors Parcel Number 327-030-51 [western 20 acres]).

Project Description:

The proposed basin will be a rural streams flood control feature and will be utilized for groundwater recharge. Water will be supplied to the basin by pipeline from the Fanning Canal located directly north of the property and the Dry Creek Canal located approximately 400 feet to the west of the property. The facility will provide no urban drainage services.

The ultimate size of the basin will be approximately 20 acres and will have capacity for approximately 166 acre-feet of water. Side slopes will be constructed at a 5:1 steepness ratio, and the basin will be excavated to an average depth of 17.5 feet. A 6-foot high permanent perimeter fence will be installed around the site.

Finding:

It is hereby found that although the above-mentioned project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because the mitigation measures described in the Initial Study have been added to the project.

Initial Study:

An Initial Study of this project was undertaken and prepared in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act Guidelines for the purpose of ascertaining whether this project might have a significant effect on the environment. A copy of the Initial Study is attached and is incorporated in this Mitigated Negative Declaration by reference. The Initial Study document gives reason to support the above finding.

Mitigation Measures:

The mitigation measures listed in the attached Initial Study have been included in the project to avoid potentially significant effects.

Date: 11-21-02

[Signature]
David Pomaville, Environmental Resources Manager

FILED

NOV 21 2002

Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
Certificate of Fee Exemption

De Minimis Impact Finding

To: County Clerk, Fresno County
2221 Kern Street
Fresno, CA 93721

From: Fresno Metropolitan Flood
Control District
5469 E. Olive Avenue
Fresno, CA 92727

FRESNO COUNTY CLERK
By Colleen J. Gentry
DEPUTY
E 200210000340

Project Title/Location/Proponent:

Title: Acquisition and Construction of Dry Creek Extension Basin

Location: The study area for the proposed Dry Creek Extension Basin encompasses 20 acres located on the north side of W. Annadale Avenue, approximately 825 feet west of S. Brawley Avenue in Fresno County (Assessors Parcel Number 327-030-51 [western 20 acres]).

Proponent: Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 E. Olive Avenue
Fresno, CA 93727

Project Description:

The proposed basin will be a rural streams flood control feature and will be utilized for groundwater recharge. Water will be supplied to the basin by pipeline from the Fanning Canal located directly north of the property and the Dry Creek Canal located approximately 400 feet to the west of the property. The facility will provide no urban drainage services.

The ultimate size of the basin will be approximately 20 acres and will have capacity for approximately 166 acre-feet of water. Side slopes will be constructed at a 5:1 steepness ratio, and the basin will be excavated to an average depth of 17.5 feet. A 6-foot high permanent perimeter fence will be installed around the site.

Finding of Exemption:

1. An Initial Study has been conducted by the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District, which has evaluated the potential for this project to cause any adverse effect, either individually or cumulatively, on wildlife resources. For this purpose, wildlife is defined as "all wild animals, birds, plants, fish, amphibians, and related ecological communities, including the habitat upon which the wildlife depends for its continued viability." (Section 711.1 of the Fish and Game Code)
2. The proposed project will not have an adverse effect on wildlife resources based to the following considerations:
 - a. Based on the environmental review process and hearing record, there is no evidence that the proposed project would have any potential for adverse effect on wildlife resources.
 - b. Based on the environmental review process and hearing record, although the proposed project could potentially have an adverse effect on wildlife resources, the potential for such adverse effect has been reduced to less than significance by mitigation measures.

Certification:

I hereby certify that the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District, as lead agency, has made the above findings of fact, and based upon the environmental review process and hearing record, the proposed project will not individually or cumulatively have an adverse effect on wildlife resources, as defined in Section 711.1 of the Fish and Game Code.

Date: 11-21-02



David Pomaville, Environmental Resources Manager



STATE OF CALIFORNIA - THE RESOURCES AGENCY
 DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME
 ENVIRONMENTAL FILING FEE CASH RECEIPT
 DFG 753.5a (6-01)

208030

Lead Agency: FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT Date: 11/21/2002
 County / State Agency of Filing: FRESNO COUNTY CLERK Document No. E200210000340
 Project Title: Acquisition & Construction of Dry Creek Extension Basin
Christine Kelley, Staff Analyst
 Project Applicant Name: Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District Phone Number: 456-3292
 Project Applicant Address: 5469 E. OLIVE AVE., FRESNO CA 93727
 Project Applicant (check appropriate box): Local Public Agency School District Other Special District
 State Agency Private Entity

CHECK APPLICABLE FEES:

() Environmental Impact Report	\$850.00	\$0
() Negative Declaration	\$1,250.00	\$0
() Application Fee Water Diversion (State Water Resources Control Board Only)	\$850.00	\$0
() Projects Subject to Certified Regulatory Programs	\$850.00	\$0
(x) County Administrative Fee	\$25.00	\$25.00
(X) Project that is exempt from fees/De Minimis		

TOTAL RECEIVED \$25.00

Signature and title of person receiving payment: Clara Mendez Clara Mendez, Deputy
 WHITE-PROJECT APPLICANT YELLOW-DFG/FASB PINK-LEAD AGENCY GOLDENROD-STATE AGENCY OF FILING

DEPOSIT RECEIPT

Transaction ID: 040625 by: CLARA
 11/21/2002 02:22:14 PM

Description	Qty	Amt
EIR		
EIR COUNTY ADMINISTRATION	1	\$25.00
Pay by Check		\$25.00
Total Amt. Due		\$25.00
Total Received		\$25.00



MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

SUBJECT: Inspection of Reported Boils and Seepage Conditions at Big Dry Creek Dam, Fresno County California.

1. General. On 10 April, 2006 the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (FMFCD) contacted the SPK EOC and requested a joint inspection with DSOD of the subject project. On 11 April 2006 the undersigned accompanied the following list of personnel for the inspection.

Lakhbir Singh, Engineer, DSOD
Jerry Lakeman, District Engineer; Assistant General Manager, FMFCD
Peter Sanchez, Operations Engineer, FMFCD
Brent Sunamoto, Engineer, Operations, FMFCD
Verlyn Neufeld, Facilities Manager, FMFCD
Paul Allen, Facilities Section Leader, Operations, FMFCD
Bil Garcia, Facilities Technician, Operations, FMFCD
Kurt Hupp, Rural Program Manager, Operations, FMFCD
Tom Snyder, Engineer, Rural Division, Operations, FMFCD

At the time of the inspection it was partly cloudy and the temperature was in the low 60's °F. The elevation of the pool was 421.0-feet equating to storage of approximately 9,500 acre-ft (Figure 1 and Photo 1). The inflow was 53-cfs and the outflow was being increased to 115-cfs. Similar conditions to what is described below were observed for the maximum pool of record (422.5-feet) in January 1997 (Figure 2). Gross pool and storage for the project are elevation 432.7-feet and 30,200 acre-ft respectively. During the in briefing the project staff indicated a total of 28 boils and pin boils had been observed. Following the in briefing the FMFCD directed Mr. Lakhbir Singh and the undersigned to the areas of concern described below.

2. Stations 62+70 to 68+40. Seepage was visible exiting the drain rock along toe (Photo 2). One location of concentrated seepage near station 63+70 was sandbagged to determine; however, the flow was too small to be quantified (Photo 3). Several small pin boils were also observed with the largest being near station 65+70. Several of the pin boils showed suspended sand, but all were flowing clean with no fines present. In this vicinity, water along the toe collects and flows to an 18-inch CMP near Station 63+00. The estimated flow through this culvert was approximately 20 gpm (Photo 4).

3. Stations 78+40 to 89+70. Ponding water and very soft soil conditions were present along the toe from approximately station 79+00 to 86+00 (Photo 5). In addition, small boils were observed at the following approximate locations:

-Station 81+00, a small boil flowing clear and free of fines was observed.

-Station 82+82 a 1-inch diameter boil was observed. The flow exiting the boil was estimated at 1-cup per minute, and was clear and free of fines (**Photo 6**).

-Station 89+00 a small boil flowing clear and free of fines was observed (**Photo 7**).

-Station 89+70 a small boil was observed. The flow from the boil was moving sand, but was flowing clear with no fines present (**Photo 8**). The flow was approximately 1-quart per minute.

4. Stations 121+35. Four small boils were observed approximately 50-feet from the toe of the dam and was encircled by a sandbag ring. The total flow from the area was estimated at $\frac{1}{4}$ gallon per minute and was clear and absent of fines (**Photo 9**).

5. Approximate Station 135+00. RW-06 was opened and inspected (**Photo 10**). The top of water in the relief well was about 10-feet below the ground surface. Observation of the water in present the casing and casing condition suggest that the relief wells may need to be cleaned and inspected.

6. Spillway Approach and Control Structure. Poned water was observed both upstream and downstream of the spillway sill location. According to the project personnel this area is wet nearly year-round as a result of high groundwater in the vicinity (**Photo 11**). The approach canal was clear and free of debris (**Photo 12**).

7. Conclusions and Recommendations. The inspection revealed no immediate imminent threat at this time, but the locals should continue to monitor the situation and identify areas of concern. None of the small boils showed signs of migrating fines or muddy water. The larger pin boils should be ringed with sand bags (to a height of less than 1-foot) and fitted with a small outlet pipe to measure and quantify flow. On 13 April 2006 the undersigned contacted Mr. Peter Sanchez of FMFCB. Mr. Sanchez indicated that the reservoir was on its way back down and that warm temperatures on the previous day (12 April) dried up most of the seepage and small boil locations along the toe. He also indicated that sandbag rings were placed around some of the small boils to measure flow rate; however, the flow at each location ceased following the placement.

There is no past performance data of the project above elevation 422.5 feet. Therefore, 24-hr surveillance is recommended if the reservoir is to rise at or above this elevation. In addition, it is recommended that sufficient supplies be on site and available for flood fighting if the elevation is to go above 422.5-feet. The undersigned also recommends a review of project documentation and performance history of the project by the Sacramento District. An additional field inspection may be required during this review.

CESPK-ED-GS

Please contact the undersigned if you have any questions.

David Scrafini, PE
Soil Design Section

CC: CESPK-ED-GS (file)
CESPK-ED-G (loss)
CESPK-ED-GS

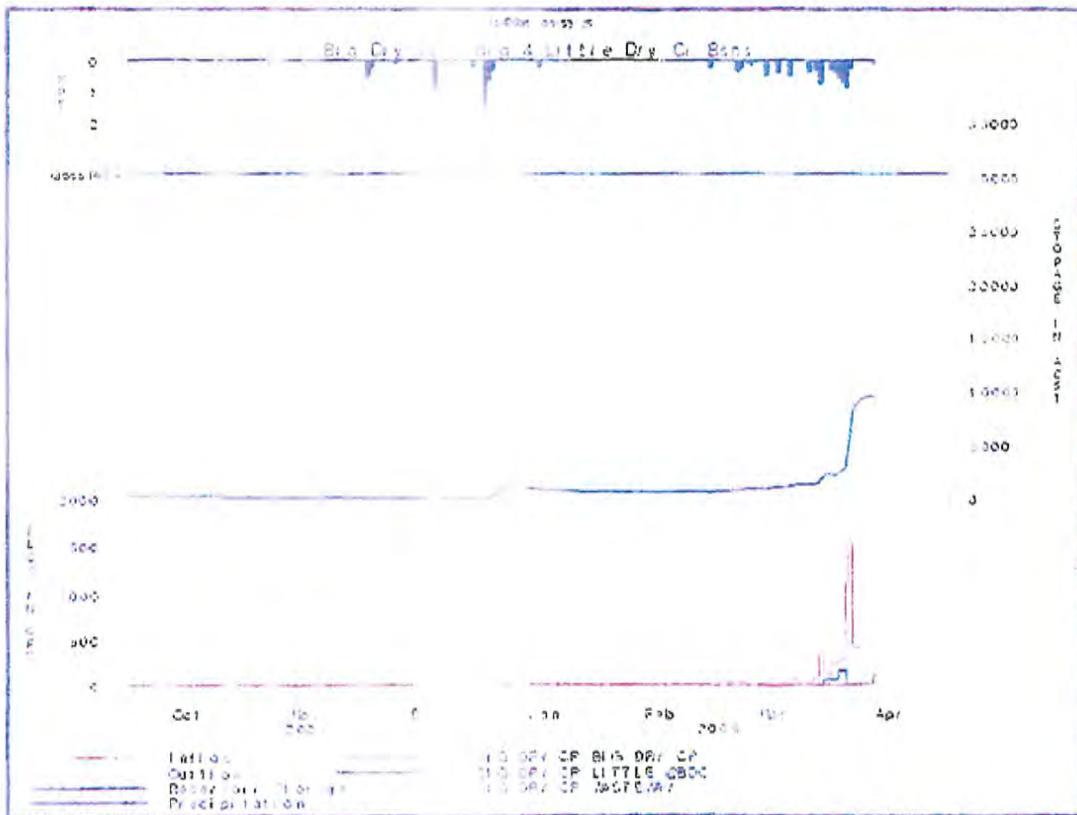


Figure 1: Reservoir Storage and Operation OCT 2005 - April 2006

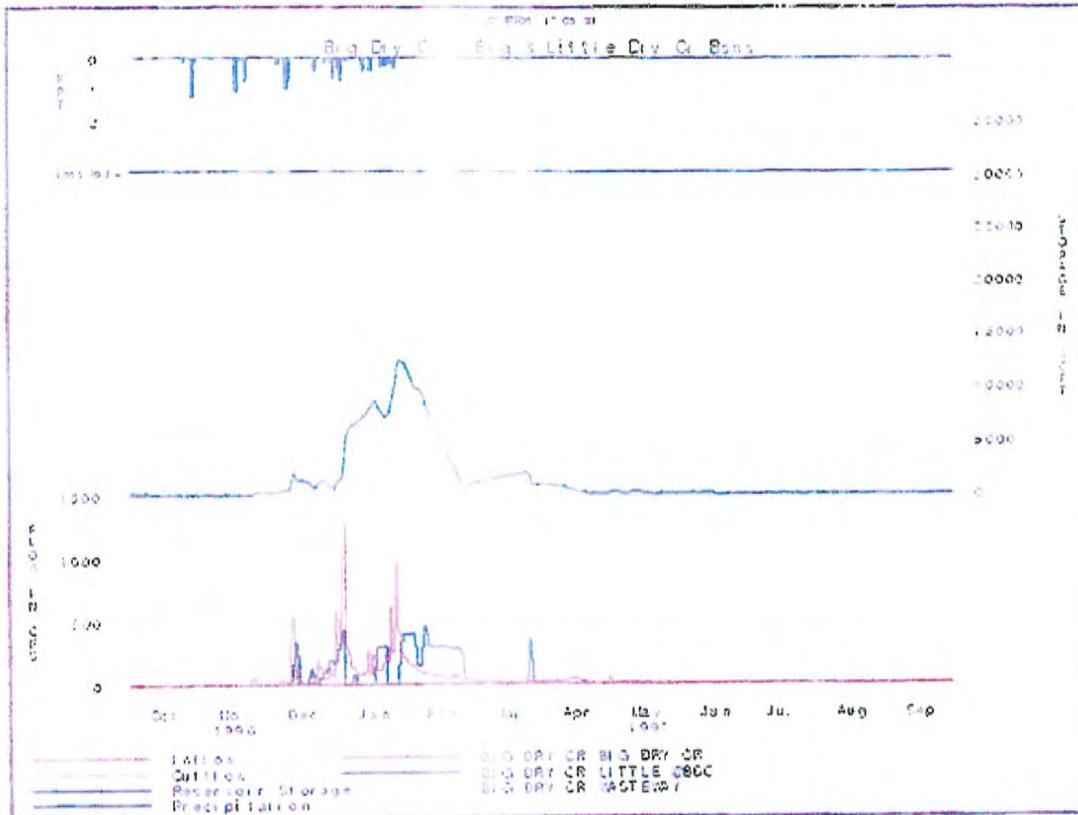


Figure 2: Reservoir Storage and Operation OCT 1996 – SEPT 1997

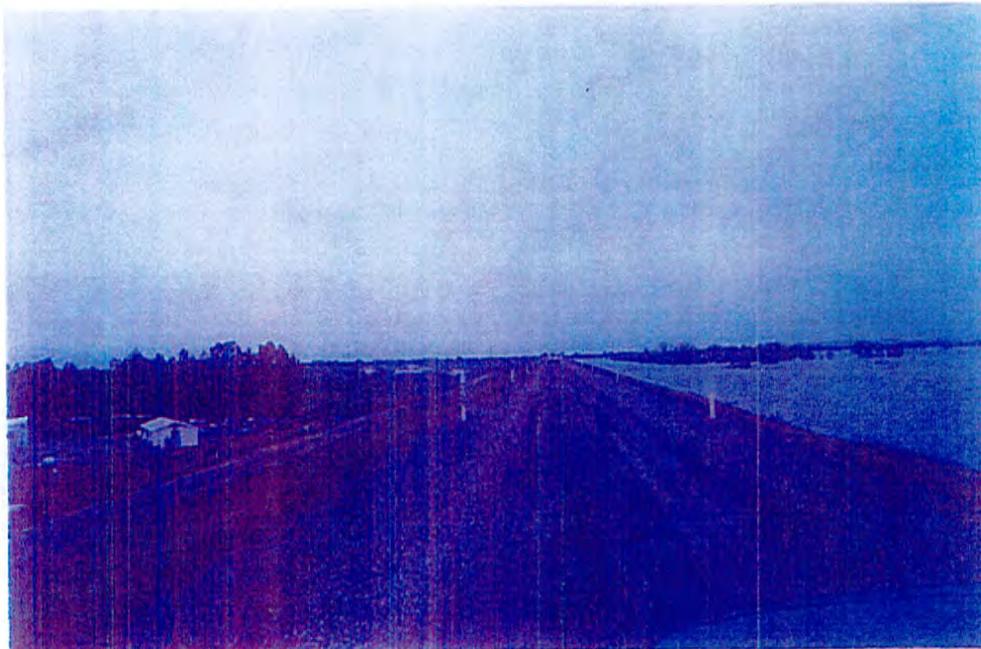


Photo 1: View of top of dam looking towards the right abutment



Photo 2: View seepage exiting the drain near Station 62+70



Photo 3: View of the seepage collection from the drain near Station 63+70



Photo 4: View of approximate 20-gpm seepage flow exiting the 18-inch CMP



Photo 5: View of the ponded water between Stations 79+00 and 86+00

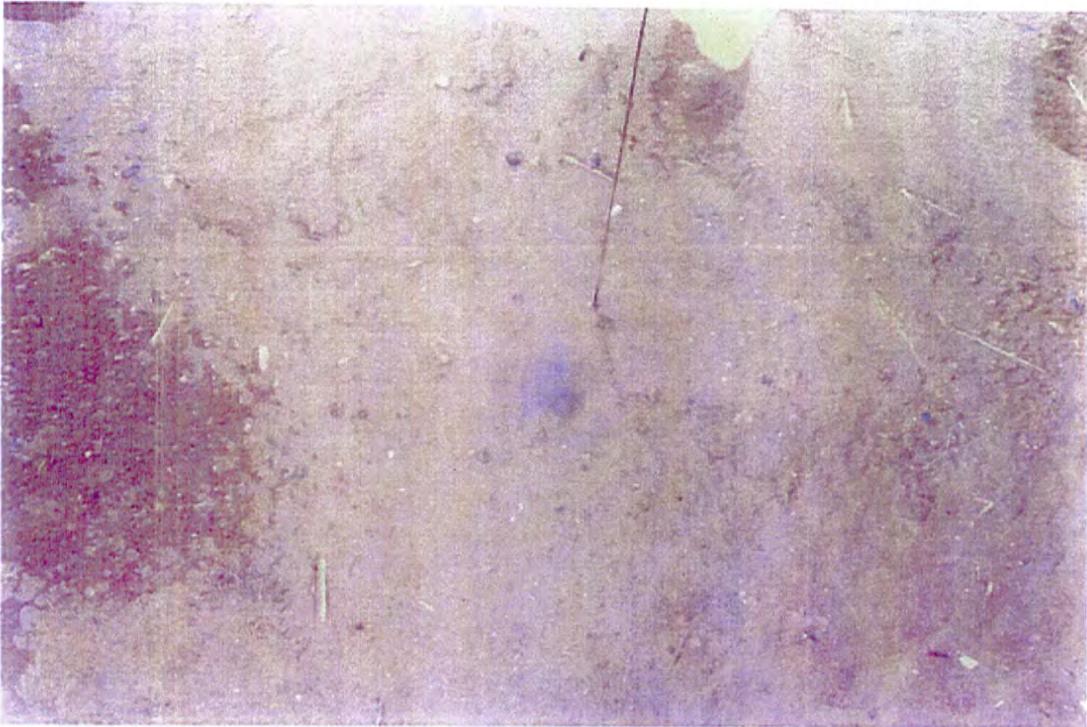


Photo 6: View of the small 1-inch diameter boil near Station 82+82

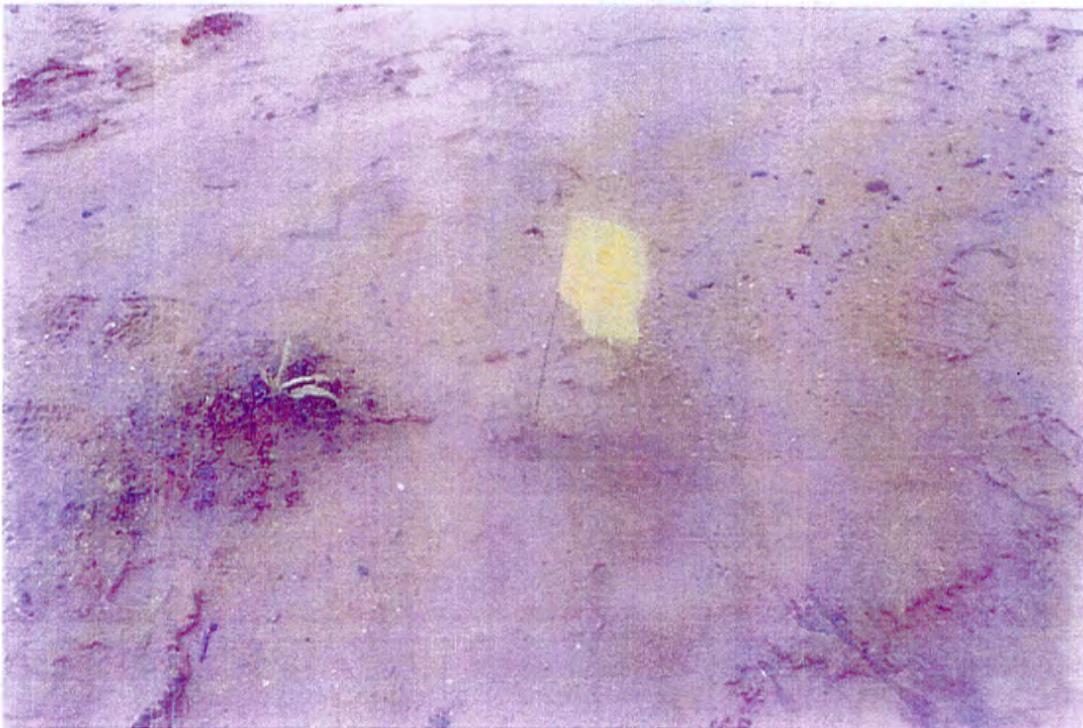


Photo 7: View of the small boil near Station 89+00

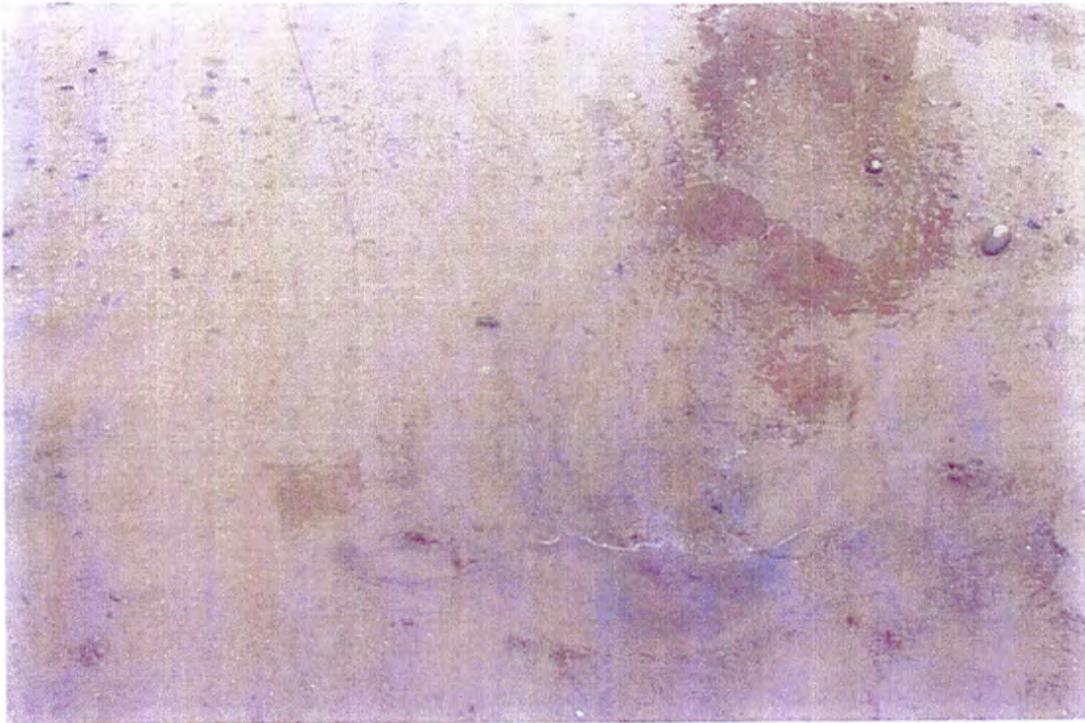


Photo 8: View of the small boil near Station 89+70



Photo 9: View of the four small boils near station 121+35

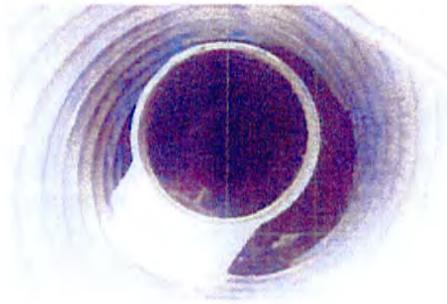
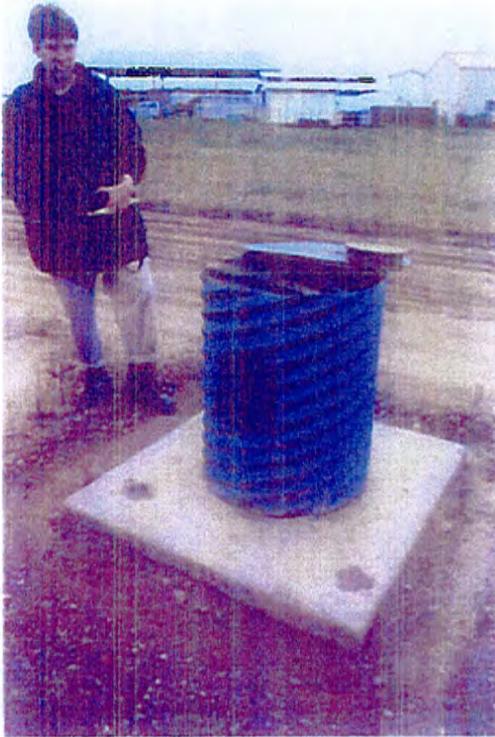


Photo 10: View of the protective casing and the inside of relief well RW-6



Photo 11: View of the spillway approach channel from the left side of the spillway



Photo 12: View of ponded water upstream and downstream of the spillway control structure and sill



REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DISTRICT, SACRAMENTO
CORPS OF ENGINEERS
1325 J STREET
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95814-2922

APR 29 2008

RECEIVED
MAY 01 2008

FRESNO METROPOLITAN
FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

Flood Protection and Navigation Section

Mr. Jerry Lakeman, District Engineer
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 E. Olive
Fresno, CA 93727

SUBJECT: Big Dry Creek Dam Seepage and Redbank Detention Basin Control Structure Settlement and Cracking

Dear Mr. Lakeman:

I am writing this letter on behalf of Colonel Thomas C. Chapman in response to your letter dated June 19, 2007, addressing Big Dry Creek seepage during the high water event of April 2006 and settlement and cracking of the Redbank Detention Basin control structure.

In response to your request, as an interim action, a Corps team of geologists and engineers (Ms. Mahvash Arani, Mr. Michael Ramsbotham, Mr. Kim Jorgensen, and Mr. Robert Thompson), accompanied by representatives of FMFCD, visited the sites on Tuesday, December 4, 2007. As the result of this visit, a memorandum was prepared by Engineering Division including recommendations for a more in depth inspection of Redbank Detention Basin control structure by a structural engineer and materials engineer. Mr. William Halczak, materials engineer, and Mr. Thomas Walker, structural engineer inspected the Redbank Creek Detention Basin control structure on Monday, December 11, 2007, and prepared a written memorandum of their recommendations.

The concerns stated in your June 19, 2007 letter were:

1. *Big Dry Creek seepage during the high water event of April 2006. As per reported joint inspection of FMFCD and California Division of Safety of Dams (DSOD) on April 11, 2006, the water surface elevation in the Big Dry Creek was 421-feet (storage of 9,500-acre-feet). The gross pool and storage for the dam are 432.7-feet / 30,200-acre-feet. FMFCD staff indicated observation of 28 boils at the time of inspection.*

2. *Settlement and Crack of the Redbank Detention Basin Control Structure. FMFCD staff has reported that the Control Structure on Redbank Detention Basin has settled and cracked since its construction in 1990. FMFCD is concerned that this cracking is of sufficient width and depth that the reinforcement steel may become exposed. Also, as a consequence of this differential settlement FMFCD is concerned that the gate may no longer function as it was designed and built.*

In response to your first concern, the December 6, 2007, memo (encl 1) recommendations describe areas of additional study, as well as updates to the Emergency Action Plan for Big Dry Creek Dam seepage that are necessary.

In response to your second concern, the February 28, 2008, memo (encl 2) describes the likely cause of the cracking at the Redbank Creek Detention Basin to be the result of alkali silica reactions and not the result of foundation materials or foundation settlement. Additionally, the memo recommends that concrete coring and petrography examination be conducted to better define the cause of the cracks. It is our opinion that the gates are not in immediate jeopardy of failing or not operating. Both memos discuss monitoring and sealing of the cracks. This is recommended as an interim measure.

As the non-federal sponsor, FMFCD is responsible for operation, maintenance, repair, rehabilitation, and replacement of the facility. The corrective actions for remediation of the system are contained in the enclosure memos for FMFCD execution.

Should you have any questions, please contact Ms. Mahvash Arani, Flood Protection and Navigation Section, at (916) 557-5282 or via e-mail at Mahvash.arani@usace.army.mil.

Sincerely,



Kevin Knuuti, P.E.
Chief, Engineering Division

Enclosures

EK

Memorandum For: CESPk-CO-OR (Attention Arani)

Subject: Big Dry Dam and Redbank Detention Basin Control Structure

1. References:

a) Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District Letter to Colonel Ronald Light, Subject: Big Dry Creek Dam Seepage, Redbank Creek Detention Basin Control Structure Settlement and Cracking, dated 19 June, 2007.

b) CESPk-ED-GS Memorandum for Record, Subject: Inspection of Reported Boils and Seepage Conditions at Big Dry Creek Dam, Fresno County California, dated 13 April 2006.

2. At the request of Operations Branch, a site visit was made on 4 December 2007 to the Redbank Creek Detention Structure and Big Dry Dam to investigate the issues raised by Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (FMFCD) in a letter dated 19 June 2007. The Corps team, (Arani, Ramsbotham, Jorgensen, and Thompson), met with and were briefed by representatives of FMFCD before going to the sites. A short out briefing was conducted prior to leaving. The out briefing included much of the following information.

3. Big Dry Dam Seepage: Based on my understanding of as-built conditions and the reported performance of the dam at relatively low pool elevations (Reference Memorandum for Record dated 13 April 2006), the reported seepage problem at Big Dry Dam deserves additional study. Initial first steps and potential interim actions should include:

- As built records for the original structure and rehabilitation / raise project should be reviewed.
- Geology and subsurface information should be assembled for the areas / reaches that seepage and boils were observed.
- Preliminary seepage and stability modeling should be performed based on the existing information.
- Additional subsurface information based on new explorations, drilling and sampling and laboratory testing should be obtained.
- Based on the Dam's performance history, reservoir pool elevation threshold values should be established that trigger elevated surveillance and monitoring. Based on the information provided by FMFCD it appears the threshold values corresponds to roughly pool elevation 410, depending on storm / pool duration.
- The Emergency Action Plan should be updated to include the pool elevations at which increased surveillance is required, new inundation mapping, and dam break scenarios.
- The Emergency Action Plan should be exercised, particularly for a potential seepage and piping failure mode.

- ✓ { • The addition of instrumentation, piezometers and observation wells, should be considered.
- ✓ { • An emergency fix should be "designed" and sufficient construction materials obtained and stockpiled for an initial flood fight implementation. The emergency materials should include a geotextile filter fabric, drain rock, sand and sand bags.

4. Redbank Detention Basin Control Structure: Based on my observations of conditions at the control structure, the cracking observed at the gate supports is unusual and thus the structure deserves additional study / evaluation by structural and materials engineers. Initial first steps and potential interim actions discussed in the field included:

- A Structural Engineer and Materials Engineer should perform another inspection of the entire structure looking at all of the distress / cracking identified by FMFCD.
- The entire structure and associated retaining wall should be surveyed to determine current relative elevations and potential direction of movements.
- The large cracks in the gate support blocks should be monitored under several different environmental and loading conditions. Attach crack monitoring devices to be used in the monitoring program.
- Monitoring conditions should include at a minimum: 1) monthly readings; 2) readings prior to, during, and subsequent to gate operations; and 3) changes in impoundment water surface elevations at 5 foot increments.
- The original basis of design should be reviewed.
- If approved by the structural and material engineers, the large gate block cracks should be sealed with a flexible sealant to keep out water and debris.

5. Thank you for this opportunity to participate in this inspection. If you have any questions please give me a call.



Michael D. Ramsbotham, P.E., G.E.
Regional Geotechnical Specialist
Soil Design Section
916 557 7174.

MEMORANDUM FOR CESPK-CO-OR (Arani)

SUBJECT: Red Bank Detention Basin Control Structure, Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District, Fresno, California

1. Reference:

- a) CESPK-ED-GS, Memorandum for Record, Subject: Big Dry Dam and Red Bank Detention Basin Control Structure, dated 6 December 2007.
- b) As Built Drawings, Red Bank Detention Basin Control Structure, USACE, Sacramento District, 16 Jul 1990.

2. An inspection of the Red Bank Detention Basin Control Structure was performed on 10 Dec 07 by W. Halczak CESPK-ED-GS and T. Walker CESPK-ED-DR. The inspection was requested by M. Arani CESPK-CO-OR. This inspection was performed subsequent to the inspection described in reference (a) above. Verlyn Neufeld of FMFCD also participated in the inspection. The purpose of the inspection was to evaluate cracks in the structural elements of the control structure. It had been postulated that settlement of the foundation was producing distortion and consequent cracking of the structure.

3. A brief level survey was run of selected points on the center divider wall and the side walls of the structure downstream of the gates. This survey was performed to determine if differential settlement could have caused tension across the top of the wall and thus could have produced the cracking exhibited in the center divider wall. Within the limits of accuracy of the survey; no differential settlement which could have produced the cracks was noted.

4. Photographs 1 and 2 show a typical longitudinal crack along the upstream edge of the wall. The crack is discontinuous in the areas of the vertical risers where the gate controls rest. This type of crack could potentially be evidence of an Alkali Silica Reaction (ASR). The drawings indicate that there is more reinforcement present in the location of the gate controls. Mild Alkali Silica reactions can be suppressed by reinforcement. ASR

5. Photographs 3 and 4 show the longitudinal crack along the center line of the center divider wall. There appear to be ASR reactions occurring along other structural elements in the gate structure. We closely examined the crack and found that it had exposed a Number 8 reinforcing steel bar. It is possible that the bar was initially exposed to moisture as a result of the ASR reaction noted elsewhere. Once the bar was exposed to moisture, it oxidized. The oxidation of the steel produces additional expansion. It appears that the metal oxidation in addition to the initial ASR has accelerated the crack formation. It appears that the cracking is related to ASR expansion complicated by oxidation of the longitudinal reinforcement.

6. A Review of the design documents, reference (b); Sheets S-39 and S-40 of the As Constructed Plans indicate that the only reinforcement on the top of the wall is three number eight bars placed longitudinally. The drawings indicate no transverse steel on the top of the center divider wall.

7. Some chemical attack is occurring to the concrete surfaces, typically as shown in photograph 5. This reaction is evident in both the upstream and downstream side of the structure. The attack on the upstream side is more advanced. This is related to chemicals carried in the water. These reactions are not significant at this time and do not immediately require corrective action. These reactions should continue to be monitored.

CESPK-ED-GS

SUBJECT: Red Bank Detention Basin Control Structure, Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District, Fresno, California

8. There are two classes of distress noted in the above inspection; the cracking potentially produced by physio-chemical reactions and the chemical attack on the surfaces as noted in photograph 5. The chemical attacks on the surfaces are not of structural consequence although they should be monitored. The cracking is cause of greater concern. Given the operational characteristics of the gates; it does not appear that catastrophic failure of the gates is likely under anticipated typical operating conditlons.

9. Visual evidence suggests that the reactions and cause and effects are as described above. To properly define the cause of the distress, it is recommended that an investigation be completed to determine the direct cause. Cores should be recovered from various locations and the cores should be petrographically examined to determine the exact mode of distress.

*CORFS
ASR*

10. Although the diagnosed ASR reaction will not cause an immediate failure in the structure, it is recommended that corrective action be taken in order to enhance the performance of the structure over it's anticipated life cycle. The following short-term and long term repairs are presented.

(a) As an expedient repair, small cracks (generally less than 1/2-inch widths) may be sealed with an epoxy bonding materials. These epoxy bonding materials should be in general conformance with the requirements of ASTM C 881, Type IV. Cracks larger than 1/2-inch widths may be sealed with a flexible sealant. Prior to installation of the flexible sealant; backer rods should be installed to prevent deep penetration of the sealant. It is important that all flexible sealant be removed prior to final repairs.

(b) Based on the limited visual observation of the structure, and the likely cause of cracking being ASR, the following long term or permanent repair is recommended. The unsound concrete along the divider wall should be removed. This should be removed to a depth of approximately eighteen to twenty-four inches, below the existing top surface, or to the elevation that the trunnion bearings rest. Any cracks or openings below these removal depths can be epoxy grouted. Once all unsound concrete is removed new reinforcing steel should be doweled and epoxy grouted into the sound concrete. This steel should be bent to provide horizontal steel in the top face of the wall. Longitudinal steel, as in the original design, should also be included in the replacement reinforcement cage so that all faces of the section are reinforced in both directions. An epoxy bonding layer should be applied to the surface of the exposed concrete and then replacement concrete should be placed to return the section to it's original geometry.

William Halczak

William Halczak
CESPK-ED-GS

Thomas J Walker

Thomas J Walker
CESPK-ED-DR

CESPK-ED-GS

SUBJECT: Red Bank Detention Basin Control Structure, Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District, Fresno, California

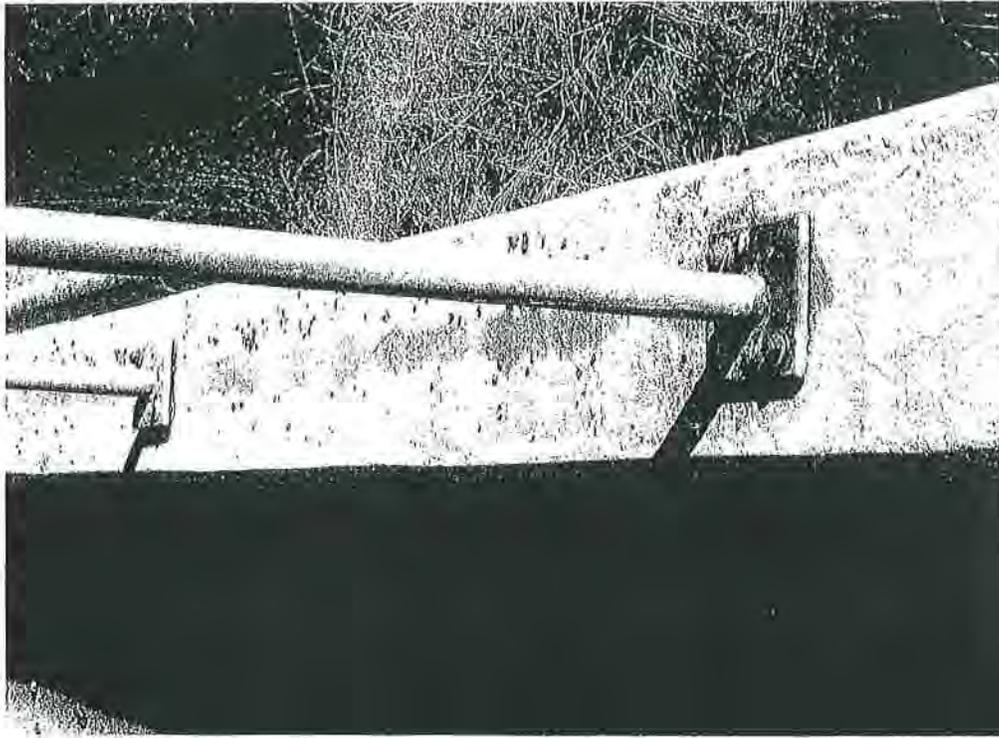


Photo 1- Longitudinal Crack in Upstream Wall

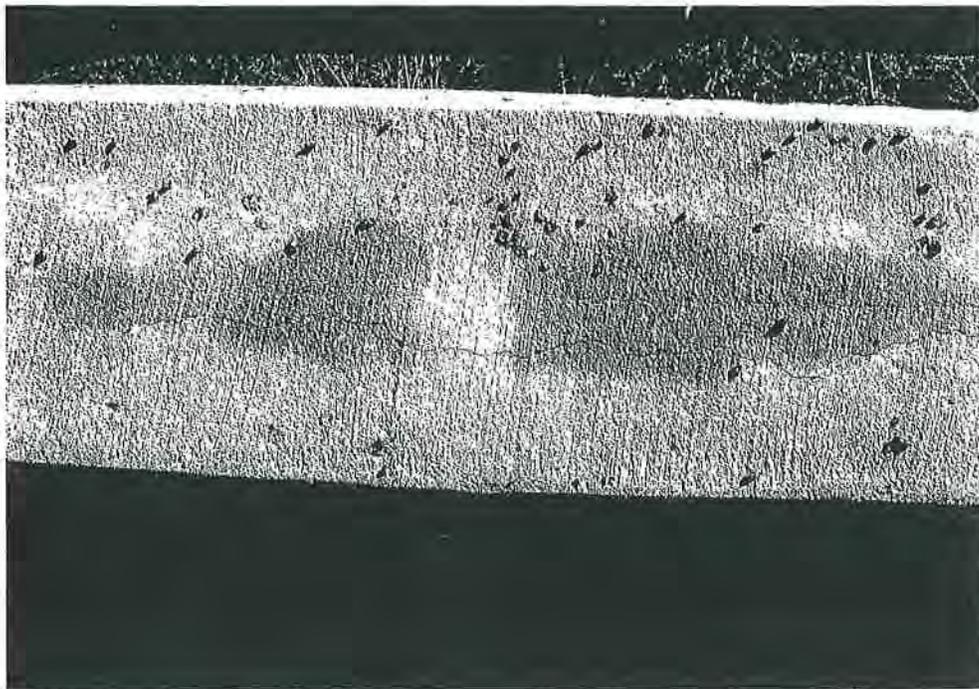


Photo 2 – Detail of Longitudinal Crack

CESPK-ED-GS

SUBJECT: Red Bank Detention Basin Control Structure, Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District, Fresno, California

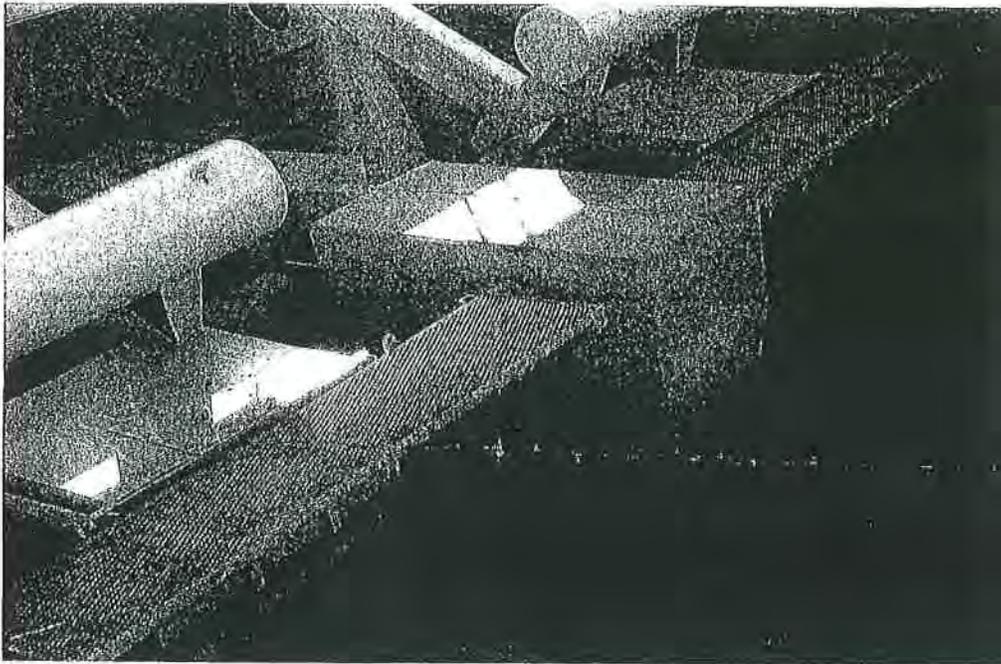


Figure 3 Overview of cracked block.

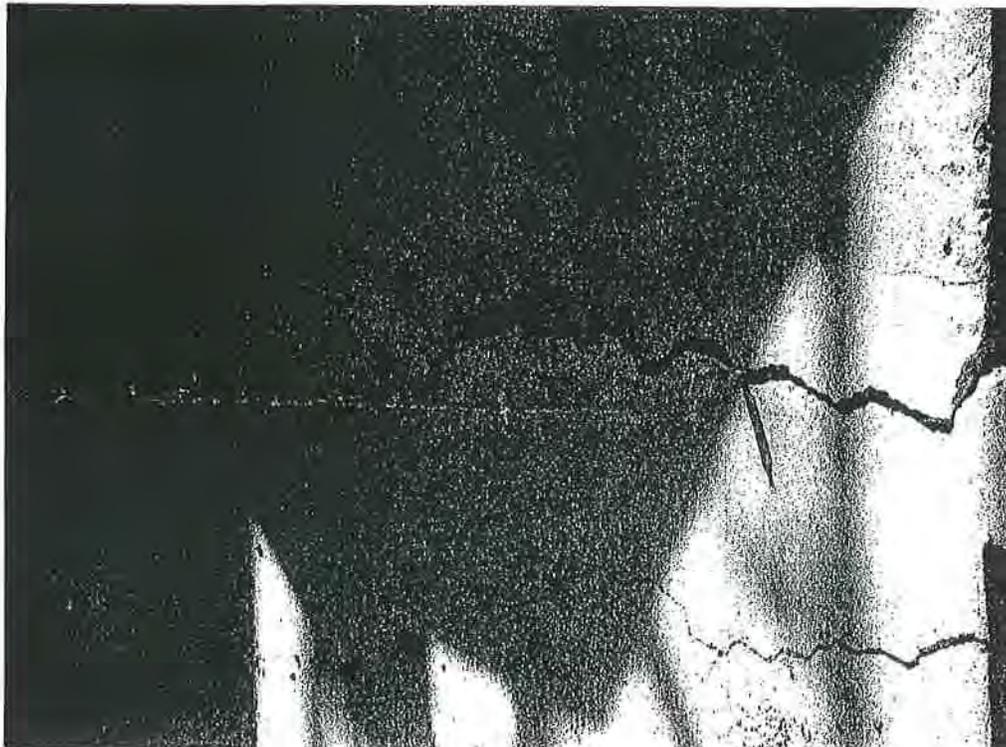


Figure 4 – Detail of Cracked Block

CESPK-ED-GS

SUBJECT: Red Bank Detention Basin Control Structure, Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District, Fresno, California

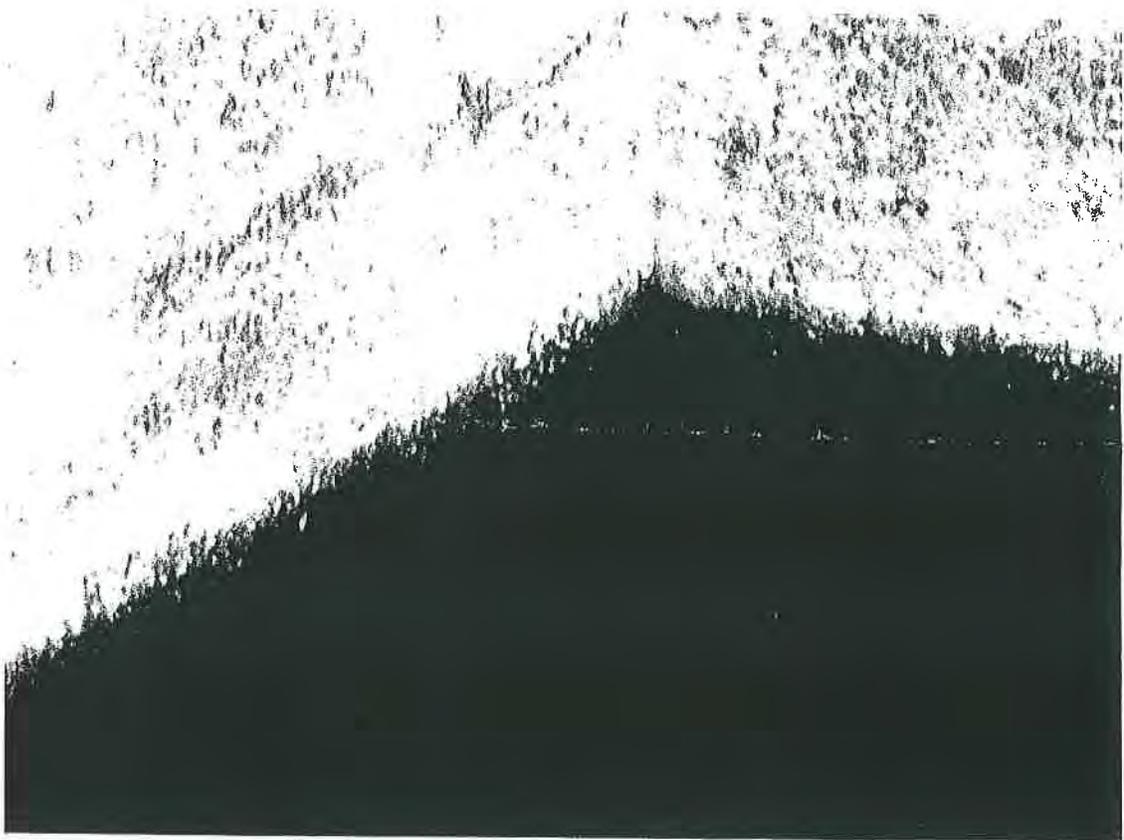


Figure 5 – Chemical Surface Attack

BSK

RECEIVED
MAY 15 2008
FRESNO METROPOLITAN
FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

567 W. Shaw Ave., Ste. B
Fresno, CA 93704
(559) 497-2880
FAX (559) 497-2886

May 14, 2008

BSK Job No. G0811911F

Peter Sanchez
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 E. Olive
Fresno, CA 93727

file: 150-205414
630-2042
630-2049
170-721

Peter:

In response to your memo of May 2, 2008, I have reviewed the memorandum submitted by the Corps of Engineers, dated December 6, 2007, concerning structure settlement and cracking at the Redbank Detention Basin gate structure and seepage at the Big Dry Creek Dam.

RED BANK DETENTION BASIN

The field review was conducted on May 8, 2008. At the time of the review, approximately 18 to 24 inches of water was present in the upstream channel. The gate structure central support concrete block which had been reported to contain large longitudinal cracks was submerged and covered with a protective frame made of plywood and wood studs. The frame was secured with chain and padlocks. Accordingly, examination of the central support block could not be made. Longitudinal cracks are present along the tops of wing walls and retaining walls. The cracks run the lengths of the walls and are typically 1/8 to 1/16 inch wide and situated at the center of the walls.

I believe that these longitudinal cracks are the product of concrete shrinkage and potentially tensile stresses induced in the concrete during the time of its initial setting. In the case of the central support, the top of the concrete and crack area would have been periodically submerged. Water had the opportunity to enter the crack and cause corrosion of the reinforcing steel. This corrosion causes gradual expansion and therefore widening of the crack. This condition could explain the reported conditions observed in the central support.

I examined the wing walls and retaining walls below submerged levels. They did not exhibit indications of Alkali-Silica-Reaction (ASR). This leads me to think that ASR may not be the problem. Just the same, it would be prudent to perform a test on at least the most distressed areas to assess ASR potential.

On the matter concerning settlement of the structure, I believe that it is not a factor at this time. A small amount of differential settlement has occurred between the main gate structure and the wing walls. This settlement likely occurred in the first year following soil saturation. I would not expect that significant additional settlement would occur 18 years following construction.

A California Corporation

At this time, I recommend that a core be extracted from the central support concrete pedestal and the core submitted for petrographic analyses, including ASR. Following the analyses, a report would be prepared to address the necessary repairs based on the findings. For the above, I recommend a budget of \$12,000.

BIG DRY CREEK DAM

My comments and conclusions are based on preliminary sites review and design data for the raising of Big Dry Creek Dam from maximum water elevation 425.0 to 433.2 feet (February 1986). The scope of additional study proposed by the Corps of Engineers appears appropriate for seepage and stability evaluations. The February 1986 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers "General Design Memorandum" Section for the Big Dry Creek Dam alterations contain adequate field exploration and soils laboratory testing data to support preliminary seepage and stability modeling analyses. This data would be supplemented by the "As Built" drawings for the dam alteration project completed about 1993.

An important aspect of these analyses includes the construction of piezometers through the embankment section for the purpose of eventually establishing actual flow line characteristics and hydrostatic pressure through areas of the embankment and toe exhibiting surface seepage and sand boils and to calibrate the seepage model. These piezometers would be supplemented with a few shallow monitoring wells in the toe areas.

The drilling and installation of piezometers would provide an opportunity to collect and test undisturbed and bulk soil samples in the toe areas where this information is lacking.

The following estimates of fees represent our approach to the seepage and stability study for budget-setting purposes:

Installation of 30 piezometers 30 to 60 feet deep and 5 observation wells 20 feet deep.	\$105,000.00
Soil sampling and field logs of borings:	
Laboratory testing:	\$16,000.00
Seepage and stability modeling:	\$45,000.00
Consultations	\$7,000.00
Design-level analyses of remediation alternatives (in support of civil engineer's preparation of plans and specifications):	\$20,000.00
TOTAL:	\$193,000.00
Contingencies (15%):	\$29,000.00
Recommended Budget:	\$222,000.00

Peter Sanchez, FMFCD
May 14, 2008

BSK Job No. G0811911F
Page 3

These estimates are submitted for your review and evaluation and to facilitate further discussions.

Respectfully submitted
BSK Associates



Hugo Kevorkian
Senior Principal Geotechnical Engineer
CE16350
GE462
REAI 20080

HK:jam



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PRELIMINARY SEEPAGE STUDY

**BIG DRY CREEK DAM
FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
BDR-18**

BSK G08-119-11F

PREPARED FOR:

**FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
5469 EAST OLIVE AVENUE
FRESNO, CALIFORNIA 93727**

JANUARY 22, 2013

Engineers, Geologists, Inspectors and Scientists

January 22, 2013

BSK G08-119-11F

Mr. Jerry Lakeman, P.E., District Engineer
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 East Olive Avenue
Fresno, California 93727

**SUBJECT: Preliminary Seepage Study
Big Dry Creek Dam
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District BDR-18**

Dear Jerry:

Submitted is our preliminary study for the reported occurrence of seepage along the toe of embankment for Big Dry Creek Dam between Stations 63+00 and 121+85. This report is submitted for your review and will serve to identify areas of interest and the scopes of recommended additional studies for the investigation of seepage and the formulation of mitigation measures.

The opportunity to be of service on this project is appreciated. We are prepared to meet with you and your staff to discuss our findings.

Respectfully submitted,
BSK ASSOCIATES

Hugo Kevorkian
Senior Principal Geotechnical Engineer
CE16350, GE462, REAII 20080



HK/mlt

Enclosures

Distribution: Mr. Jerry Lakeman, P.E., FMFCD (3 originals + eMail)
BSK (1 original + eCopy)

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**PRELIMINARY SEEPAGE STUDY
BIG DRY CREEK DAM
FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
CONTRACT NO. BDR-18**

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of our preliminary study for seepage observed along the toe drain for segments of the Big Dry Creek Dam between Stations 63+00 and 121+85. Notice to proceed was issued to BSK Associates on July 28, 2008 by electronic mail from Dan Gilbert, Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (FMFCD). Our proposal G0811911F dated May 14, 2008 describes our original objectives for the study. Prior to the start of the study, a meeting was arranged with FMFCD staff to further discuss the scope of this preliminary study.

1.1 Background

Big Dry Creek Dam is situated on Dry Creek at the northeasterly fringe of the Clovis City limits, Fresno County, California. The dam was constructed by the Corps of Engineers (USACE) in 1948. Prior to modification, the main embankment consisted of an earth fill with a maximum height of 37-feet (elevation 435.9) and length of 21,000-feet. The reservoir provided flood detention for a gross pool of 16,250 acre-feet. The reservoir was designed for a 60-year level of protection to the cities of Clovis and Fresno and suburban areas, from floods originating above the Friant-Kern Canal, by temporarily storing the flows of Dog and Dry Creek and diverting them to Little Dry Creek Diversion Channel. The Dry Creek Diversion Channel empties into the San Joaquin River.

Modifications to the main section of Big Dry Creek Dam in 1992 raised the crest elevation to a maximum of 445.0-feet. Typically, the dam embankment now includes a 25-foot crest, 3.0-feet of freeboard above Standard Protection Flood (SPF) Pool, upstream slopes of 3 horizontal to 1 vertical and downstream slopes of 2 horizontal to 1 vertical. The embankment consists of homogeneous random fill, comprising clayey sand and fine silty sand and sandy silt with notable fraction of clay. Figure 5 illustrates typical dam section as modified during the 1991 construction.

Seepage control measures incorporated in the 1992 modifications include an inclined drain on the downstream slope of the dam embankment and a drainage blanket beneath the downstream berm.

Six (6) pressure relief wells were constructed and tested by USACE in October 1995. The wells were located between Stations 121+00 and 123+50 at intervals of 50-feet near the alignment of the old Dry Creek stream bed (Figure 4).

1.2 Seepage

Sustained seepage and small sand boils were observed during the storm event of April 7, 2006. Present at the site during the storm were staff members from FMFCD, California Division of Safety of Dams (DSOD) and USA Corps of Engineers (USACE). Embankment toe areas generally affected by seepage and sand boils extended from Station 30+00 to 122+00. Sand boil concentration points included areas around Stations 30+38, 65+70, 80+50, 82+82, 89+80, 92+50, 115+90, 121+00 to 121+85. Photographs taken during the storm suggest that dam heights necessary to stabilize sand boils were generally less than 18 inches (see Appendix A).

1.3 USACE Mitigation

A letter issued by the Sacramento office of USACE dated April 29, 2008, addressed the necessity for additional studies to respond to the seepage and sand boil occurrences observed during the site visit of April 7, 2006. Initial steps and potential interim actions recommended by USACE included the following:

“As built” records for the original structure and rehabilitation/raise project should be reviewed.

Geology and subsurface information should be assembled for the areas/reaches that seepage and boils were observed.

Preliminary seepage and stability modeling should be performed based on the existing information.

Additional subsurface information based on new explorations, drilling and sampling and laboratory testing should be obtained.

Based on the Dam’s performance history, reservoir pool elevation threshold values should be established that trigger elevated surveillance and monitoring. Based on the information provided by FMFCD it appears the threshold values correspond to roughly pool elevation 410, depending on storm/pool duration. The Emergency Action Plan should be updated to include the pool elevations at which increased surveillance is required, new inundation mapping, and dam break scenarios.

The Emergency Action Plan should be exercised, particularly for a potential seepage and piping failure mode.

The addition of instrumentation, piezometers and observation wells, should be considered.

An emergency fix should be “designed” and sufficient construction materials obtained and stockpiled for an initial flood fight implementation. The emergency materials should include a geotextile filter fabric, drain rock, sand and sand bags.”

2.0 SCOPE OF PRELIMINARY STUDY

The scope of services provided to date and reflected in this preliminary study includes the following:

Site review of embankment conditions and identification of features of interest.

Review of available “As Constructed” records for the original construction and modifications for the raising of the dam (the USACOE “Final Foundation Report” has not been available to date).

Available subsurface soils, laboratory analyses and geologic data have been reviewed and correlated to the areas of seepage and sand boils.

Preliminary seepage modeling has been performed based on available field and laboratory data. The computer program SEEP2D was used for seepage analyses.

Preliminary findings for the occurrence and modes of seepage. Recommendations for future investigations, instrumentation and monitoring.

Implementation of other recommendations concerning surveyance and action plans, presented by USACE and listed above are beyond the scope of this study.

3.0 REPORTS AND DOCUMENTS REVIEWED

The following reports and documents were reviewed in conjunction with the preliminary study.

FMFCD field data for the monitoring and observations of seepage and sand boils. Storm event of April 7, 2006 (see Appendix “A”).

“General Design Memorandum” Design Memorandum No. 1, Redbank and Fancher Creeks, California” U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Sacramento District February 1986 (inclusive of drawings File No. SJ-11-29-11, Sheets B9 through B41, dated 1-20-86).

“As Built, Contract No. DACW05-92-C-0052 Redbank and Fancher Creeks Big Dry Creek Dam, File SJ-11-9-39 Drawings C1 through C41” U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Sacramento District December 10, 1991.

“Photographs – Storm Event of April 7, 2006” Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (see Appendix “A”).

“Big Dry Creek Dam, Fresno, California Embankment Criteria Performance Report” Department of the Army Sacramento District, Corps of Engineers Sacramento, California November 21, 1995.

“Redbank and Fancher Creeks California Big Dry Creek Dam Site Geology Design Memorandum No. 5” U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Sacramento District, September 1986.

4.0 SEEPAGE MODES AND OCCURENCES

The occurrence of seepage in earth dams includes: 1) confined seepage through the saturated pervious soil mass in the interior of the dam; 2) unconfined seepage exit over the downstream lower section face of the dam and, when provided, into drainage blankets and aprons designed to intercept, collect and channel seepage water; 3) piping caused by dispersive soils and the presence of animal burrow channels; 4) piping in granular soils with low fines content and; 5) in association with piping, sand boils manifestation at or beyond the dam downstream toe. For the latter, gradual enlargement of piping channels from past flood events can eventually create enlarged zones of lower density/high permeability and produce sand boils even at moderate to low water impoundment head.

For this report, preliminary analyses of seepage modes and occurrences for Big Dry Creek Dam were performed for an area of the embankment which had been entirely removed and reconstructed with broader and deeper sections and below which reports of seepage and sand boils were made during the storm event of April 2006. The study area is bound by Stations 116+00 and 122+00 (The Embankment) Figures 4 and 5 illustrate the embankment configuration and section.

4.1 Seepage

The embankment consists of a “Random I” homogeneous earth section comprising clayey sand and lesser amounts of silty sand with notable clay fraction. An average compaction of 98 percent, based on ASTM Test Method D698, was reported by the USACE. Embankment soil permeability was 0.2-feet per day (1×10^{-4} cm/sec). The material is described as providing high strength and a relatively impervious embankment. Foundation materials, are described as randomly distributed clayey sand with lesser amounts of silty sand (SM) sandy clay (CL) sandy silt (ML) and relatively clean sand (SP/SW). The reported coefficient of permeability is also 0.2-feet per day (1×10^{-6} cm/sec).¹

For the embankment and foundation sections described above, including the cut-off trench extension to elevation 280 or some 28-feet below toe elevation into undisturbed and impervious clayey sand, maximum impounded water surface elevations of 5 to 23-feet (elevation 421.0-feet) an estimated exit gradients of 0.22 to 0.40, and seepage rates of 3.25 to 6.56 cubic feet per day per foot (CF/Day/Foot) were derived from the computer model. Unconfined seepage discharge into the drainage blanket and apron and subsequent discharge into the shallow drainage ditch is estimated to represent the bulk of the seepage with confined seepage, in the lesser amounts.

¹ “Embankment Criteria and Performance Report Big Dry Creek Dam Fresno California” USACE November 21, 1995.

4.2 Dispersive Soils

Dispersive soils contain fine particles of clay and some silt which are prone to erode by a process of deflocculation in the presence of water (rain water in particular). This condition is the product of imbalance between soil interparticle forces of repulsion and attraction. The clay and fine silt particles go into suspension and pass with water to create progressive piping and eventual discharge through embankments. Starter cavities such as animal burrows and shrinkage cracks are often the beginning points for piping channels.

Tests performed on foundation soils sampled from beneath the Little Dry Creek Levee near the intersection of Copper Avenue produced dispersivity potential of 64 percent. Soils with this percentage are considered highly dispersive. Other test areas for the Little Dry Creek Levee and the Big Dry Creek and Dog Creek Levees produced negligible dispersivity potential.

While the presence of isolated zones of dispersive soils is noted for the general vicinity of the Big Dry Creek Dam, sand boils observed during the storm event of April 2008 reportedly, did not show evidence of fine soil particle discharge. Dispersive soil piping typically produces cloudy water and eventual deposits of silt, clay and fine sand.

Visual indication of deep and narrow gullying erosion features characteristic of dispersive soils over the face of embankment, were not found during our field review.

4.3 Granular Soils

Fine uniform sand and gravel-sand-silt mixtures which are prone to piping were typically removed from materials set-aside for embankment construction. The cut-off trench for the embankment was extended an additional 10-feet from design depth to further eliminate pervious zones. Continuity of soils with piping potential through the 180 foot width of embankment is improbable.

4.4 Sand Boils

Small diameter (1/4 to 1 inch) sand boils were observed at a distance of 48-feet from the embankment toe during April 7 to April 12, 2006. The boils were occasionally controlled by ringing them with sand bag dikes to heights of 18 inches or less. Seepage rates were reported to approximately 1/4 gallon per minutes over the initial five (5) days of observation. On the sixth day, most of the boils were no longer flowing. Retained water behind the embankment for the six-day observation period ranged from elevation 419.6 to 420.1 with the higher elevation occurring on the fifth and sixth days of observation.

Sand boils reported at a distance of 48-feet from the embankment toe would have been slightly beyond (down gradient) the relief wells (Figure 4). Water level in relief well RW6, near the sand boils was reported to be at a depth of 10-feet below the concrete pad (April 11, 2006).

Sand boils occur when soil pore water pressure at the base of an impervious layer down stream from the toe exceeds the total downward overburden stress created by the weight of the overlying saturated soils. The exit pressure gradient beyond the embankment toe must be high enough to exceed the critical gradient. This critical gradient is a function of the saturated soil

unit weight. For the embankment, the saturated unit weight was estimated to be 130 pounds per cubic foot (pcf) and the critical gradient: 1.08. The exit gradients derived from our computer model for the storm event of April 2006 are 0.22 and 0.40. These values are too small to promote embankment piping associated with sand boils. The presence of static water elevation at a depth of 10-feet in pressure relief wells adjoining the sand boils further negates lateral and upward flows from beneath the embankment. Finally, the general indication of sand boil water flow reduction on the fifth and sixth day of observation, even though the reservoir pool elevation remained steady, conflicts with the typical and predominant gradually increasing flow rates associated with sand boils.

Sand boils are known to have occurred in cases of low level water impoundments by a process of progressive enlargement and porosity increases of piping channels with succeeding storm events. In the case of the embankment studied for these analyses, the entire existing embankment was removed, the base width substantially enlarged and the depth of the foundation increased from the original ground surface to 28-feet below ground surface. Under these conditions, old piping channels would have been eliminated.

The small diameter (1/4 to 1/2 inch) sand boils are suspected to represent purging of air contained within the soil mass and the attendant transport of soil pore water present in shallow zones near the ground surface.

5.0 COMPUTER MODELING

Models for seepage analyses were developed for the embankment. The computer program SEEP2D developed by the USACE and commercially available to consulting engineers was used for the analyses. Soil profile and soil design parameter for the analyses were obtained from USACE reports listed in Section 3.0 of this report.

The following three sets of conditions were developed for seepage analyses:

1. Pool elevation 421.0 soil profile and soil design parameters based on test data (Figure 1).
2. Pool elevation 439.2 at Standard Design Flood (SPF) peak flow soil profile and soil design parameters based on test data (Figure 2).
3. Pool elevation 439.2 soil profile and soil design parameters based on arbitrary amplified embankment and foundation soils high permeability characteristics (Figure 3).

Computed exit gradient are provided for a discharge point 50-feet away from the toe. This parameter is intended to address the high incidence of sand boils reported at 48-feet from the toe. Pool elevation 421.0 is intended to duplicate water levels during the storm event of April 2006. Pool elevation 439.2 is designed to address reservoir design capacity at the Standard Design Flood (SDF) maximum flow.

Based on the computed exit gradients (i_{exit}) of 0.22 and 0.40 for pool elevations 421.0 and 439.2, respectively and the calculated critical gradient (i_{critical}) of 1.08 derived from soil saturated weight of 130 pcf, the following safety factors (SF) against quick conditions or piping were derived.

$$SF_{(421')} = \frac{i_{\text{critical}}}{i_{\text{exit}}} = \frac{1.08}{0.22} = 4.91$$

$$SF_{439.2} = \frac{i_{\text{critical}}}{i_{\text{exit}}} = \frac{1.08}{0.40} = 2.70$$

6.0 FUTURE INVESTIGATIONS AND MONITORING

Observations made during the storm event of April 2006 reflect embankment performance for a relatively low pool elevation (421.0-feet). The gross pool elevation for the dam is 432.7-feet and the Standard Design Flood (SDF) maximum flow elevation, 439.2. These additional 12 to 18-feet of head can significantly alter seepage modes and increase intensities over those observed in April 2006. Instrumentation of embankment in upstream and downstream areas is recommended to gain information for checking and verifying assumptions made in the analyses. This data will provide a basis for assessing embankment and foundation performance and safety during actual operations.

A variety of instruments are available for the monitoring program. Commonly used geotechnical instrumentation includes open pipe piezometers, vibrating wire piezometers and pneumatic piezometers. The open pipe type of piezometer is the simplest and least expensive. However, it is limited to use in areas with maximum piezometric heads a few feet above ground level and for embankments crest and downgradient of embankments. Vibrating wire piezometers are versatile. They can be buried upgradient and down gradient of embankments. Long length cables leading to a receptor box placed in a convenient location can be provided. Pneumatic piezometers require pressured gas availability. Gas inlet and outlet tubes are necessary for measurements. The selection of piezometer type and development of piezometer network and configuration is not included in this preliminary seepage study.

7.0 SURVEYANCE PROGRAM

The pool elevation threshold value at which elevated surveyance and monitoring has been recommended by the USACE is 410.0-feet. Toe drain seepage was first reported at this pool elevation during the storm event of April 2008. The upgradient toe elevation for the embankment lies above elevation 410 except for the area between Stations 60+00 and 105+00 where toe elevation varies from 401.0 to 406.0. For this limited pool depth and length of embankment, toe drain seepage would be expected to be nominal.

As a component of the surveyance program, drainage flow volume monitoring with corresponding pool elevation increases would be beneficial at several locations along the toe drain. This monitoring program could potentially identify areas of excessive seepage.

8.0 LIMITATIONS

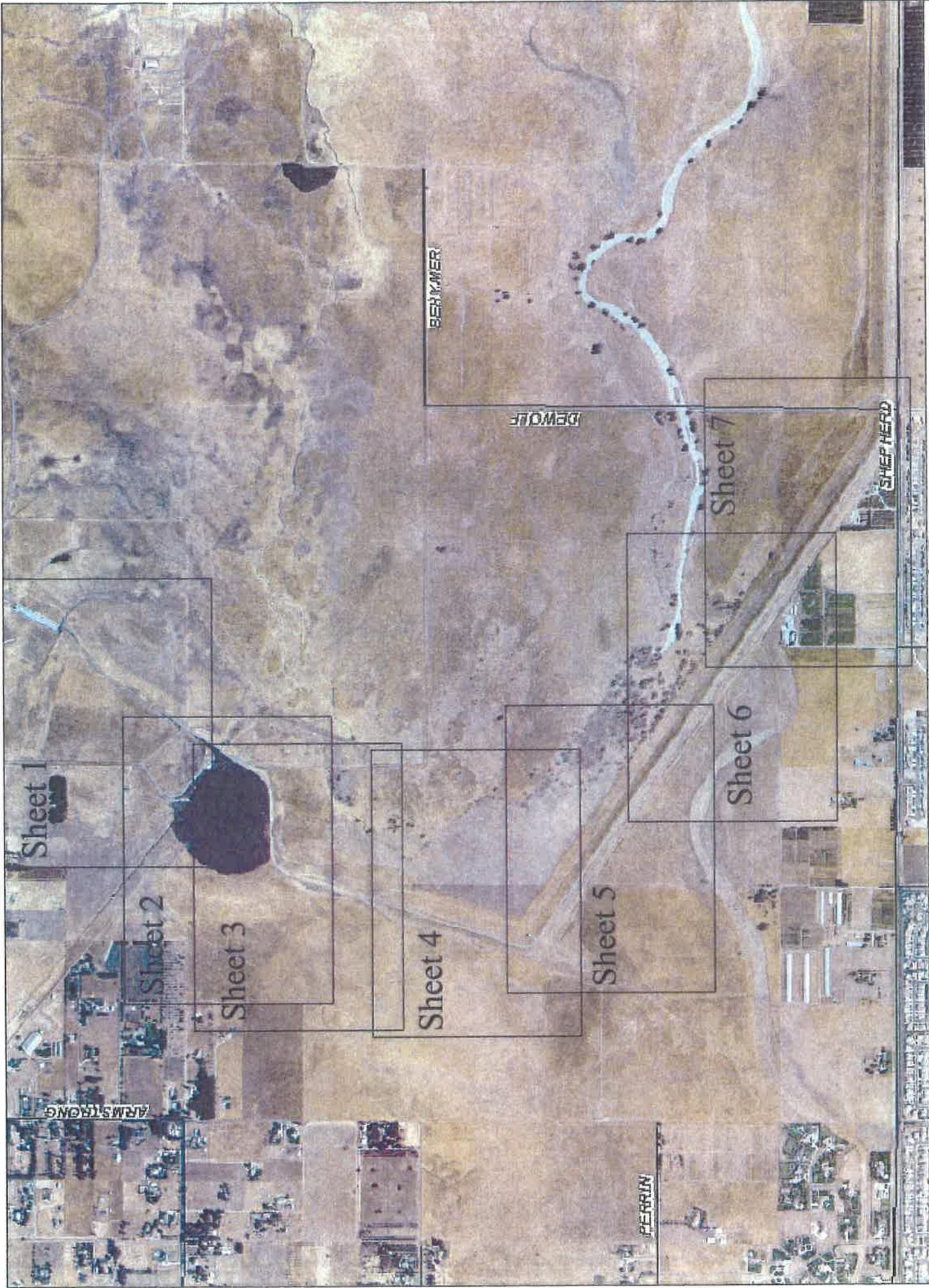
This preliminary seepage study is based on published geotechnical engineering design data and subsurface soil data contained in references listed in Section 3 of this report. No field exploration, drilling, testing or laboratory analyses were performed by BSK Associates.

BSK has prepared this report for the exclusive use of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District. The report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practices for the project area at the time of the report preparation. No other warranty express or implied, is made as to the professional advice provided in this report under the terms of BSK's agreement and with Client.

BSK ASSOCIATES

APPENDIX A

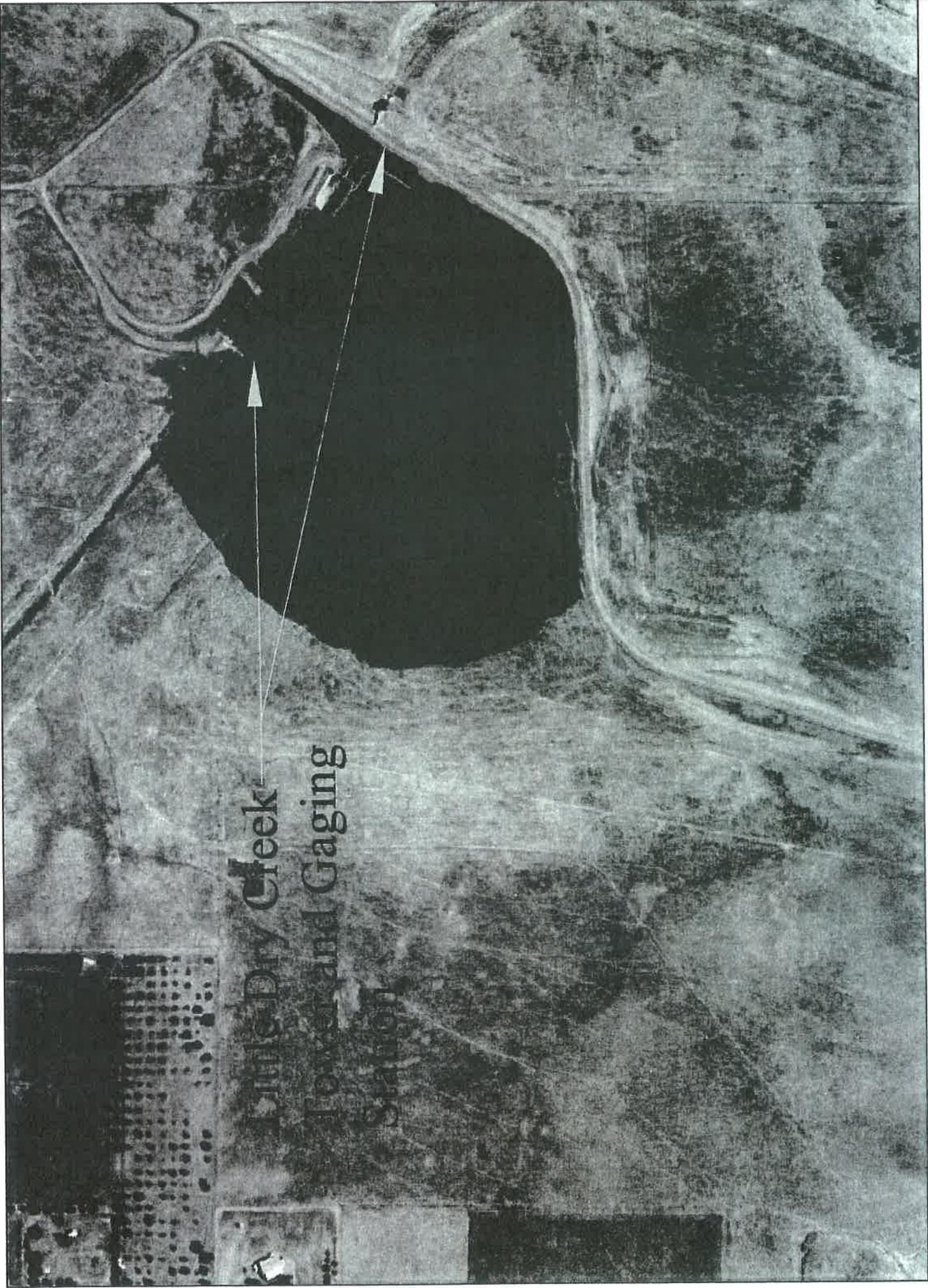
Photographs and Seepage Monitoring Data Storm Event of April 2006



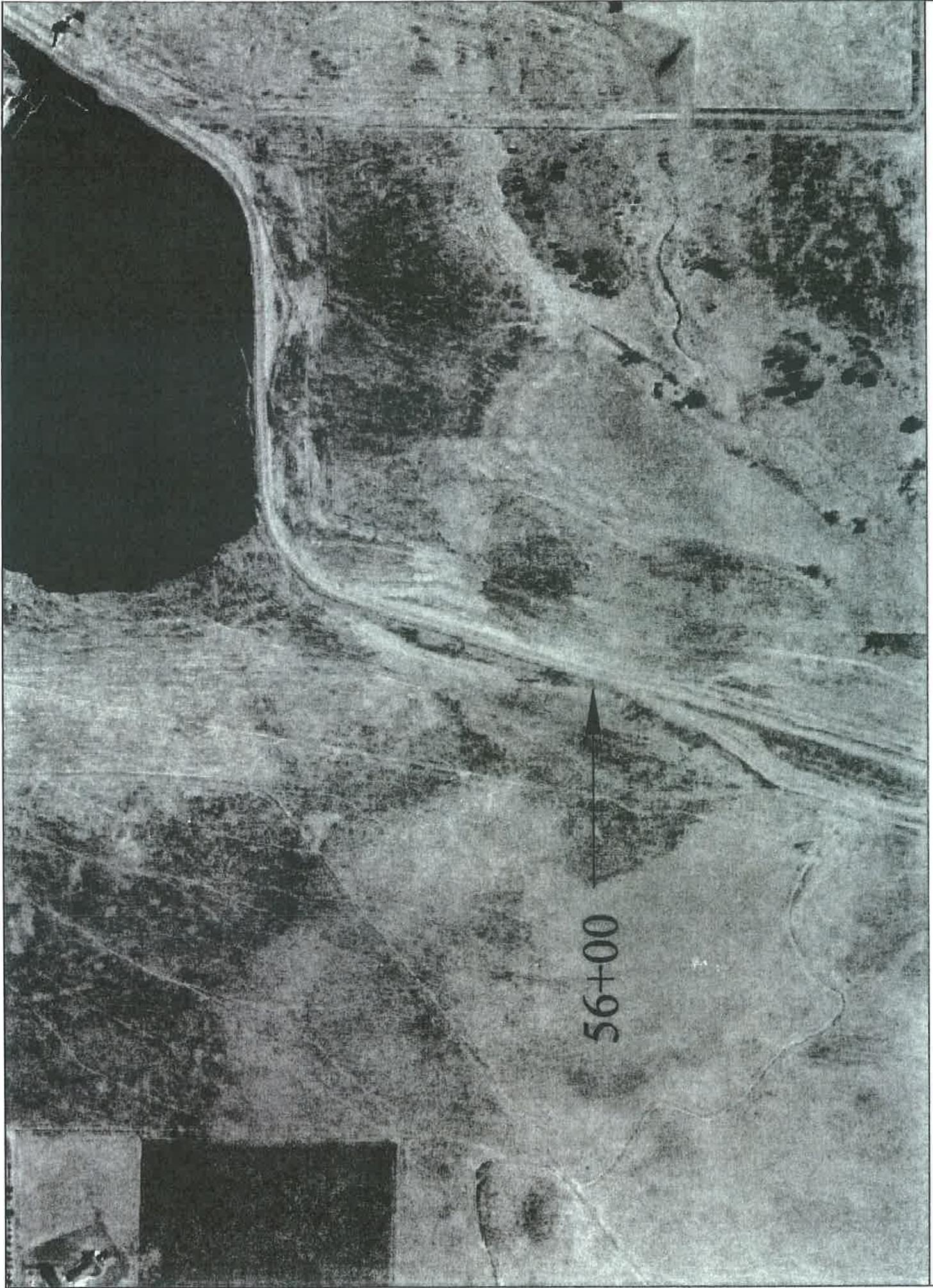
Big Dry Creek Dam
Index Sheet

Spillway





Little Dry Creek
Lower and Gaging
Station

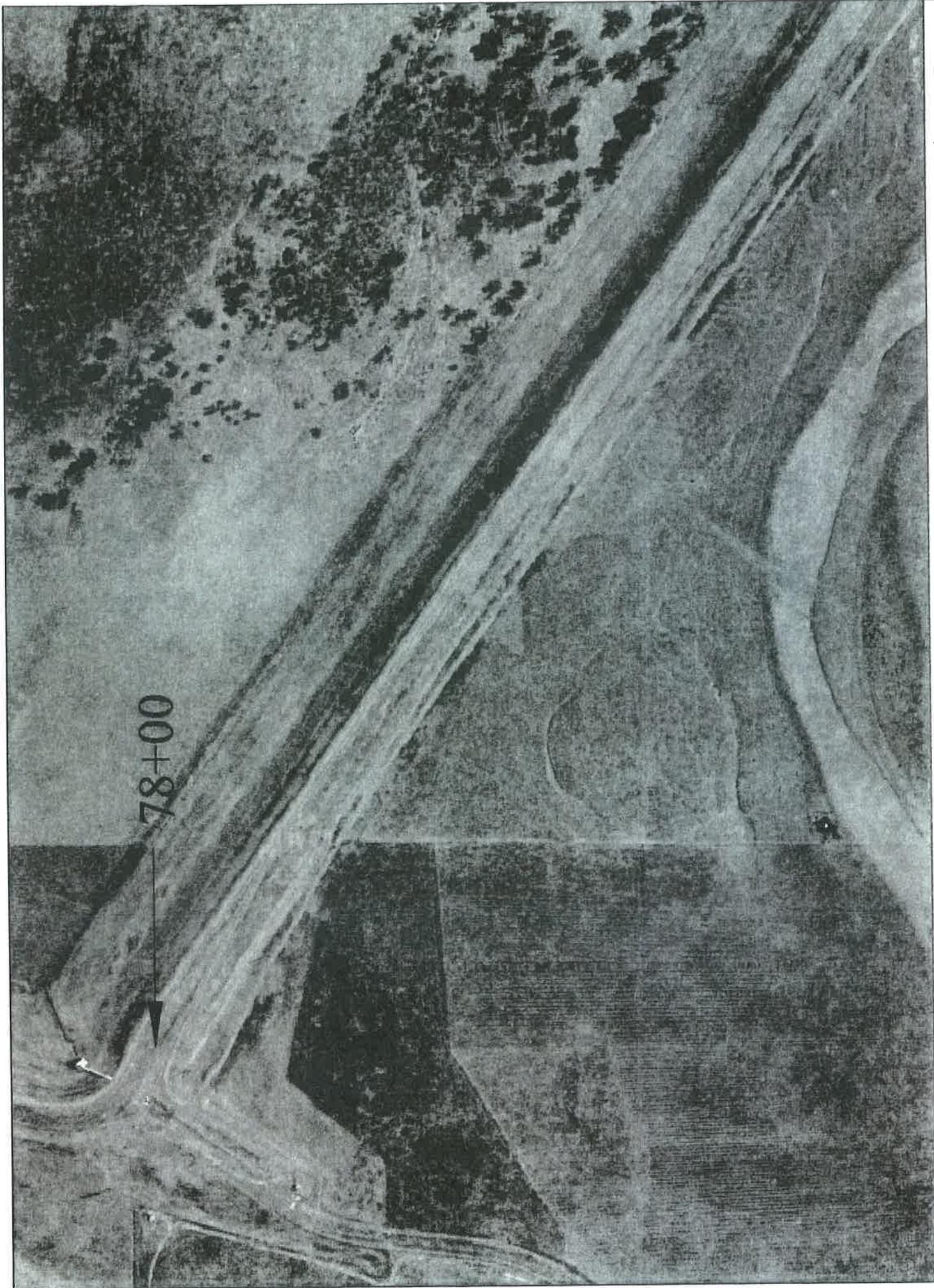


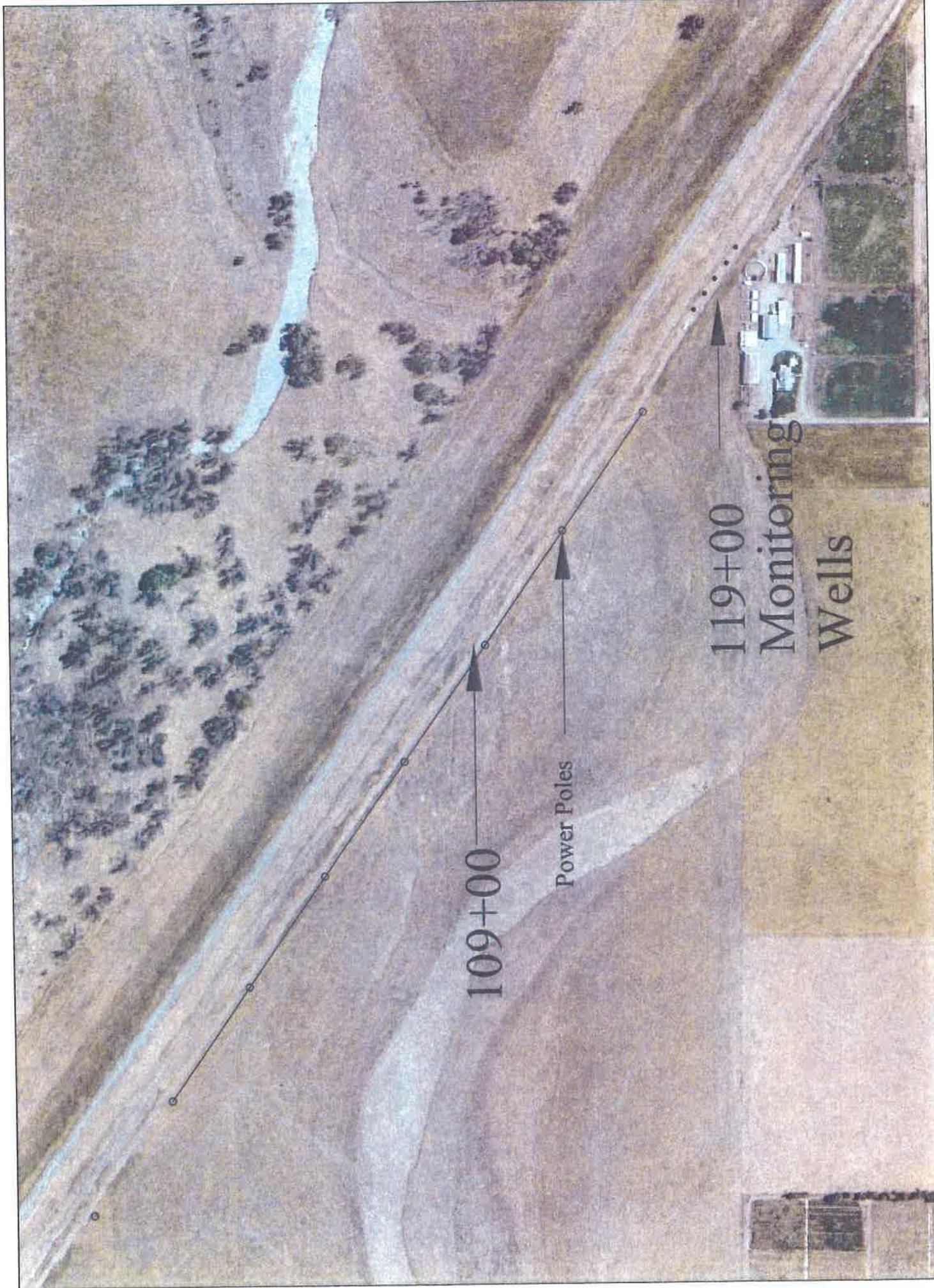


63+00

Drain Channel

77+00





109+00

Power Poles

119+00

Monitoring Wells

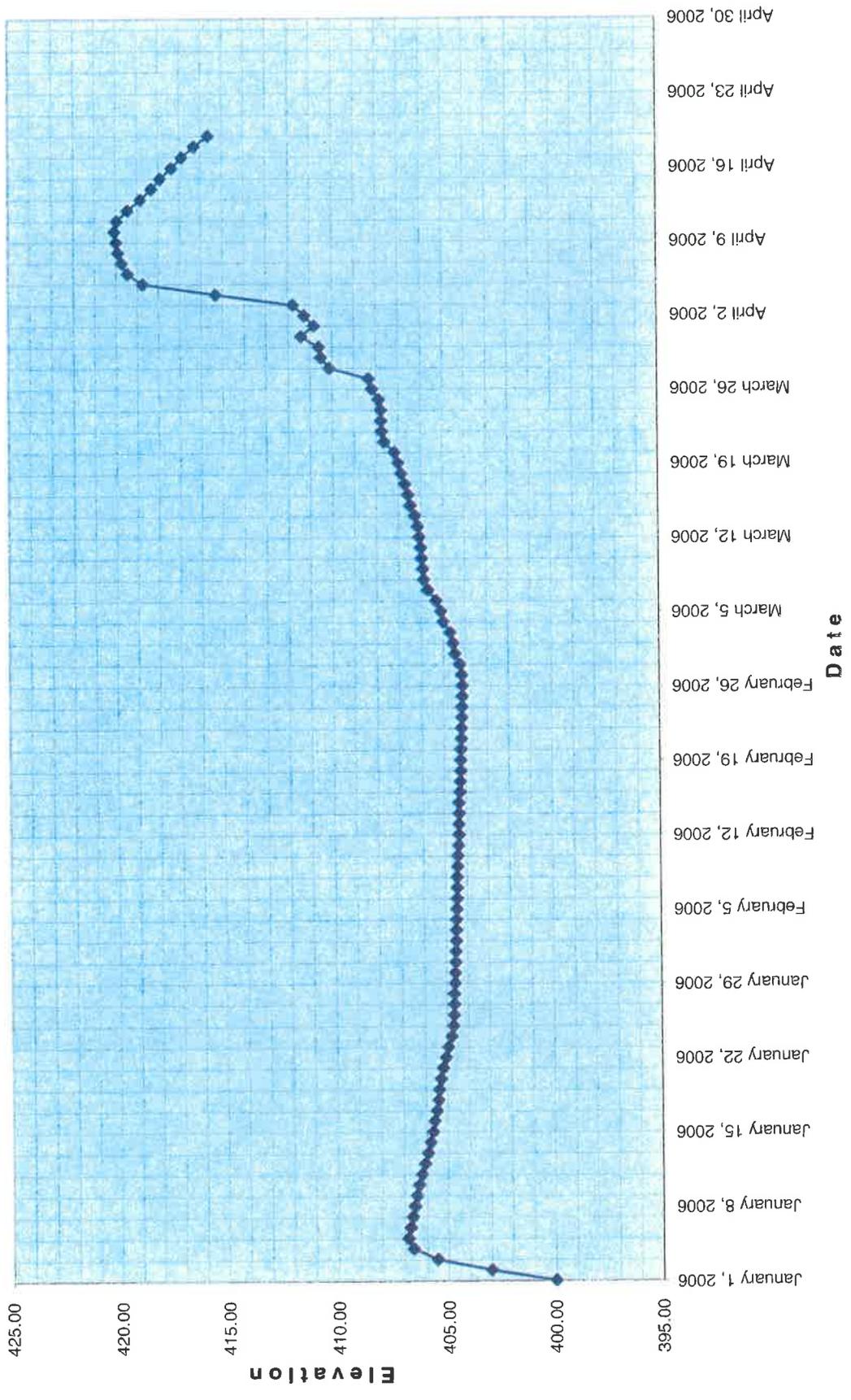


Big Dry Creek Reservoir Stage Data

Gross Pool Elevation: 432.70
 Gross Pool Storage: 30,300.00

DATE	RESERVOIR ELEVATION MIDNIGHT (FT)	DATE	RESERVOIR ELEVATION MIDNIGHT (FT)	DATE	RESERVOIR ELEVATION MIDNIGHT (FT)	DATE	RESERVOIR ELEVATION MIDNIGHT (FT)
January 1, 2006	400.00	February 1, 2006	404.54	March 1, 2006	404.47	April 1, 2006	410.81
January 2, 2006	403.00	February 2, 2006	404.52	March 2, 2006	404.55	April 2, 2006	411.26
January 3, 2006	405.50	February 3, 2006	404.51	March 3, 2006	404.68	April 3, 2006	411.78
January 4, 2006	406.60	February 4, 2006	404.50	March 4, 2006	404.99	April 4, 2006	415.32
January 5, 2006	406.83	February 5, 2006	404.48	March 5, 2006	405.11	April 5, 2006	418.72
January 6, 2006	406.72	February 6, 2006	404.46	March 6, 2006	405.32	April 6, 2006	419.45
January 7, 2006	406.62	February 7, 2006	404.46	March 7, 2006	405.70	April 7, 2006	419.71
January 8, 2006	406.52	February 8, 2006	404.45	March 8, 2006	405.87	April 8, 2006	419.89
January 9, 2006	406.42	February 9, 2006	404.42	March 9, 2006	405.92	April 9, 2006	419.98
January 10, 2006	406.32	February 10, 2006	404.40	March 10, 2006	405.97	April 10, 2006	420.06
January 11, 2006	406.20	February 11, 2006	404.37	March 11, 2006	406.01	April 11, 2006	419.95
January 12, 2006	406.05	February 12, 2006	404.35	March 12, 2006	406.07	April 12, 2006	419.43
January 13, 2006	405.91	February 13, 2006	404.34	March 13, 2006	406.14	April 13, 2006	418.82
January 14, 2006	405.79	February 14, 2006	404.33	March 14, 2006	406.26	April 14, 2006	418.30
January 15, 2006	405.67	February 15, 2006	404.33	March 15, 2006	406.46	April 15, 2006	417.89
January 16, 2006	405.60	February 16, 2006	404.29	March 16, 2006	406.56	April 16, 2006	417.36
January 17, 2006	405.49	February 17, 2006	404.26	March 17, 2006	406.70	April 17, 2006	416.88
January 18, 2006	405.41	February 18, 2006	404.24	March 18, 2006	406.86	April 18, 2006	416.30
January 19, 2006	405.37	February 19, 2006	404.24	March 19, 2006	407.00	April 19, 2006	415.64
January 20, 2006	405.28	February 20, 2006	404.23	March 20, 2006	407.16	April 20, 2006	
January 21, 2006	405.18	February 21, 2006	404.20	March 21, 2006	407.63	April 21, 2006	
January 22, 2006	405.04	February 22, 2006	404.19	March 22, 2006	407.74	April 22, 2006	
January 23, 2006	404.92	February 23, 2006	404.17	March 23, 2006	407.77	April 23, 2006	
January 24, 2006	404.77	February 24, 2006	404.16	March 24, 2006	407.78	April 24, 2006	
January 25, 2006	404.68	February 25, 2006	404.14	March 25, 2006	407.87	April 25, 2006	
January 26, 2006	404.65	February 26, 2006	404.13	March 26, 2006	408.18	April 26, 2006	
January 27, 2006	404.64	February 27, 2006	404.16	March 27, 2006	408.32	April 27, 2006	
January 28, 2006	404.63	February 28, 2006	404.24	March 28, 2006	410.11	April 28, 2006	
January 29, 2006	404.59			March 29, 2006	410.50	April 29, 2006	
January 30, 2006	404.57			March 30, 2006	410.60	April 30, 2006	
January 31, 2006	404.55			March 31, 2006	411.40		

Big Dry Creek Reservoir



Location: Big Dry Creek Dam

Date: 4-11-06

Subject: Boils and Seepage

Attendance:

Tom Snyder

Kurt Hupp

Lakhbir Singh (DSOD)

Jerry Lakeman

Bil Garcia

Verlyn Neufeld

Brent Sunamoto

David (USACE)

Paul Allen

Peter Sanchez

Jerry Isler

Kurt and I arrived at Big Dry Creek Dam at approximately 9:30. Went up ramp at Shepherd and 168 (Video 1). Ran into Paul Allen. He said that Lakhbir has shown up. They did not start talking yet because waiting for everyone else. We stopped and talked to Lakhbir just East of control gate for Big Dry Creek (video 2). He said he was not concerned with the boils unless fine material was coming out. If the water is clear, then it is not bringing fines with it.

Paul then joins us again, and heads past the Big Dry Creek outlet and drives down to bottom of dam between Big Dry Creek outlet and Diversion Channel to Little Dry Creek outlet. We are at station 60+365 (video 3). There is seepage coming out from toe drain. We walk to station 60+375 (video 4 & 5). There are sandbags surrounding station 30+375. Paul hands Lakhbir the bottom of a plastic bottle. Lakhbir tests water to see if there are any fines. He does not see any fines. Thinks it is just seepage from toe drain. Dave shows up along with Verlyn, Jerry L., Peter, and Brent. Paul says that about 20 gallons a minute of water is coming out of toe drain. It has climbed to 20 gallons per minute and held steady. They use a shallow pan to measure the water flow (video 6). When the elevation of the water in the dam gets above 410 feet, then seepage from toe drains starts to happen. The current water elevation is 420.5 feet. Everything appears to be flowing clear water. All the gravel at the toe is the toe drain. There is some discussion about whether there is perforated pipe in the toe drain. Lakhbir says that he is certain there is not perforated pipe, just gravel.

Videos 7 & 8 are of stations just south of station 60+375. There was a small amount of seepage coming out. I did not record the exact location.

We then headed up to the top of the dam and drove north, past the outlet to the diversion to Little Dry Creek and over to the Spillway (video 9). Jerry L. asked Dave who we should contact to have the Redbank Detention Basin checked out, because the concrete on the structure was starting to fall apart. Dave said he would pass the information on.

Most likely he would talk to a person named Charles Jang Young. The water at the spillway is due to rainwater and ground water. It is almost always there.

We then drove back to where Kurt, Lakhbir and I first met in the morning. We drove down the ramp to the outlet to Big Dry Creek. Paul said that 25 cfs was being let out to Big Dry Creek (Video 10). The seepage was averaging 1 gallon every 3 to 4 minutes (Video 11 & 12). The seepage was measured on the far side of the gage house. Videos 13 & 14 are miss ~~files~~ ^{files} of station 70+840. The batteries died and I had to change them.

Videos 15 thru 18 are of station 60+262. There is a small boil, possibly from a rodent. We estimated that the flow was 1/10 of a gallon per minute. There was a question on the location of the boil to the excavation and compaction from 1991.

89+00 – (Video 18) Small boil.

Station 89+70 – (Videos 19 through 24, Picture 1) There was a worse boil. There is still air bubbling out. At about this time, Bil joins us. Lakhbir wants to dig out the hole. Bil offers to get the shovel. While Bil gets the shovel, we continue east at the toe of the dam and look around. There are a couple of more seepage points, but very minor. We walk back to station 89+70. Lakhbir and Verlyn dig out hole. Jerry and Lakhbir agree that the air is from the soil. They guesstimate that the flow is 1/41 gallon per minute. The all time elevation of the water in the dam is 422.5 feet. About this time, Jerry Isler joins us.

We then return to our trucks and drive back to the place where we entered on Shepherd Ave (Video 25). We then drive at the toe of the dam. At station 121+35 (Video 26, Pictures 2 through 5) there are four boils surrounded by sandbags. They are about 50 feet from the toe of the levee. It is estimated that 1/4 gallon per minute is coming from each boil. I went about 3/4 up the dam to get approximate location to original Dry Creek (Video 27). The current volume of water in the dam is 9500 ac-ft. Total capacity is 32000 ac-ft. At 2:00 pm we are allowed to increase flow to 300 cfs. First increase to 100 cfs, then call County to block off Shepherd, then increase to 300 cfs to flood street.

Kurt, Dave and myself check monitoring well RW6. The depth from concrete pad to water depth is approximately 10 feet.







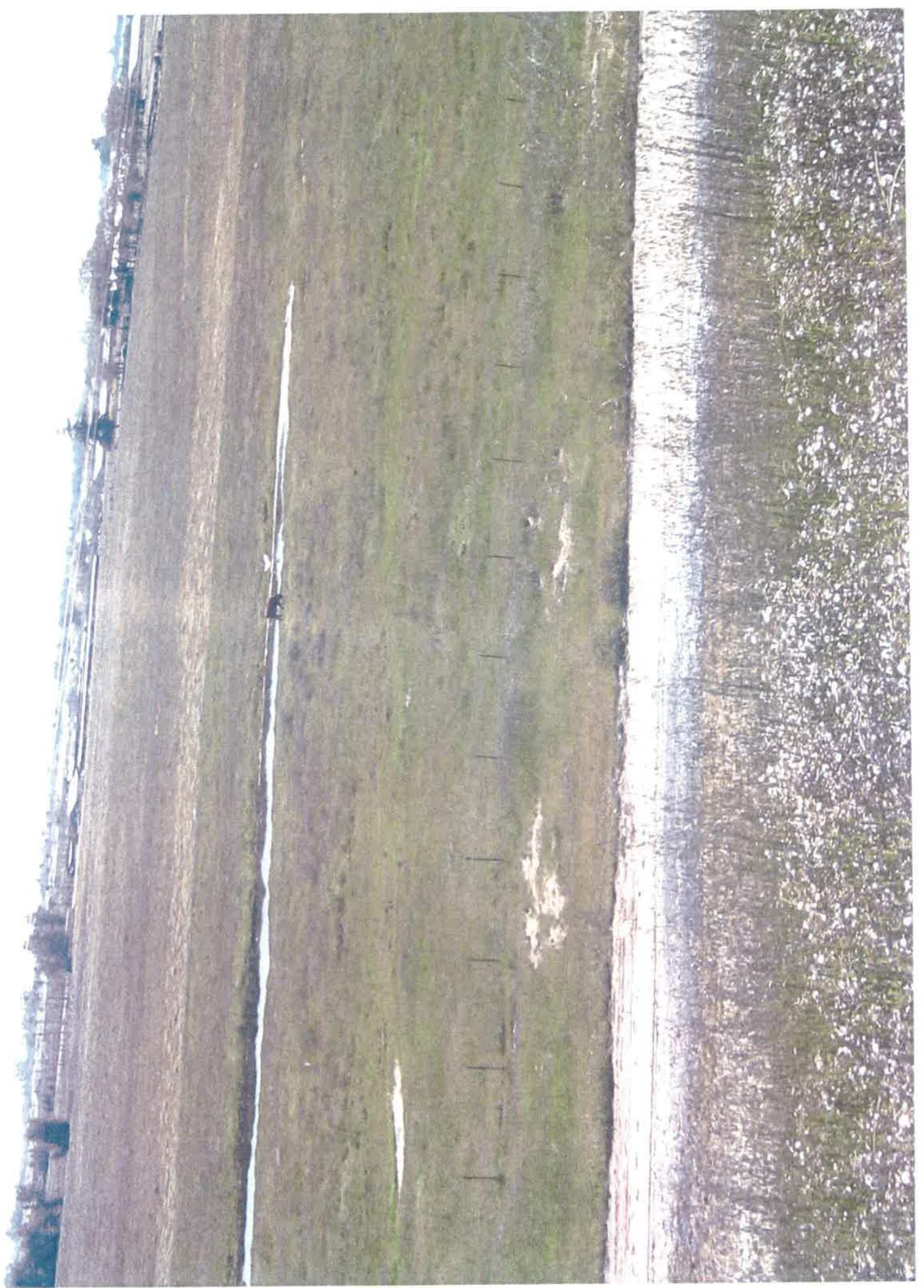
























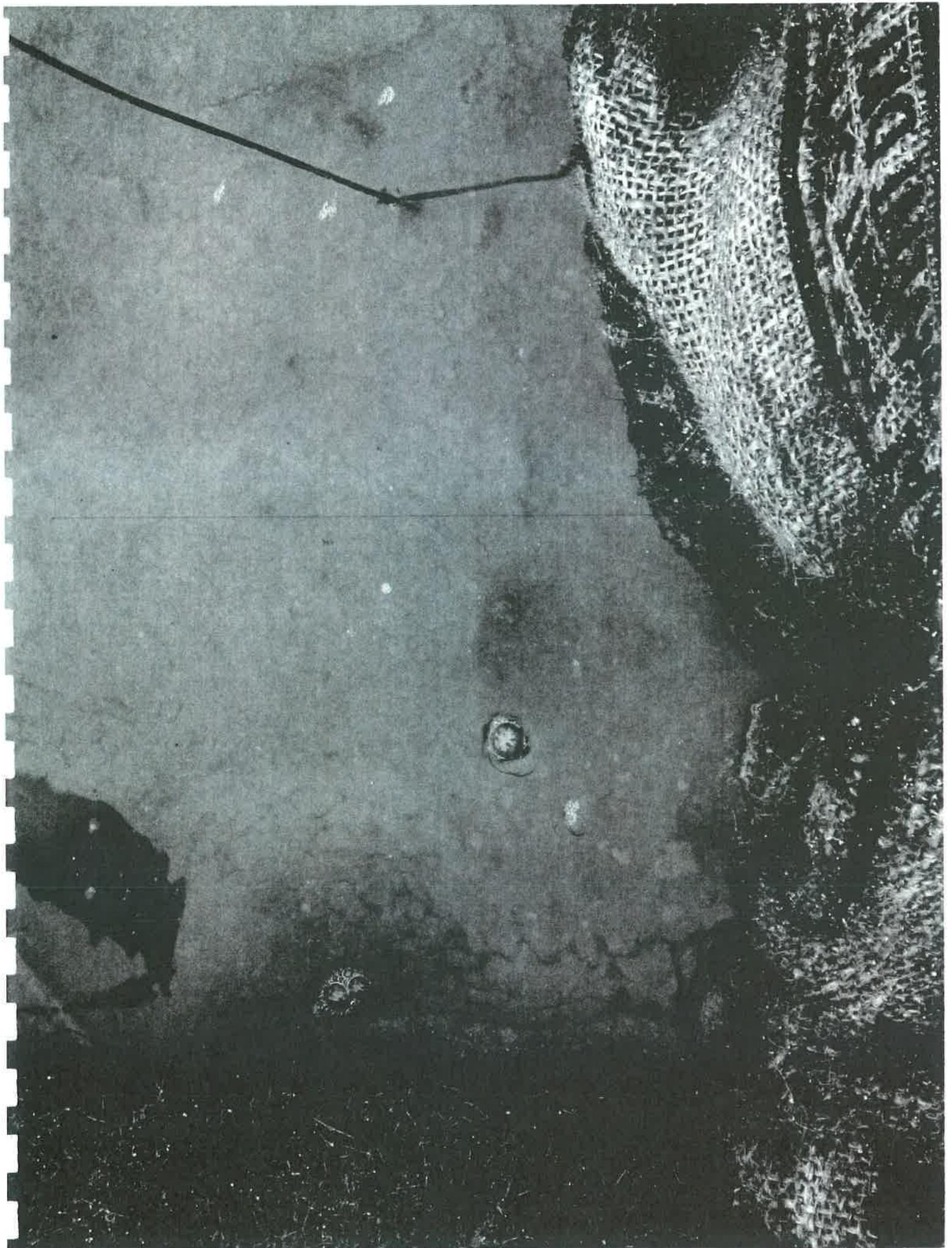












Workplan Piezometer
Installations
Big Dry Creek Dam
Fresno Metropolitan Flood
Control District
Project BDR-18

BSK Job No. G0811911F

November 18, 2008

Prepared for:

Jerry Lakeman, P.E.
District Engineer
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 E. Olive
Fresno, California 93727



567 West Shaw Avenue, Suite B
Fresno, CA 93704
(559) 497-2880
(559) 497-2886 Fax

November 18, 2008

BSK Job No. G0811911F

Jerry Lakeman, P.E.
District Engineer
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 E. Olive
Fresno, CA 93727

**SUBJECT: Workplan Piezometer Installations
Big Dry Creek Dam
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
Project BDR-18**

Dear Jerry:

Submitted at your request is our workplan for the installation of piezometers for the monitoring of seepage along a specific length of Big Dry Creek Dam.

Our preliminary seepage study for Big Dry Creek Dam, dated November 5, 2008 recommends a monitoring program of the dam embankment between Stations 63+00 and 121+85 where seepage and sand boils were reported during the storm event of April 7, 2006. Open pipe piezometers are proposed.

PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION

We propose the installation of piezometer clusters at seven locations along the designated length of embankment. The piezometer clusters are situated in areas of reported seepage and sand boil occurrence. Also, they are spaced in an attempt to provide uniform cluster spacing. Each cluster will consist of four (4) piezometer. Piezometers "A" and "B" will be installed at the embankment crest in a common 10-inch diameter boring. Piezometer "A" will extent through the embankment and terminate at the foundation contact. Piezometer "B" will extend to a maximum depth of 20 feet below foundation contact or to weathered rock surface. Piezometers "C" and "D" will be installed into individual 8-inch borings at a depth of 20 feet and distances of 10 and 50 feet from the embankment toe. This network of piezometers will serve to monitor seepage and groundwater elevation rise during storm water impoundments.

Figures 2, 3 and 4 provide typical construction details for the various piezometers. Figures 5 through 8 provide general profiles and embankment configuration for the proposed piezometer locations. Projected depths of piezometers are approximate and will be determined in the field based on the embankment and underlying foundation soil profile established during drilling.

Drilling for the installation of piezometers will be performed by BSK. A BK-81 truck-mounted drill rig equipped with 8 and 10-inch diameter hollow-stem augers will be used.

ELEVATION SURVEY AND STAKING

Staking for piezometer installation will be necessary in accordance with the current USACE stationing system. At completion of piezometer installations, the top rim of each piezometer pipe will be surveyed to establish elevations in reference to the USACE benchmark for the dam. The survey work will be subcontracted.

FEE ESTIMATES

We have estimated that the fee for the construction of the piezometer network described in this workplan will comprise the following elements:

Piezometers "A" and "B". 7 sets of 2 piezometers at \$8,250 per set:	\$57,750
Piezometers "C" and "D". 7 sets of 2 piezometers at \$7,200 per set:	\$50,400
Elevation surveys (Subcontract Blair Church & Flynn) Lump Sum:	<u>\$5,600</u>
ESTIMATED TOTAL	\$113,750

***Reporting and engineering evaluation charges are not included in this estimate.*

SCHEDULE

The following schedule is anticipated for the installation of the piezometer network:

Staking for piezometer locations, mobilization of drill rig	5 working days
Piezometers "A" and "B"	16 working days
Piezometers "C" and "D"	16 working days
ESTIMATED TOTAL	37 working days

Piezometers "C" and "D" will first be installed to avoid access difficulties along the embankment toe resulting from reported soft and saturated soil conditions following major storms. Access for the installation of piezometers "A" and "B" is expected to remain available a few days following major storms.

This workplan is presented for your review and evaluation. We are prepared to meet with you and discuss the various elements of the plan.

The opportunity to be of service on this project is appreciated.

Respectfully submitted
BSK Associates

Hugo Keyorkian
Senior Principal Geotechnical Engineer
CE16350
GE462
REAI 20080



HK:jam

G08-119-11F
 NOVEMBER 2008
 FIGURE 1

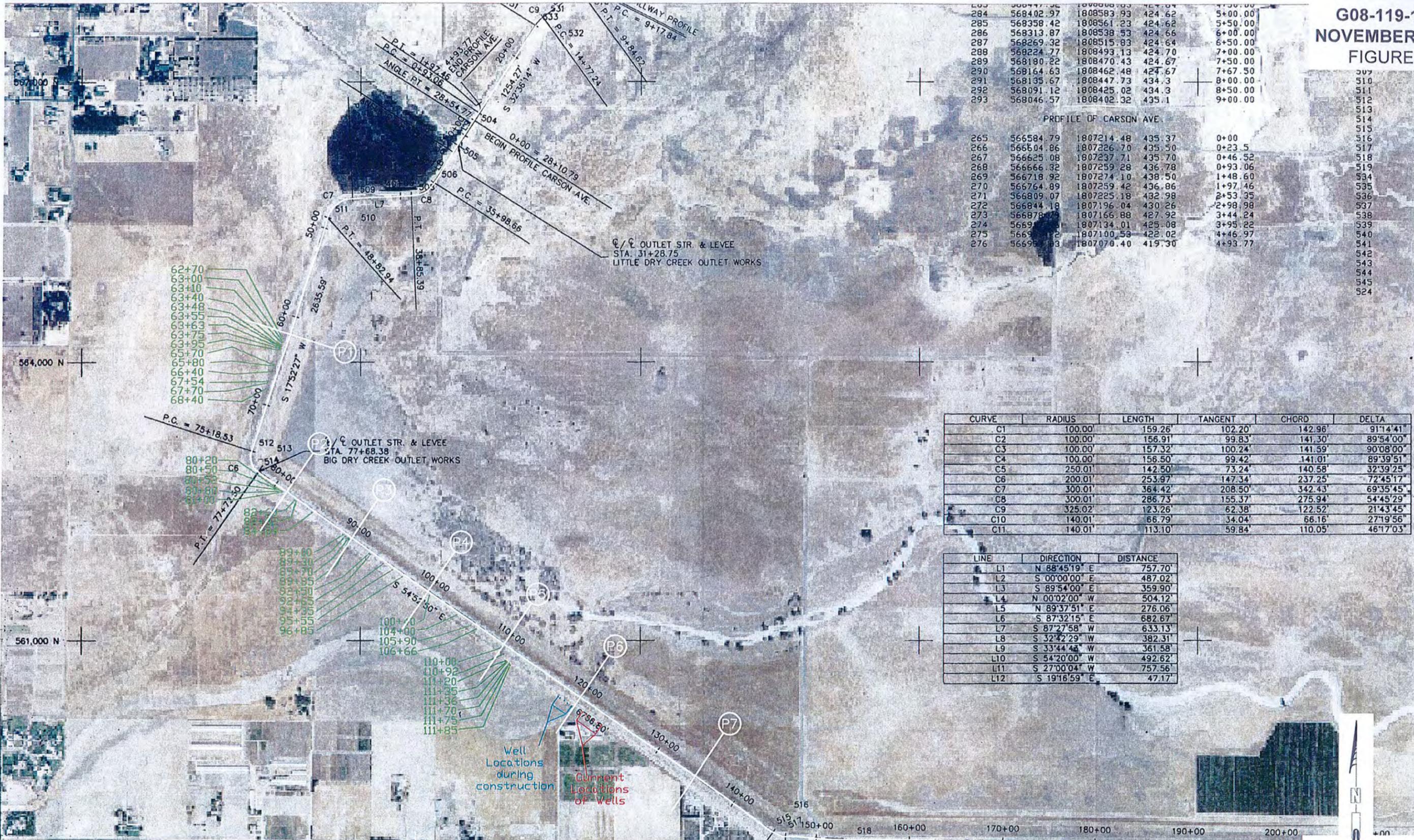
285	568402.97	1808583.93	424.62	5+00.00
286	568358.42	1808561.23	424.62	5+50.00
287	568313.87	1808538.53	424.66	6+00.00
288	568269.32	1808515.83	424.64	6+50.00
289	568224.77	1808493.13	424.70	7+00.00
290	568180.22	1808470.43	424.67	7+50.00
291	568164.63	1808462.48	424.67	7+67.50
292	568135.67	1808447.73	434.3	8+00.00
293	568091.12	1808425.02	434.3	8+50.00
293	568046.57	1808402.32	435.1	9+00.00

PROFILE OF CARSON AVE.

265	566584.79	1807214.48	435.37	0+00
266	566604.86	1807226.70	435.50	0+23.5
267	566625.08	1807237.71	435.70	0+46.52
268	566666.32	1807259.28	436.78	0+93.06
269	566718.92	1807274.10	438.50	1+48.60
270	566764.89	1807259.42	436.86	1+97.46
271	566809.07	1807225.18	432.98	2+53.35
272	566844.18	1807196.04	430.26	2+98.98
273	566878.09	1807166.88	427.92	3+44.24
274	566912.51	1807134.01	425.08	3+95.22
275	566947.92	1807100.53	422.02	4+46.97
276	566983.03	1807070.40	419.30	4+93.77

CURVE	RADIUS	LENGTH	TANGENT	CHORD	DELTA
C1	100.00'	159.26'	102.20'	142.96'	91°14'41"
C2	100.00'	156.91'	99.83'	141.30'	89°54'00"
C3	100.00'	157.32'	100.24'	141.59'	90°08'00"
C4	100.00'	156.50'	99.42'	141.01'	89°39'51"
C5	250.01'	142.50'	73.24'	140.58'	32°39'25"
C6	200.01'	253.97'	147.34'	237.25'	72°45'17"
C7	300.01'	364.42'	208.50'	342.43'	69°35'45"
C8	300.01'	286.73'	155.37'	275.94'	54°45'29"
C9	325.02'	123.26'	62.38'	122.52'	21°43'45"
C10	140.01'	66.79'	34.04'	66.16'	27°19'56"
C11	140.01'	113.10'	59.84'	110.05'	46°17'03"

LINE	DIRECTION	DISTANCE
L1	N 88°45'19" E	757.70'
L2	S 00°00'00" E	487.02'
L3	S 89°54'00" E	359.90'
L4	N 00°02'00" W	504.12'
L5	N 89°37'51" E	276.06'
L6	S 87°32'15" E	682.67'
L7	S 87°27'58" W	633.13'
L8	S 32°42'29" W	382.31'
L9	S 33°44'43" W	361.58'
L10	S 54°20'00" W	492.62'
L11	S 27°00'04" W	757.56'
L12	S 19°16'59" E	47.17'



LEGEND:
 (P1) LOCATION FOR PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION
 CROSS SECTION

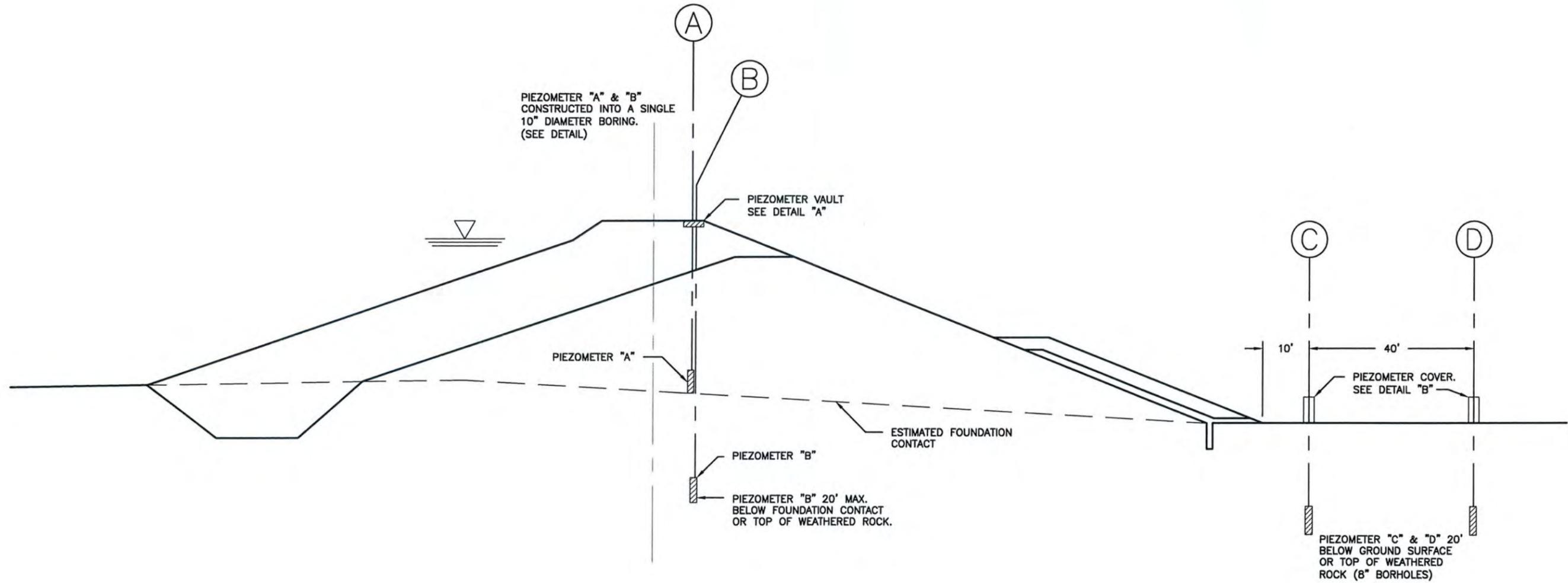


Scale: 1 = 100'
 (APPROXIMATELY)

SITE MAP

Big Dry Creek Red Bank Dams
 Fresno County, California

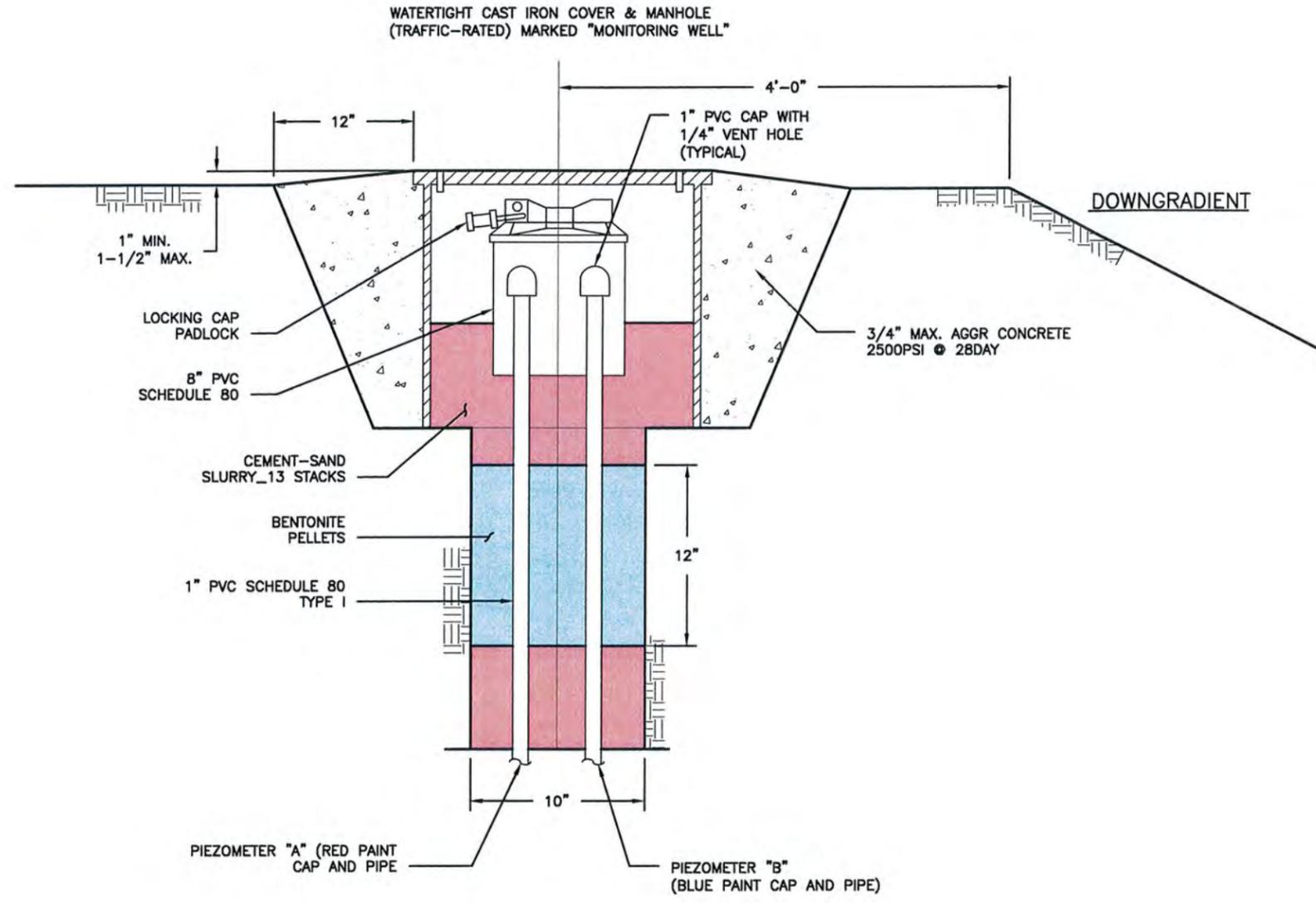
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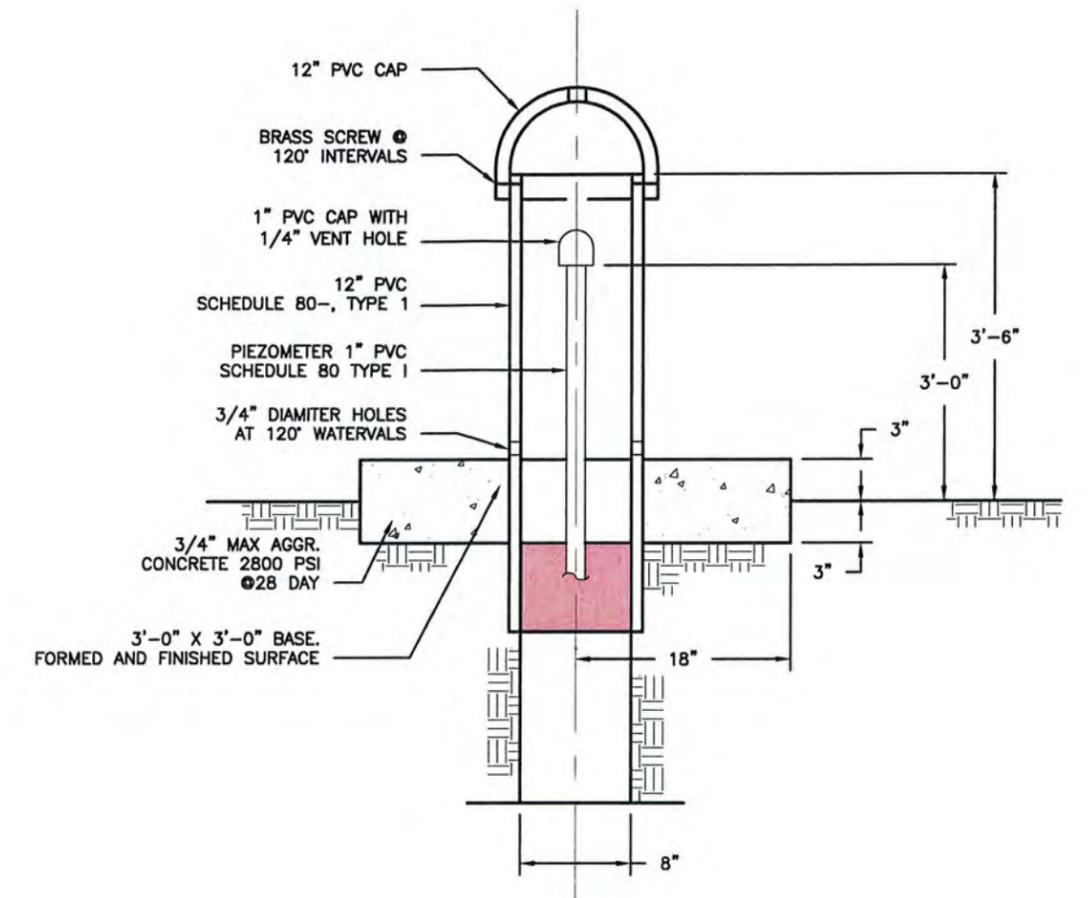
DETAIL DRAWINGS
OPEN TUBE-TYPE
PIEZOMETERS

Big Dry Creek Red Bank Dams
Fresno County, California

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DETAIL "A"
 PIEZOMETER VAULT
 AT EMBANKMENT CREST
 PIEZOMETER "A" & "B"



DETAIL "B"
 PIEZOMETER PROTECTIVE COVER
 PIEZOMETERS "C" & "D"
 AT EMBANKMENT TOE AREA

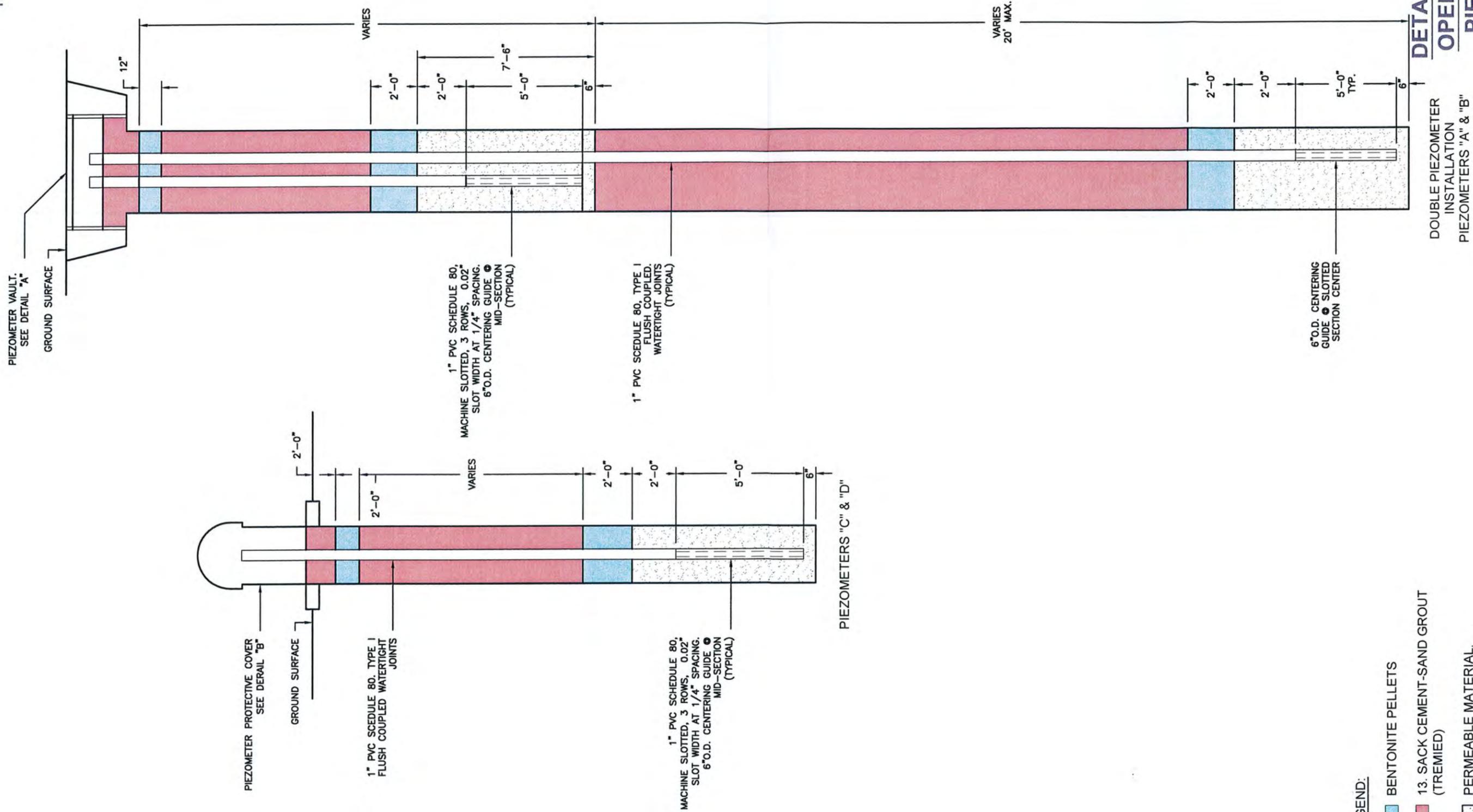
- LEGEND:**
- BENTONITE PELLETS
 - 13. SACK CEMENT-SAND GROUT (TREMIED)
 - PERMEABLE MATERIAL. CALTRANS CLASS I, TYPE 'A' (SECTION 6B-1.025)

**DETAIL DRAWINGS
 OPEN TUBE-TYPE
 PIEZOMETERS**

Big Dry Creek Red Bank Dams
 Fresno County, California



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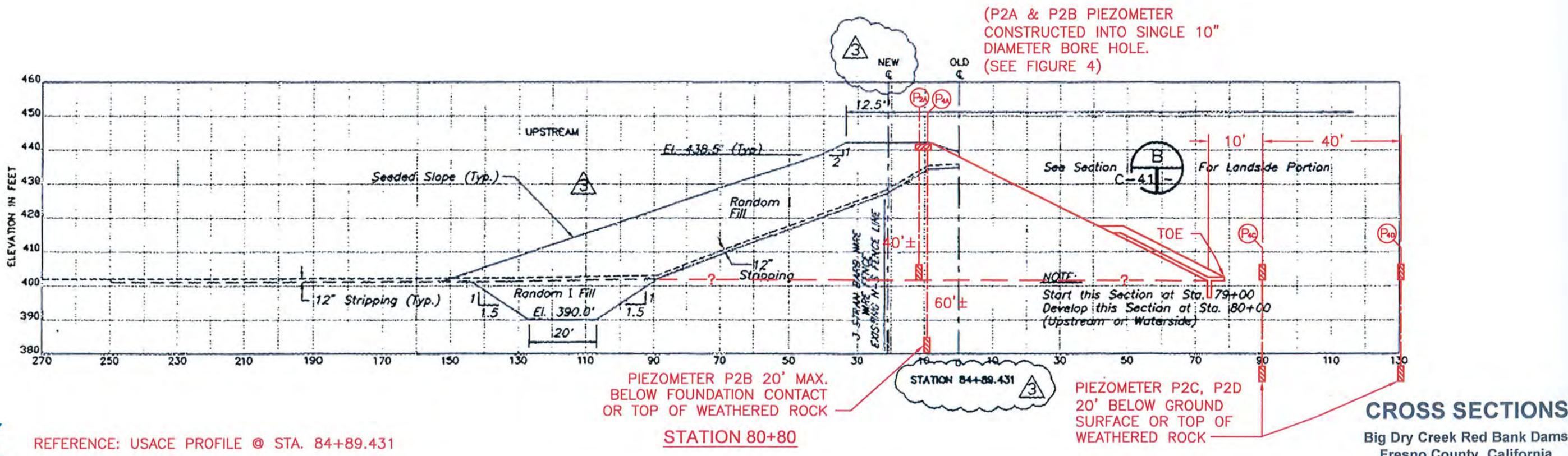
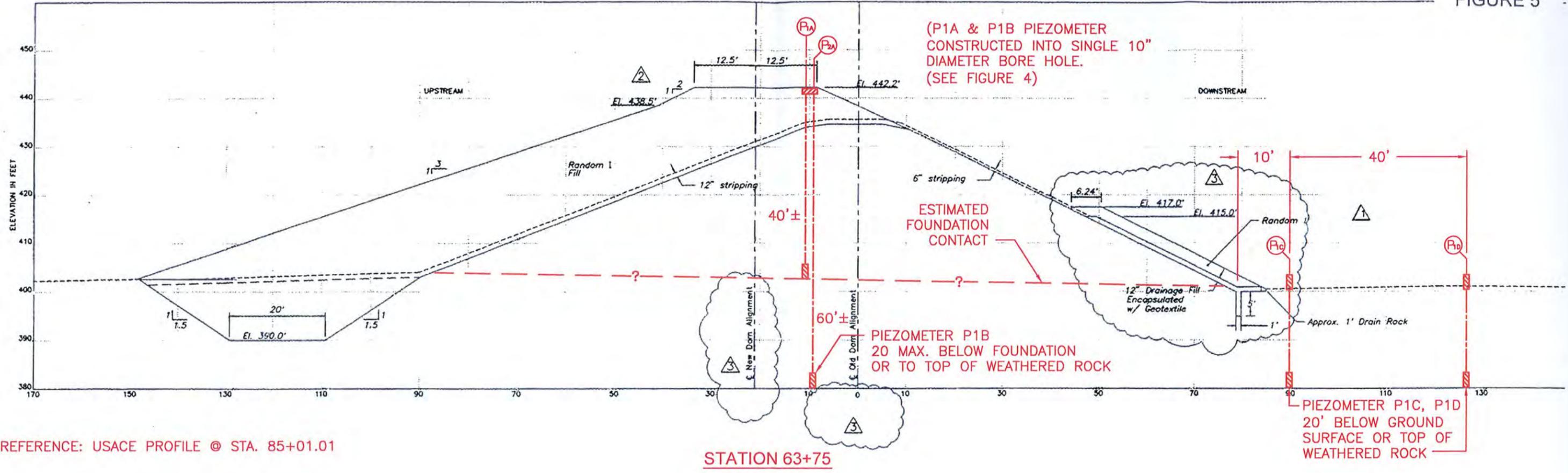


- LEGEND:**
- BENTONITE PELLETS
 - 13. SACK CEMENT-SAND GROUT (TREMIED)
 - PERMEABLE MATERIAL. CALTRANS CLASS I, TYPE 'A' (SECTION 6B-1.025)

DETAIL DRAWINGS
OPEN TUBE-TYPE
PIEZOMETERS

Big Dry Creek Red Bank Dams
 Fresno County, California

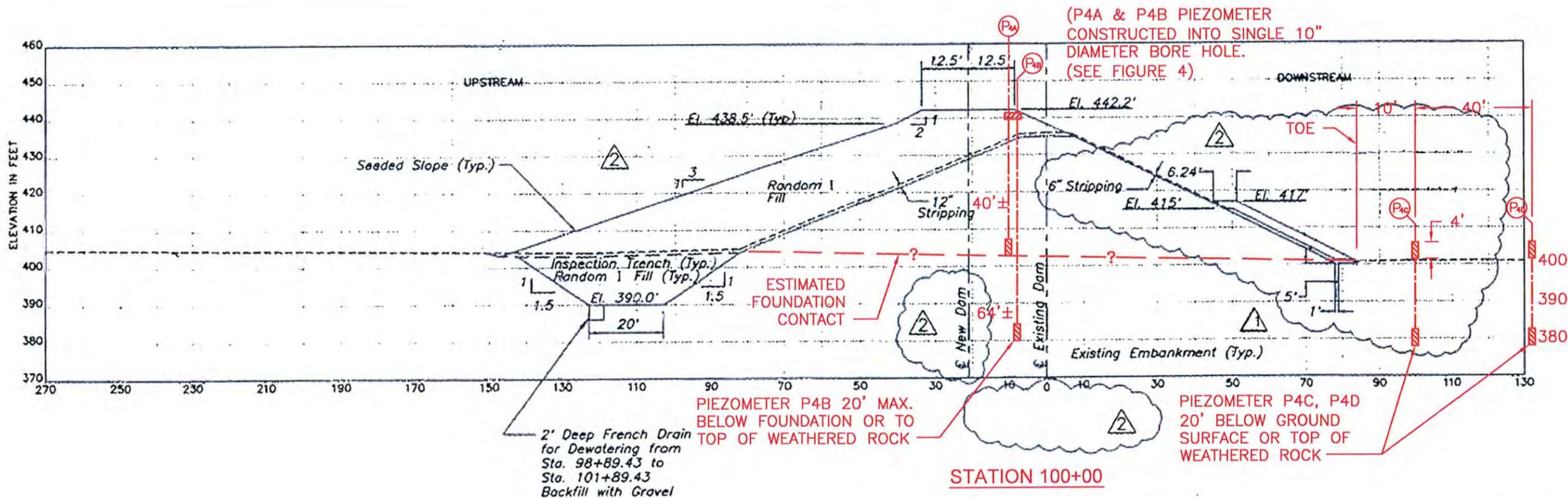
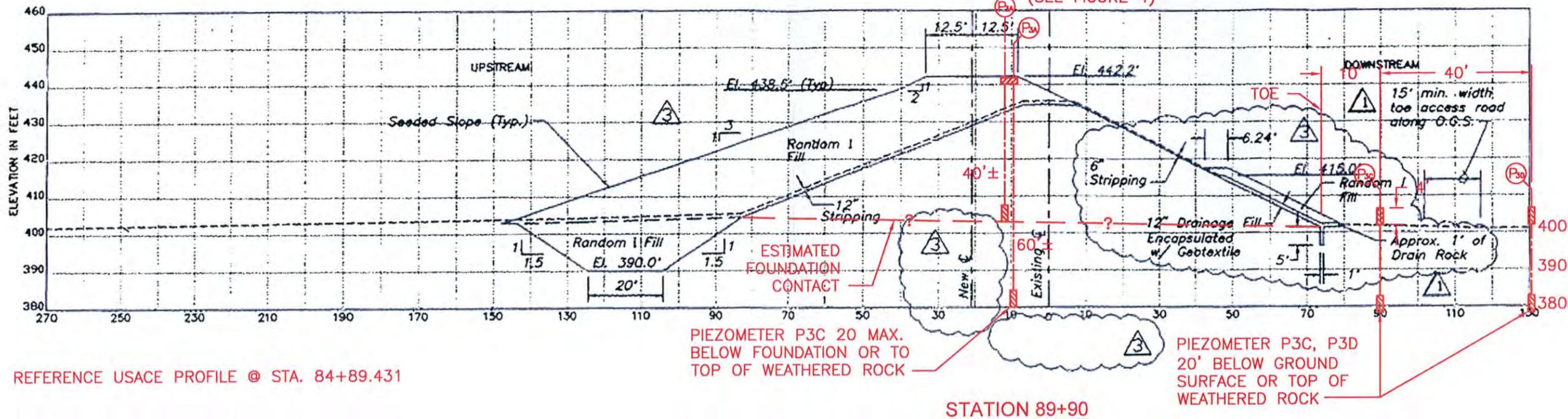


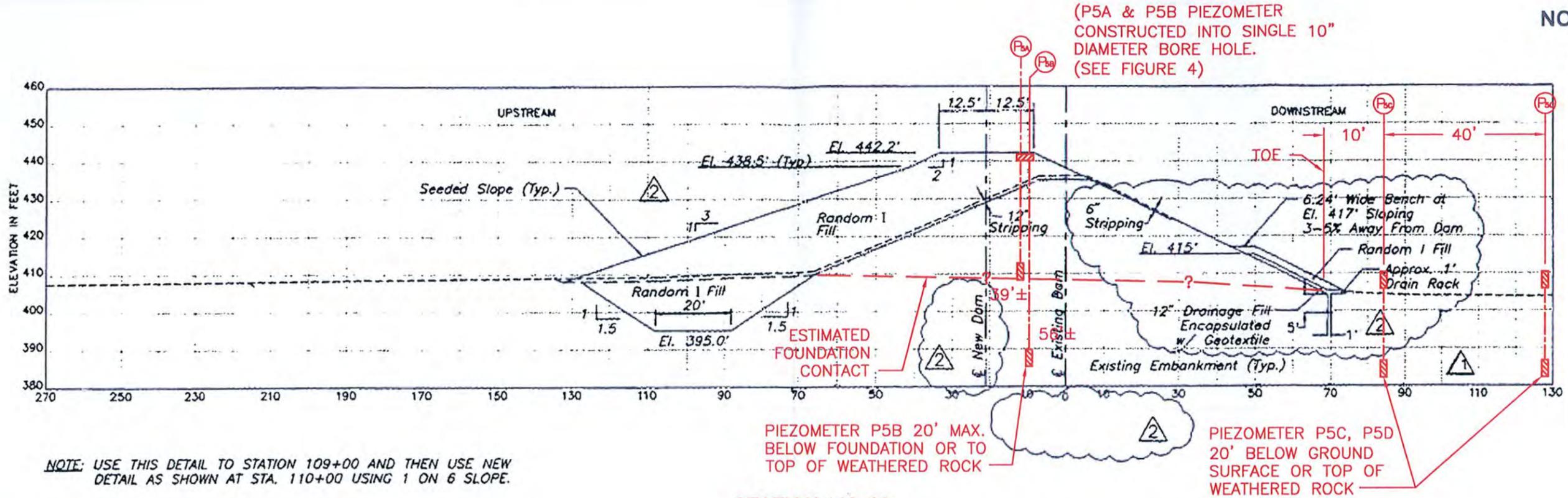


CROSS SECTIONS
 Big Dry Creek Red Bank Dams
 Fresno County, California

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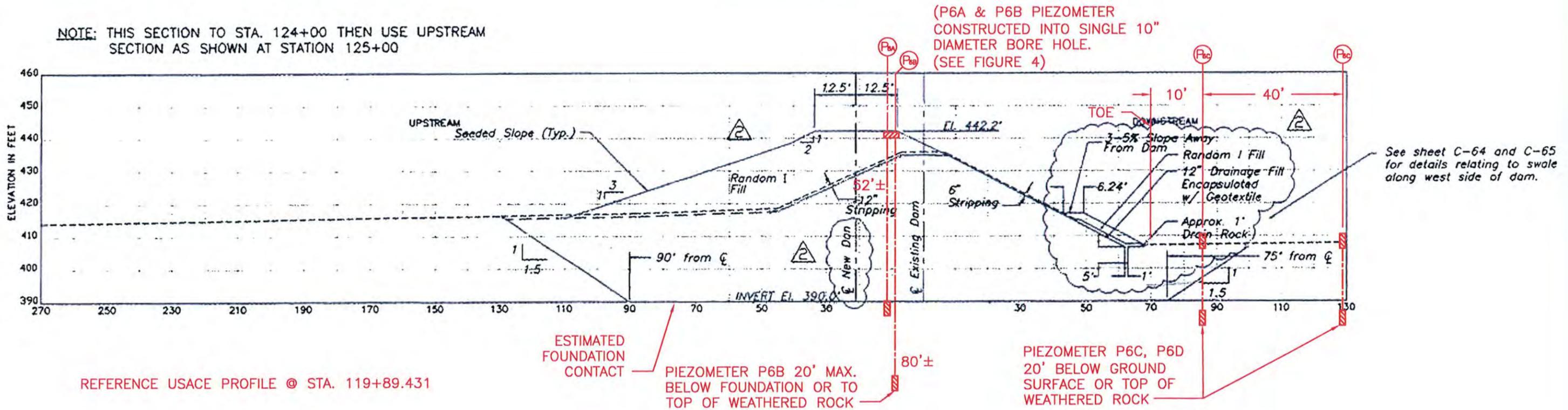




REFERENCE USACE PROFILE @ STA. 109+89.431

STATION 110+00

NOTE: THIS SECTION TO STA. 124+00 THEN USE UPSTREAM SECTION AS SHOWN AT STATION 125+00

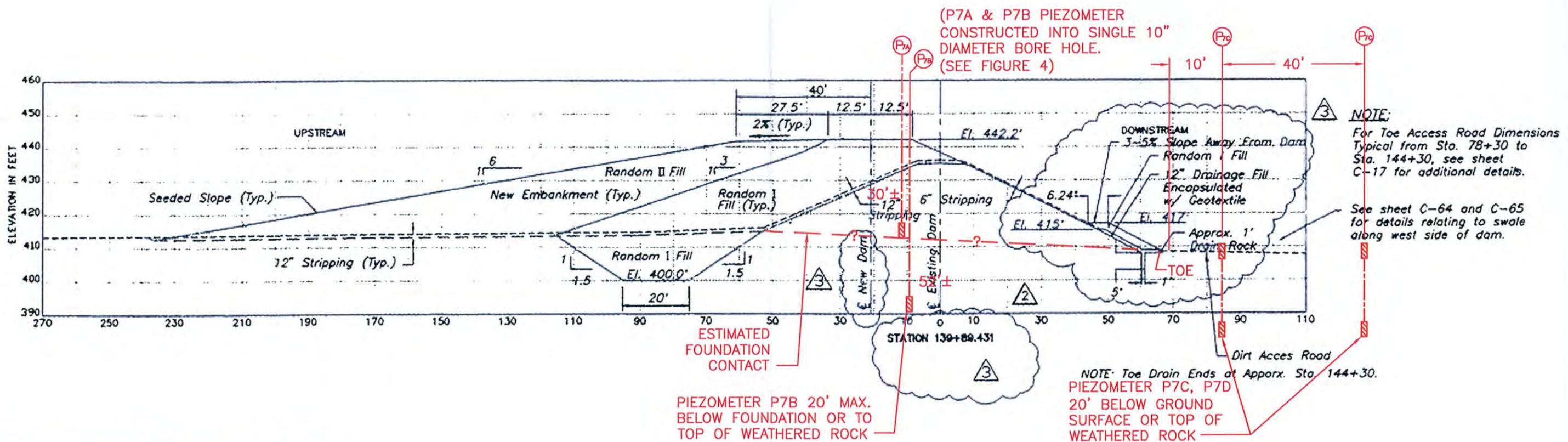


REFERENCE USACE PROFILE @ STA. 119+89.431

STATION 121+50

CROSS SECTIONS

Big Dry Creek Red Bank Dams
 Fresno County, California



NOTE:
 For Toe Access Road Dimensions
 Typical from Sta. 78+30 to
 Sta. 144+30, see sheet
 C-17 for additional details.
 See sheet C-64 and C-65
 for details relating to swale
 along west side of dam.

NOTE: Toe Drain Ends at Apporx. Sta. 144+30.
 PIEZOMETER P7C, P7D
 20' BELOW GROUND
 SURFACE OR TOP OF
 WEATHERED ROCK

REFERENCE USACE PROFILE @ STA. 139+89.431

STATION 135+00

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567 West Shaw Avenue, Suite B
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(559) 497-2880
(559) 497-2886 Fax

May 20, 2009

BSK Job No. G0811911F

Jerry Lakeman, P.E.
District Engineer
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 E. Olive
Fresno, CA 93727

**SUBJECT: Piezometer Installations
Big Dry Creek Dam
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
Project BDR-18**

Dear Jerry:

This report describes the installation of piezometers in Big Dry Creek Dam, Fresno California. Field activities were carried out from late January to early March 2009. The installation of piezometers served the objectives of providing a means of monitoring seepage through a specific segment of the embankment. This particular segment (Stations 63+00 to 121+85) has produced seepage and sand boils during the storm event of April 7, 2006. The installation was performed in substantial conformance to our Workplan of November 18, 2008.

Piezometer locations and post-construction piezometer elevations were surveyed by Blair Church and Flynn. Minor deviations of locations were made for some of piezometers "C" and "D" located at the base of the embankment. These deviations were necessary to avoid existing features and to accommodate drill rig access. "As Constructed" embankment section drawings, Figure 1 through 8, document field modifications for piezometer locations and field adjustments in the depths of piezometers. The latter was designed to adjust for depths to the embankment fill-to-native soil interface based on USACE records and actual determinations during drilling.

The filter materials used for the piezometers was tested prior to use for particle size distribution compliance with our design (our report of December 12, 2008). As an added protection against accumulation of fines in the piezometer, the screened area was fitted with a geotextile filter fabric.

Intact and bulk soil samples were obtained in the borings. Boring logs and piezometer construction configurations are appended to this report.

Groundwater was encountered in piezometer sets P1, P2, P3, P4, and P6. Depth to groundwater ranged from approximately 6 to 20 feet below natural ground surface. Fresno Irrigation District Groundwater Maps indicate a general groundwater elevation of 380 feet near Shepherd and DeWolf Avenues or approximately 20 feet below ground surface.

The opportunity to be of service is appreciated.

Respectfully submitted
BSK Associates



Hugo Kevorkian
Principal Geotechnical Engineer
CE16350
GE462
REAI 20080

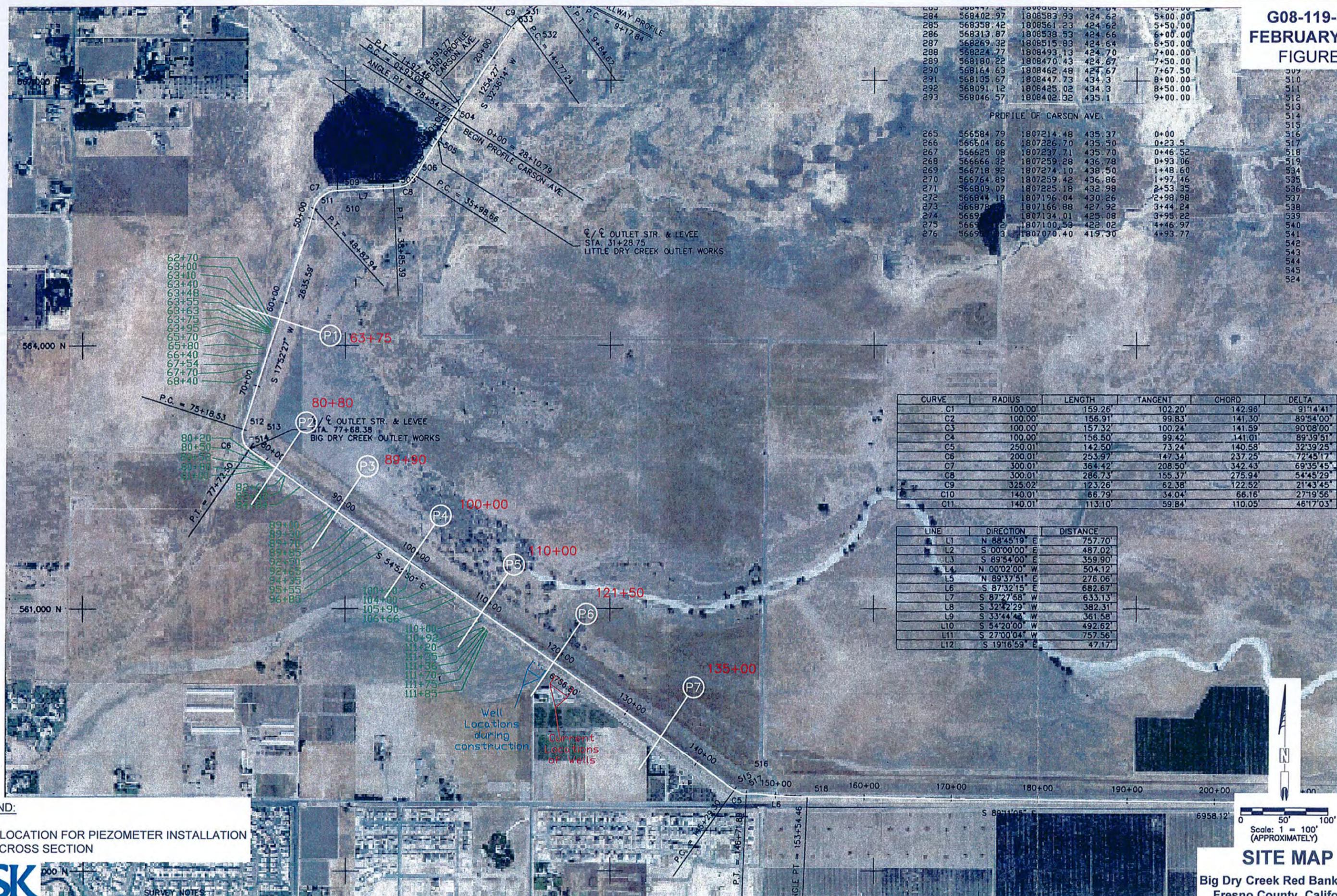


HK:jam

Distribution: Client (3 originals)
BSK File (1 original)

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Enclosures: Piezometers "As Constructed"
Figures 1 through 8
Logs of Borings/Well Construction Configurations
Figures 9 through 29
Filter Design, Open Pipe Piezometers, Figures 30 through 32

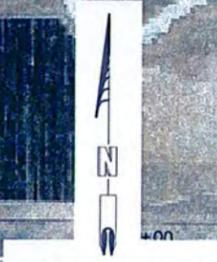


CURVE	RADIUS	LENGTH	TANGENT	CHORD	DELTA
C1	100.00	159.26	102.20	142.96	91°14'41"
C2	100.00	156.91	99.83	141.30	89°54'00"
C3	100.00	157.32	100.24	141.59	90°08'00"
C4	100.00	156.50	99.42	141.01	89°39'51"
C5	250.01	142.50	73.24	140.58	32°39'25"
C6	200.01	253.97	147.34	237.25	72°45'17"
C7	300.01	364.42	208.50	342.43	69°35'45"
C8	300.01	286.73	155.37	275.94	54°45'29"
C9	325.02	123.26	62.38	122.52	21°43'45"
C10	140.01	66.79	34.04	66.16	27°19'56"
C11	140.01	113.10	59.84	110.05	46°17'03"

LINE	DIRECTION	DISTANCE
L1	N 88°45'19" E	757.70'
L2	S 00°00'00" E	487.02'
L3	S 89°54'00" E	359.90'
L4	N 00°02'00" W	504.12'
L5	N 89°37'51" E	276.06'
L6	S 87°32'15" E	682.67'
L7	S 87°27'58" W	633.13'
L8	S 32°42'29" W	382.31'
L9	S 33°44'43" W	361.58'
L10	S 54°20'00" W	492.62'
L11	S 27°00'04" W	757.56'
L12	S 19°16'59" E	47.17'

PROFILE OF CARSON AVE.

265	566584.79	1807214.48	435.37	0+00
266	566504.86	1807226.70	435.50	0+23.5
267	566625.08	1807237.71	435.70	0+46.52
268	566666.32	1807259.28	436.78	0+93.06
269	566718.92	1807274.10	438.50	1+48.60
270	566764.89	1807259.42	436.86	1+97.46
271	566809.07	1807225.18	432.98	2+53.35
272	566844.18	1807196.04	430.26	2+98.98
273	566878.00	1807166.88	427.92	3+44.24
274	566911.00	1807134.01	425.08	3+95.22
275	566944.00	1807100.53	422.02	4+46.97
276	566977.00	1807070.40	419.30	4+93.77

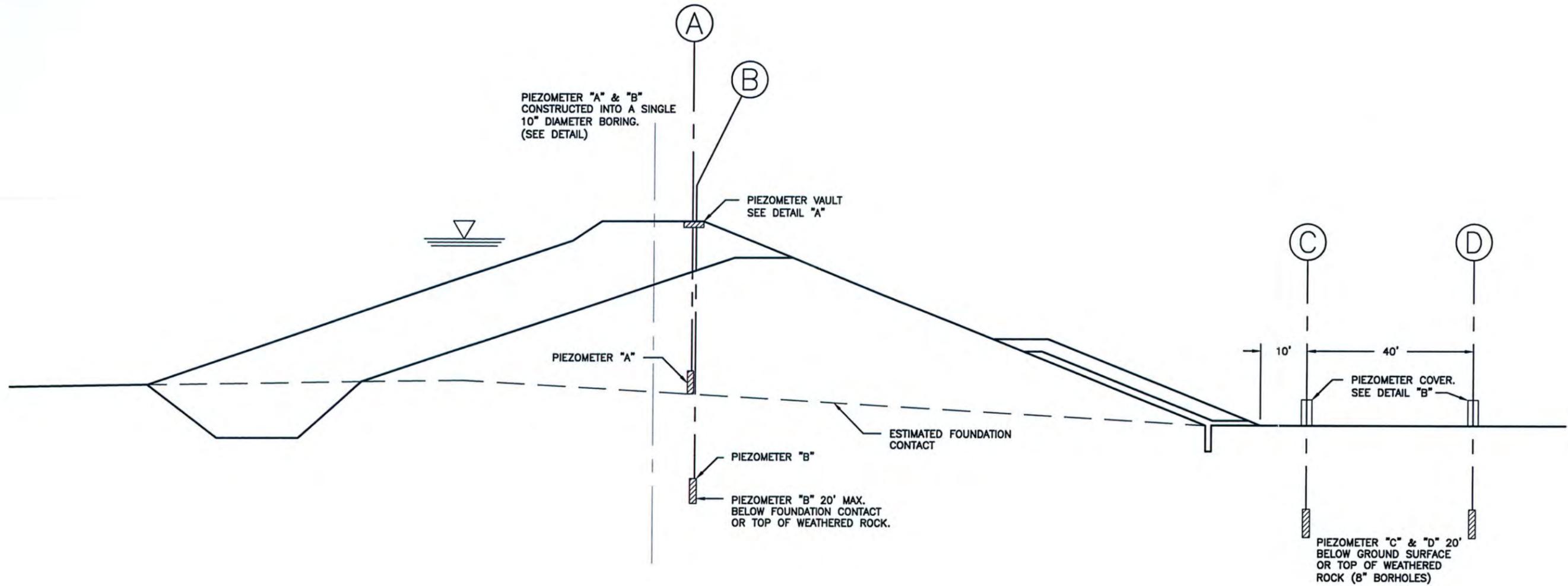


LEGEND:
 P1 — LOCATION FOR PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION
 CROSS SECTION



SITE MAP
 Big Dry Creek Red Bank Dams
 Fresno County, California

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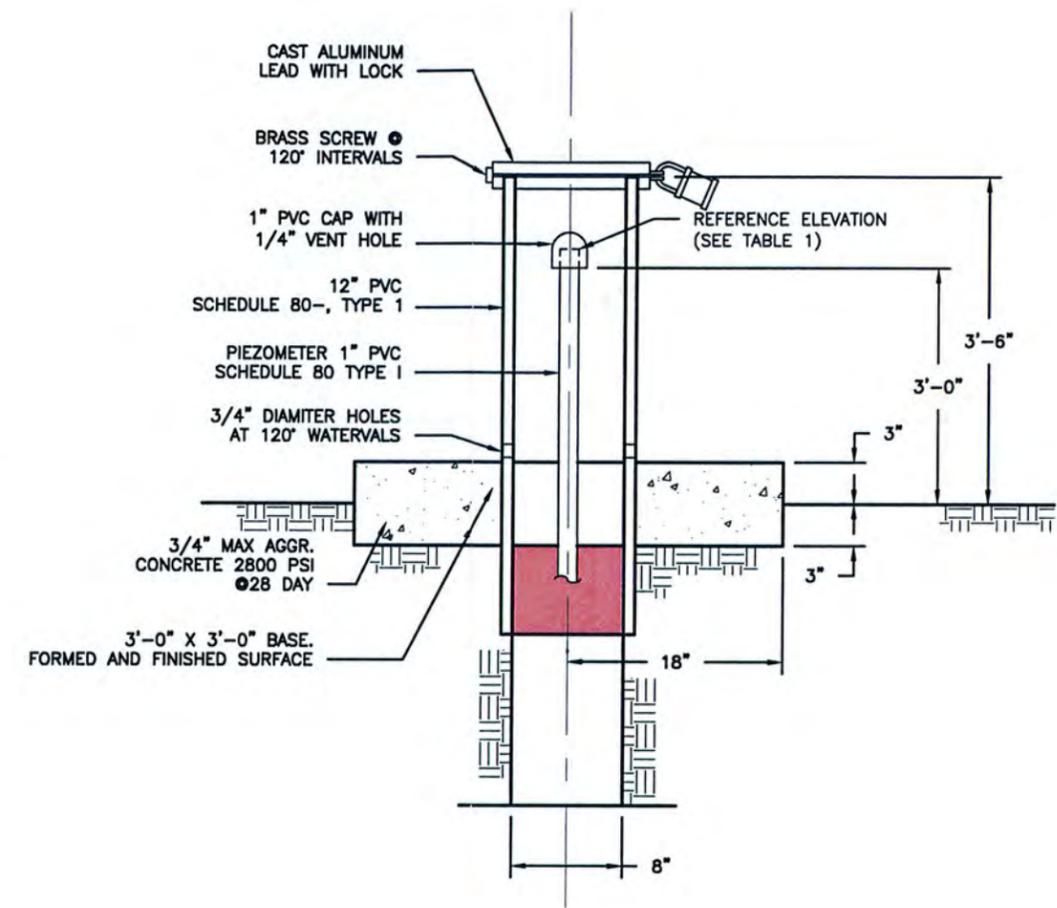
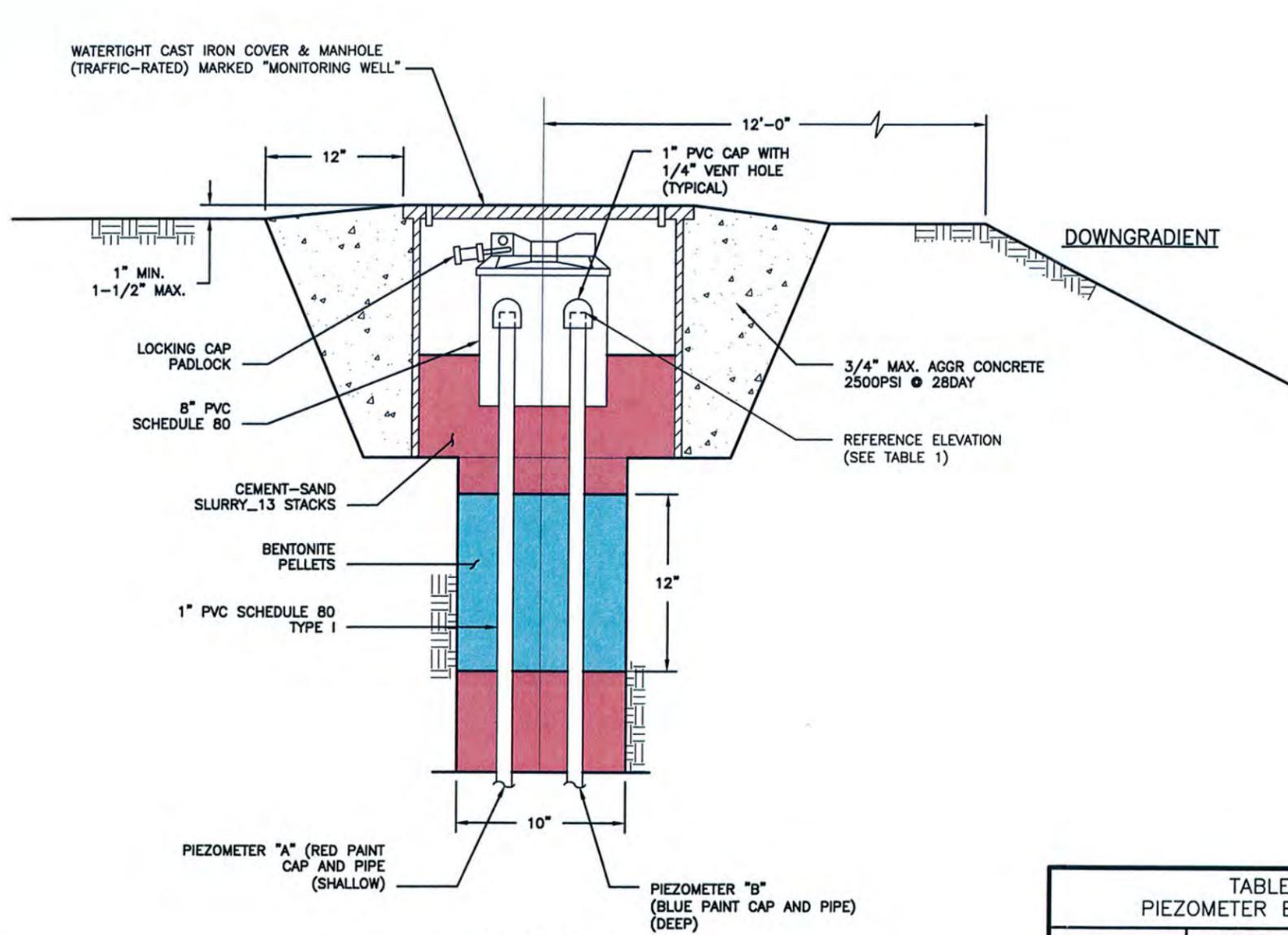


DETAIL DRAWINGS
OPEN TUBE-TYPE
PIEZOMETERS

Big Dry Creek Red Bank Dams
Fresno County, California

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DETAIL "B"
 PIEZOMETER PROTECTIVE COVER
 PIEZOMETERS "C" & "D"
 AT EMBANKMENT TOE AREA

- LEGEND:**
- BENTONITE PELLETS
 - 13. SACK CEMENT-SAND GROUT (TREMIED)
 - PERMEABLE MATERIAL. CALTRANS CLASS I, TYPE 'A' (SECTION 6B-1.025)

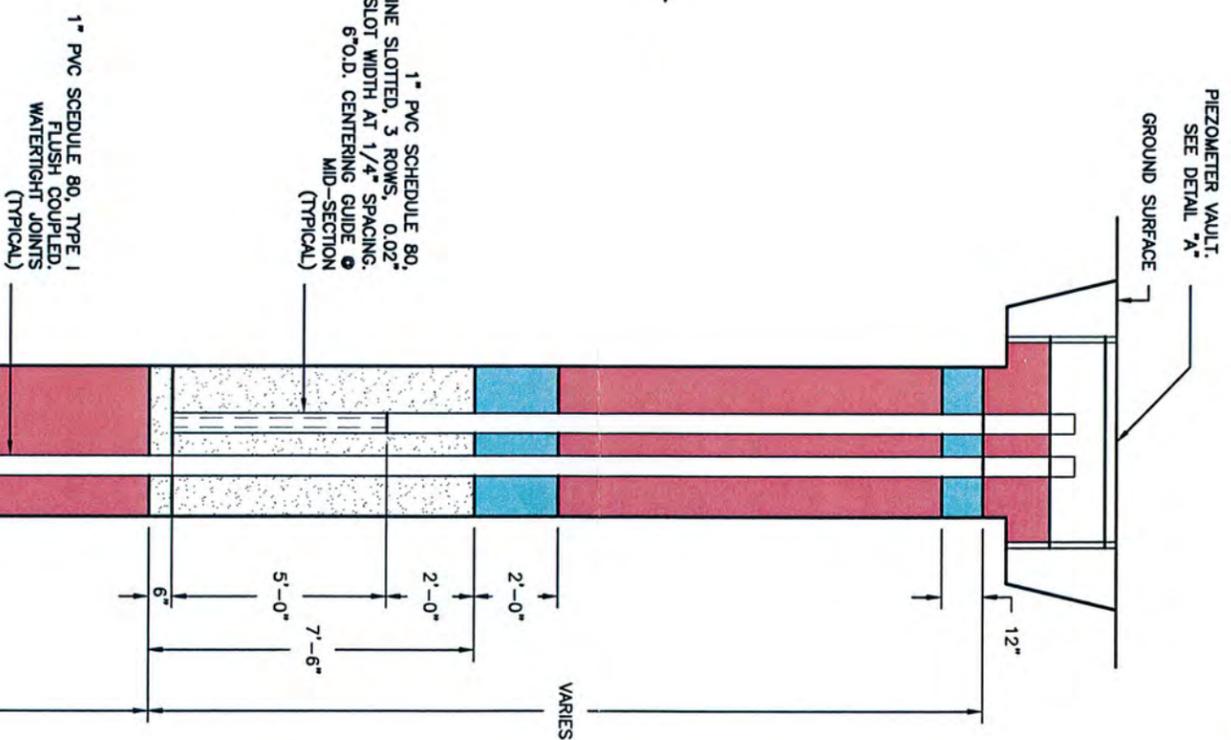
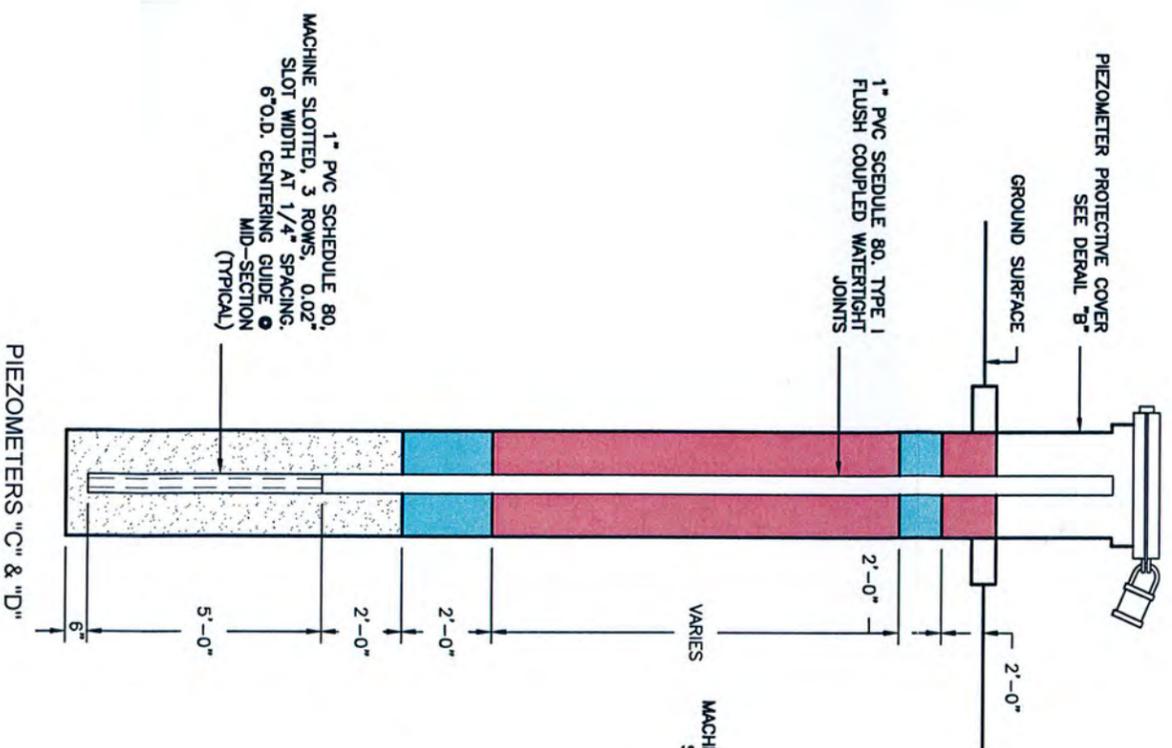
TABLE 1 PIEZOMETER ELEVATIONS				
PIEZOMETER STATION	PIEZOMETER ELEVATIONS			
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
P1	441.87	441.92	400.14	402.54
P2	442.18	442.00	399.97	401.01
P3	442.43	442.18	405.08	405.33
P4	442.54	442.56	405.45	405.63
P5	442.36	442.42	409.12	407.87
P6	442.72	442.87	410.86	414.27
P7	442.42	442.49	412.14	412.92

**"AS-CONSTRUCTED"
 DETAIL DRAWINGS
 OPEN TUBE-TYPE
 PIEZOMETERS**

Big Dry Creek Red Bank Dams
 Fresno County, California

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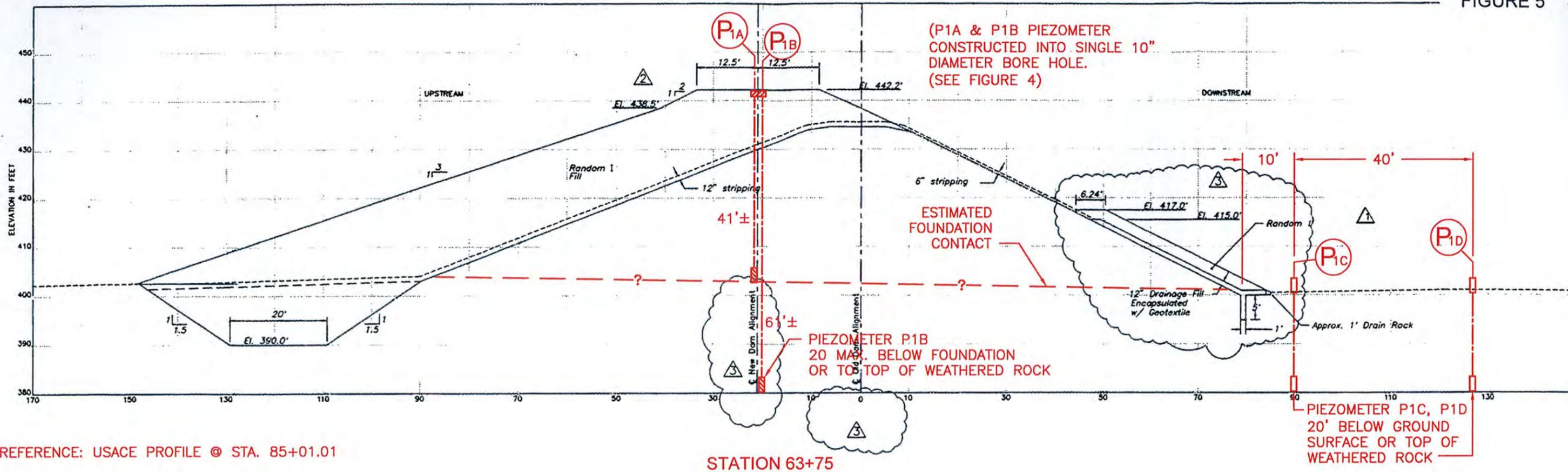
LEGEND:

- BENTONITE PELLETS
- 13. SACK CEMENT-SAND GROUT (TREMIED)
- PERMEABLE MATERIAL, CALTRANS CLASS I, TYPE 'A' (SECTION 6B-1.025)



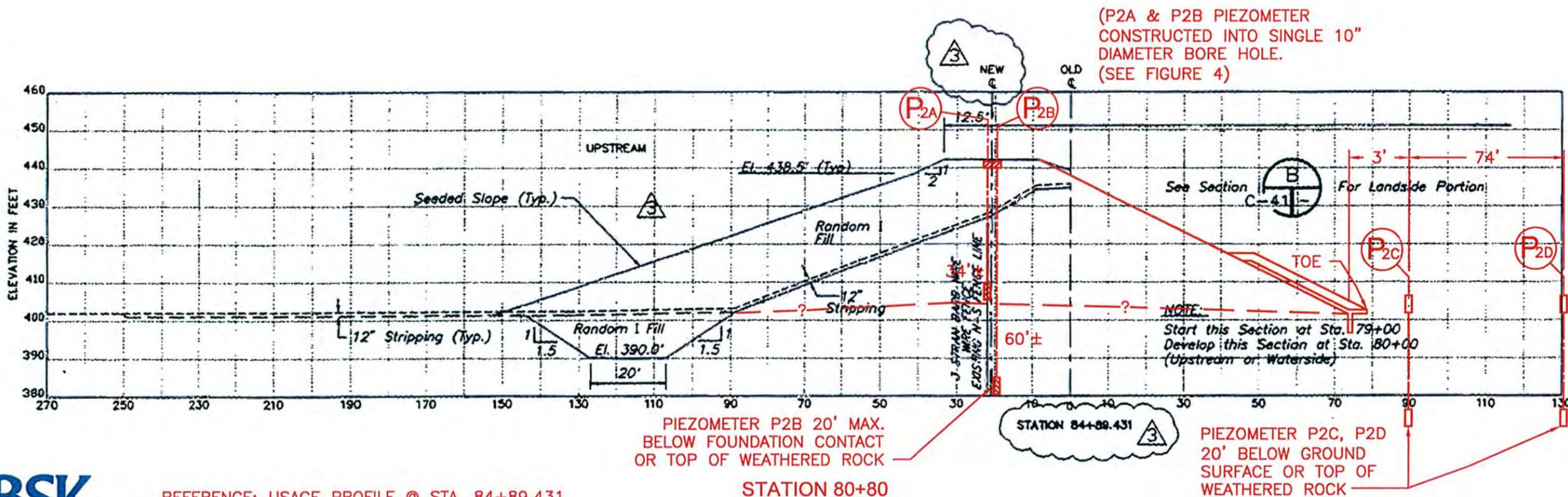
**"AS-CONSTRUCTED"
 DETAIL DRAWINGS
 OPEN TUBE-TYPE
 PIEZOMETERS**

Big Dry Creek Red Bank Dams
 Fresno County, California



REFERENCE: USACE PROFILE @ STA. 85+01.01

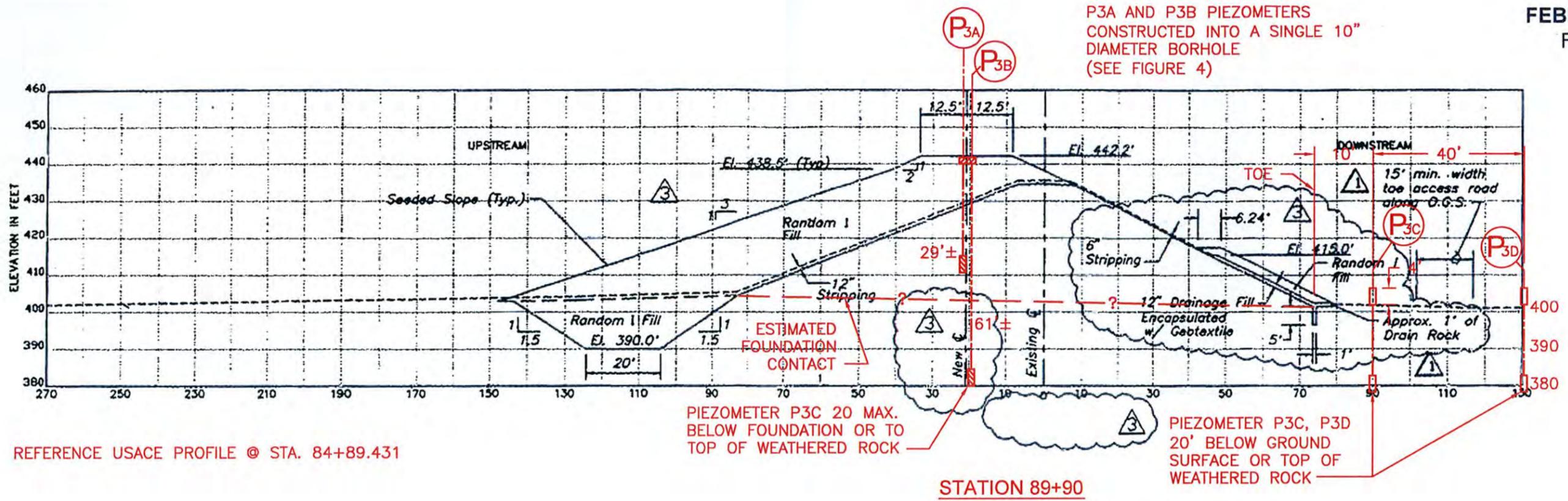
STATION 63+75



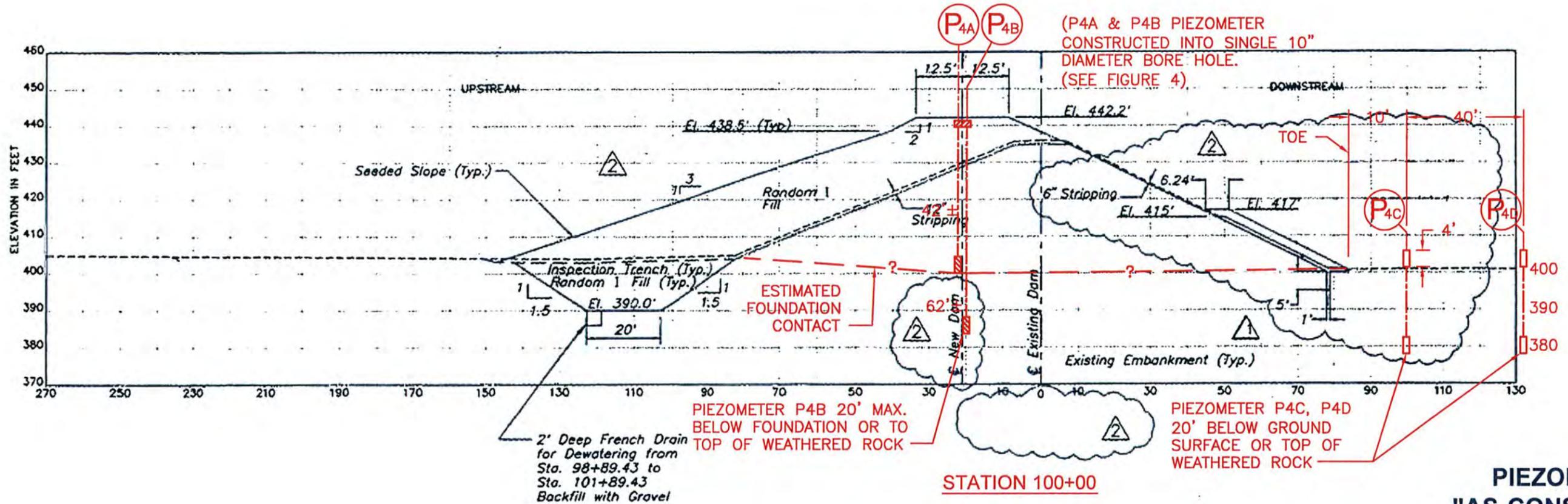
REFERENCE: USACE PROFILE @ STA. 84+89.431

STATION 80+80

**PIEZOMETERS
 "AS-CONSTRUCTED"
 CROSS SECTIONS**
 Big Dry Creek Red Bank Dams
 Fresno County, California



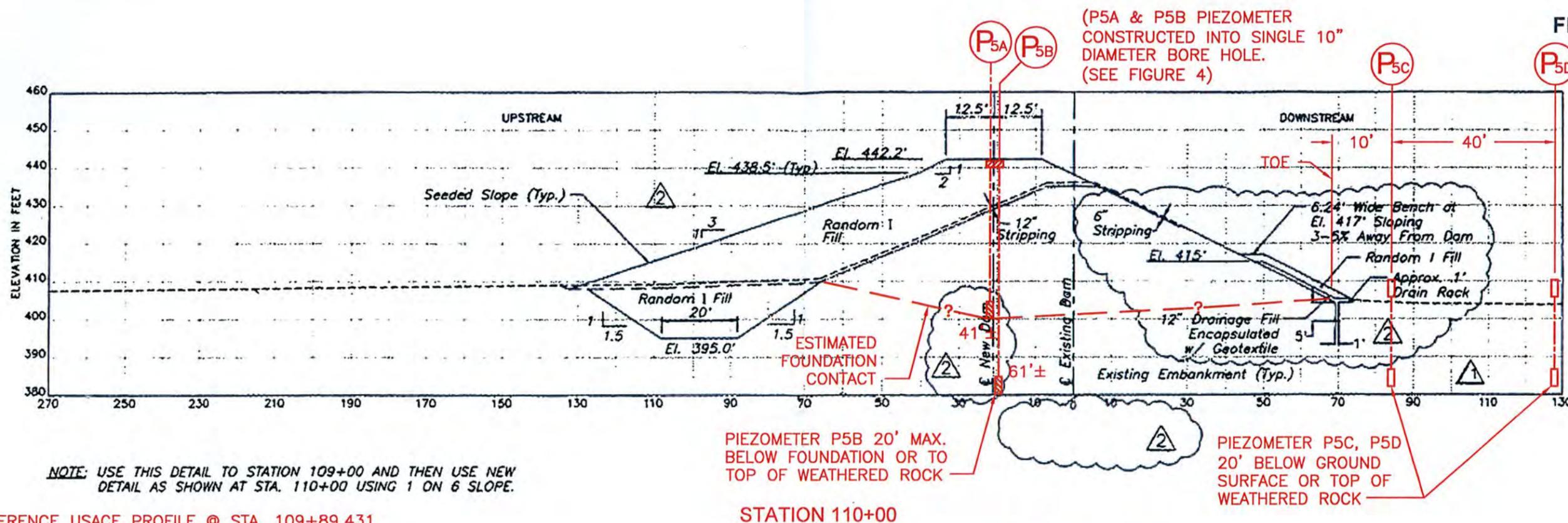
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**PIEZOMETERS
 "AS-CONSTRUCTED"
 CROSS SECTIONS**

Big Dry Creek Red Bank Dams
 Fresno County, California

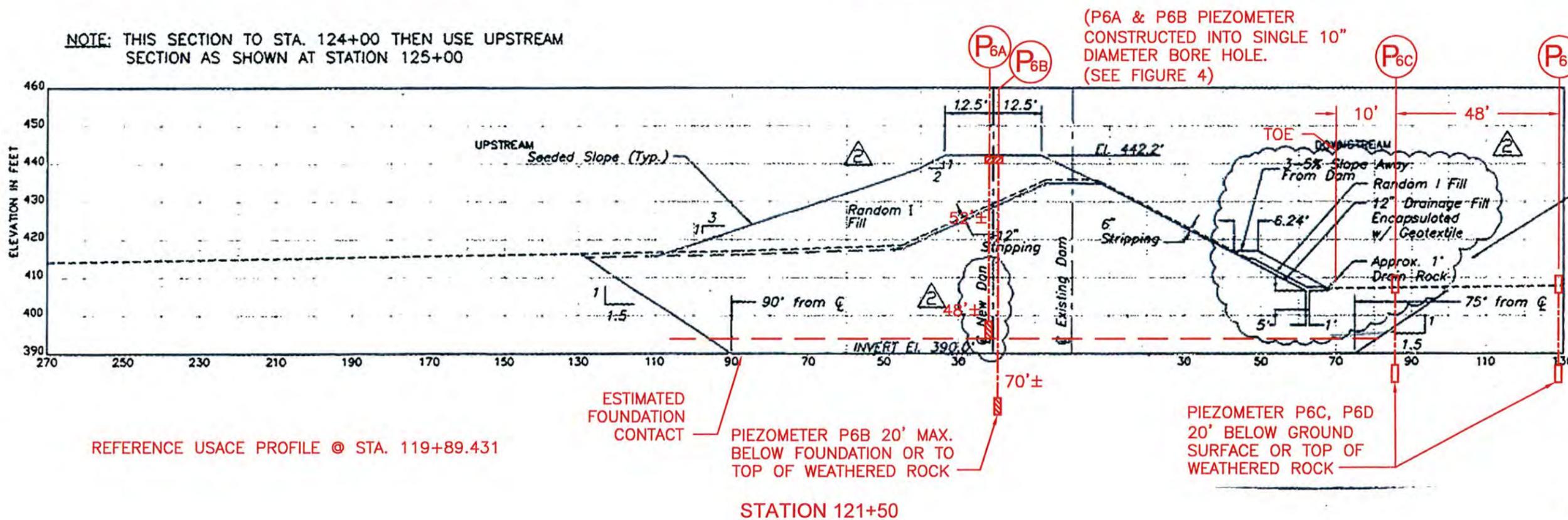
REFERENCE USACE PROFILE @ STA. 99+89.431



NOTE: USE THIS DETAIL TO STATION 109+00 AND THEN USE NEW DETAIL AS SHOWN AT STA. 110+00 USING 1 ON 6 SLOPE.

REFERENCE USACE PROFILE @ STA. 109+89.431

NOTE: THIS SECTION TO STA. 124+00 THEN USE UPSTREAM SECTION AS SHOWN AT STATION 125+00

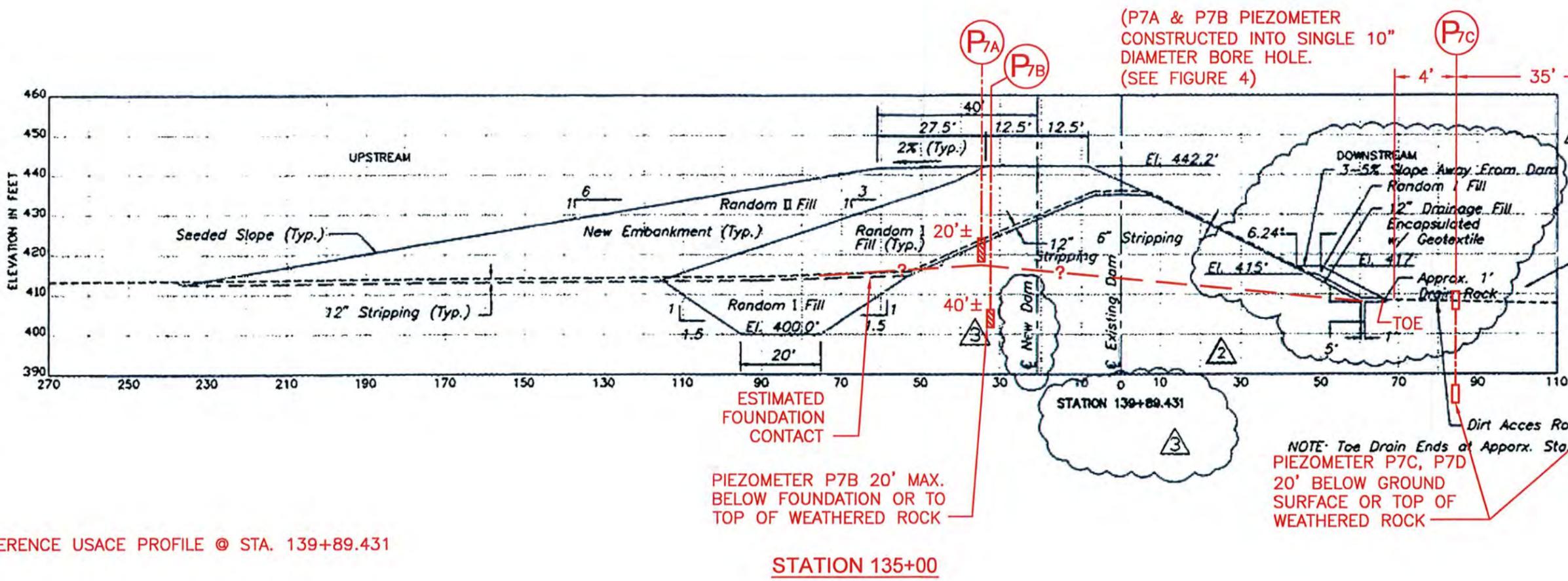


See sheet C-64 and C-65 for details relating to swale along west side of dam.

REFERENCE USACE PROFILE @ STA. 119+89.431

**PIEZOMETERS
 "AS-CONSTRUCTED"
 CROSS SECTIONS**

Big Dry Creek Red Bank Dams
 Fresno County, California



NOTE:
 For Toe Access Road Dimensions
 Typical from Sta. 78+30 to
 Sta. 144+30, see sheet
 C-17 for additional details.
 See sheet C-64 and C-65
 for details relating to swale
 along west side of dam.

NOTE: Toe Drain Ends at Apprx. Sta. 144+30.
 PIEZOMETER P7C, P7D
 20' BELOW GROUND
 SURFACE OR TOP OF
 WEATHERED ROCK

ESTIMATED
 FOUNDATION
 CONTACT
 PIEZOMETER P7B 20' MAX.
 BELOW FOUNDATION OR TO
 TOP OF WEATHERED ROCK

REFERENCE USACE PROFILE @ STA. 139+89.431

STATION 135+00

**PIEZOMETERS
 "AS-CONSTRUCTED"
 CROSS SECTIONS**

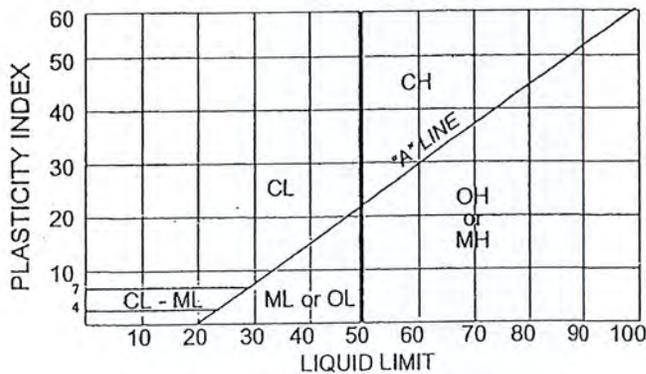
Big Dry Creek Red Bank Dams
 Fresno County, California



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METHOD OF SOIL CLASSIFICATION (Unified Soil Classification System)

MAJOR DIVISIONS		SYMBOLS		TYPICAL NAMES
COARSE GRAINED SOILS (More than ½ of soil > No. 200 sieve size)	GRAVELS (More than ½ of coarse fraction > No. 4 sieve size)	GW		Well graded gravels or gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
		GP		Poorly graded gravels or gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
		GM		Silty gravels, gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
		GC		Clayey Gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures
	SANDS (More than ½ of coarse fraction < No. 4 sieve size)	SW		Well graded sands or gravelly sands, little or no fines
		SP		Poorly graded sands or gravelly sands, little or no fines
		SM		Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures
		SC		Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures
FINE GRAINED SOILS (More than ½ of soil < No. 200 sieve size)	SILTS & CLAYS LL < 50	ML		Inorganic silts and very fine sands, rock flour, silty or clayey fine sands or clayey silts with slight plasticity
		CL		Inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, gravelly clays, sandy clays, silty clays, lean clays
		OL		Organic silts and organic silty clays of low plasticity
	SILTS & CLAYS LL > 50	MH		Inorganic silts, micaceous or diatomaceous fine sandy or silty soils, elastic silts
		CH		Inorganic clays of high plasticity, fat clays
		OH		Organic clays of medium to high plasticity, organic silty clays, organic silts



3 1/4" O.D. California Modified Sampler
 2.0" O.D. Standard Penetration Sampler

PLASTICITY CHART



567 W. Shaw Ave.
Fresno, CA 93704
(559) 497-2880
(559) 497-2886 FAX

Log of Well P-1 - A/B

Red Bank Dam
Figure 9

Sheet: 1 of 2

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 442.77

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 24, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 24, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: 53'

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0						Gravel road surface	0		___ 10" Well Vault
2						Silty SAND w/trace of Clay (SM) Red brown, fine to medium grained, moist, dense (FILL)	-2		
4		56	129	6.5		...increasing fines	-4		
6							-6		
8						Sandy SILT w/Clay (ML) Brown with intermixed red brown, fine grained, moist, very stiff to hard (FILL)	-8		Bag sample @ 7' - 10'
10		57	133	7.4			-10		
12							-12		___ Bentonite Grout
14		44	123	8.5		...trace of medium rounded gravel	-14		
16							-16		___ 1" Schedule 80 PVC
18						...yellow brown, less clay, stiff	-18		
20		39	119	13.5			-20		
22							-22		Bag sample @ 22' - 25'
24		62	119	9.6		...fractured aggregate	-24		
26							-26		
28						...red brown w/intermixed dark gray sandy clay, fine, moist	-28		
30		47	116	15.7		...decreased fines	-30		___ Hydrated Bentonite Chips
32						Silty SAND (SM) Yellow brown with intermixed dark brown, fine to medium grained, moist, dense (FILL)	-32		Bag sample @ 32' - 35'
34							-34		



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Log of Well P-1 - A/B

Red Bank Dam
Figure 9

Sheet: 2 of 2

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation 442.77

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
36		46	119	10.5		Silty SAND (SM) Yellow brown with intermixed dark brown, fine to medium grained, moist, dense (FILL)	-35		Caltrans Concrete Sand
38		53	119	14.7		... fine, trace of clay	-37		0.02" Slotted Pipe Schedule 80, Geotextile Wrap
40		79	128	9.0		Silty SAND (SM) Dark brown, fine grained, moist, dense, weakly cemented (NATIVE)	-39		Bag sample @ 40' - 43'
42							-40		End Cap P1-A
44		31	113	15.1		... orange brown, fine to medium grained with trace of coarse and trace of clay, medium dense, increased fines	-41		Bentonite Grout
46							-42		1" Schedule 80 PVC
48							-43		
50		16	--	--		... dark brown, medium dense, fine grained moist to wet	-44		Sample Disturbed
52							-45		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
54		86	117	13.5		Clayey SAND (SC) Orange brown, fine grained, moist to wet, hard (NATIVE)	-46		53'
56							-47		Caltrans Concrete Sand
58							-48		0.02" Slotted Pipe Schedule 80, Geotextile Wrap
60		50-3"	125	10.6		... trace of coarse sand and fine gravel	-49		End Cap P1-B
62						Boring terminated at 60.5 feet	-50		
64						Groundwater encountered at 53 feet	-51		
66							-52		
68							-53		



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Log of Well P-1-C
 Red Bank Dam
 Figure 10

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 397.29

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 5, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 5, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: 8.5'

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0							0		10" Schedule 80 PVC Standpipe
-2							-2		
-4		25				Silty SAND w/trace of Clay (SM) Dark brown, fine grained, moist, medium dense	-4		Bentonite Grout
-6							-6		1" Schedule 80 PVC
-8							-8		8.5' ▼
-10		36	116			SAND w/trace Silt (SP/SM) Red brown, fine to medium grained, moist to wet ...medium dense	-10		
-12						...saturated cuttings	-12		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
-14							-14		Caltrans Concrete Sand
-16							-16		
-18							-18		0.02" Slotted Schedule 40 PVC Geotextile Wrap
-20							-20		End Cap
-21						Boring terminated at 20.5 feet	-21		
-22						Groundwater encountered at 8.5 feet	-22		
-24							-24		
-26							-26		
-28							-28		
-30							-30		
-32							-32		
-34							-34		
-35							-35		



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Log of Well P-1-D

Red Bank Dam
Figure 11

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 39.71 (Pad)

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 9, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 9, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: 9.2'

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0							0		10" Schedule 80 PVC Standpipe
2						Silty SAND w/trace Clay (SM) Dark brown, fine to coarse grained, weak scattered cementation	-2		Bentonite Grout
4		38				...red brown, fine grained, medium dense	-4		1" Schedule 80 PVC
6						SAND w/trace of Silt (SP) Red brown, fine to medium grained, moist, medium dense	-6		
8						...wet at 9 feet	-8		9.2'
10		29	113	18.3		Sandy SILT w/trace Clay (ML) Red brown, fine grained, stiff	-10		
12							-12		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
14		90					-14		Caltrans Concrete Sand
16							-16		No Sample Retrieval
18						Sandy CLAY (CL) Olive yellow brown, fine to coarse grained, hard	-18		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
20		32					-20		End Cap
22						Boring terminated at 20.5 feet Groundwater encountered at 9.2 feet	-22		
24							-24		
26							-26		
28							-28		
30							-30		
32							-32		
34							-34		
							-35		



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Log of Well P-2 - A/B

Red Bank Dam
Figure 12

Sheet: 1 of 2

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 443.26

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 23, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 23, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: Not encountered

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0						Gravel road surface	0		10" Well Vault
0						Sandy SILT w/Clay (ML) Red brown, fine to medium grain (FILL)			Ready Mix Cement
2						...olive brown increasing fines and clay content	-2		Bag sample at 2' - 5'
4		55	125	9.5		...blue gray, less clay, fine, dense, moist	-4		
6							-6		Bag sample at 6' - 9'
8						Clayey SAND w/ Silt (SC) Red brown, fine to coarse, moist, medium dense (FILL)	-8		
10		30	125	9.9		...blue gray brown, fine to medium grained	-10		Bentonite Grout
12							-12		1" Schedule 80 PVC
14		44	123	10.8		Sandy SILT w/Clay (ML) Red brown, fine to medium grained, moist, medium stiff to medium dense (FILL)	-14		
16							-16		
18						Silty SAND w/trace of Clay (SM) Light red brown, fine to medium grained with trace of coarse, moist, dense (FILL)	-18		Bag sample at 17' - 20'
20		46	126	9.6		...red brown, increased medium and coarse sand fraction, less fines	-20		
22							-22		Bag sample at 22' - 25'
24		38	118	7.0			-24		
26							-26		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
28							-28		Caltrans' Concrete Sand
30		27	123	7.0		...color change to dark brown, fine grained, moist, medium dense	-30		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
31							-31		



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Log of Well P-2 - A/B

Red Bank Dam
Figure 12

Sheet: 2 of 2

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation 443.26

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
33							-32		
35		51	121	9.4		Silty SAND w/trace Clay (SM) Red brown, fine to medium grained, dry, weak to moderate cementation, dense, pinhole voids (NATIVE)	-33		
37							-34		End Cap P2-A
39		61	124	8.7		...brown, moist, very dense	-35		
41							-36		
43						...fine to coarse, dense	-37		
45		40	127	10.2			-38		
47							-39		
49						Sandy SILT w/trace Clay (ML) Red yellow brown, moist, stiff (NATIVE)	-40		
51		84-11"	114	16.6		...cemented at 50 feet	-41		Bag sample at 41' - 45'
53							-42		
55		84-11"	121	11.5		...fine to coarse grained, increased clay, micaceous	-43		1" Schedule 80 PVC
57							-44		
59		50-6"	109	19.2		...red brown, moist	-45		
61						Boring terminated at 60.5 feet	-46		
							-47		
							-48		
							-49		
							-50		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
							-51		
							-52		
							-53		Caltrans Concrete Sand
							-54		
							-55		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
							-56		
							-57		
							-58		
							-59		
							-60		End Cap P2-B
							-61		
							-62		



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Log of Well P-2-C
Red Bank Dam
Figure 13

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 396.94 (Pad)

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 5, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 5, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: 19.8'

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0							0		10" Schedule 80 Standpipe
-2						Silty SAND w/some Clay (SM) Brown, fine to medium grained with fine to medium gravel, moist	-2		Bag sample at 0' - 3'
-4		15				Sandy CLAY (CL) Blue gray, fine grained with trace gravel, moist, stiff	-4		Bentonite Grout
-6						...yellow olive brown, fine to coarse, increasing sand content, micaceous, hard	-6		Bag sample at 7' - 10'
-8		38				...decreasing clay	-8		1" Schedule 80 PVC
-10							-10		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
-12		55				Sandy SILT w/Clay (ML) Yellow brown with red brown and blue gray, fine grained, moist, very stiff to hard, micaceous	-12		Caltrans Concrete Sand
-14							-14		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
-16							-16		
-18						WEATHERED SCHIST Excavates as SAND, blue gray with red black streaks, fine to medium grained, high mica content	-18		19.8'
-20		50-5"					-20		End Cap
-22						Boring terminated at 20 feet	-22		
-24						Groundwater not encountered	-24		
-26							-26		
-28							-28		
-30							-30		
-32							-32		
-34							-34		
-35							-35		



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Log of Well P-2-D

Red Bank Dam
Figure 14

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 397.86 (Pad)

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 9, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 9, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: Not encountered

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0							0		10" Schedule 80 Standpipe
-2						Silty SAND w/trace Clay (SM) Brown, fine to medium, trace of fine to coarse gravel, sporadic cobble	-2		
-4		15				Sandy SILT w/Clay (ML) Gray brown, fine to medium grained, moist, medium stiff	-4		Bentonite Grout
-6							-6		
-8							-8		
-10		33				...yellow gray, some clay, fine, stiff to hard	-10		1" Schedule 80 PVC
-12						...silty sand layers	-12		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
-14		57				...red gray brown, fine, trace of clay, hard	-14		Caltrans Concrete Sand
-16							-16		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
-18		50-6"					-18		End Cap
-20						WEATHERED SCHIST Excavates as fine silty sand, gray, high mica content	-20		
-22						Boring terminated at 19 feet Groundwater not encountered	-22		
-24							-24		
-26							-26		
-28							-28		
-30							-30		
-32							-32		
-34							-34		
-35							-35		



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Log of Well P-3 A/B
Red Bank Dam
Figure 15

Sheet: 1 of 2

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 442.90

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 19, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 19, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: 57'

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0						Gravel Road Surface	0		10" Well Vault
						Silty SAND w/Clay (SM) Red brown, fine to medium, moist (FILL)			Ready Mix Cement
-2						..dark brown, fine to coarse, moist, medium dense, less clay	-2		
-4		36	126	9.4			-4		Bag sample at 4' - 8'
-6							-6		
-8							-8		Bentonite Grout
-10		45	124	9.9		..yellow brown w/intermixed olive brown, fine to medium with trace of coarse, dense	-10		
-12							-12		Bag sample at 12' - 15'
-14		38	120	10.0		..scattered cemented pieces, medium dense	-14		1" Schedule 80 PVC
-16							-16		
-18							-18		
-20		53	125	10.7		..brown, fine to medium, moist, dense, trace of clay	-20		
-22							-22		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
-24		28	129	7.3		..medium dense	-24		Caltrans Concrete Sand
-26							-26		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
-28							-28		
-30		33	121	7.8			-30		End Cap P3-A
-32						Silty SAND (SM) Yellow brown, damp to moist, dense, scattered cementation (FILL)	-32		
-34		43	123	9.1			-34		
-35							-35		



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Log of Well P-3-C
Red Bank Dam
Figure 16

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 401.36 (Pad)

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 4, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 4, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: 19.5'

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0							0		10" Schedule 80 PVC Standpipe
2							-2		
4		85-9"				Silty SAND w/Clay (SM) Orange brown, fine to medium grained	-4		Bentonite Grout
6						...very dense, some cementation, moist	-6		
8						...increased moisture content, medium dense at 9 feet	-8		1" Schedule 80 PVC
10		37					-10		
12						Sandy SILT w/Clay (ML) Red brown, fine with trace medium, moist, stiff	-12		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
14						Silty SAND/Sandy SILT w/Clay (SM/ML) Light orange brown, fine to coarse, micaceous, stiff to very stiff	-14		Caltrans Concrete Sand
16		44					-16		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
18						...decreasing fines	-18		19.5'
20		58				Silty SAND w/trace Clay (SM) Brown, fine to medium, moist to wet, micaceous, dense	-20		End Cap
22						Boring terminated at 20.5 feet	-22		
24						Groundwater encountered at 19.5 feet	-24		
26							-26		
28							-28		
30							-30		
32							-32		
34							-34		
							-35		



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Log of Well P-3-D

Red Bank Dam
Figure 17

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 401.20 (Pad)

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 10, 2009

Drill Method: B-61 Mobile Drill

Finish Date: February 10, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: 19.4'

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0							0		10: Schedule 80 PVC Standpipe
-2						Silty SAND w/trace Clay (SM) Red brown, fine to medium, moist	-2		
-3							-3		Bag sample at 3' - 5'
-4						...drills firm	-4		
-5							-5		Bentonite Grout
-6						... increasing clay content	-6		
-7						Sandy SILT/Sandy Clay (ML/CL) Red brown, fine to medium grained, moist	-7		Bag sample at 7' - 10'
-8							-8		
-9							-9		1" Schedule 80 PVC
-10							-10		
-11							-11		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
-12							-12		
-13							-13		Caltrans Concrete Sand
-14						... yellow olive brown, fine, moist	-14		
-15							-15		Bag sample at 12'-15'
-16							-16		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
-17							-17		
-18							-18		19.4'
-19							-19		▼
-20							-20		End Cap
-21							-21		
-22						Boring terminated at 21 feet	-22		
-23						Groundwater encountered at 19.4 feet	-23		
-24							-24		
-26							-26		
-28							-28		
-30							-30		
-32							-32		
-34							-34		
-35							-35		



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Log of Well P-4 A/B

Red Bank Dam
Figure 18

Sheet: 2 of 2

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation 442.99

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
37		52	122	12.8		Silty SAND w/trace Clay (SM) Dark brown, fine grained, moist, dense (FILL)	-37		Bag sample at 35' - 38'
39						... yellow brown, fine to medium grained	-38		
41		64	126	9.1		... intermixed cemented pieces, very dense	-39		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
43		27	121	13.5		Silty Clay w/fine Sand (CL) Dark brown, moist, stiff (NATIVE)	-40		End Cap P4-A
45		71-9"	109	12.2		Silty SAND w/trace Clay (SM) Light red brown, fine to medium grained, dry to moist, very dense, strongly cemented hardpan (NATIVE)	-41		
47							-42		Bentonite Grout
49							-43		Bag sample at 47' - 50'
51		38	118	10.1		... red brown, dense, no cementation	-44		1" Schedule 80 PVC
53							-45		
55		68	112	20.3		Sandy SILT w/trace of Clay (ML) Yellow brown, fine grained, moist, very stiff, micaceous (NATIVE)	-46		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
57							-47		Caltrans Concrete Sand
59		82-9"	113	12.0		... increased clay and silt content, hard, moist to wet	-48		
61							-49		59.5'
63							-50		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
65							-51		End Cap P4-B
67							-52		
69							-53		
71							-54		
72							-55		
						Boring terminated at 62.5 feet	-56		
						Groundwater encountered at 59.5 feet	-57		



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Log of Well P-4-C

Red Bank Dam
Figure 19

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 402.28 (Pad)

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 4, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 4, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: 18.8'

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0						Silty SAND w/trace Clay (SM) Orange brown, trace of coarse, moist	0		10" Schedule 80 PVC Standpipe
2							-2		Bag sample at 0' - 2'
4		12				Sandy SILT w/Clay (ML) Olive brown, fine grained, moist, medium stiff	-3		Bag sample at 3' - 5'
6						... increasing sand	-4		
8							-5		Bentonite Grout
10		61				Silty SAND w/trace Clay (SM) Orange brown, dense to very dense	-6		
12							-7		1" Schedule 80 PVC
14		44				... brown, fine to medium, micaceous, medium dense to dense	-8		
16							-9		
18						Sandy SILT w/Clay (ML) Olive gray, fine grained, moist to wet ... orange brown, increased sand content fine to medium grained	-10		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
20		44					-11		Caltrans Concrete Sand
22						Boring terminated at 20.5 feet Groundwater encountered at 18.8 feet	-12		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
24							-13		
26							-14		
28							-15		
30							-16		
32							-17		18.8'
34							-18		End Cap
							-19		
							-20		
							-21		
							-22		
							-23		
							-24		
							-25		
							-26		
							-27		
							-28		
							-29		
							-30		
							-31		
							-32		
							-33		
							-34		
							-35		



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Log of Well P-4-D

Red Bank Dam
Figure 20

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 402.67 (Pad)

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 10, 2009

Drill Method: B-61 Mobile Drill

Finish Date: February 10, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: 20.0'

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0							0		10" Schedule 80 PVC Standpipe
-2						Silty SAND w/Clay (SM) Brown, fine to medium grained, moist	-2		Bag sample at 2' - 4'
-4						Sandy SILT w/Clay (ML) Dark olive brown, fine grained, moist	-4		
-6							-6		Bentonite Grout
-8						...brown, increased clay, moist	-8		1" Schedule 80 PVC
-10							-10		Bag sample at 10' - 12'
-12							-12		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
-14							-14		Caltrans Concrete Sand
-16						...increased clay, moist to wet cuttings	-16		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
-18							-18		20.0'
-20							-20		▼
-21							-21		End Cap
-22						Boring terminated at 21 feet Groundwater encountered at 20.0 feet	-22		
-24							-24		
-26							-26		
-28							-28		
-30							-30		
-32							-32		
-34							-34		
-35							-35		



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Log of Well P-5 - A/B

Red Bank Dam
Figure 21

Sheet: 1 of 2

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 442.97

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 17, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 17, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: Not encountered

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0						Gravel road surface	0		10" Well Vault
0						Silty SAND w/Clay (SM) Brown, fine to medium grained, moist (FILL)			Ready Mix Concrete
2						Sandy CLAY (CL) Red orange brown, fine to medium grained with trace of coarse, moist, very dense, hard (FILL)			
4		74	123	12.6					
6									
8						...more clay, very stiff			1" Schedule 80 PVC
10		44	123	11.7					
12						Sandy SILT w/Clay (ML) Brown, fine to medium grained, moist, hard			
14		53	126	11.7					Bag sample at 15' - 20'
16									Bentonite Grout
18									
20		47	122	13.4		...yellow brown			
22									
24		52	122	12.8		...intermixed red and dark brown			Bag sample at 25' - 30'
26						...decreasing fines			
28						Silty SAND w/trace Clay (SM) Brown, fine to medium grained with trace of coarse, dense (FILL)			
30		55	121	10.4					
32									Hydrated Bentonite Chips
34		45	128	10.8		...olive brown, fine to coarse, moist			Caltrans Concrete Sand



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Log of Well P-5 - A/B

Red Bank Dam
Figure 21

Sheet: 2 of 2

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation 442.97

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
37		45	128	10.8			-36		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
39		49	127	13.7		Sandy CLAY w/Silt (CL) Olive brown, fine grained, moist, very stiff (NATIVE)	-38		
41		83-11"	126	12.4		... fine to medium w/trace coarse, hard	-39		End Cap P5-A
43							-40		
45		58	128	10.9			-41		
47							-42		Bentonite Grout
49		56	119	14.9		... red brown, moist, increased sand content, dense	-43		1" Schedule 80 PVC
51							-44		
53		17	101	27.5		Clayey SILT w/fine Sand (ML) Yellow brown, medium stiff, moist to wet (NATIVE)	-45		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
55							-46		Caltrans Concrete Sand
57		72	118	16.4		... sandy silt, yellow brown, fine to medium, moist, micaceous	-47		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
59							-48		End Cap P5-B
61						Boring terminated at 60.5 feet Groundwater not encountered	-49		
63							-50		
65							-51		
67							-52		
69							-53		
							-54		
							-55		
							-56		
							-57		
							-58		
							-59		
							-60		
							-61		
							-62		
							-63		
							-64		
							-65		
							-66		
							-67		
							-68		
							-69		
							-70		



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Log of Well P-5-C

Red Bank Dam
Figure 22

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 406.00 (Pad)

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 4, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 4, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: Not encountered

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0							0		10" Schedule 80 PVC Standpipe
-2							-2		Bag sample at 1' - 4'
-4		13				...medium dense	-4		
-6							-6		Bentonite Grout
-8							-8		1" Schedule 80 PVC
-10		52				...red brown, trace of coarse, dense, less silt	-10		
-12							-12		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
-14		85-11"				...fine to medium, some cementation, very dense	-14		Caltrans Concrete Sand
-16							-16		Bag sample at 12' - 15'
-18						Sandy SILT w/Clay (ML) Red brown, fine grained, moist, stiff	-18		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
-20		30					-20		End Cap
-21						Boring terminated at 20.5 feet	-21		
-22						Groundwater not encountered	-22		
-24							-24		
-26							-26		
-28							-28		
-30							-30		
-32							-32		
-34							-34		
-35							-35		



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Log of Well P-5-D

Red Bank Dam
Figure 23

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 405.49 (Pad)

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 11, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 11, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: Not encountered

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0							0		10" Schedule 80 PVC Standpipe
-2						Silty SAND w/trace of Clay (SM) Brown, fine to medium grained with trace of cobble up to 6 inches, moist	-2		Bag sample at 1 ft.-3 ft.
-4							-4		Bentonite Grout
-6						...dark brown, fine to medium grained with trace of coarse, less fines	-6		Bag sample at 6 ft.-8 ft.
-8							-8		
-10							-10		1" Schedule 80 PVC
-12						Sandy SILT w/Clay (ML) Red brown, moist, drills firm	-12		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
-14							-14		Caltrans Concrete Sand
-16							-16		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
-18						...more clay, increased moisture content	-18		Bag sample at 17 ft.-19 ft.
-20							-20		
-21							-21		End Cap
-22						Boring terminated at 21 feet Groundwater not encountered	-22		
-24							-24		
-26							-26		
-28							-28		
-30							-30		
-32							-32		
-34							-34		
-35							-35		



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Log of Well P-6 - A/B

Red Bank Dam
Figure 24

Sheet: 1 of 2

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 443.08

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 11, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 11, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: 61'

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0						Gravel road surface	0		10" Well Vault
0						Sandy Silt w/Clay (ML) Red brown, fine to medium grained, dry to moist, dense (FILL)			Ready Mix Concrete
2							-2		Bag sample at 2' - 5'
4		39	125	11.5			-4		
6						...drills hard	-6		
8						...yellow brown dry to moist	-8		
10		37	121	10.6			-10		
12							-12		
14		59	130	9.6		...brown, moist, very dense, less fines	-14		Bentonite Grout
16							-16		
18							-18		Bag sample at 18' - 22'
20		49				Sandy CLAY (CL) Dark olive gray, fine to medium grained with trace coarse, hard, intermixed silty sand (FILL)	-20		
22							-22		1" Schedule 80 PVC
24		59	130	8.0			-24		
26							-26		
28							-28		
30		68	130	9.8		Sandy SILT w/Clay (ML) Red brown with yellow brown and gray, fine to coarse, very dense (FILL)	-30		Bag sample at 30' - 35'
32						...intermixed silty sand	-32		
34		75	129	9.7		...intermixed silty sand and sandy silt, fine to medium, dense, hard, moist	-34		
36							-36		
38							-38		



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Log of Well P-6 - A/B

Red Bank Dam
Figure 24

Sheet: 2 of 2

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation 443.08

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
40		52	135	6.7		...more sand, fine to coarse	-39		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
42		49	123	11.5		...grades to silty sand	-41		Caltrans Concrete Sand
44		46	120	5.7		Silty SAND w/trace Clay (SM) Red brown, fine to coarse, trace of fine gravel, dense (FILL)	-43		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
46		47	122	11.4		...more clay, fine to medium, moist	-44		Bag sample at 45' - 50'
48		49	123	8.1		Silty SAND w/trace Clay (SM) Red brown, fine to coarse, moist, dense (NATIVE)	-45		End Cap P6-A
50		73-11"	116	6.9		...trace of gravel, fine to coarse	-46		
52		86-10"	117	17.0		...sandy silt layer	-47		
54						...yellow brown, fine, micaceous	-48		
56						...decreasing fines	-49		
58						...red brown, fine to coarse, wet, very dense	-50		
60							-51		61'
62							-52		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
64		73	123	12.8			-53		Caltrans Concrete Sand
66							-54		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
68							-55		
70		30	107	19.9		Silty CLAY w/trace of fine sand (CL) Light red brown with black speckles, moist to wet, stiff	-56		End Cap P6-B
72						Boring terminated at 70.5 feet Groundwater encountered at 61 feet	-57		
74							-58		
76							-59		



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Log of Well P-6-C

Red Bank Dam
Figure 25

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 407.91 (Pad)

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 3, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 3, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: Not encountered

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0							0		10" Schedule 80 PVC Standpipe
-2						Red olive brown, fine to medium with trace of coarse, moist	-2		Bag sample at 0' - 4'
-4		31				... red brown, moist, medium dense	-4		Bentonite Grout
-6							-6		1" Schedule 80 PVC
-8							-8		
-10		17				... less fines, trace of fine gravel	-10		
-12						... decreasing fines	-12		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
-14		25				... red brown, fine to coarse, increasing gravel content	-14		Caltrans Concrete Sand
-16							-16		
-18						... very dense	-18		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
-20		50-3"				Boring terminated at 20 feet	-20		End Cap
-22							-22		
-24							-24		
-26							-26		
-28							-28		
-30							-30		
-32							-32		
-34							-34		
-35							-35		



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Log of Well P-6-D

Red Bank Dam
 Figure 26

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 411.43 (Pad)

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 3, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 3, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: Not encountered

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0						Silty SAND (SM) Brown, fine to medium grained, moist	0		10" Schedule 80 PVC Standpipe Bag sample at 1' - 5'
-2							-2		
-4		23				...orange brown, slight decrease in fines, medium dense	-4		Bentonite Grout
-6							-6		
-8							-8		1" Schedule 80 PVC
-10		26				...red brown, fine to coarse, trace of clay	-10		Bag sample at 10' - 15'
-12							-12		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
-14		22				...less fines, trace of fine gravel, fine to coarse	-14		Caltrans Concrete Sand
-16							-16		
-18							-18		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
-20		40				...medium dense to dense, more clay, sporadic fine to medium gravel	-20		End Cap
-22						Boring terminated at 20.5 feet Groundwater not encountered	-22		
-24							-24		
-26							-26		
-28							-28		
-30							-30		
-32							-32		
-34							-34		
-35							-35		



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Log of Well P-7-C

Red Bank Dam
Figure 28

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 409.50 (Pad)

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: January 29, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: January 29, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: Not encountered

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0							0		10" Schedule 80 PVC Standpipe
-2						Silty SAND (SM) Brown, fine grained with trace of medium, moist, loose	-2		
-4		7					-4		Bentonite Grout
-6							-6		
-8						Sandy SILT w/trace Clay (ML) Red brown, fine grained, moist, hard cemented	-8		1" Schedule 80 PVC
-10		50-3"					-10		
-12							-12		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
-14		20				SAND/Silty SAND (SP/SM) Red brown, fine to medium grained, medium dense	-14		Caltrans Concrete Sand
-16							-16		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
-18							-18		
-20		72				...fine to coarse, trace clay	-20		End Cap
-21						Boring terminated at 20.5 feet	-21		
-22							-22		
-24							-24		
-26							-26		
-28							-28		
-30							-30		
-32							-32		
-34							-34		
-35							-35		



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Log of Well P-7-D

Red Bank Dam
Figure 29

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 409.86 (Pad)

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: January 30, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: January 30, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: Not encountered

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0							0		10" Schedule 80 PVC Standpipe
2						Silty SAND w/trace Clay (SM) Red brown, fine with a trace of medium grained, moist	-2		Bag sample at 0' - 4'
4		16				... medium dense, less clay	-4		Bentonite Grout
6							-6		1" Schedule 80 PVC
8						Sandy SILT (ML) Olive brown, fine with trace of clay, moist, drills very firm	-8		
10		74-11"					-10		Bag sample at 10' - 14'
12							-12		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
14		27				SAND w/trace Silt (SP) Orange brown, fine grained, moist, micaceous	-14		Caltrans Concrete Sand
16						... grades to fine to medium grained	-16		Bag sample at 16' - 20'
18						... fine to coarse, trace clay	-18		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
20		41					-20		End Cap
22						Boring terminated at 20.5 feet	-22		
24							-24		
26							-26		
28							-28		
30							-30		
32							-32		
34							-34		
							-35		

FILTER DESIGN OPEN PIPE PIEZOMETERS

FILTER SAND GRADATION (CALTRANS SECTION 90-3.03)*

	<u>mm</u>	<u>Percent Passing</u>
3/8"	(9.5)	100
#4	(4.75)	95-
		100
#8	(2.36)	65-
		95
#100	(0.15)	2-
		12
#200	(0.075)	0-8

*Concrete Sand

Screen Slot Width: $0.02'' = 0.50 \text{ mm}$

FILTER/SLOT WIDTH CRITERION

$$\frac{D_{85} \text{ Filter}}{\text{Slot Width}} > 2 = \frac{2.40}{0.50} = 4.8, \text{ OK}$$

PIPING RATIO

$$\frac{D_{15} \text{ Filter}}{D_{85} \text{ Soil}} < 5 = \frac{0.26}{0.65} = 0.40, \text{ OK}$$

PERMEABILITY CRITERION

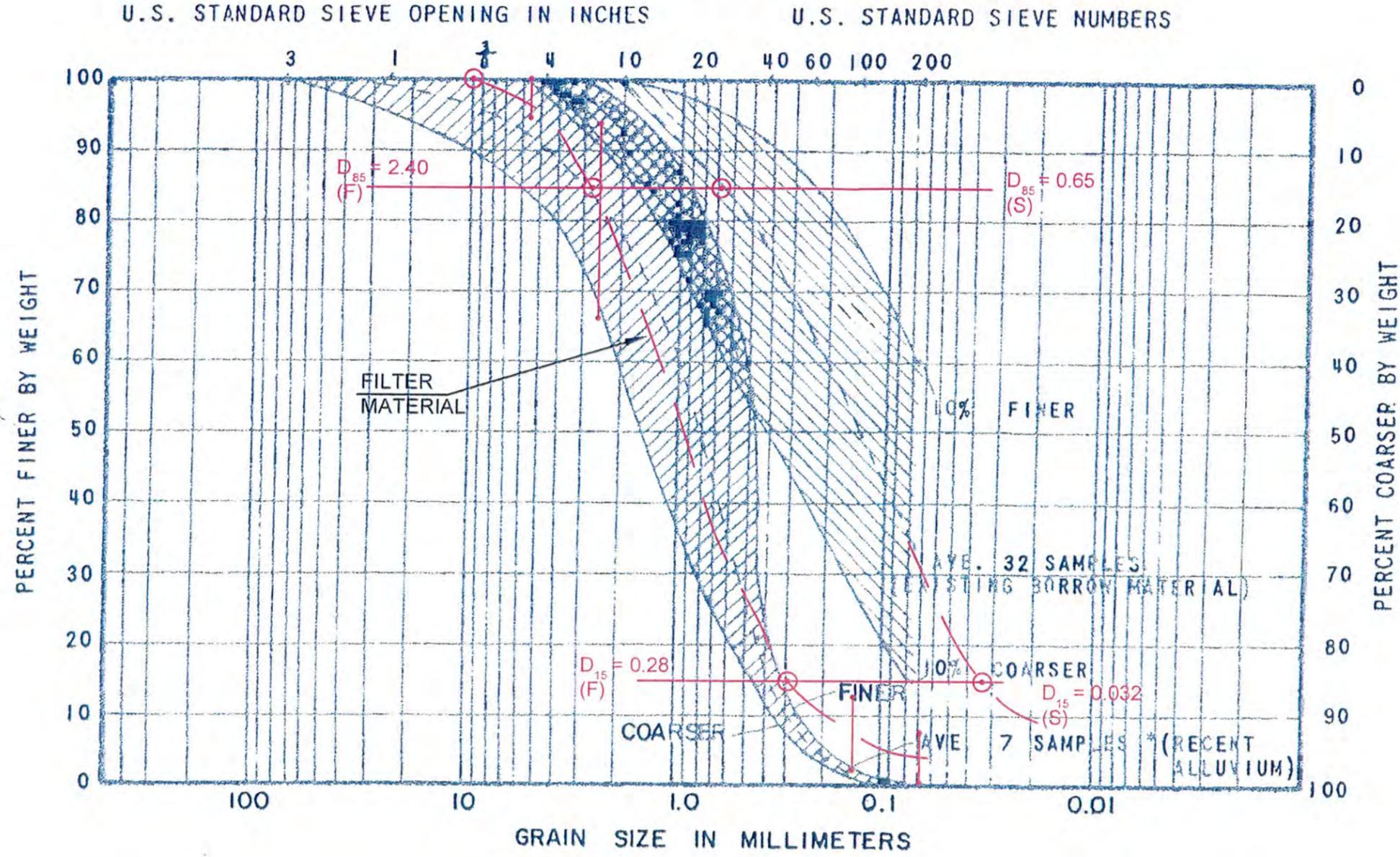
$$\frac{D_{15} \text{ Filter}}{D_{15} \text{ Soil}} > 4 = \frac{0.28}{0.032} = 8.8, \text{ OK}$$

$$\frac{D_{15} \text{ Filter}}{D_{15} \text{ Soil (Finer)}} = \frac{0.28}{0.07} = 4.0, \text{ OK}$$

COEFFICIENT OF FILTER UNIFORMITY

$$C_U = \frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}} > 2.5 = \frac{1.2}{0.2} = 6, \text{ OK}$$

GRADATION



- FILTER
- $D_{85} = 2.40$ mm (F)
- $D_{15} = 0.28$ mm (F)
- SOIL
- $D_{85} = 0.65$ mm (S)
- $D_{15} = 0.032$ mm (S)

COBBLES	GRAVEL		SAND			SILT OR CLAY
	COARSE	FINE	COARSE	MEDIUM	FINE	

FILTER MATERIALS PIEZOMETER INSTALLATIONS

BIG DRY CREEK DAM
 Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
 Fresno, California

REFERENCE: SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS
 BIG DRY CREEK DAM
 REDBANK AND FANCHER CREEKS, CA.
 FILE NO. SJ-11-20-11, SHEET B35



3/5/2008 11:20 AM \\G08111\... Dry Creek... Bank... User:konrad... Plot:G08111-16_2008-8450m

June 24, 2009

BSK Job No. G0811911F

Jerry Lakeman, P.E.
District Engineer
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 E. Olive
Fresno, California 93727

**SUBJECT: Supplement Preliminary Seepage Study
Big Dry Creek Dam
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
Contract No. BDR-18**

Dear Jerry:

Submitted is a Supplement to our Preliminary Study of the Big Dry Creek Dam embankment toe seepage for the area of Station 125+50 at Piezometer Profile P6.

This supplement provides more detailed analyses based on site-specific subsurface profiles developed with a group of five (5) borings and with additional laboratory tests performed on soil specimens derived from the borings. Station 125+50 is in an area of reported notable seepage and sand boils (storm event of April 7, 2006). This site-specific study confirms the analyses presented in the Preliminary Seepage Study for Big Dry Creek submitted on November 5, 2008.

The opportunity to be of service on this project is appreciated. We are prepared to meet with you and your staff to discuss our findings.

Respectfully submitted
BSK Associates



Hugo Kevorkian
Principal Geotechnical Engineer
CE16350, GE462, REAII 20080

HK:jam

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TABLES

Table 1 – Safety Factors – Exit Gradients
Table 2 – Seepage Flow Volume Estimates

FIGURES

Figures 1 through 4 – Seepage Analysis Big Dry Creek Dam – Station 121+50

APPENDICES

Appendix A – Field Exploration
Appendix B – Laboratory Testing

**SUPPLEMENT PRELIMINARY SEEPAGE STUDY
BIG DRY CREEK DAM
FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
CONTRACT NO. BDR-18**

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of our supplementary study for seepage observed along the toe drain for the Big Dry Creek Dam near Station 125+50. Recommendations for this supplemental study were presented in our proposal of April 16, 2009. Notice to proceed was issued by electronic mail on April 20, 2009 (FMFCD – Kurt Hupp).

A Preliminary Seepage Study Report ¹ dated November 5, 2008 was prepared by BSK for the Big Dry Creek Dam segment extending from Stations 63+00 to 121+85. This supplement provides more detailed analyses in the area of Station 125+50 based on a site-specific subsurface profile of five (5) borings and additional laboratory analyses of soil densities and permeability.

2.0 FIELD EXPLORATION

Field exploration data for the development of the subsurface profile was obtained in two stages. At Station 121+50, borings P6A, P6B and P6C were advanced through the center axis and downgradient of the main embankment in conjunction with the installation of piezometers.² Borings P6D and P6E were drilled on June 3, 2009 upgradient of the embankment at distances of 10 and 100 feet away from the embankment toe respectively. Figures 1 through 4 illustrate boring locations and depths. Boring logs are provided in Appendix A of this report.

3.0 LABORATORY TESTING

In situ moisture and dry density, permeability, particle size mechanical gradation analyses and hydrometer analyses were performed on soil specimens selected from the various intact and bulk soil samples obtained during the field exploration. The test data are presented in tabular and graphical format in Appendix B of this report.

4.0 REPORTS AND DOCUMENTS REVIEWED

The following reports and documents were reviewed in conjunction with the preparation of this supplement.

¹ "Preliminary Seepage Study Big Dry Creek Dam, Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District Contract No. BRD-18 Job No. G0811911F" BSK Associates, November 5, 2008.

² "Piezometer Installations Big Dry Creek Dam FMFCD Project BDR-18 Job No. G0811911F" BSK Associates, May 20, 2009

FMFCD field data for the monitoring and observations of seepage and sand boils. Storm event of April 7, 2006 (see Appendix "A").

"General Design Memorandum" Design Memorandum No. 1, Redbank and Fancher Creeks, California" U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Sacramento District February 1986 (inclusive of drawings File No. SJ-11-29-11, Sheets B9 through B41, dated 1-20-86).

"As Built, Contract No. DACW05-92-C-0052 Redbank and Fancher Creeks Big Dry Creek Dam, File SJ-11-9-39 Drawings C1 through C41" U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Sacramento District December 10, 1991.

"Photographs – Storm Event of April 7, 2006" Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (see Appendix "A").

"Big Dry Creek Dam, Fresno, California Embankment Criteria Performance Report" Department of the Army Sacramento District, Corps of Engineers Sacramento, California November 21, 1995.

"Piezometer Installations Big Dry Creek Dam FMFCD Project BDR-18 Job G0811911F" BSK Associates, May 20, 2009.

"Redbank and Fancher Creeks California Big Dry Creek Dam Site Geology Design Memorandum No. 5" U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Sacramento District, September 1986.

5.0 COMPUTER MODELING

Models for seepage analyses were developed for the embankment. The computer program SEEP2D developed by the USACE and commercially available to consulting engineers was used for the analyses. Soil profile and soil design parameter for the analyses were obtained from the field exploration and laboratory test data described in Section 2.0 and 3.0. The embankment profile was obtained from USACE reports listed in Section 4.0.

The following sets of conditions were developed for seepage analyses:

1. Pool elevation 421.0 soil profile and soil design parameters based on test data (Figure 1).
2. Pool elevation 439.2 at Standard Design Flood (SDF) peak flow soil profile and soil design parameters based on test data (Figure 2)

Computed exit gradient and seepage flow volumes are provided at the downgradient toe and for a discharge point 50 feet away from the toe. The latter parameter is intended to address the high incidence of sand boils reported at 48 feet from the toe (April 7, 2006). Pool elevation 421.0 is intended to duplicate water levels during the storm event of April 2006. Pool elevation 439.2 is

designed to address reservoir design capacity at the Standard Design Flood (SDF) maximum flow.

Based on the computed exit gradients (i_{exit}) of 0.13 and 0.44 for pool elevations 421.0 and 439.2, respectively and the calculated critical gradient ($i_{critical}$) of 1.08 derived from soil saturated weight of 130 pcf, safety factors (SF) against quick conditions or piping were derived. The results are listed in Table 1 below:

**TABLE 1
SAFETY FACTORS – EXIT GRADIENTS**

$$SF_{(421')} = \frac{i_{critical}}{i_{exit}} = \frac{1.08}{0.13} = 8.30$$

$$SF_{439.2} = \frac{i_{critical}}{i_{exit}} = \frac{1.08}{0.44} = 2.45$$

These safety factors depart from the values of 4.91 and 2.70 previously obtained during our preliminary study at Station 119+89 for the lower and maximum water elevations respectively. Lower flow volumes are derived based on this specific supplementary study as compared to the original preliminary study. Table 2 below provides a comparison of seepage flow volume estimates.

**TABLE 2
SEEPAGE FLOW VOLUME ESTIMATES
(Cubic Feet/Day/Foot)**

Water Elevation	General Preliminary Study (Nov. 5, 2008)	Site-Specific Supplementary Study (May 2009)
421.0	3.25	0.20
439.2	6.56	0.40

The lower flow volumes indicated in the supplementary study reflect the site-specific higher incidence of lower permeability soil fill placed upgradient of the embankment and natural deposits beneath the embankment as opposed to the more general profile used for the preliminary study.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS

Site-specific seepage analyses were performed for the dam embankment at Station 121+50. Greater details of subsurface profile were obtained from the piezometer installations and additional borings advanced upgradient of the embankment. Additional laboratory testing was also performed.

Station 121+50 was selected for the study on the bases of reported concentrations of sand boils and seepage (April 7, 2006).

The resulting seepage rates and exit gradients developed from the site-specific analyses differ from those derived from the earlier general seepage analyses. As listed in Table 1, the safety factor for seepage exit gradients increased for the low impoundment (pool elevation, 421.0) and decreased slightly for the maximum impoundment (pool elevation 439.2). For the seepage flow rates, as listed in Table 2, a marked decrease is noted.³

We conclude that at this time, the calculated safety factors for the site-specific analyses at Station 121+50 do not justify taking additional mitigating measures. Rather, future monitoring of recently installed piezometers should be performed to acquire actual seepage data and to formulate reassessments of seepage criteria. Seepage analyses at Station 121+50 were performed to provide a more specific approach to assessing the significance of reported seepage and sand boil occurrences during the storm event of April 7, 2006. Embankment conditions and configurations at Station 121+50 are specific. Other areas of the Big Dry Creeks Dam previously studied differ, although the occurrence of sand boils and seepage was reported in several locations in particular, the area of piezometer profile P1 at Station 63+75.

Figures 3 and 4 provide illustrations of the influence of modifying the existing toe drain by deepening it from the existing 5 foot to 12 to 15 feet below surface. The resulting exist gradients at 50 feet from the toe are 0.08 and 0.33 for the lower and maximum pool elevations, respectively. This approach would be available in the event remedial measures to increase seepage factors of safety became necessary.

7.0 LIMITATIONS

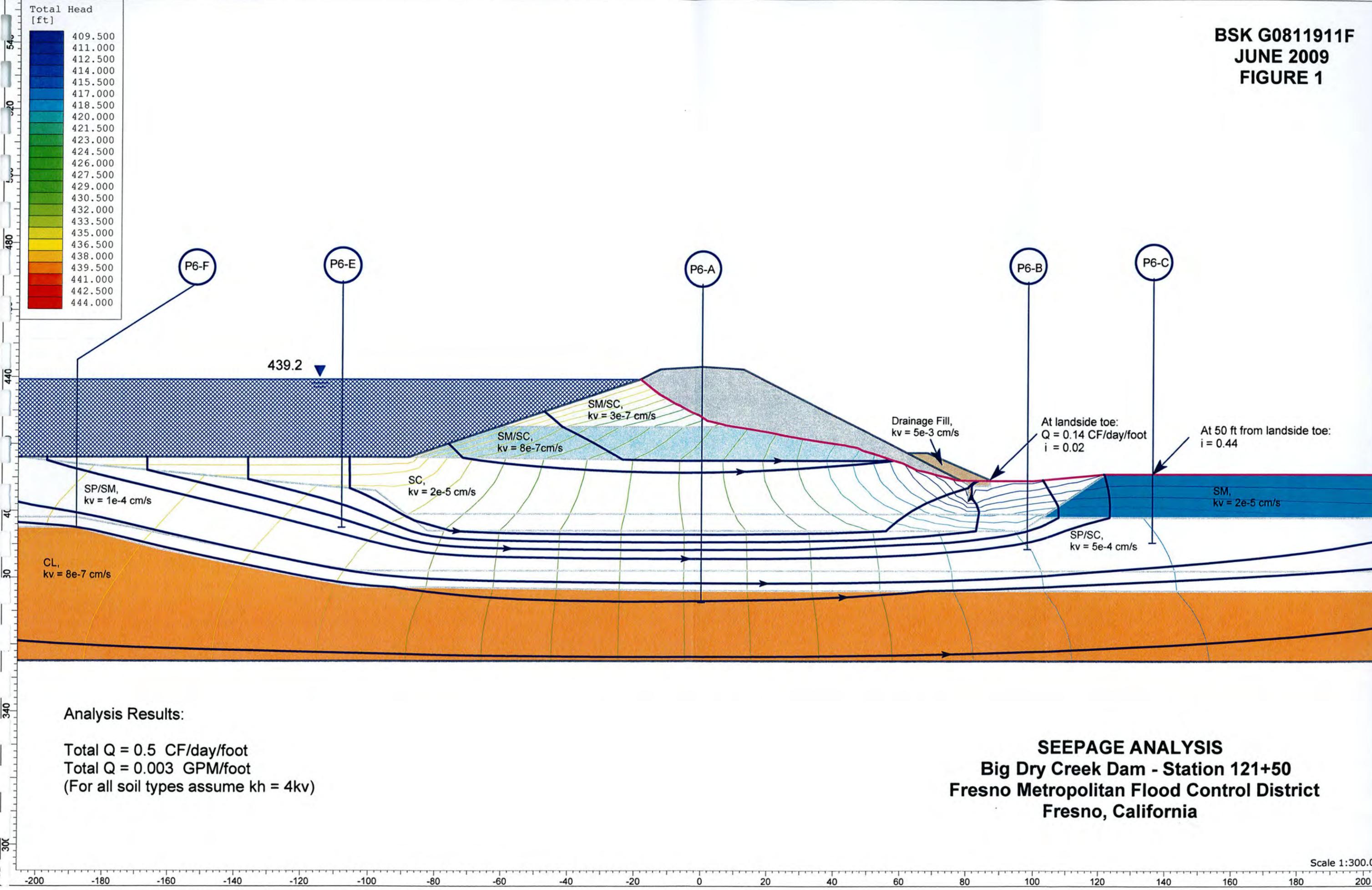
This site-specific seepage study is based on published geotechnical engineering design data and subsurface soil data contained in references listed in Sections 2 and 3 of this report. Findings and conclusions presented in this report may not apply to other areas of the Big Dry Creek Dam embankment.

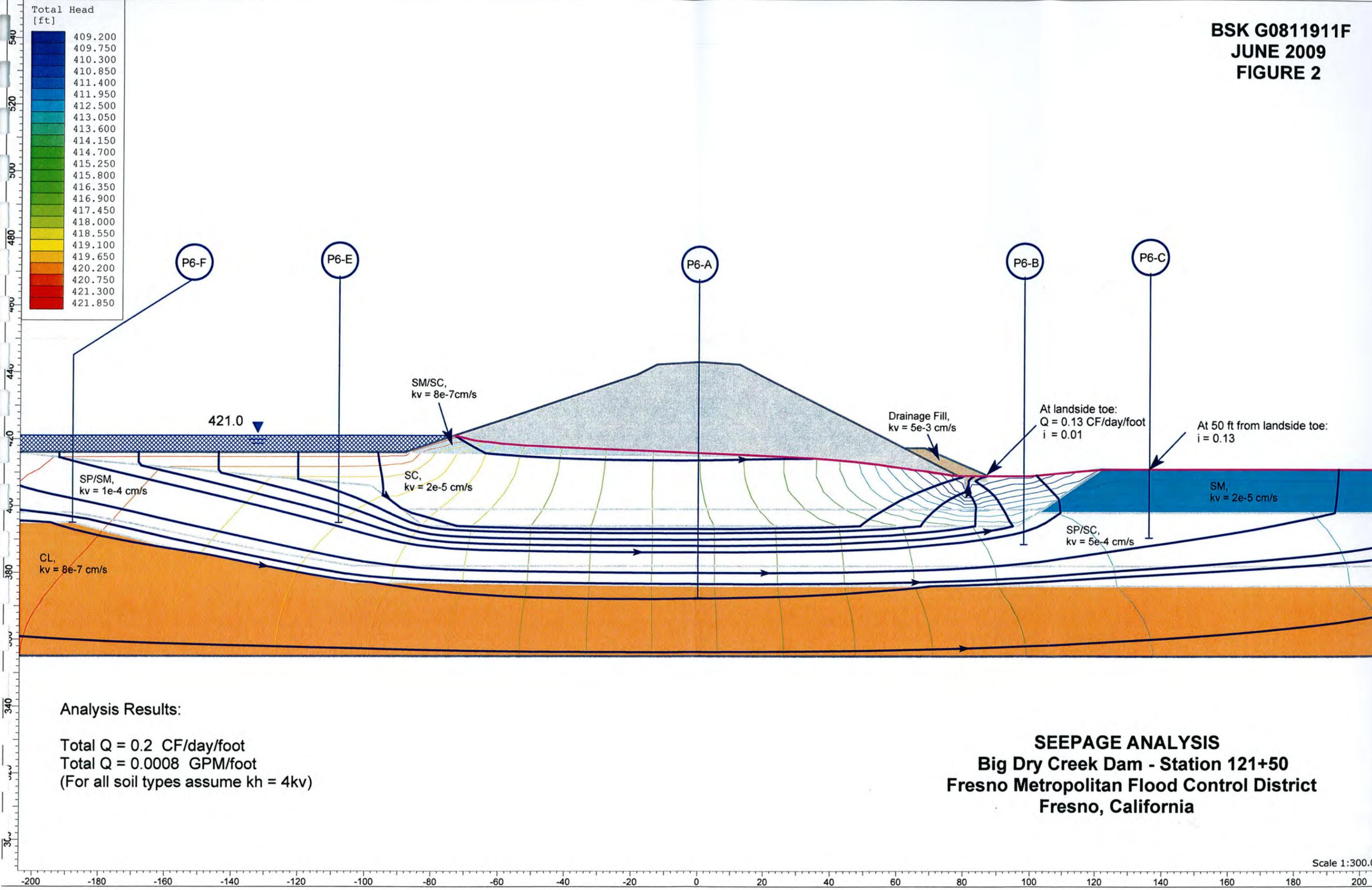
BSK has prepared this report for the exclusive use of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District. The report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practices for the project area at the time of the report preparation. No other warranty express or implied, is made as to the professional advice provided in this report under the terms of BSK's agreement and with Client.

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³ The USACE Sacramento District Levee Design Criteria call for exit gradients of 0.3 and 0.5 for new and existing levees, respectively (SF.=2.8, 1.7). The definition of "New" levee includes existing levees if they are being designed to a higher water surface or to a higher level of performance. However, a lower factor of safety could be used if there was sufficient soil data and past performance information to justify (ETL 110-2-555).

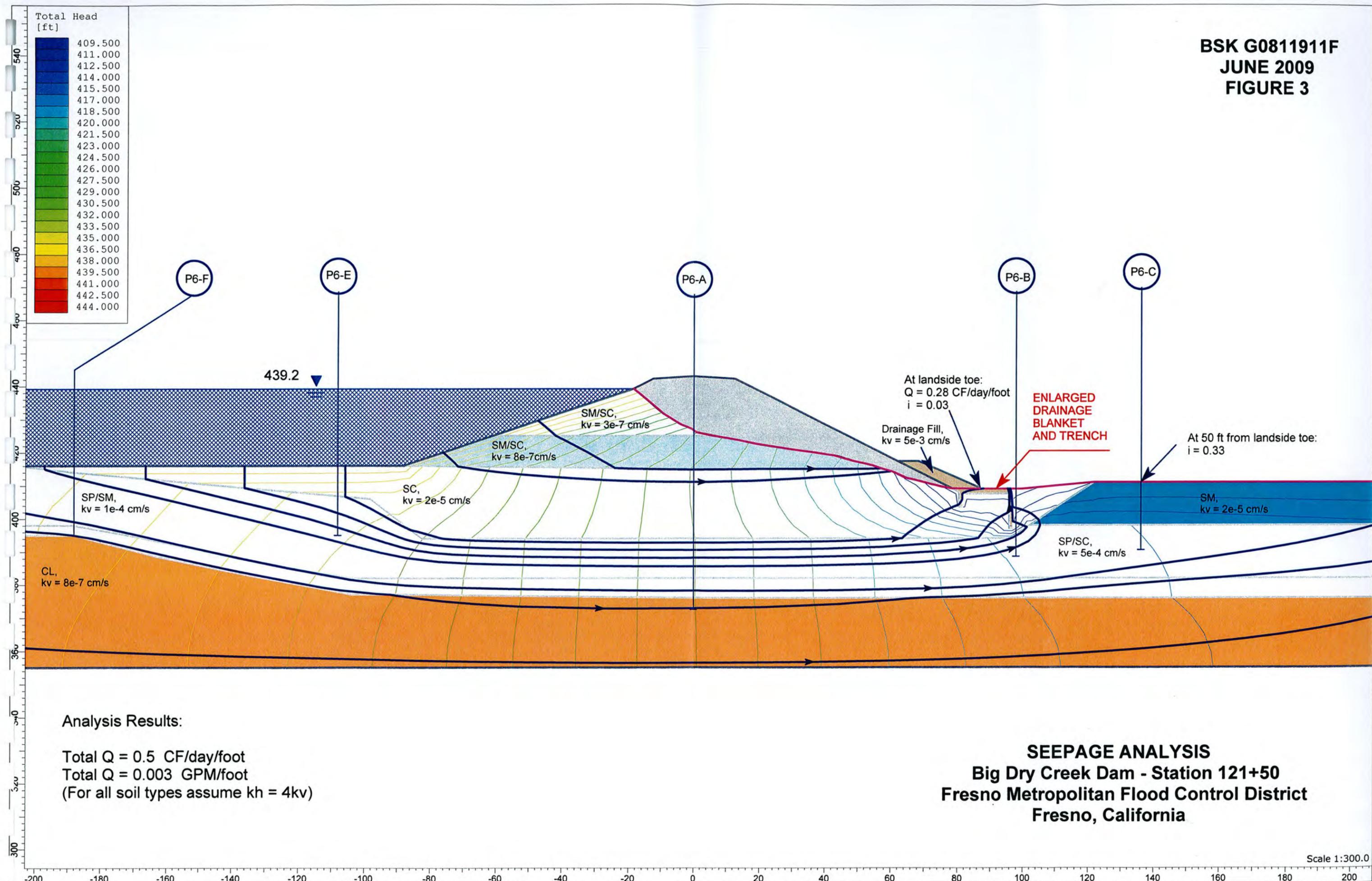


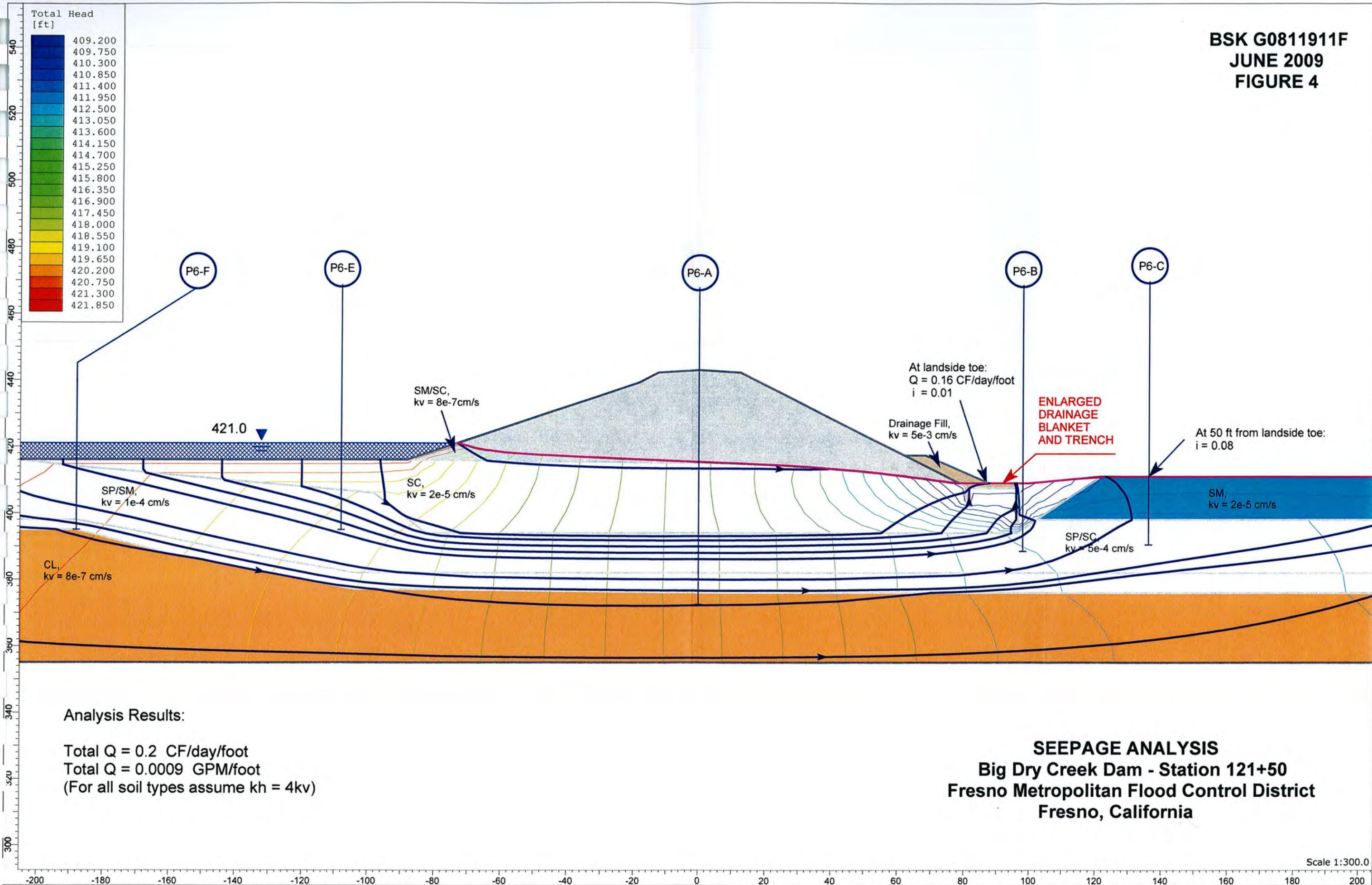


Analysis Results:

Total Q = 0.2 CF/day/foot
 Total Q = 0.0008 GPM/foot
 (For all soil types assume $kh = 4kv$)

SEEPAGE ANALYSIS
Big Dry Creek Dam - Station 121+50
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
Fresno, California





APPENDIX A
Field Exploration

MAJOR DIVISIONS				TYPICAL NAMES	
COARSE GRAINED SOILS More than Half >#200	GRAVELS MORE THAN HALF COURSE FRACTION IS LARGER THAN NO. 4 SIEVE	CLEAN GRAVELS WITH LITTLE OR NO FINES	GW		WELL GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES
			GP		POORLY GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES
		GRAVELS WITH OVER 15% FINES	GM		SILTY GRAVELS, POORLY GRADED GRAVEL-SAND-SILT MIXTURES
			GC		CLAYEY GRAVELS, POORLY GRADED GRAVEL-SAND-CLAY MIXTURES
	SANDS MORE THAN HALF COURSE FRACTION IS SMALLER THAN NO. 4 SIEVE	CLEAN SANDS WITH LITTLE OR NO FINES	SW		WELL GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS
			SP		POORLY GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS
		SANDS WITH OVER 15% FINES	SM		SILTY SANDS, POORLY GRADED SAND-SILT MIXTURES
			SC		CLAYEY SANDS, POORLY GRADED SAND-CLAY MIXTURES
FINE GRAIN SOILS More than Half <#200 sieve	SILTS AND CLAYS LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 50	ML		INORGANIC SILTS AND VERY FINE SANDS, ROCK FLOUR, SILTY OR CLAYEY FINE SANDS, OR CLAYEY SILTS WITH SLIGHT PLASTICITY	
		CL		INORGANIC CLAYS OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY CLAYS, SANDY CLAYS, SILTY CLAYS, LEAN CLAYS	
		OL		ORGANIC CLAYS AND ORGANIC SILTY CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY	
	SILTS AND CLAYS LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50	MH		INORGANIC SILTS, MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACIOUS FINE SANDY OR SILTY SOILS, ELASTIC SILTS	
		CH		INORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY, FAT CLAYS	
		OH		ORGANIC CLAYS OF MEDIUM TO HIGH PLASTICITY, ORGANIC SILTS	
HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS			Pt		PEAT AND OTHER HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS

Notes:

Dual symbols are used to indicate borderline soil classifications. Blow counts represent the number of blows a 140-pound hammer falling 30 inches required to drive a sampler through the last 12 inches of an 18 inch penetration, unless otherwise noted. The lines separating strata on the logs represent approximate boundaries only. The actual transition may be gradual. No warranty is provided as to the continuity of soil strata between borings. Logs represent the soil section observed at the boring location on the date of drilling only.

	Modified California	RV	R-Value
	Standard Penetration Test (SPT)	SA	Sieve Analysis
	Split spoon	SW	Swell Test
	Pushed Shelby Tube	TC	Cyclic Triaxial
	Auger Cuttings	TX	Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial
	Grab Sample	TV	Torvane Shear
	Sample Attempt with No Recovery	UC	Unconfined Compression
CA	Chemical Analysis	(1.2)	(Shear Strength, ksf)
CN	Consolidation	WA	Wash Analysis
CP	Compaction	(20)	(with % Passing No. 200 Sieve)
DS	Direct Shear		Water Level at Time of Drilling
PM	Permeability		Water Level after Drilling (with date measured)
PP	Pocket Penetrometer		

SOIL CLASSIFICATION CHART AND KEY TO TEST DATA
Unified Soil Classification System

PLATE:



BSK Associates
 567 W Shaw Suite B
 Fresno Ca 93704
 Telephone: 559-497-2880
 Fax: 559-497-2886

LOG OF BORING NO. P6-E

Project Name: **Big Dry Creek & Red Bank Dams**
 Location: **Fresno and Clovis, CA**
 Job Number: **G0811911F**

Figure A1

Depth, feet	Samples	Penetration Blows / Foot	In-Situ Dry Weight (pcf)	In-Situ Moisture Content (%)	% Passing No. 200 Sieve	Graphic Log	Surface El.: 419.0 Location: See Figures 1 through 4 Borehole Location Map Surface Description: MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
5	█	39	120	9			Sandy CLAY (CL) Orange brown, fine to medium grained with trace of 0.5-inch gravel, moist. Fill? Bulk Sample at 0.5 - 4 feet	
7-9							Bulk Sample at 7 - 9 feet ... fine to coarse grained	
10	█	85	112	7			SAND (SP) Brown, fine to medium grained, moist	
12-14							Bulk Sample at 12 - 14 feet	
15	█	64	119	5			... increase in silt, fine to coarse grained	
20	█	23	111	4			... orange brown, medium to coarse grained	
25								
30								

GEOTECHNICAL 08 G0811911F BIG DRY CREEK GPJ GEOTECHNICAL 08 GDT 6/24/09

Completion Depth: **21.0**
 Date Started: **6/3/09**
 Date Completed: **6/3/09**
 Logged By: **Ashleigh Love**
 Checked By: **Hugo Kevorkian**

Drilling Equipment and Method: Mobile 61 with 8 inch Hollow Stem Auger Auto Hammer, California Modified
 Remarks: 1) Boring terminated at 21 feet 2) Groundwater not encountered 3) Boring backfilled with soil cuttings



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LOG OF BORING NO. P6-F

Project Name: **Big Dry Creek & Red Bank Dams**
 Location: **Fresno and Clovis, CA**
 Job Number: **G0811911F**

Figure A2

Depth, feet	Samples	Penetration Blows / Foot	In-Situ Dry Weight (pcf)	In-Situ Moisture Content (%)	% Passing No. 200 Sieve	Graphic Log	Surface El.: 418.0 Location: See Figures 1 through 4 Borehole Location Map Surface Description: MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
							Sandy CLAY (CL) Orange brown, fine to medium grained. Fill? Bulk Sample at 0.5 - 4 feet	
5		13	113	8			SAND (SP) Dark brown, fine grained, moist	
10		52	116	11			Sandy CLAY (CL) Orange brown, fine grained, moist	
15		11	110	11			Silty SAND (SM) Brown, fine to medium grained, moist Bulk Sample at 15 - 16 feet ...with trace of clay	
20		29	118	14			Sandy CLAY with Silt (CL) Orange brown, fine grained, moist	
25								
30								

GEO TECHNICAL 08 G0811911F BIG DRY CREEK.GPJ GEO TECHNICAL 08.GDT 6/24/09

Completion Depth: **21.0**
 Date Started: **6/3/09**
 Date Completed: **6/3/09**
 Logged By: **Ashleigh Love**
 Checked By: **Hugo Kevorkian**

Drilling Equipment and Method: Mobile 61 with 8 inch Hollow Stem Auger Auto Hammer, California Modified
 Remarks: 1) Boring terminated at 21 feet 2) Groundwater not encountered 3) Boring backfilled with soil cuttings



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Log of Well P-6 - A/B
Red Bank Dam
Figure A3

Sheet: 1 of 2

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 443.08

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 11, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 11, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: 61'

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0						Gravel road surface	0		10" Well Vault
0						Sandy Silt w/Clay (ML)			Ready Mix Concrete
2						Red brown, fine to medium grained, dry to moist, dense (FILL)	-2		Bag sample at 2' - 5'
4		39	125	11.5			-4		
6						...drills hard	-6		
8						...yellow brown dry to moist	-8		
10		37	121	10.6			-10		
12							-12		
14		59	130	9.6		...brown, moist, very dense, less fines	-14		Bentonite Grout
16							-16		
18							-18		Bag sample at 18' - 22
20		49				Sandy CLAY (CL)	-20		
22						Dark olive gray, fine to medium grained with trace coarse, hard, intermixed silty sand (FILL)	-22		1" Schedule 80 PVC
24		59	130	8.0			-24		
26							-26		
28							-28		
30		68	130	9.8		Sandy SILT w/Clay (ML)	-30		Bag sample at 30' - 35
32						Red brown with yellow brown and gray, fine to coarse, very dense (FILL)	-32		
34		75	129	9.7		...intermixed silty sand	-34		
36						...intermixed silty sand and sandy silt, fine to medium, dense, hard, moist	-36		
38							-38		



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Log of Well P-6 - A/B
Red Bank Dam
Figure A3

Sheet: 2 of 2

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation 443.08

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
-40		52	135	6.7		... more sand, fine to coarse	-39		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
-42		49	123	11.5		... grades to silty sand	-40		Caltrans Concrete Sand
-44		46	120	5.7		Silty SAND w/trace Clay (SM) Red brown, fine to coarse, trace of fine gravel, dense (FILL)	-41		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
-46		47	122	11.4		... more clay, fine to medium, moist	-42		Bag sample at 45' - 50'
-48		49	123	8.1		Silty SAND w/trace Clay (SM) Red brown, fine to coarse, moist, dense (NATIVE)	-43		End Cap P6-A
-50		73-11"	116	6.9		... trace of gravel, fine to coarse	-44		
-52		86-10"	117	17.0		... sandy silt layer	-45		
-54						... yellow brown, fine, micaceous	-46		Bentonite Grout
-56						... decreasing fines	-47		1" Schedule 80 PVC
-58						... red brown, fine to coarse, wet, very dense	-48		
-60							-49		61'
-62							-50		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
-64		73	123	12.8			-51		Caltrans Concrete Sand
-66							-52		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
-68							-53		
-70		30	107	19.9		Silty CLAY w/trace of fine sand (CL) Light red brown with black speckles, moist to wet, stiff	-54		End Cap P6-B
-72						Boring terminated at 70.5 feet Groundwater encountered at 61 feet	-55		
-74							-56		
-76							-57		



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Log of Well P-6-C
Red Bank Dam
Figure A4

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 407.91 (Pad)

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 3, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 3, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: Not encountered

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0							0		10" Schedule 80 PVC Standpipe
0-4		31				Clayey SAND (SC) Red olive brown, fine to medium with trace of coarse, moist	-2		Bag sample at 0' - 4'
4-6						...red brown, moist, medium dense	-3		Bentonite Grout
6-10		17				...less fines, trace of fine gravel	-4		
10-14						...decreasing fines	-5		1" Schedule 80 PVC
14-16		25				...red brown, fine to coarse, increasing gravel content	-6		
16-20		50-3"				...very dense	-7		
20						Boring terminated at 20 feet	-8		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
20-21							-9		Caltrans Concrete Sand
21-22							-10		
22-23							-11		
23-24							-12		
24-25							-13		
25-26							-14		
26-27							-15		
27-28							-16		
28-29							-17		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC
29-30							-18		Geotextile Wrap
30-31							-19		
31-32							-20		End Cap
32-33							-21		
33-34							-22		
34-35							-23		
							-24		
							-25		
							-26		
							-27		
							-28		
							-29		
							-30		
							-31		
							-32		
							-33		
							-34		
							-35		



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Log of Well P-6-D

Red Bank Dam
Figure A5

Sheet: 1 of 1

Job Number: G0811911F

Elevation: 411.43 (Pad)

Driller: BSK Associates

Start Date: February 3, 2009

Drill Method: BK-81 w/8" Hollow Stem Auger

Finish Date: February 3, 2009

Sample Method: 2.4" I.D. California Sampler

Logged By: N. Shwiyhat

Borehole Diameter: 8"

Water Level: Not encountered

Reviewed By: H. Kevorkian

Depth (feet)	Sample Type	Blow Count (blows/ft.)	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture (%)	Graphic Log	Materials Description	Elevation (feet)	Well Completion	Remarks
0						Silty SAND (SM) Brown, fine to medium grained, moist	0		10" Schedule 80 PVC Standpipe Bag sample at 1' - 5'
-2							-2		
-4		23				...orange brown, slight decrease in fines, medium dense	-4		Bentonite Grout
-6							-6		
-8						...red brown, fine to coarse, trace of clay	-8		1" Schedule 80 PVC
-10		26					-10		Bag sample at 10' - 15'
-12							-12		Hydrated Bentonite Chips
-14		22				...less fines, trace of fine gravel, fine to coarse	-14		Caltrans Concrete Sand
-16							-16		
-18							-18		0.02" Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Geotextile Wrap
-20		40				...medium dense to dense, more clay, sporadic fine to medium gravel	-20		End Cap
-22						Boring terminated at 20.5 feet Groundwater not encountered	-22		
-24							-24		
-26							-26		
-28							-28		
-30							-30		
-32							-32		
-34							-34		
-35							-35		

APPENDIX B
Laboratory Testing

BSK

Associates: 1415 Tuolumne Street. Fresno, CA. 93706- PH: (559) 497-2868 Fax: (559) 485-1863

HYDAULIC CONDUCTIVITY TEST CONSTANT HEAD METHOD- ASTM D-2434

REPORT DATE: 6/9/2009

BSK PROJECT NAME: Big Dry Creek Dam
BSK PROJECT NO.: G0811911F

Sample I.D.: P6-F @ 5.5'
Visual Classification: Sand / Silty Sand (SP/SM), Fine to Medium Grained, Brown

Sampled By: A. Love Tested By: N. Shwiyhat
Sample Date: 6/3/2009 Test Date: 6/8/2009

Density Determination: _____

Moisture Detrmination: _____

Diameter, cm:	<u>6.12</u>	Pan + Wet Soil wt., gm	<u>186.9</u>
Tube & Soil Gross wt., gm	<u>1091.0</u>	Pan wt., gm	<u>0.0</u>
Tube wt., gm	<u>216.5</u>	Pan + dry wt., gm	<u>172.7</u>
Wet Soil wt., gm	<u>874.5</u>	% moisture Content:	<u>8.2</u>
Tube Length, cm	<u>15.24</u>		
Tare Length, cm	<u>0.00</u>		
Sample Length, cm	<u>15.24</u>		
Dry Density, g/cm ³	<u>1.80</u>	Dry Density, pcf	<u>112.4</u>

Hyraulic Conductivity Specimen: _____

Diameter, cm	<u>6.12</u>	Area (A), cm ² :	29.43
Tube Length, cm	<u>15.24</u>		
Tare Length, cm	<u>3.40</u>		
Specimen Length (L), cm	<u>11.84</u>		

Trial Number	Constant Head, h, cm	Elapsed Time, t (s)	Outflow Volume Q, cm ³	Water Temp., T, °C	K _T	K ₂₀
1	40.64	4020	57.0	23.0	1.40E-04	1.31E-04
2	40.64	4020	48.0	23.0	1.18E-04	1.10E-04
3	40.64	4020	47.0	23.0	1.16E-04	1.05E-04
4	40.64	4020	44.0	23.0	1.08E-04	9.85E-05
Average Hydraulic Conductivity, cm/sec					1.11E-04	

BSK

ASSOCIATES

CONSTANT VOLUME FLEXIBLE-WALL PERMEABILITY TEST (ASTM D-5084)		
PROJECT NAME :	Big Dry Creek Dam	
BSK JOB NO. :	G0811911F	
Report Date:	5/20/2009	
Sample Date:	2/11/2009	
Sample I.D.:	P6-A/B @ 10'	
Soil Description:	Clayey Sand w/ Silt (SC), Red Brown, Fine to Coarse w/ a Trace of Fine Gravel	
STAGE	INITIAL	FINAL
WET WEIGHT (GM)	186.7	190.0
DRY WEIGHT (GM)	168.8	168.8
MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	10.6	12.6
AVE. LENGTH (IN)	1.177	1.161
AVE DIAMETER (IN)	2.393	2.370
Vt (CU. FT)	3.07E-03	2.96E-03
Vw (CU. FT)	6.31E-04	7.48E-04
Vs (CU. FT)	2.21E-03	2.21E-03
Va (CU. FT)	2.25E-04	6.36E-06
Vv (CU.FT)	8.56E-04	7.54E-04
s Degree of saturation %	73.7	99.2
DRY DENSITY (PCF)	121.3	125.4
e (VOID RAITO)	0.39	0.34
n (POROSITY)	27.9	25.5
"B" PARAMETER	0.95	
BACK PRESSURE (PSI)	21.5	
EFFECTIVE PRESSURE (PSI)	13.5	
PERMEABILITY (cm/sec)	2.75E-07	
NOTES :		
1) A 0.005N SOLUTION OF CaSO4 WAS USED AS PERMEANT		
2) POROSITY WAS BASED ON A SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF 2.7		

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ASSOCIATES

CONSTANT VOLUME FLEXIBLE-WALL PERMEABILITY TEST (ASTM D-5084)

PROJECT NAME :	Big Dry Creek Dam
BSK JOB NO. :	G0811911F
Report Date:	5/20/2009
Sample Date:	2/11/2009
Sample I.D.:	P6-A/B @ 20'
Soil Description:	Silty Sand / Clayey Sand (SM/SC), Olive Brown, Fine to Medium Grained w/ a Trace of Coarse

STAGE	INITIAL	FINAL
WET WEIGHT (GM)	212.7	215.7
DRY WEIGHT (GM)	195.7	195.7
MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	8.7	10.2
AVE. LENGTH (IN)	1.252	1.247
AVE DIAMETER (IN)	2.416	2.402
Vt (CU. FT)	3.32E-03	3.27E-03
Vw (CU. FT)	6.01E-04	7.07E-04
Vs (CU. FT)	2.56E-03	2.56E-03
Va (CU. FT)	1.59E-04	3.00E-06
Vv (CU.FT)	7.60E-04	7.10E-04
s Degree of saturation %	79.0	99.6
DRY DENSITY (PCF)	129.8	131.8
e (VOID RAITO)	0.30	0.28
n (POROSITY)	22.9	21.7
"B" PARAMETER	0.95	
BACK PRESSURE (PSI)	18	
EFFECTIVE PRESSURE (PSI)	27	
PERMEABILITY (cm/sec)	7.73E-07	

NOTES :

- 1) A 0.005N SOLUTION OF CaSO₄ WAS USED AS PERMEANT
- 2) POROSITY WAS BASED ON A SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF 2.7

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CONSTANT VOLUME FLEXIBLE-WALL PERMEABILITY TEST (ASTM D-5084)

PROJECT NAME :	Big Dry Creek Dam
BSK JOB NO. :	G0811911F
Report Date:	5/20/2009
Sample Date:	2/11/2009
Sample I.D.:	P6-A/B @ 45'
Soil Description:	Clayey Sand w/ Silt (SC), Red Brown, Fine to Coarse w/ a Trace of Fine Gravel

STAGE	INITIAL	FINAL
WET WEIGHT (GM)	162.6	172.7
DRY WEIGHT (GM)	153.8	153.8
MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	5.7	12.3
AVE. LENGTH (IN)	1.092	1.057
AVE DIAMETER (IN)	2.390	2.375
Vt (CU. FT)	2.83E-03	2.71E-03
Vw (CU. FT)	3.09E-04	6.66E-04
Vs (CU. FT)	2.01E-03	2.01E-03
Va (CU. FT)	5.12E-04	3.10E-05
Vv (CU.FT)	8.21E-04	6.97E-04
s Degree of saturation %	37.7	95.6
DRY DENSITY (PCF)	119.5	125.0
e (VOID RAITO)	0.41	0.35
n (POROSITY)	29.0	25.7
"B" PARAMETER	0.95	
BACK PRESSURE (PSI)	20	
EFFECTIVE PRESSURE (PSI)	30	
PERMEABILITY (cm/sec)	2.46E-05	

NOTES :

- 1) A 0.005N SOLUTION OF CaSO₄ WAS USED AS PERMEANT
- 2) POROSITY WAS BASED ON A SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF 2.7

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ASSOCIATES

CONSTANT VOLUME FLEXIBLE-WALL PERMEABILITY TEST (ASTM D-5084)		
PROJECT NAME :	Big Dry Creek Dam	
BSK JOB NO. :	G0811911F	
Report Date:	5/20/2009	
Sample Date:	2/11/2009	
Sample I.D.:	P6-A/B @ 54.5'	
Soil Description:	Sand w/ a Trace of Clay (SP/SC), Red Brown, Fine to Coarse Grained	
STAGE	INITIAL	FINAL
WET WEIGHT (GM)	187.2	200.1
DRY WEIGHT (GM)	175.1	175.1
MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	6.9	14.3
AVE. LENGTH (IN)	1.278	1.222
AVE DIAMETER (IN)	2.419	2.400
Vt (CU. FT)	3.40E-03	3.20E-03
Vw (CU. FT)	4.26E-04	8.82E-04
Vs (CU. FT)	2.29E-03	2.29E-03
Va (CU. FT)	6.81E-04	2.70E-05
Vv (CU.FT)	1.11E-03	9.09E-04
s Degree of saturation %	38.5	97.0
DRY DENSITY (PCF)	113.4	120.5
e (VOID RAITO)	0.48	0.40
n (POROSITY)	32.6	28.4
"B" PARAMETER	0.95	
BACK PRESSURE (PSI)	20	
EFFECTIVE PRESSURE (PSI)	30	
PERMEABILITY (cm/sec)	3.06E-04	
NOTES :		
1) A 0.005N SOLUTION OF CaSO4 WAS USED AS PERMEANT		
2) POROSITY WAS BASED ON A SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF 2.7		

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ASSOCIATES

CONSTANT VOLUME FLEXIBLE-WALL PERMEABILITY TEST (ASTM D-5084)		
PROJECT NAME :	Big Dry Creek Dam	
BSK JOB NO. :	G0811911F	
Report Date:	5/22/2009	
Sample Date:	2/3/2009	
Sample I.D.:	P6-D @ 15'	
Soil Description:	Sand w/ a Trace of Silt Clay (SP/SM), Red Brown, Fine to Coarse Grained	
STAGE	INITIAL	FINAL
WET WEIGHT (GM)	236.0	259.0
DRY WEIGHT (GM)	225.8	225.8
MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	4.5	14.7
AVE. LENGTH (IN)	1.732	1.715
AVE DIAMETER (IN)	2.378	2.314
Vt (CU. FT)	4.45E-03	4.17E-03
Vw (CU. FT)	3.59E-04	1.17E-03
Vs (CU. FT)	2.96E-03	2.96E-03
Va (CU. FT)	1.14E-03	4.64E-05
Vv (CU.FT)	1.50E-03	1.22E-03
s Degree of saturation %	24.0	96.2
DRY DENSITY (PCF)	111.7	119.2
e (VOID RAITO)	0.51	0.41
n (POROSITY)	33.6	29.2
"B" PARAMETER	0.95	
BACK PRESSURE (PSI)	29	
EFFECTIVE PRESSURE (PSI)	20.3	
PERMEABILITY (cm/sec)	4.67E-04	
NOTES :		
1) A 0.005N SOLUTION OF CaSO4 WAS USED AS PERMEANT		
2) POROSITY WAS BASED ON A SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF 2.7		

BSK

Associates: 1415 Tuolumne Street. Fresno, CA. 93706- PH: (559) 497-2868 Fax: (559) 485-1863

HYDAULIC CONDUCTIVITY TEST CONSTANT HEAD METHOD- ASTM D-2434

REPORT DATE: 5/20/2009

BSK PROJECT NAME: Big Dry Creek Dam
BSK PROJECT NO.: G0811911F

Sample I.D.: P1-C @ 10'
Visual Classification: Sand w/ a Trace of Silt and Clay (SP/SM), Orange Brown, Fine to Coarse Grained
Trace of Fine Gravel

Sampled By: N. Shwiyhat Tested By: N. Shwiyhat
Sample Date: 2/5/2009 Test Date: 5/6/2009

Density Determination: _____

Moisture Detrmination: _____

Diameter, cm:	<u>6.12</u>	Pan + Wet Soil wt., gm	<u>127.0</u>
Tube & Soil Gross wt., gm	<u>1029.6</u>	Pan wt., gm	<u>0.0</u>
Tube wt., gm	<u>258.8</u>	Pan + dry wt., gm	<u>113.2</u>
Wet Soil wt., gm	<u>770.8</u>	% moisture Content:	<u>12.2</u>
Tube Length, cm	<u>15.24</u>		
Tare Length, cm	<u>2.69</u>		
Sample Length, cm	<u>12.55</u>		
Dry Density, g/cm ³	<u>1.86</u>	Dry Density, pcf	<u>116.1</u>

Hyraulic Conductivity Specimen: _____

Diameter, cm	<u>6.12</u>	Area (A), cm ² :	29.43
Tube Length, cm	<u>15.24</u>		
Tare Length, cm	<u>2.69</u>		
Specimen Length (L), cm	<u>12.55</u>		

Trial Number	Constant Head, h, cm	Elapsed Time, t (s)	Outflow Volume Q, cm ³	Water Temp., T, °C	K _T	K ₂₀
1	40.64	300	62.0	23.0	2.17E-03	2.02E-03
2	40.64	300	59.0	23.0	2.06E-03	1.92E-03
3	40.64	300	63.0	23.0	2.20E-03	2.00E-03
4	40.64	300	54.0	23.0	1.89E-03	1.72E-03
Average Hydraulic Conductivity, cm/sec					1.92E-03	

BSK

Associates: 1415 Tuolumne Street. Fresno, CA. 93706- PH: (559) 497-2868 Fax: (559) 485-1863

HYDAULIC CONDUCTIVITY TEST CONSTANT HEAD METHOD- ASTM D-2434

REPORT DATE: 5/20/2009

BSK PROJECT NAME: Big Dry Creek Dam
BSK PROJECT NO.: G0811911F

Sample I.D.: P1-D @ 9.5'
Visual Classification: Sand w/ a Trace of Silt and Clay (SP/SM), Red Brown, Fine to Medium Grained
Trace of Fine Gravel

Sampled By: N. Shwiyhat Tested By: N. Shwiyhat
Sample Date: 2/9/2009 Test Date: 5/18/2009

Density Determination: _____

Moisture Detrmination: _____

Diameter, cm: <u>6.12</u>	Pan + Wet Soil wt., gm <u>94.5</u>
Tube & Soil Gross wt., gm <u>629.7</u>	Pan wt., gm <u>0.0</u>
Tube wt., gm <u>246.7</u>	Pan + dry wt., gm <u>80.3</u>
Wet Soil wt., gm <u>383.0</u>	% moisture Content: <u>17.6</u>
Tube Length, cm <u>15.24</u>	
Tare Length, cm <u>9.02</u>	
Sample Length, cm <u>6.22</u>	
Dry Density, g/cm ³ <u>1.78</u>	Dry Density, pcf <u>110.9</u>

Hyraulic Conductivity Specimen: _____

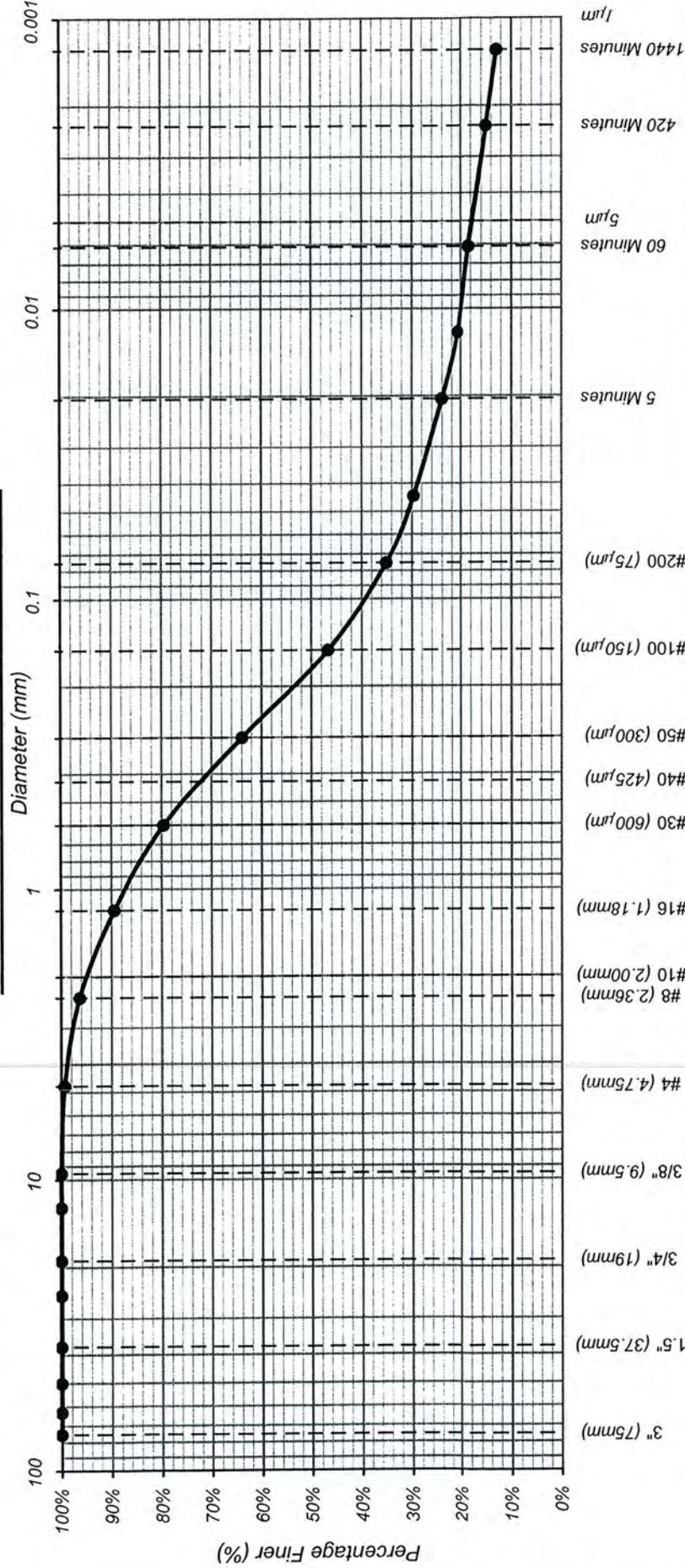
Diameter, cm <u>6.12</u>	Area (A), cm ² : <u>29.43</u>
Tube Length, cm <u>15.24</u>	
Tare Length, cm <u>10.41</u>	
Specimen Length (L), cm <u>4.83</u>	

Trial Number	Constant Head, h, cm	Elapsed Time, t (s)	Outflow Volume Q, cm ³	Water Temp., T, °C	K _T	K ₂₀
1	40.64	90	77.5	23.0	3.47E-03	3.24E-03
2	40.64	90	75.0	23.0	3.36E-03	3.13E-03
3	40.64	90	75.0	23.0	3.36E-03	3.06E-03
4	40.64	90	72.0	23.0	3.23E-03	2.94E-03
Average Hydraulic Conductivity, cm/sec					3.09E-03	

Gradation Analysis Report
ASTM D-422 / ASTM C-136

Project Name: Big Dry Creek Dam **Project Number:** G0811911F **Report Date:** 05/20/09
Sample Location: P6-A/B @ 20' **Sample Lab ID:** F09-185 **Sample Date:** 02/11/09
Sample Description: Silty Sand / Clayey Sand (SM/SC), Olive Brown, Fine to Medium w/ Trace of Coarse Grained **Test Date:** 05/11/09

Particle Size Distribution Diagram



Clear Square Openings (ASTM C-136)		US Standard Series (ASTM D-422)		Hydrometer Readings (ASTM D-422)	
Cobble		Coarse	Medium	Fine	
	Gravel	Sand		Silt (Non-Plastic) to Clay (Plastic)	
	Coarse	Fine			
% Gravel = 1%		% Sand = 64%	% Silt = 18%	% Clay = 17%	

Reviewed By: _____ Approved By: _____

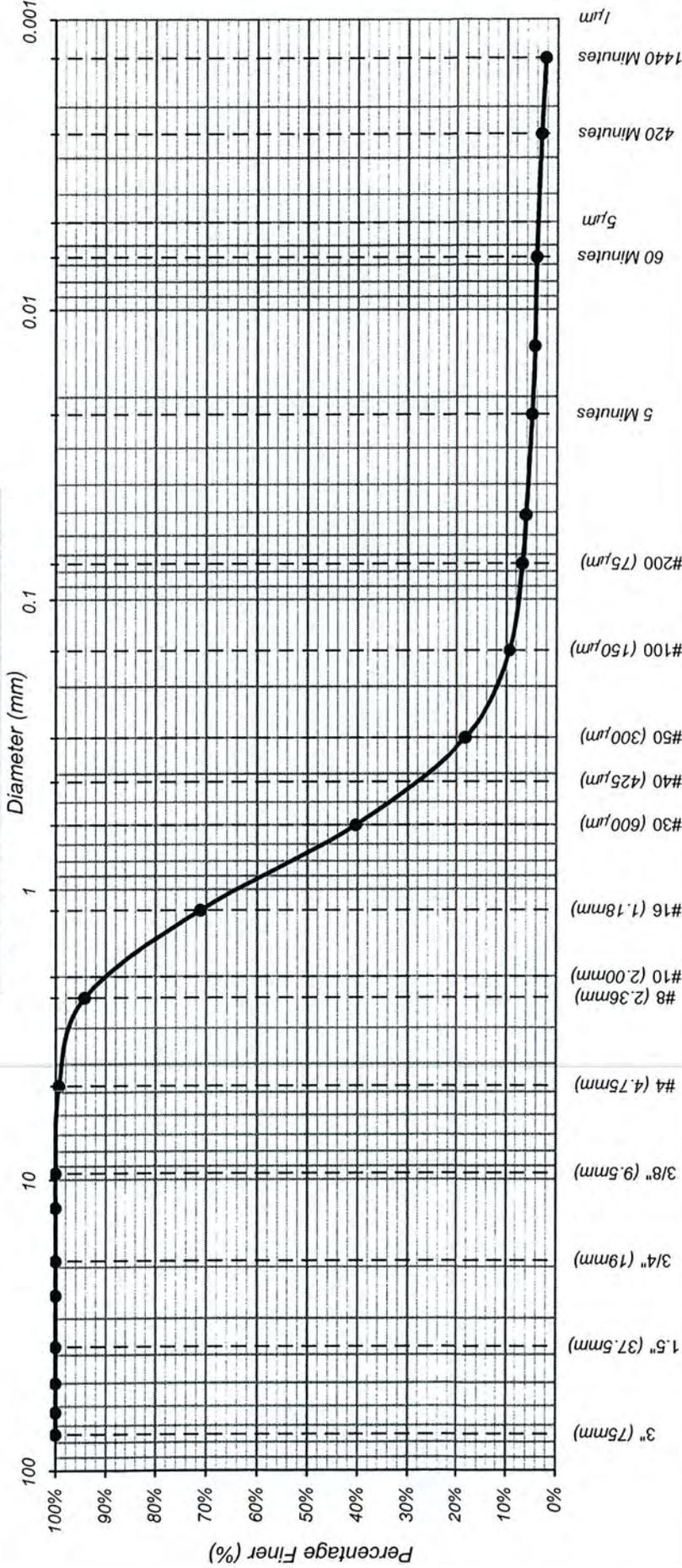
Gradation Analysis Report
ASTM D-422 / ASTM C-136

FIGURE #

1415 Tuolumne St.
 Fresno, CA 93706
 Ph: (559) 497-2868
 Fax: (559) 485-6140

Project Name: Big Dry Creek Dam **Project Number:** G0811911F **Report Date:** 05/22/09
Sample Location: P6-D @ 15' **Sample Lab ID:** F09-185 **Sample Date:** 02/03/09
Sample Description: Sand w/ Trace of Silt and Clay (SP/SM), Red Brown, Fine to Coarse Grained **Test Date:** 05/21/09

Particle Size Distribution Diagram



Clear Square Openings (ASTM C-136)		US Standard Series (ASTM D-422)			Hydrometer Readings (ASTM D-422)	
Coarse	Fine	Coarse	Medium	Fine	Silt (Non-Plastic) to Clay (Plastic)	
					% Sand = 93%	% Silt = 3%
					% Gravel = 1%	% Clay = 4%

Reviewed By: _____ Approved By: _____

Workplan Piezometer
Installations
Big Dry Creek Dam
Fresno Metropolitan Flood
Control District

BSK Job No. G0811911F

November 10, 2010

Prepared for:

Jerry Lakeman, P.E.
District Engineer
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 E. Olive
Fresno, California 93727



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November 10, 2010

BSK No. G0811911F

Jerry Lakeman, P.E.
District Engineer
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 E. Olive
Fresno, CA 93727

**SUBJECT: Workplan Piezometer Installations
Big Dry Creek Dam
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District**

Dear Jerry:

In response to our meeting of October 5, 2010, we are submitting at your request, our workplan for the installation of piezometers for the monitoring of seepage along the south embankment of Big Dry Creek Dam.

PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION

We propose the installation of piezometer clusters at four locations along the designated south embankment. The piezometer stations are proposed in the areas of higher embankment depths in the westerly 7,000 feet, from Station 140+00 to Station 214+00. Cluster will consist of either two or four piezometer. Piezometers "A" and "B" will be installed at the embankment crest in a common 10-inch diameter boring. Piezometer "A" will extend through the embankment and terminate at the foundation contact. Piezometer "B" will extend to a maximum depth of 20 feet below foundation contact or to weathered rock surface. Where applicable, piezometers "C" and "D" will be installed into individual 8-inch diameter borings at a depth of 20 feet. This network of piezometers will serve to monitor seepage and groundwater elevation rise during storm water impoundments.

Figures 2, 3 and 4 provide typical construction details for the various piezometers. Figures 5 through 7 provide general profiles and embankment configurations for the proposed piezometer locations. Projected depths of piezometers are approximate and will be determined in the field based on the depth of embankment and underlying foundation soil profile established during drilling.

Drilling for the installation of piezometers will be performed by BSK. A BK-81 truck-mounted drill rig equipped with 8 and 10-inch diameter hollow-stem augers will be used.

ELEVATION SURVEY AND STAKING

Staking for piezometer installation will be necessary in accordance with the current USACE stationing system. At completion of piezometer installations, the top rim of each piezometer pipe will be surveyed to establish elevations in reference to the USACE benchmark for the dam. The survey work will be subcontracted.

FEE ESTIMATES

We have estimated that the fee for the construction of the piezometer network described in this workplan will comprise the following elements:

Piezometers "A" and "B". 3 sets of 2 piezometers at \$8,800.00 per set:	\$26,400.00
Piezometers "C" and "D". 2 sets of 2 piezometers at \$7,800.00 per set:	\$15,600.00
Elevation surveys (Subcontract Blair Church & Flynn) Lump Sum:	<u>\$5,600.00</u>
ESTIMATED TOTAL	*\$47,600.00

**Reporting and engineering evaluation charges are not included in this estimate. Services will be provided on a time and materials basis in accordance with our 2010 Fee Schedule.*

SCHEDULE

The following schedule is anticipated for the installation of the piezometer network:

Staking for piezometer locations, mobilization of drill rig	5 working days
Piezometers "A" and "B"	7 working days
Piezometers "C" and "D"	4 working days
ESTIMATED TOTAL	16 working days

This workplan is presented for your review and evaluation. We are prepared to meet with you and discuss the various elements of the plan.

The opportunity to be of service on this project is appreciated.

Respectfully submitted

BSK Associates



Hugo Kevorkian
Senior Principal Geotechnical Engineer
CE16350
GE462
REAH 20080

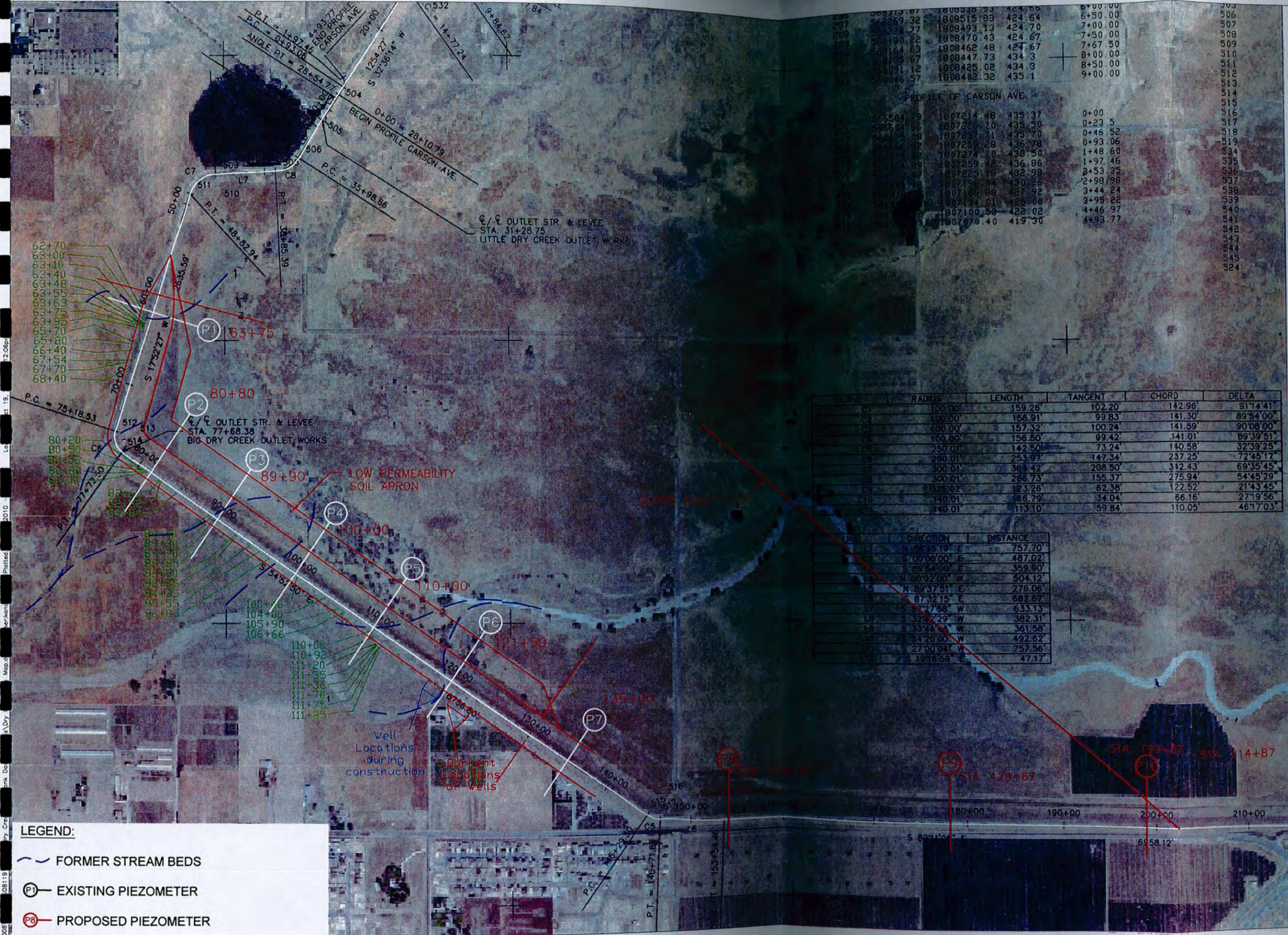


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Cc: Bob Van Wyk

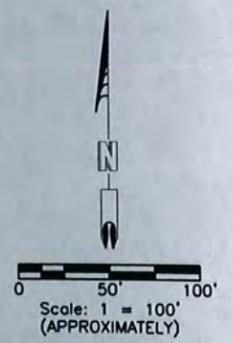
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CURVE	RADIUS	LENGTH	TANGENT	CHORD	DELTA
C1	100.00	159.26	102.20	142.96	91°14'41"
C2	100.00	156.91	99.83	141.30	89°54'00"
C3	100.00	157.32	100.24	141.99	90°08'00"
C4	100.00	156.50	99.42	141.01	89°39'51"
C5	250.01	142.50	73.24	140.58	32°39'25"
C6	200.01	253.97	147.34	237.25	72°45'17"
C7	300.01	364.42	208.50	312.43	69°35'45"
C8	300.01	286.73	155.37	275.94	54°45'29"
C9	325.02	123.26	62.38	122.52	21°43'45"
C10	140.01	66.79	34.04	66.16	27°19'56"
C11	140.01	113.10	59.84	110.05	46°17'03"

LINE	DIRECTION	DISTANCE
L1	N 25°15'19" E	757.70
L2	S 00°00'00" E	487.02
L3	S 89°54'00" E	359.90
L4	N 00°02'00" W	504.12
L5	N 89°37'51" E	276.06
L6	S 87°32'15" E	682.67
L7	S 87°27'58" W	633.13
L8	S 32°02'29" W	382.31
L9	S 33°44'55" W	361.58
L10	S 34°20'00" W	492.62
L11	S 27°00'04" W	757.56
L12	S 19°16'59" E	47.17

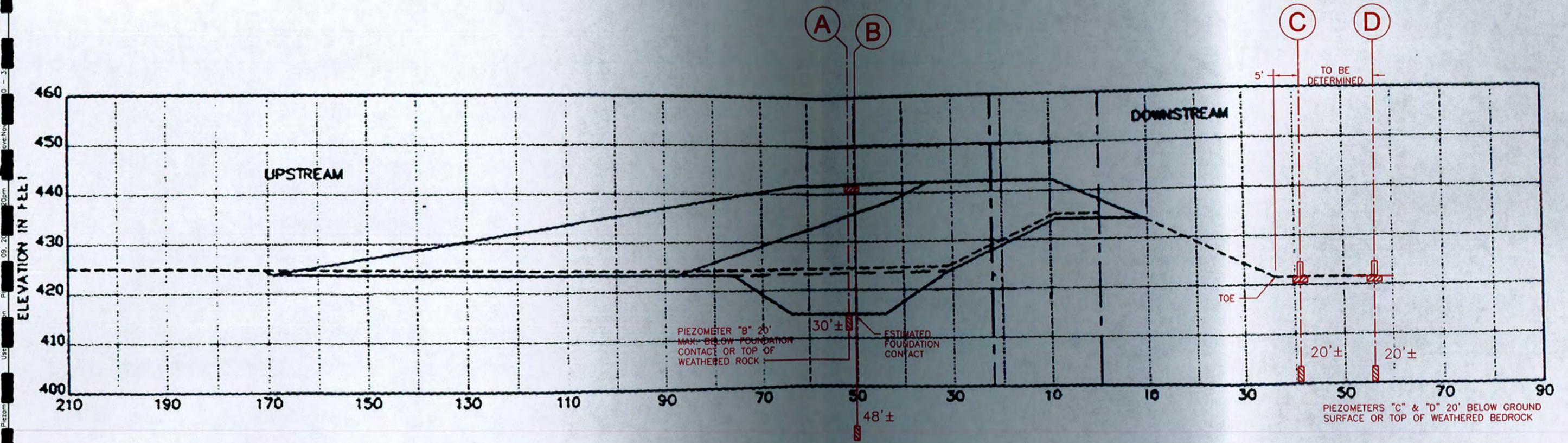
- LEGEND:**
- FORMER STREAM BEDS
 - EXISTING PIEZOMETER
 - PROPOSED PIEZOMETER



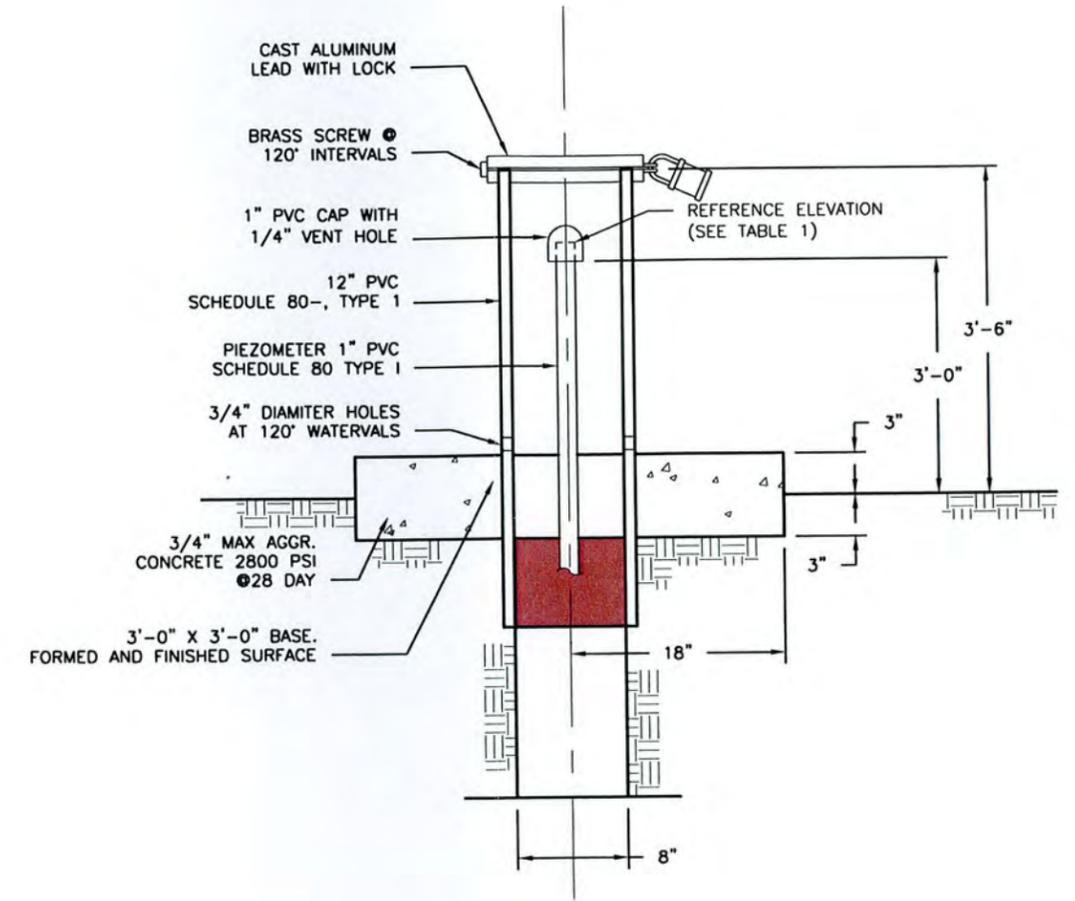
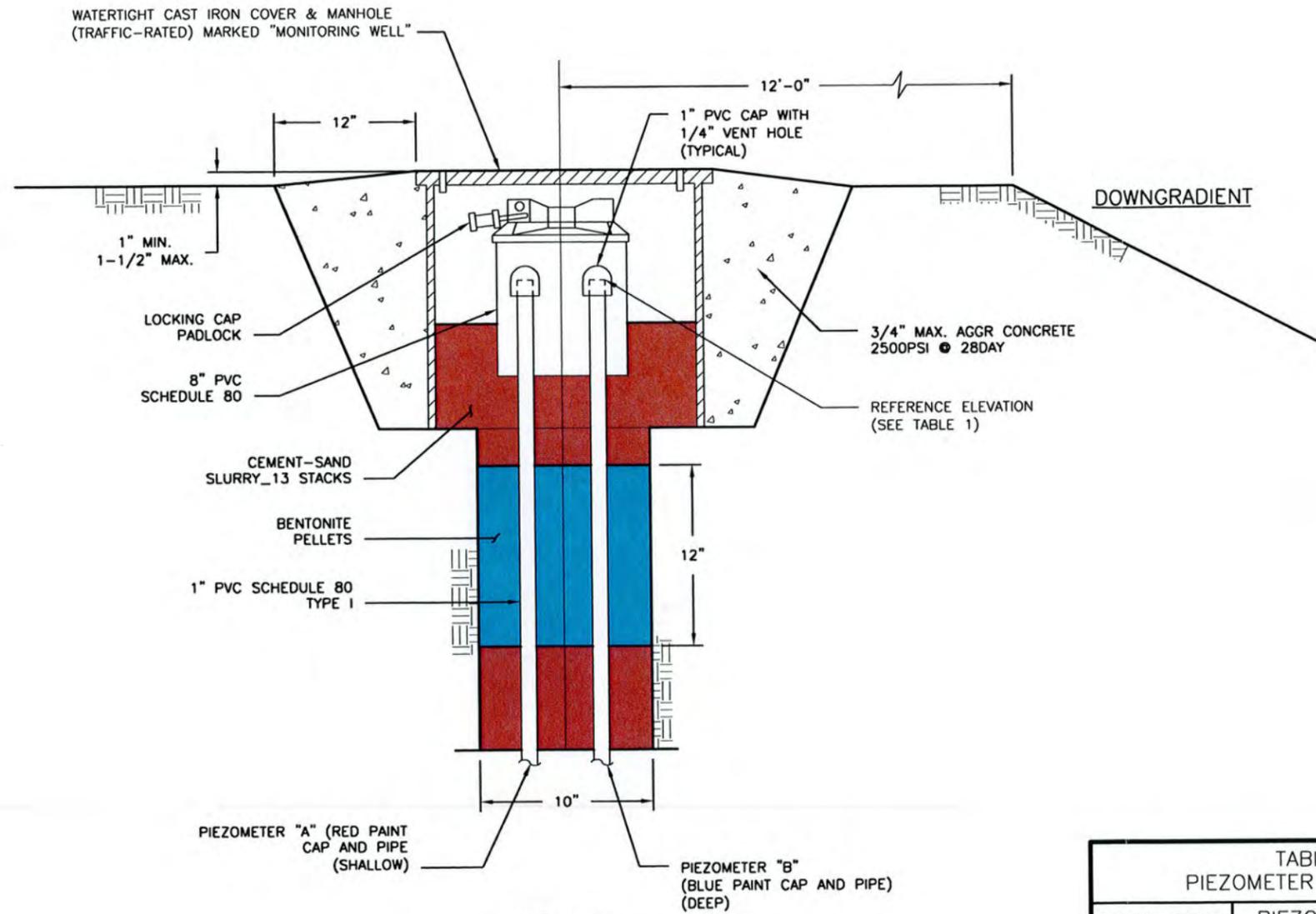
SITE MAP
 Big Dry Creek Dam
 Fresno County, California

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**DETAIL DRAWING
 OPEN TUBE-TYPE
 PIEZOMETER**
 Big Dry Creek Dam
 Fresno County, California



DETAIL "B"
 PIEZOMETER PROTECTIVE COVER
 PIEZOMETERS "C" & "D"
 AT EMBANKMENT TOE AREA

DETAIL "A"
 PIEZOMETER VAULT
 AT EMBANKMENT CREST
 PIEZOMETER "A" & "B"

LEGEND:

- BENTONITE PELLETS
- 13. SACK CEMENT-SAND GROUT (TREMIED)
- PERMEABLE MATERIAL. CALTRANS CLASS I, TYPE 'A' (SECTION 6B-1.025)

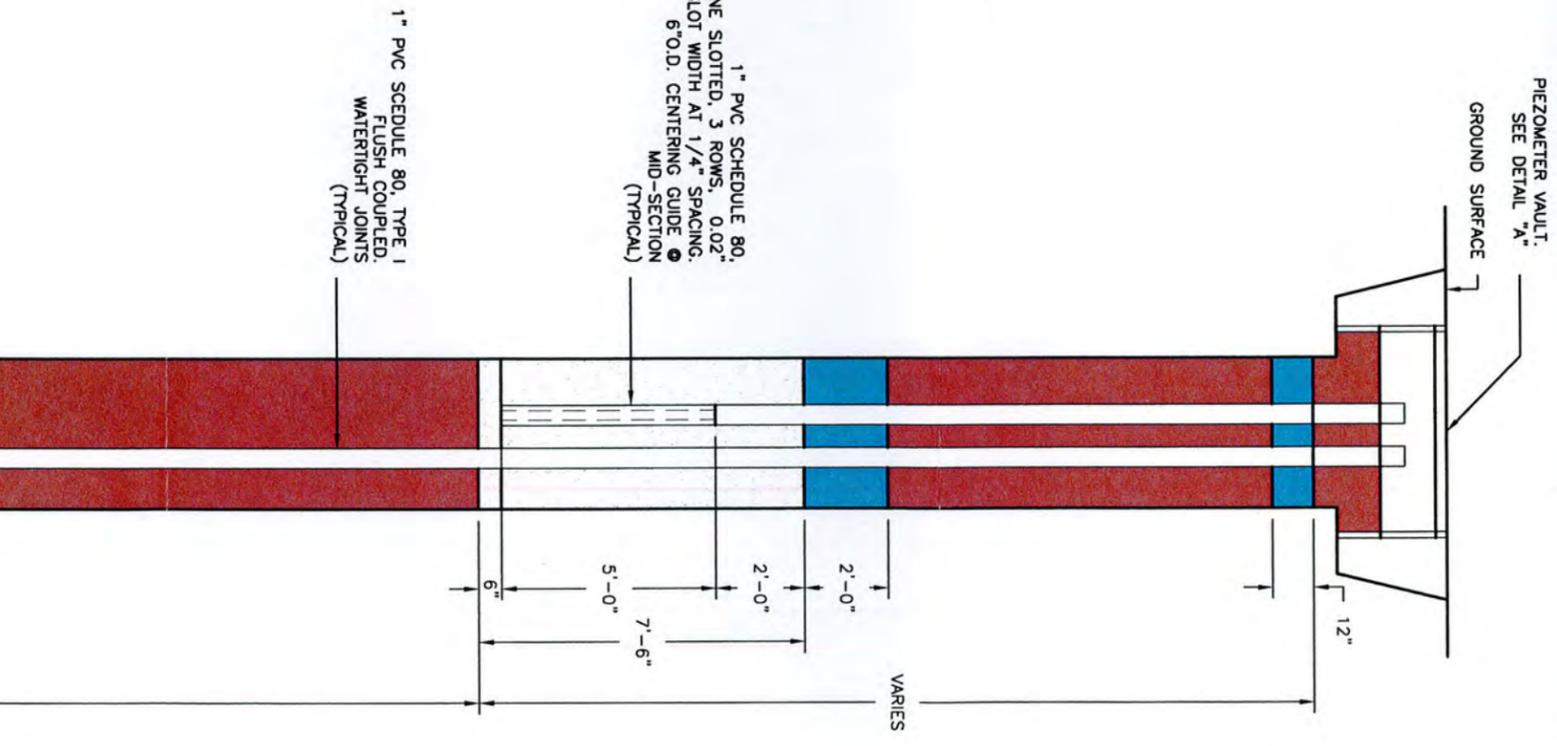
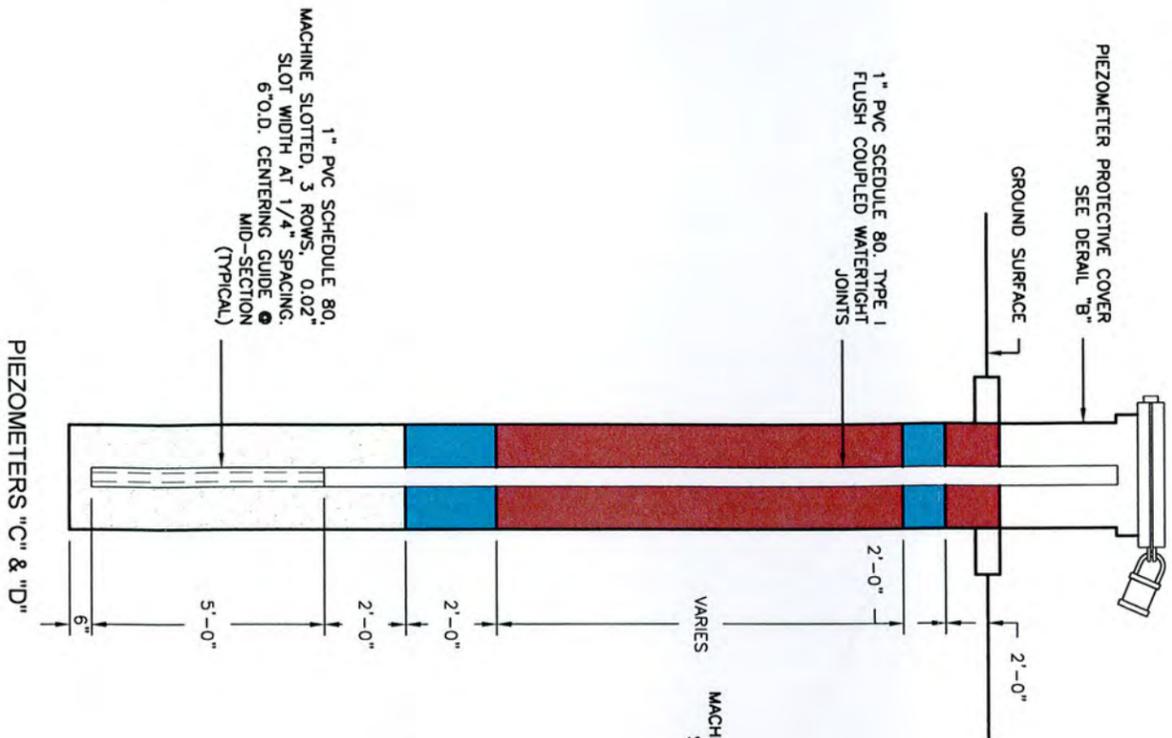
TABLE 1 PIEZOMETER ELEVATIONS				
PIEZOMETER STATION	PIEZOMETER ELEVATIONS			
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
P8				
P9				
P10				

**DETAIL DRAWINGS
 OPEN TUBE-TYPE
 PIEZOMETERS**

Big Dry Creek Dam
 Fresno County, California



- LEGEND:**
- BENTONITE PELLETS
 - 13. SACK CEMENT-SAND GROUT (TREMIED)
 - PERMEABLE MATERIAL, CALTRANS CLASS I, TYPE 'A' (SECTION 6B-1.025)

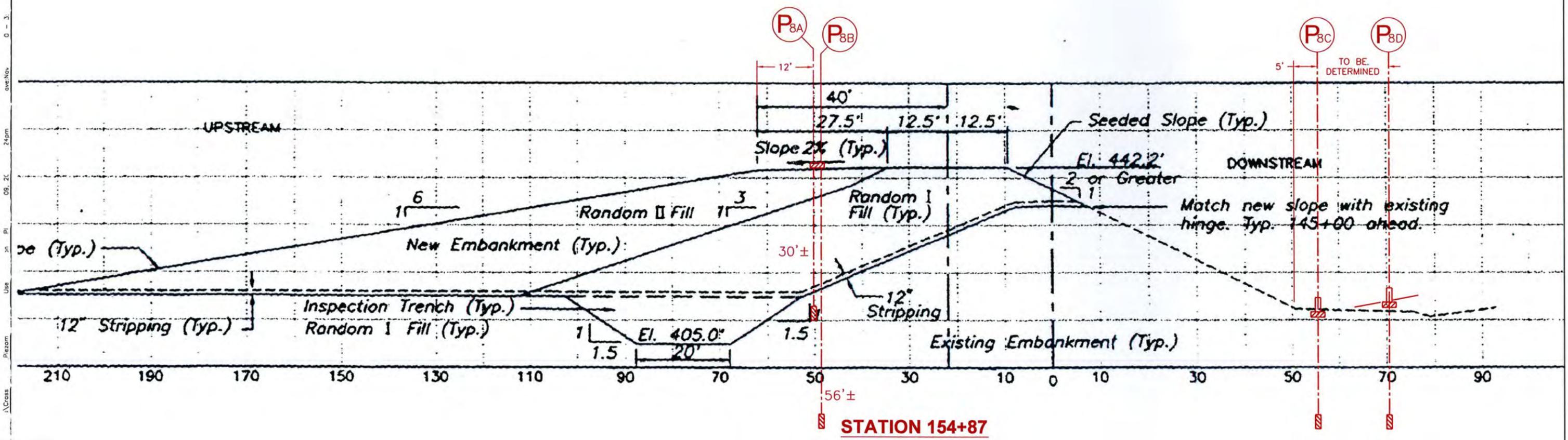


6" O.D. CENTERING GUIDE ● SLOTTED SECTION CENTER

DOUBLE PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION
PIEZOMETERS "A" & "B"

**DETAIL DRAWINGS
OPEN TUBE-TYPE
PIEZOMETERS**

Big Dry Creek Dam
Fresno County, California

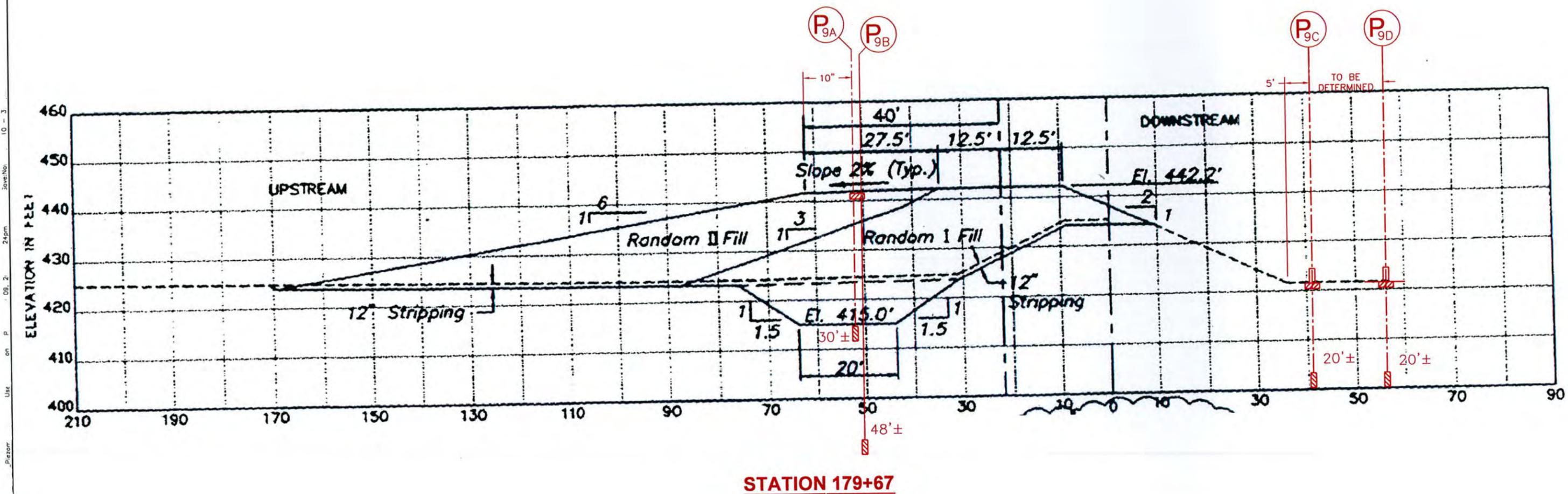


REFERENCE:
 USCE PROFILE 154+87.076 "AS-BUILT"

**CROSS SECTIONS
 PIEZOMETER
 INSTALLATIONS**
 Big Dry Creek Dam
 Fresno County, California



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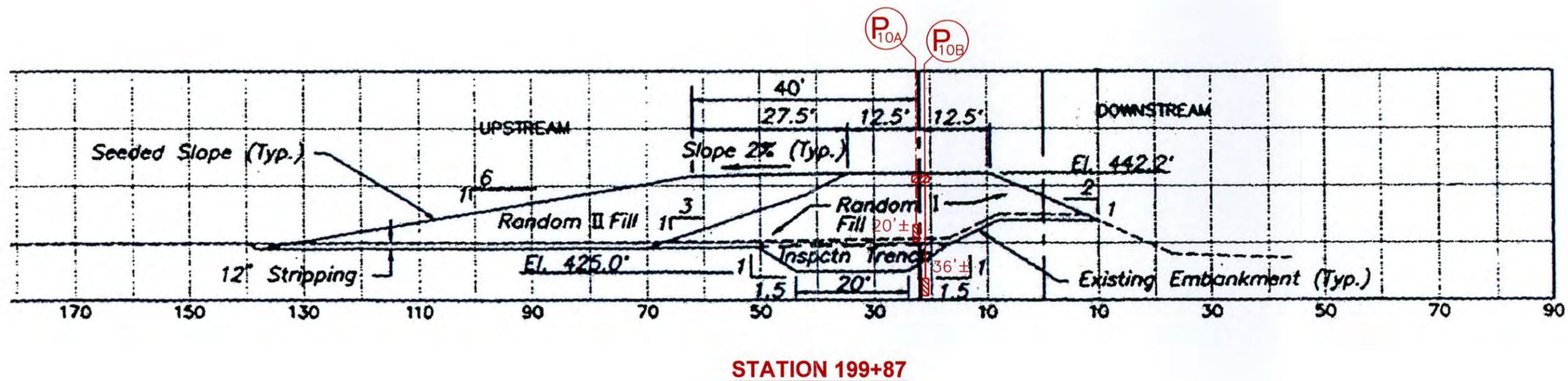


STATION 179+67

REFERENCE:

USCE PROFILE 479+67.076 "AS-BUILT"

**CROSS SECTIONS
 PIEZOMETER
 INSTALLATIONS**
 Big Dry Creek Dam
 Fresno County, California



STATION 199+87

REFERENCE:

USCE PROFILE 214+87.076 "AS-BUILT"



**CROSS SECTIONS
 PIEZOMETER
 INSTALLATIONS**
 Big Dry Creek Dam
 Fresno County, California



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VIA U.S. MAIL & EMAIL
jerry1@fresnofloodcontrol.org

November 10, 2010

BSK No. G0811911F

Jerry Lakeman, P.E.
District Engineer
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 E. Olive
Fresno, California 93727

**SUBJECT: Seepage Control Alternatives
Big Dry Creek Dam
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
Contract No. BDR-18**

Dear Jerry:

In response to our meeting of October 5, 2010, we are submitting our evaluations of alternatives for seepage control along the northwesterly segment of Big Dry Creek Dam, specifically from Station 60+00 to Station 130+00. These evaluations consist of a more detailed presentation of evaluations contained in our June 10, 2010 letter for the same and include schematic illustrations of the seepage control features. As previously stated, the estimates associated with the various alternatives are "order-of-magnitude" costs for construction. More detailed estimates will require field exploration, topographic surveying and civil engineering layout and design of the selected option.

Two cases are considered for the reservoir usage. Case 1 would allow customary flood control impoundment and temporary storage. Case 2 would provide for extended storage for water resources management in favorable water years. The following alternatives are considered:

**SEEPAGE MITIGATION ALTERNATIVES
BIG DRY CREEK DAM
STATIONS 60+00 TO 130+00**

Case 1	No Water Impoundment/Storage	
Alternative 1	Landside (downgradient) toe drain extension 12 to 15 feet deep, Stations 60+00 to 130+00 (see Figure 1)	\$1,000,000
Alternative 2	300 feet wide waterside (upgradient) soil apron, soil obtained from within reservoir Stations 60+00 to 130+00 (see Figure 2)	\$1,200,000
Alternative 3	300 feet wide waterside (upgradient) soil apron, soil obtained from basin BX, Stations 60+00 to 130+00 (see Figure 2)	\$2,000,000

Case 2	Sustained Water Impoundment/Storage	
Alternative 4	Landside (downgradient) toe drain extension 12 to 15 feet deep, Stations 60+00 to 130+00 and 300 feet wide water side soil apron (upgradient), soils obtained from Basin "BX" (see Figure 3)	\$3,000,000
Alternative 5	Landside (downgradient) toe drain extension 12 to 15 feet deep, Stations 60+00 to 130+00 and 300 feet wide water side soil apron (upgradient), soil obtained from reservoir (see Figure 3)	\$2,200,000
Alternative 6	Deep waterside (upgradient) slurry trench cut-off extension to bedrock (bentonite slurry or concrete), Station 60+00 to 130+00 (see Figure 4)	\$13,000,000
Alternative 7	Landside (Downgradient) toe drain extension 12 to 15 feet deep, 150 feet waterside (downgradient) and landside (upgradient) soil apron (see Figure 5)	\$2,400,000

For Case 1, the alternative of constructing a landside (downgradient) apron has not been included at this time because of the interference the five foot thick apron would create with the existing toe drain. Acquisition of additional property would also be necessary. For Case 2, adjustments in the construction of the toe drain extension can be made to accommodate the apron.

For Case 2, Alternatives 4, 5 and 7, the combined utilization of soil aprons and toe drain extension is recommended to provide a more effective control of seepage. The placement of a perforated drain and pump sumps in the toe drain extension is intended to provide an added level of control should it become necessary. Portable pumps and generators would be used to meet short term needs. Permanent installations could be provided for extended needs.

Case 2, Alternative 6, the waterside (upgradient) slurry trench offers the more positive seepage control, providing the cutoff extends to bedrock. Partial depth cutoff is inefficient and serves to little benefit. Exploratory drilling along the cutoff alignment will be necessary to establish depth to bedrock. For these "order-of-magnitude" estimates, an average depth of 25 feet was used.

The implementation of a chosen alternative will require a geotechnical engineering investigation comprising mainly 1) subsurface exploratory drilling and some laboratory analyses and 2) a more detailed development of design parameters for the civil engineer's use in the preparation of construction plans and specifications.

Aside from Case 2, Alternative 6 (Slurry Trench), from a seepage mitigation efficiency perspective, Case 1, Alternative 1 and Case 2, Alternatives 4 and 5 are the more effective choices based on seepage exit gradient magnitudes and extent beyond the toe of the dam.

We are prepared to meet with you and answer questions to assist you in formulating the choice of alternative. Following the above, we will submit a proposal with estimates of charges and a

more detail scope of services. Our standard agreement for geotechnical engineering design services will be submitted for approval and signature.

Respectfully submitted
BSK Associates


Hugo Kevorkian
Principal Geotechnical Engineer
CE16350
GE462
REAI 20080



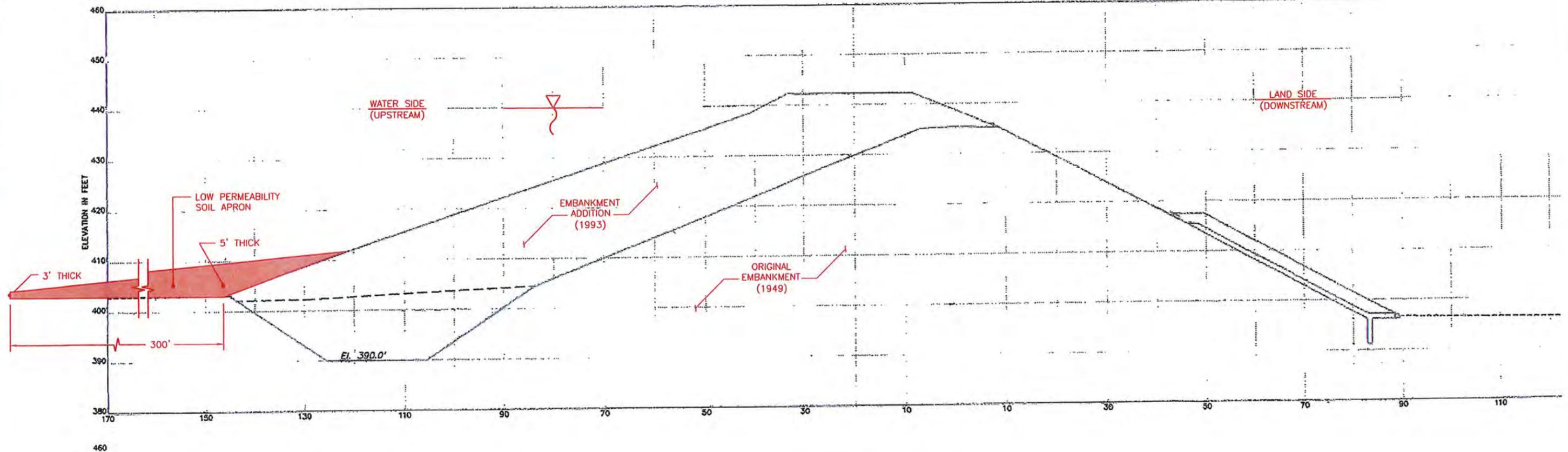
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Cc: Bob Van Wyk

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300 FEET WATERSIDE (UPGRADIENT) APRON WITH COMPACTED LOW PERMEABILITY SOILS.

ALTERNATIVE 2: SOILS OBTAINED FROM WITHIN RESERVOIR (1)

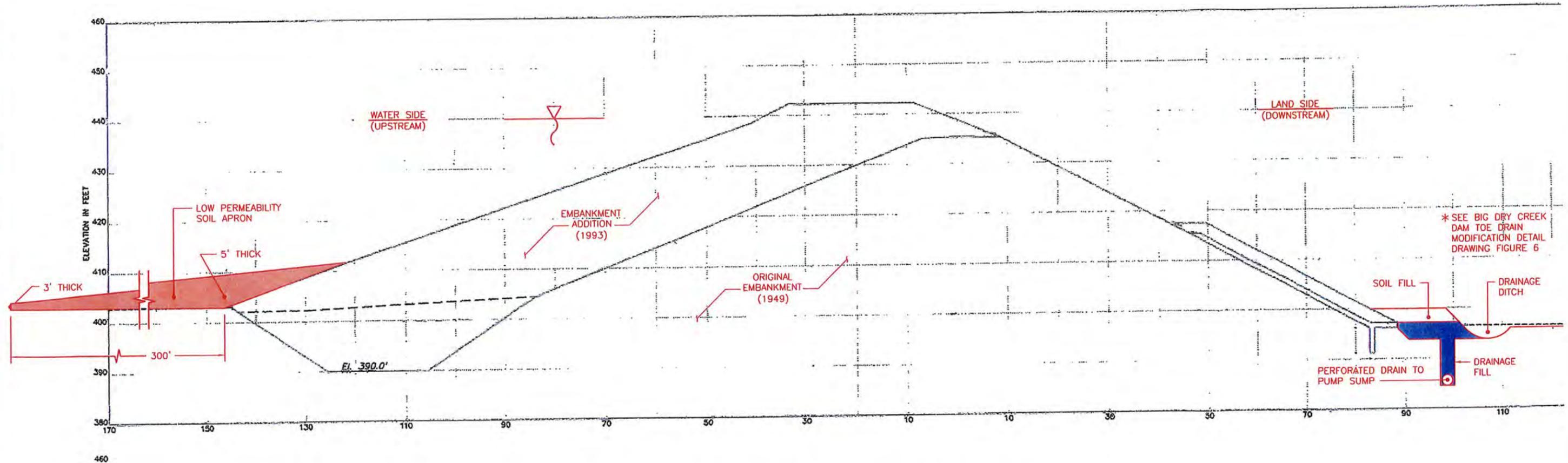
ALTERNATIVE 3: SOILS OBTAINED FROM BASIN "BX" (1)

NOTE:

- (1) SUBJECT TO SOILS EXPLORATION FOR DETERMINATION OF SUFFICIENT QUANTITIES OF SUITABLE SOILS.

**ALTERNATIVE 2
 ALTERNATIVE 3
 SEEPAGE CONTROL
 ALTERNATIVES**
 Big Dry Creek Dam
 (STATION 60+00 TO 130+00)
 Fresno County, California

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 Fig. 20
 1/2" = 1'



LANDSIDE (DOWNGRADIENT) TOE DRAIN EXTENTION, 12 TO 15 FEET DEEP AND 300 FEET WATERSIDE (UPGRADIENT) SOIL APRON.

ALTERNATIVE 4: SOILS OBTAINED FROM BASIN "BX" (1)

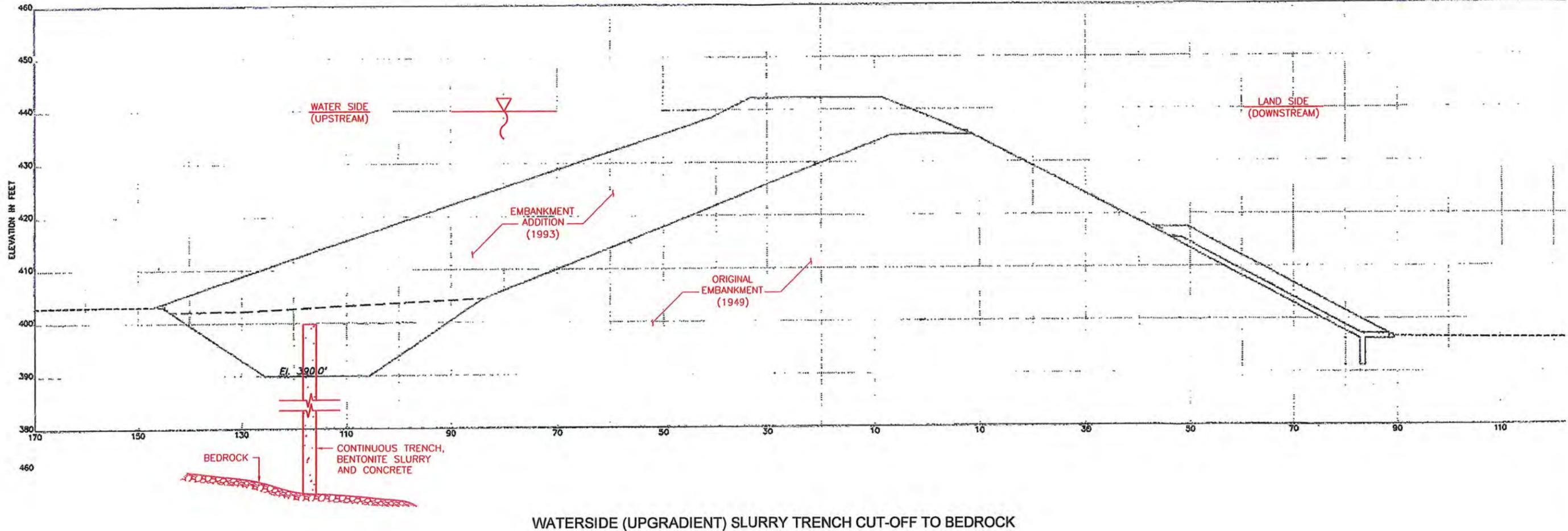
ALTERNATIVE 5: SOILS OBTAINED FROM WITHIN RESERVOIR (1)

NOTE:

- (1) SUBJECT TO SOILS EXPLORATION FOR DETERMINATION OF SUFFICIENT QUANTITIES OF SUITABLE SOILS.

**ALTERNATIVE 4
 ALTERNATIVE 5
 SEEPAGE CONTROL
 ALTERNATIVES**
 Big Dry Creek Dam
 (STATION 60+00 TO 130+00)
 Fresno County, California



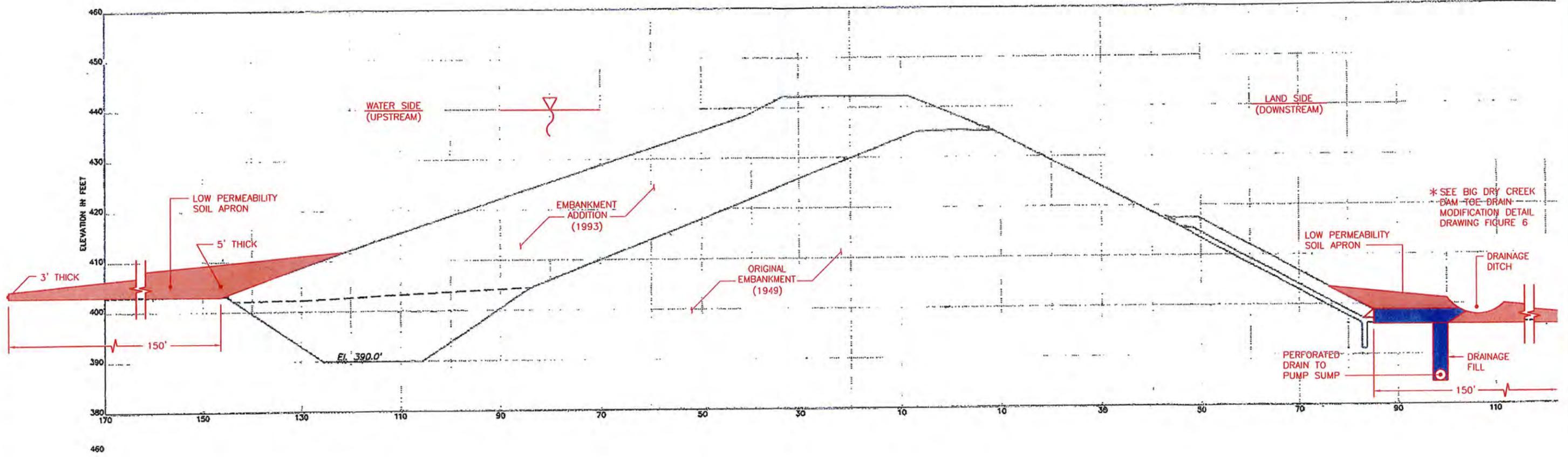


NOTE:

- (1) SUBJECT TO SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION FOR DETERMINATION OF DEPTH TO BEDROCK



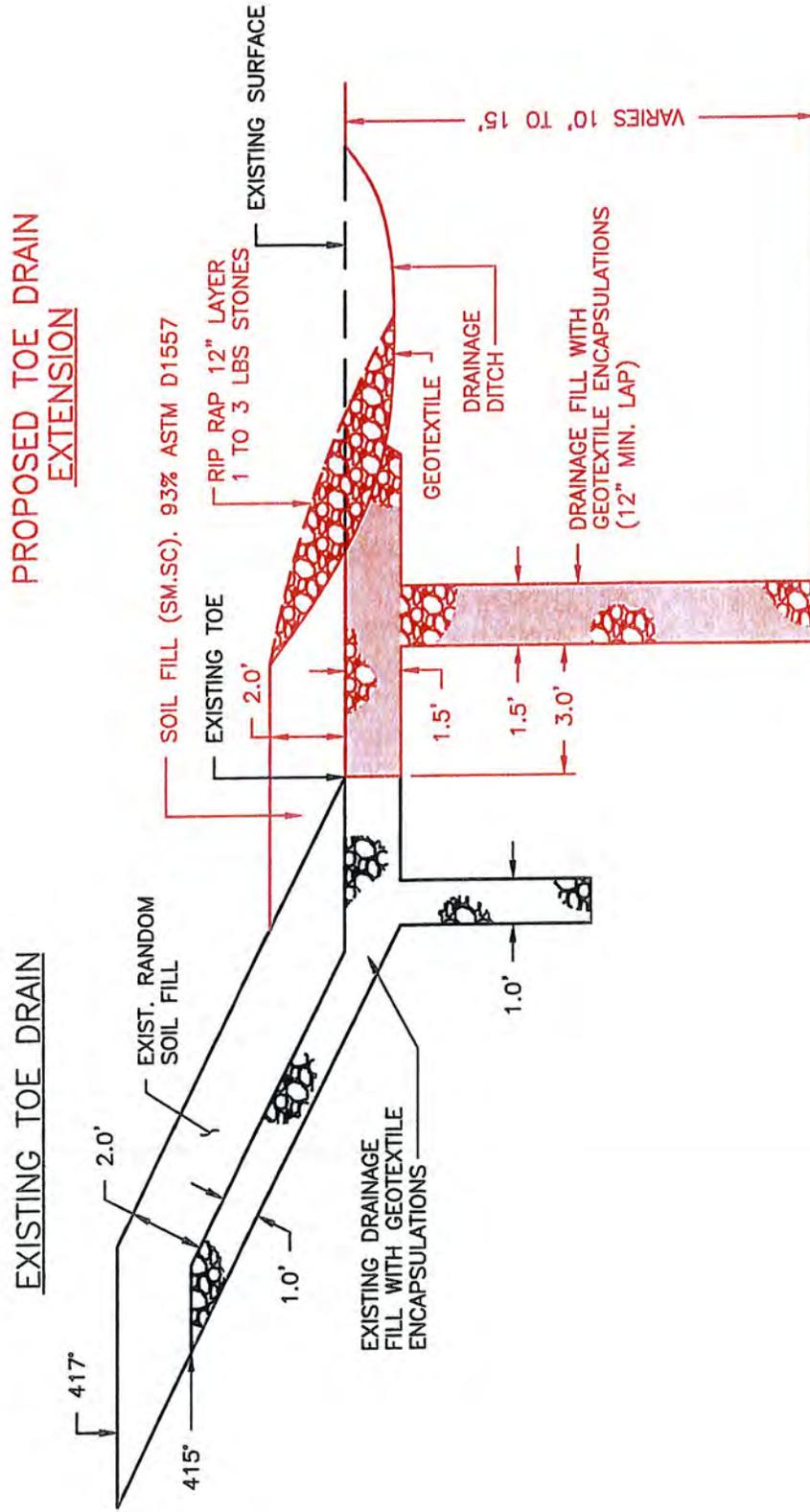
**ALTERNATIVE 6
SEEPAGE CONTROL
ALTERNATIVES**
Big Dry Creek Dam
(STATION 60+00 TO 130+00)
Fresno County, California



LANDSIDE (DOWNGRADIENT) TOE DRAIN EXTENSION, 12 TO 15 FEET DEEP, 150 FEET WATERSIDE (UPGRADIENT) SOIL APRON, 150 FEET LANDSIDE (DOWNGRADIENT) SOIL APRON (LANDSIDE APRON SOILS OBTAINED FROM BASIN "BX." WATERSIDE APRON SOILS OBTAINED FROM RESERVOIR AREA).

**ALTERNATIVE 7
 SEEPAGE CONTROL
 ALTERNATIVES**
 Big Dry Creek Dam
 (STATION 60+00 TO 130+00)
 Fresno County, California

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**BIG DRY CREEK DAM
 TOE DRAIN MODIFICATION**
 BIG DRY CREEK DAM
 Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
 Fresno, California

PIEZOMETRIC DATA EVALUATION

**BIG DRY CREEK DAM
FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
PROJECT BDR-18**

BSK G08-119-11F

PREPARED FOR:

**FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
5469 EAST OLIVE AVENUE
FRESNO, CALIFORNIA 93727**

JANUARY 22, 2013

January 22, 2013

BSK G08-119-11F

Mr. Jerry Lakeman, P.E., District Engineer
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 East Olive Avenue
Fresno, California 93727

**SUBJECT: Piezometric Data Evaluation
Big Dry Creek Dam
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
Project BDR-18**

Dear Jerry:

This report presents our evaluations of the piezometric data collected during the recent storm event of December 2110 - February 2011. Also incorporated with the evaluation are the piezometric data collected in March and April 2010.

Based on these evaluations, earlier mitigation alternatives for the control of under seepage were reviewed and minor adjustments made to account for the information gained from the piezometer monitoring program. Maximum pool elevation limits were also identified in terms of permissible underseepage exit gradients and levels of seepage mitigation work provided for the embankment.

This report is presented for your review. We are prepared to meet with you and address questions.

Respectfully submitted,
BSK ASSOCIATES



Hugo Kevorkian
Principal Geotechnical Engineer
CE16350, GE462, REAII 20080



Enclosures

Distribution: Mr. Jerry Lakeman, P.E., FMFCD (3 originals + eMail)
BSK (1 original + eCopy)

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Appendix A Piezometric Data (December 1, 2010 – February 28, 2011)

**PIEZOMETRIC DATA EVALUATION
BIG DRY CREEK DAM
FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
PROJECT BDR - 18**

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of our evaluations of piezometric data recorded by the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District at Big Dry Creek Dam. Piezometric data evaluations for this report include primarily records for the storm period of December 1, 2010 to February 28, 2011. Piezometric data previously recorded over the period of March 1, 2010 to April 29, 2010 were also reviewed and incorporated as additional data in applicable sections of these evaluations.

Maximum pool elevation for the December 1, 2010 to February 28, 2011 period was 419.00-feet. Elevations ranging from 419.00 to 418.05-feet were maintained over a four-day period.

Maximum pool elevation for the March 1, 2010 to April 29, 2010 period was 410.68-feet. Elevations ranging from 410.68-feet to 410.50 were maintained over a four-day period.

In the preparation of this report, the following reports were reviewed:

“Seepage Control Alternatives Big Dry Creek Dam, Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District Contract BDR-18” BSK Associates November 9, 2010.

“Piezometer Installations, Big Dry Creek Dam, Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District, Project BDR-18” BSK Associates, May 20, 2009.

“Preliminary Seepage Study Big Dry Creek Dam, Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District BDR-18” BSK Associates, November 5, 2008.

2.0 REPORT EVALUATIONS

The following evaluations were made based on data derived from open piezometer readings.

- Lag Periods – Peak Reservoir Pool Level vs. Peak Groundwater Levels in Downgradient Piezometers.
- Embankment Underseepage and Exit Gradients.
- Seepage Criteria: Sacramento District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Central Valley Flood Management Planning Program (Flood Safe, California).
- Sand Boil Observations: Storm Events of April 2006, March 2010 and December/January 2010-2011.
- Seepage Mitigation alternatives and Construction Cost Estimates.
- Additional Exploration and Data Development and Design of Seepage Mitigation Systems.

2.1 Lag Periods

Date comparisons were made for the times of maximum pool elevations (419.0) versus maximum averaged water elevations in piezometers “C” and “D” at the toe of the embankment. The following lag times were derived:

Piezometer Stations	Lag Time (Days)	Water Depth at Upgradient Toe (feet)	Length of Embankment (feet)
(P ₁) 63+75	3	17±	235±
(P ₂) 80+80	4	17±	160±
(P ₃) 89+90	7	17±	220±
(P ₄) 100+00	4	16±	155±
(P ₅) 110+00	4	10±	135±
(P ₆) 121+50	10	2±	110±
(P ₇) 135+00	21	6±	200±

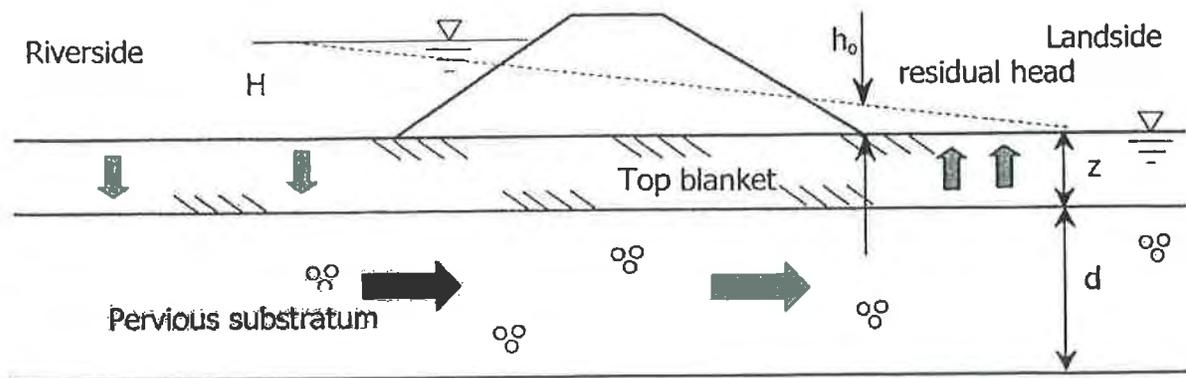
Lag times are affected by the depth of pooled water behind the embankment, the permeability of embankment soils and underlying native soils, and the length of embankment.

The predominant lag period for water depths of approximately 17-feet and embankment lengths of some 155 to 235-feet is four days. Absent significant variations in soil permeability, these values provide general indications of the lag period for which exit gradients (i_o) reach peak values at the embankment toe and beyond the toe. Pool elevation increases above 419.0-feet are expected to produce commensurate reductions in the lag periods.

2.2 Embankment Underseepage

The magnitude of seepage impact on embankment stability is measured by the height of the residual head (Piezometric Surface) “ h_o ” above the landside toe and at various distances from the toe. The magnitude of the exit gradient “ i_o ” at the embankment toe is used to define the level of embankment safety and corresponds to the residual head “ h_o ” divided by the top stratum low permeability layer thickness “ Z ”:

$$i_o = \frac{h_o}{Z}$$



Further, when the residual head rises to the point where “ i_0 ” exceeds the “Critical Gradient” $i_{crit.}$, the pore pressure on the base of the low permeability layer “Z” will equal or exceed the downward overburden stress and “Quick” conditions will develop leading to the potential for the top layer “Z” to heave or experience sand boils. $i_{crit.}$ is the product of the difference between the saturated unit weights of the top layer soils less the unit weight of water, divided by the unit weight of water.

$$i_{crit.} = \frac{W_{sat} - W_w}{W_w}$$

The calculated average saturated unit weight of soils in the low permeability top layer is 135 pounds per cubic foot (PCF). Correspondingly, the calculated critical gradient, $i_{crit.}$ is 1.16.

In establishing the effective thickness of the low permeability top layer “Z”, an averaging transformation must be performed to account for the variations of permeability in the various layers comprising the thickness “Z”. Judgment must be exercised in the final determination.

The following exit gradients “ i_0 ” were estimated for the respective profiles P₁ through P₇. The piezometric data obtained from the monitoring program for the storm event of December 2010 – February 2011 were used for these determinations. The exit gradients reflect maximum pool elevation 419.0 and the resulting peak piezometer levels following response lag times.

EXIT GRADIENTS
(Pool Elevation 419.0 ft.)

Profile Designation	h_0 (feet)		Z (feet)	Exit Gradient	
	Toe	40 ft.-77 ft. from Toe		i_0	i 40 ft.-77 ft. from Toe
P ₁	1.13	0.33	6	0.19	0.06
P ₂	6.86	6.82	14	0.49	0.36
P ₃	1.48	1.77	19	0.08	0.09
P ₄	1.93	0.34	18	0.11	0.02
P ₅	0.99	0.26	18	0.06	0.01
P ₆	-3.82	-8.81	13	0.0	0.0
P ₇	-14.32	-14.62	13	0.0	0.0

Embankment profiles P₁ through P₇ illustrated on Figure 1 through 5 provide the relative piezometric levels measured at the embankment toe and varying distances from the toe.

3.0 SEEPAGE DESIGN CRITERIA

Seepage design criteria presented in this section include 1) Recommendations for Seepage Control Design Criteria developed by the Sacramento District of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (2000) and 2) Interim Levee Design Criteria for Urban and Urbanizing Areas in the Sacramento-San Joaquin Valley developed by the Central Valley Flood Management Planning Program. Version 4 (2010). The Design Criteria are expressed in terms of exit gradient i_e at the levee/embankment toe and when present, at the toe of an impervious apron extending downgradient from the levee toe.

3.1 Sacramento COE

$i_e = 0.3$ New construction (Levee Toe)

$i_e = 0.5$ Existing levees with no history of seepage problems (Levee Toe)

$i_e = 0.8$ At apron toe

Frequently Loaded Levees (EM-1110-2-1913)*: Frequently loaded levees should include seepage control and crack-stopping features, like those commonly included in earthen dams of similar height, whenever such levees protect urban or urbanizing areas. In general, seepage exiting the landside slope of the levee without being controlled by filter drains is not acceptable.

* Defined as a levee that experiences a water surface elevation of one foot or higher above the elevation of the levee toe at least once a day for more than 36 days per year on average.

3.2 Central Valley Flood Management

$i_e \leq 0.5$ (Levee Toe)

$i_e \leq 0.8$ (Berm Toe)

Frequently Loaded Levees: Same as COE Definition and Requirements

For the flood event of December 2010-February 2011, embankment seepage in the vicinity of Profile P₂, by the criteria stated above, reached the recommended $i_e = 0.5$ maximum exit gradient at the toe (0.49). This is for a pool elevation 419.0-feet. Higher water impoundments would be expected to produce exit gradients in excess of the recommended maximum values unless embankment improvements are made to reduce underseepage.

Underseepage for embankments in the area of Profile P₂ and to a lesser extent, Profile P₁, Stations 62+00 to 85+00 more or less, currently control the maximum pool levels which can be accommodated during a prolonged storm water impoundment period.

3.3 Sand Boil Observations

Low level seepage with order magnitudes of less than 10 cubic feet/day/foot have been estimated for the storm events of April 2006 and December 2010. Seepage occurred along the embankment toe drain but also permeated the area beyond the toe drain, thus creating soft,

spongy ground conditions over widths of 50 to 80-feet and perhaps greater. Small diameter sand boils have been observed in association with these seepage activities. Small diameter (1/3 to 1-inch) sand boils were observed at a distance of 48-feet from the embankment toe during April 7 to April 12, 2006 (BSK 2008). The boils were occasionally controlled by ringing them with sand bag dikes to heights of 18 inches or less. Seepage rates were reported to approximately ¼ gallon per minutes over the initial five days of observation. On the sixth day, most of the boils were no longer flowing. Retained water behind the embankment for the six-day observation period ranged from elevation 419.6 to 420.1 with the higher elevation occurring on the fifth and sixth days. Clear water was discharging from the boils in every instance.

Sand boils are known to have occurred in cases of low level water impoundments by a process of progressive enlargement and porosity increases of piping channels with succeeding storm events. In the case of the embankment studied for these analyses, the entire existing embankment was removed by the COE in 1992, the base width substantially enlarged and the depth of the foundation increased from the original ground surface to 28-feet below ground surface. Under these conditions, old piping channels would have been eliminated.

The small diameter (1/4 to ½ inch) sand boils were suspected to represent purging of air contained within the soil mass and the attendant transport of soil pore water present in shallow zones near the ground surface.

For the storm event of December 2010 – February 2011, sporadic small diameter (1/4 – ½ inch) sand boils were occurring along the toe drain. Discharge water was clear. Sand boils were no longer observed away from the embankment toe. The only sand boil of significance was at Station 63+00 near a shallow 18-inch diameter drain line. A single layer of sand bag was used to contain the discharge. These recent observations support the notion that the sand boils are substantially associated with air purging.

Computer analyses of slope stability and seepage for Profile P₂ (Station 80+80) for the maximum Design Pool Level elevation 439.2 under extended storage conditions, produced marginal stability and toe exit gradients magnitudes with the potential for sand boils in the drainage fill at the embankment toe (Figure 6 through 9).

4.0 SEEPAGE MITIGATION ALTERNATIVES

Seepage conditions in the area of Stations 62+00 to 85+00, as observed in 2006 and again in 2010-2011, place limitations on the pool level retained behind the dam. A maximum pool elevation of 419.0-feet produces a toe exit gradient of approximately 0.50.

Toe exit gradients in excess of 0.50, by COE standards, call for the construction of a low permeability apron. Seepage control along the toe and downgradient from the toe would also be necessary to mitigate the soft-spongy conditions and overland runoff.

For the long term and in keeping with the objective of providing higher elevation impoundment and potential extended storage, an upgradient apron with a width of 300-feet and downgradient toe drain extension approximately 15.0-feet deep, combined, would be necessary. At a

minimum, the blanket would extend from Stations 60+00 to 125+00. The toe drain modification would extend from Station 60+00 to near Station 130+00.

A schematic drawing of the toe drain modification is provided in Figure 10. A perforated drain pipe would be installed at the base of the drain in the event excessive drain discharge made it necessary for pumping and discharge into the drainage ditch. (Dry sumps would be constructed in conjunction with the pipe drain installation in which temporary lift pumps could be installed).

The upgradient apron would be constructed of low permeability soils excavated at shallow depths from within the reservoir at a minimum set back distance of 500-feet from the embankment upgradient toe.

With the combined implementation of the apron and toe drain modifications, design, maximum pool water elevations would be expected feasible. However, gradual water elevation increases would be imperative with attendant close monitoring of piezometers and toe area seepage to establish actual practical limits of maximum impoundments. Figure 11 illustrates toe drain and blanket configurations.

For the short term, the lowest level of improvements necessary to increase pool elevation from 419.0-feet to an estimated maximum of 425.0-feet would be the construction of an upgradient apron from Stations 60+00 to 85+00, again subject to verification by seepage monitoring.

The following “Order of Magnitude” costs are estimated for the mitigation alternatives discussed above:

LONG TERM:	
Toe Drain Modification Station 60+00 to 130+00	\$1,100,000.00
300-foot Wide Upgradient Blanket Stations 60+00 to 125+00*	\$1,300,000.00
TOTAL	\$2,400,000.00
SHORT TERM:	
300-foot Wide Upgradient Blanket Stations 60+00 to 85+00*	\$500,000.00
TOTAL	\$500,000.00

**Soils obtained from within reservoir area.*

5.0 ADDITIONAL EXPLORATION AND DATA DEVELOPMENT-DESIGN

Additional exploration and data development will be necessary to support the preparation of construction drawings and specifications by the Project Civil Engineer. The following scopes of services are proposed.

5.1 Toe Drain Modification

- Additional subsurface exploration for the characterization of trenching conditions (stability) 8 borings to 25-feet.

- Laboratory testing for the determination of trench soils particle size gradation for purposes of geotextile fabric selection.
- Geotextile fabric soil tests for permeation, clogging and binding evaluations.
- Evaluations, graphics and report preparation.
- Meetings and coordination with FMFCD Staff and Project Civil Engineer.

5.2 Upgradient Low Permeability Blanket

- Subsurface exploration for the assessment of suitable low permeability materials 40 acre area, 24 test pits to 6.0-feet.
- Laboratory testing for particle size gradation analyses, maximum dry density, remolded soil coefficient of permeability.
- Delineation of borrow area limits for suitable fill soils, berm configuration, report preparation.
- Meetings and coordination with FMFC Staff and Project Civil Engineer.

5.3 Project Schedule

Schedules for the toe drain and upgradient blanket investigation, testing and reporting are the following:

Mobilization:	1 week
Field Exploration:	1 week
Laboratory Testing:	3 weeks
Report Preparation	<u>2 weeks</u>
TOTAL	7 weeks

6.0 LIMITATIONS

The findings, observations and conclusions presented in this report are based substantially on the results of piezometric data evaluations at piezometer Stations P₁ through P₇ for the storm events in 2010 and 2011 and a maximum water storage elevation of 419.0-feet. Water impoundment at higher elevation may produce conditions which may vary from those identified in this report. If variations are then observed, a re-evaluation of these findings and conclusions will be necessary. Findings and conclusions presented in this report may not apply to other areas of Big Creek Dam Embankment for which no exploration and testing was performed.

BSK has prepared this report for the exclusive use of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District. The report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practices for the project area at the time of the report preparation. No other warranty express or implied, is made as to the professional advice provided in this report under the terms of BSK’s agreement and with Client.

BSK ASSOCIATES



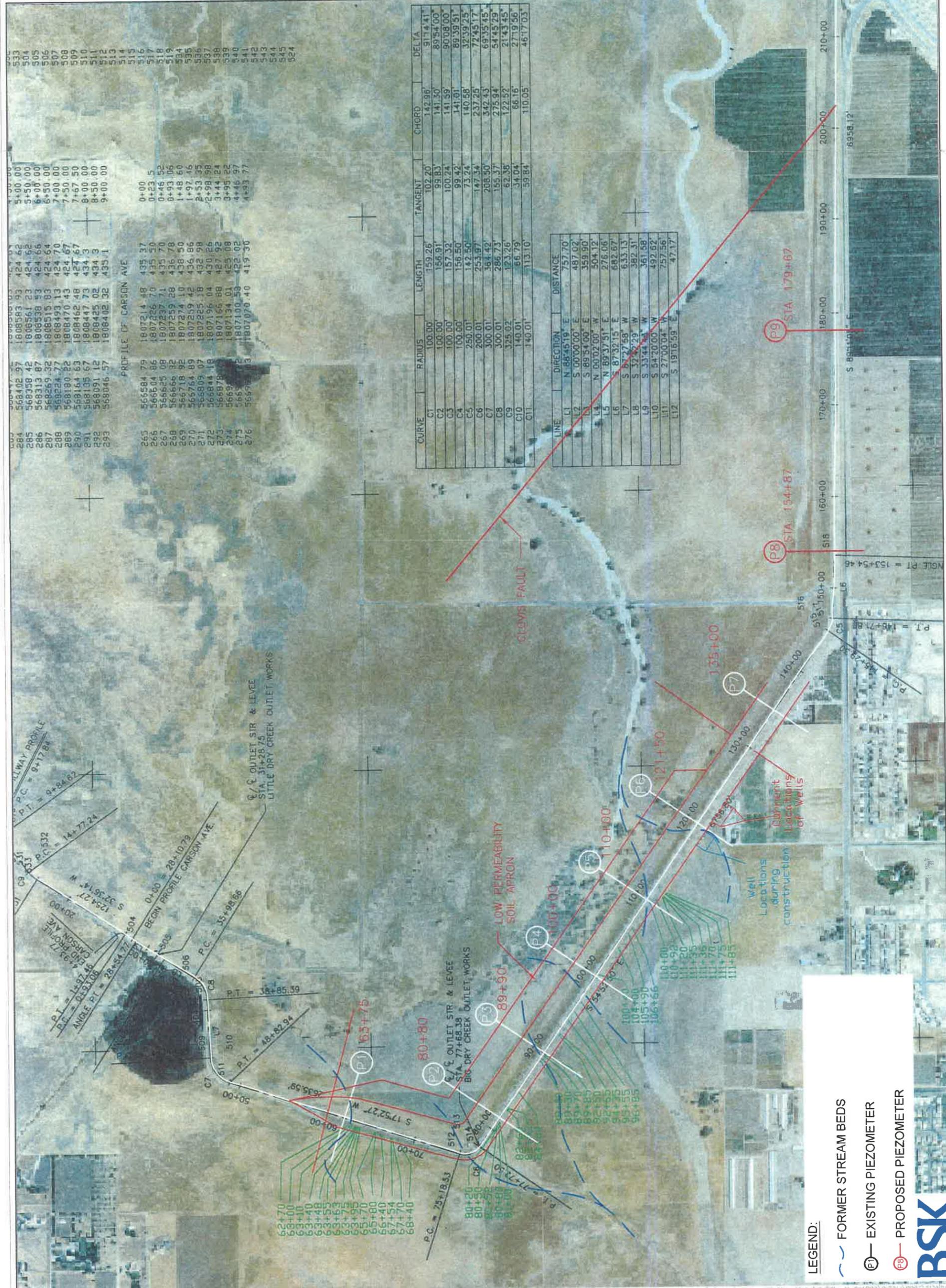
FIGURES

1 through 11



SITE MAP

Big Dry Creek Dam
 Fresno County, California



PROFILE OF CARSON AVE

STATION	ELEVATION	STATION	ELEVATION
284	568402.97	293	568046.57
285	568358.42	294	568000.00
286	568313.87	295	567953.45
287	568269.32	296	567906.89
288	568224.77	297	567860.33
289	568180.22	298	567813.77
290	568135.67	299	567767.21
291	568091.12	300	567720.65
292	568046.57	301	567674.09
293	568000.00	302	567627.53
294	567953.45	303	567580.97
295	567906.89	304	567534.41
296	567860.33	305	567487.85
297	567813.77	306	567441.29
298	567767.21	307	567394.73
299	567720.65	308	567348.17
300	567674.09	309	567301.61
301	567627.53	310	567255.05
302	567580.97	311	567208.49
303	567534.41	312	567161.93
304	567487.85	313	567115.37
305	567441.29	314	567068.81
306	567394.73	315	567022.25
307	567348.17	316	566975.69
308	567301.61	317	566929.13
309	567255.05	318	566882.57
310	567208.49	319	566836.01
311	567161.93	320	566789.45
312	567115.37	321	566742.89
313	567068.81	322	566696.33
314	567022.25	323	566649.77
315	566975.69	324	566603.21
316	566929.13		
317	566882.57		
318	566836.01		
319	566789.45		
320	566742.89		
321	566696.33		
322	566649.77		
323	566603.21		
324	566556.65		

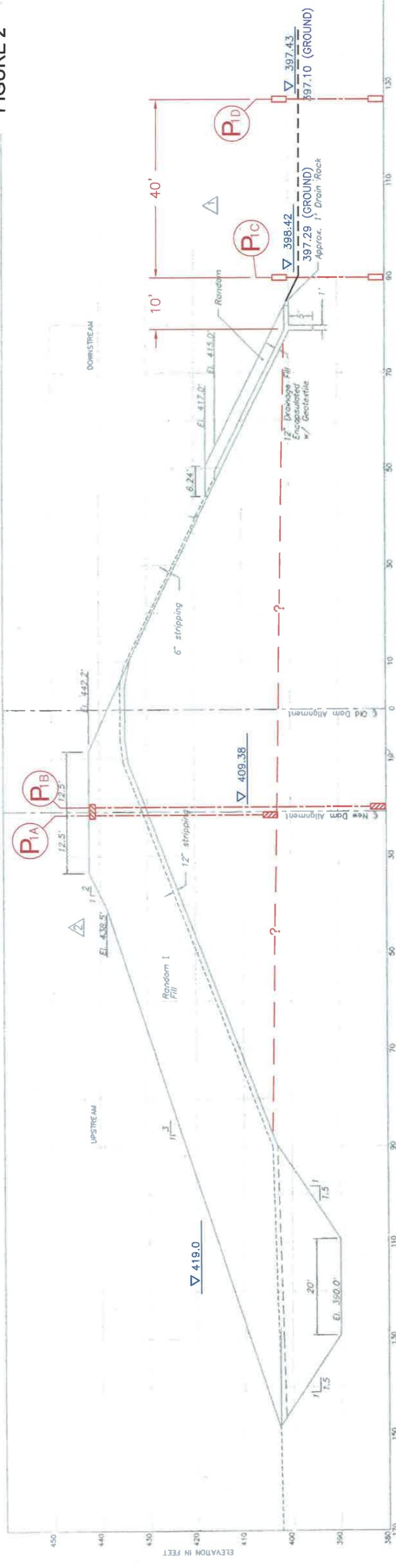
CURVE	RADIUS	LENGTH	TANGENT	CHORD	DELTA
C1	100.00'	159.26'	102.20'	142.96'	91°14'41"
C2	100.00'	156.91'	99.83'	141.30'	89°54'00"
C3	100.00'	157.32'	100.24'	141.59'	90°08'00"
C4	100.00'	156.50'	99.42'	141.01'	89°59'51"
C5	250.00'	142.50'	73.24'	140.58'	32°39'25"
C6	200.00'	253.97'	147.34'	237.25'	72°45'17"
C7	300.00'	364.42'	208.50'	342.43'	69°35'45"
C8	300.00'	286.73'	155.37'	275.94'	54°43'29"
C9	325.02'	173.26'	62.36'	122.52'	21°43'45"
C10	140.01'	66.79'	34.04'	66.16'	27°19'56"
C11	140.01'	113.10'	59.84'	110.05'	46°17'03"

LINE	DIRECTION	DISTANCE
L1	N 88°45'19" E	757.70'
L2	S 00°00'00" E	487.02'
L3	S 89°54'00" E	359.90'
L4	N 00°02'00" W	504.12'
L5	N 89°37'51" E	276.06'
L6	S 87°32'15" E	682.67'
L7	S 87°27'58" W	633.13'
L8	S 37°42'29" W	382.31'
L9	S 33°44'43" W	361.58'
L10	S 54°20'00" W	492.52'
L11	S 27°00'04" W	757.56'
L12	S 19°15'59" E	47.17'

LEGEND:

- FORMER STREAM BEDS
- EXISTING PIEZOMETER
- PROPOSED PIEZOMETER

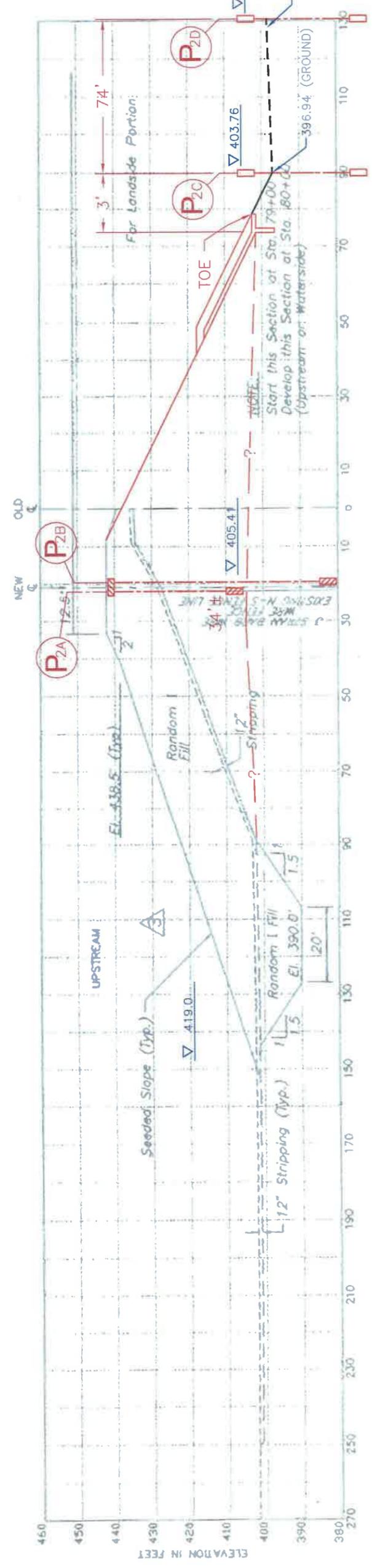
BSK



REFERENCE: USACE PROFILE @ STA. 85+01.01

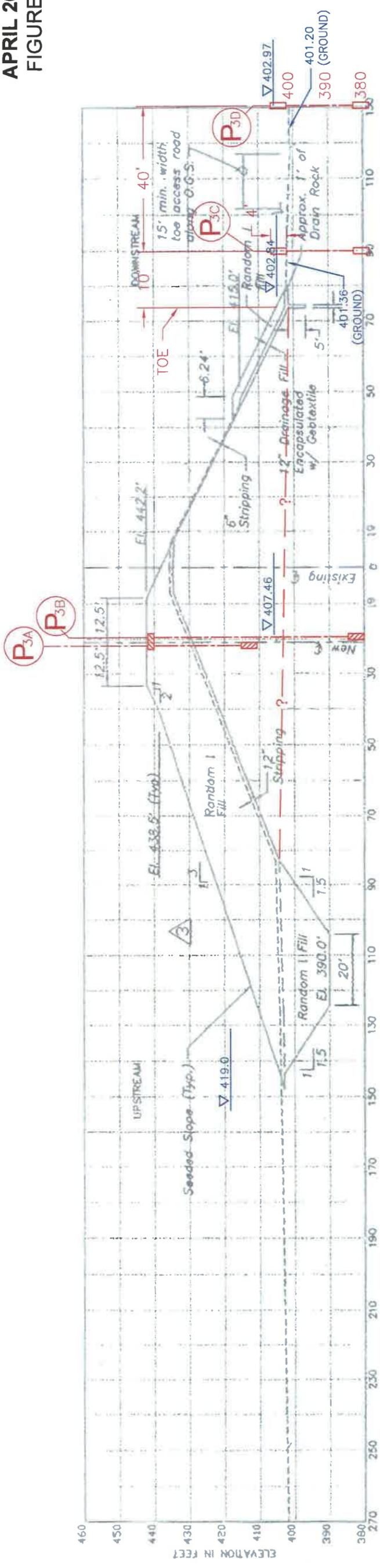
STATION 63+75

MAXIMUM WATER LEVELS (419.0) STORM
 EVENT OF DECEMBER 2010 - FEBRUARY
 2011



REFERENCE: USACE PROFILE @ STA. 84+89.431

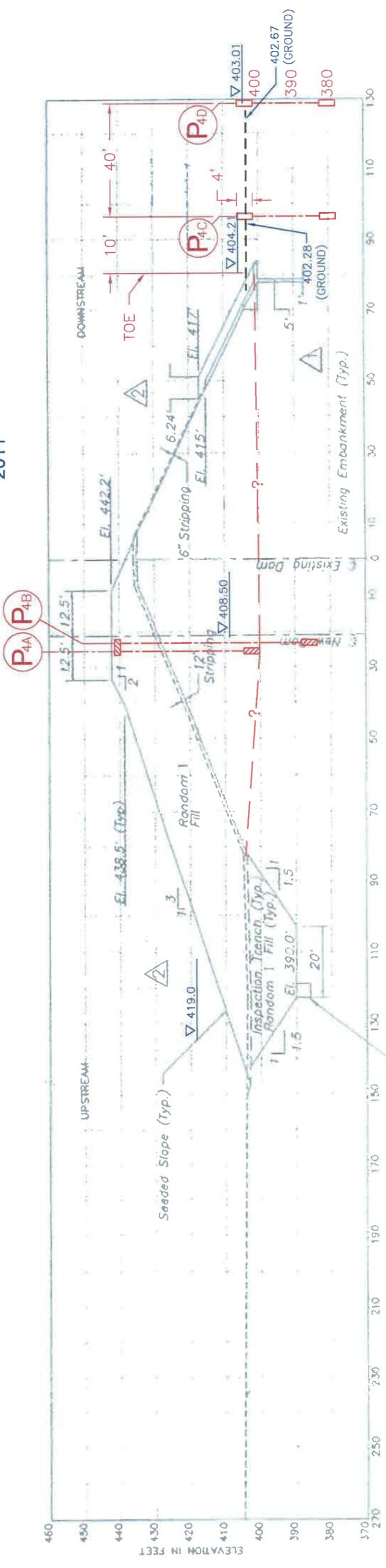
STATION 80+80



REFERENCE USACE PROFILE @ STA. 84+89.431

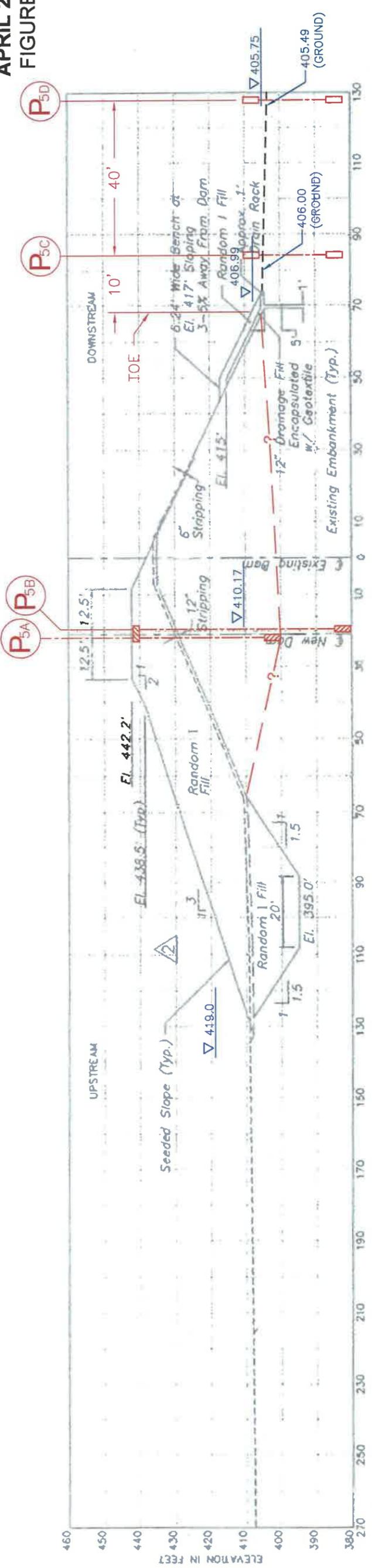
STATION 89+90

MAXIMUM WATER LEVELS (419.0) STORM
 EVENT OF DECEMBER 2010 - FEBRUARY
 2011



REFERENCE USACE PROFILE @ STA. 99+89.431

STATION 100+00



NOTE: USE THIS DETAIL TO STATION 109+00 AND THEN USE NEW DETAIL AS SHOWN AT STA. 110+00 USING 1 ON 6 SLOPE.

REFERENCE USACE PROFILE @ STA. 109+89.431

STATION 110+00

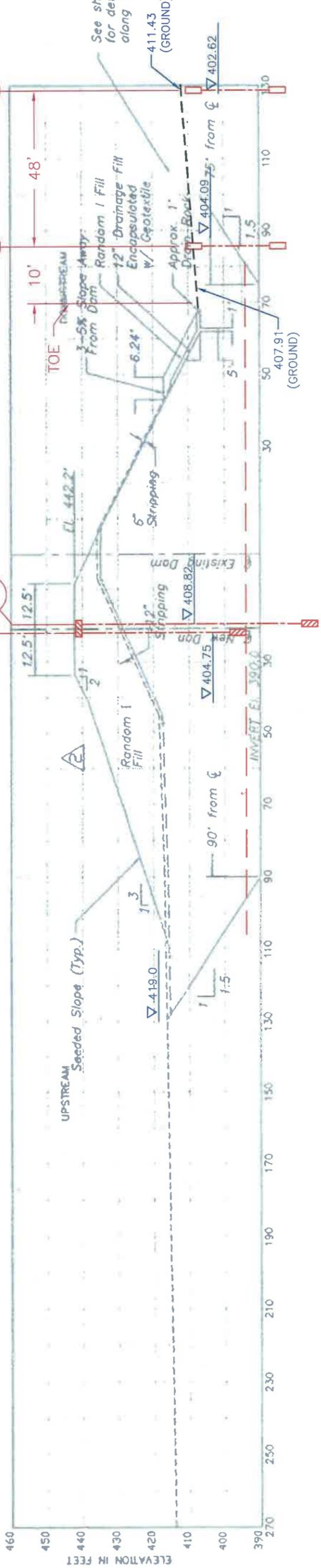
MAXIMUM WATER LEVELS (419.0) STORM
 EVENT OF DECEMBER 2010 - FEBRUARY
 2011

NOTE: THIS SECTION TO STA. 124+00 THEN USE UPSTREAM SECTION AS SHOWN AT STATION 125+00

P6A/P6B

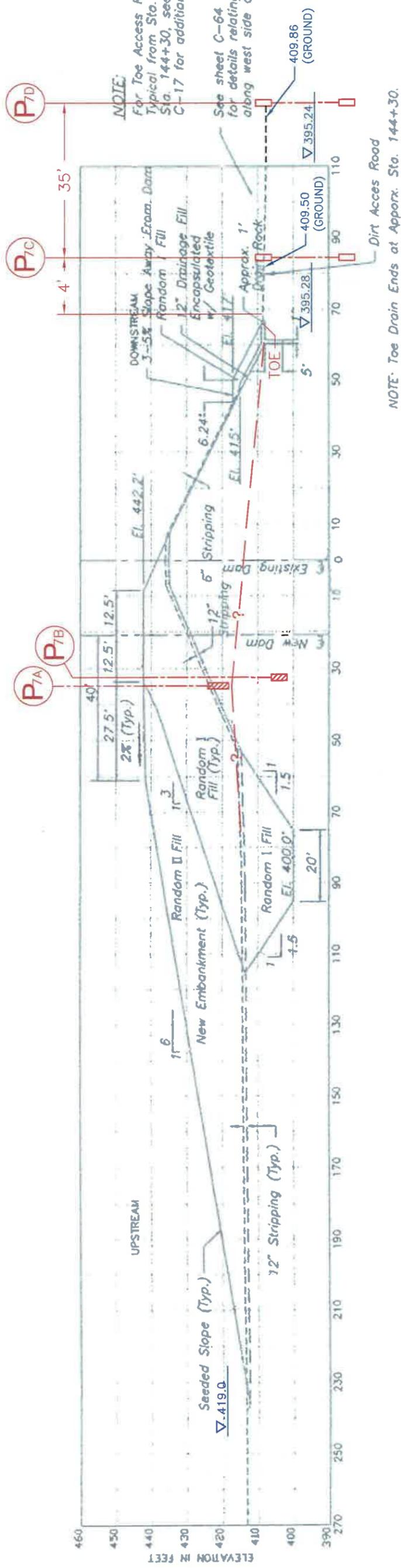
P6C

P6D



REFERENCE USACE PROFILE @ STA. 119+89.431

STATION 121+50

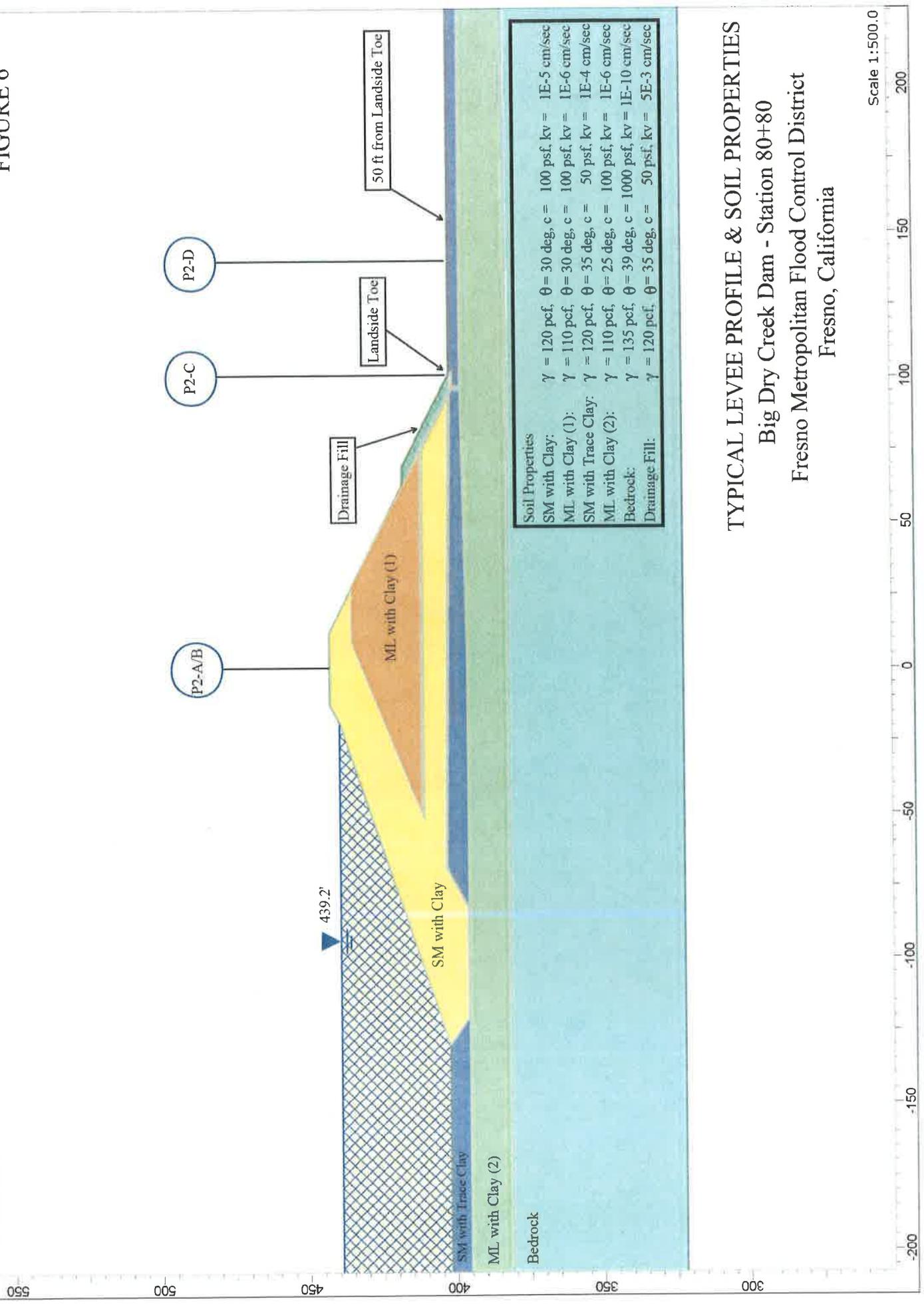


REFERENCE USACE PROFILE @ STA. 139+89.431

STATION 135+00

MAXIMUM WATER LEVELS (419.0) STORM
 EVENT OF DECEMBER 2010 - FEBRUARY
 2011

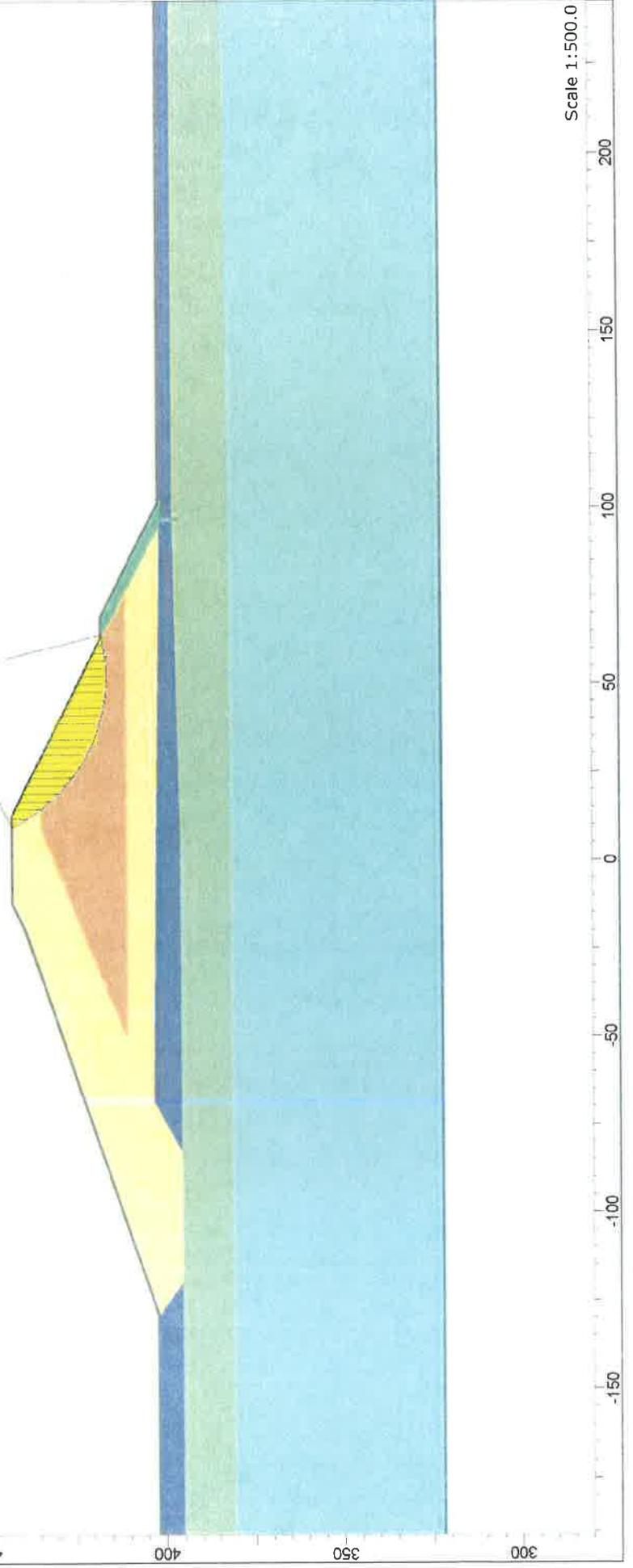
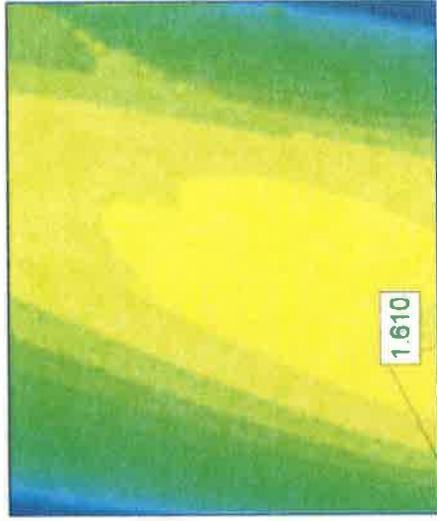
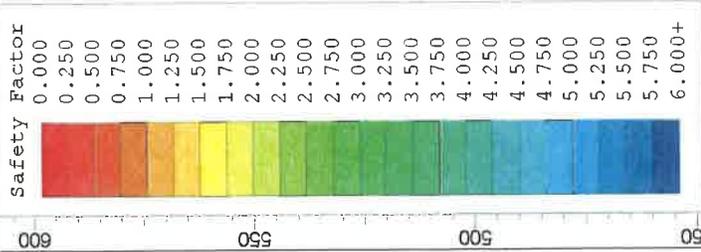
TYPICAL LEVEE PROFILE & SOIL PROPERTIES
 STATION 80+80



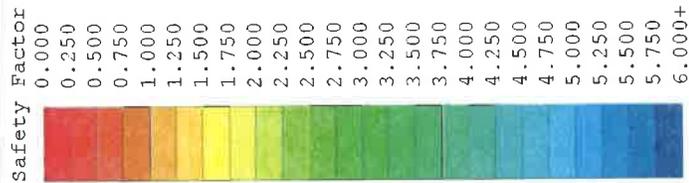
TYPICAL LEVEE PROFILE & SOIL PROPERTIES
 Big Dry Creek Dam - Station 80+80
 Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
 Fresno, California

Slope Stability of Levee
 Station 80+80
 No Ponded Water

Slope Stability Analysis:
 Static Condition:
 FS = 1.610 (Janbu Simplified, shown)
 = 1.742 (Bishop Simplified)
 Seismic Condition:
 FS = 1.235 (Janbu Simplified)
 = 1.338 (Bishop Simplified)



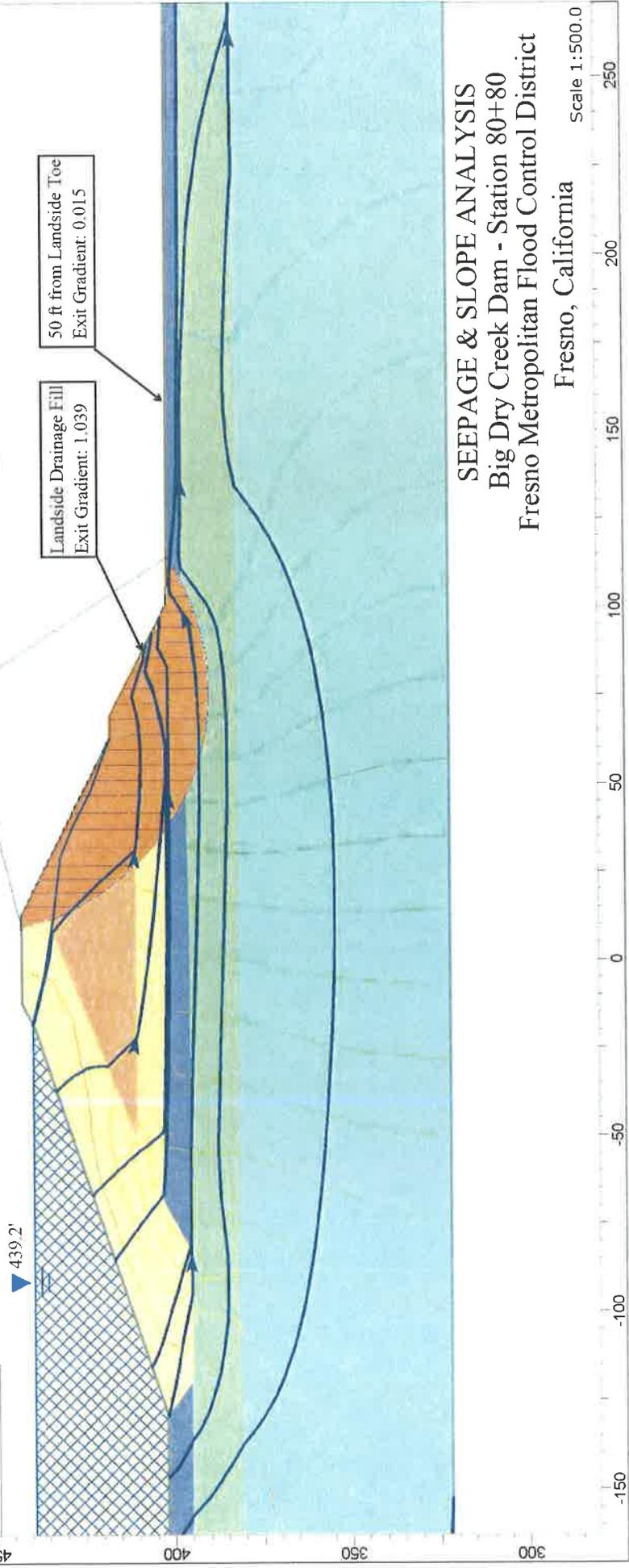
SEEPAGE & SLOPE STABILITY ANALYSIS
 STATION 80+80



Slope Stability Analysis
 Static Condition:
 FS = 1.161 (Janbu Simplified, shown)
 = 1.338 (Bishop Simplified)
 Seismic Condition (kh = 0.12):
 FS = 0.851 (Janbu Simplified)
 = 0.972 (Bishop Simplified)



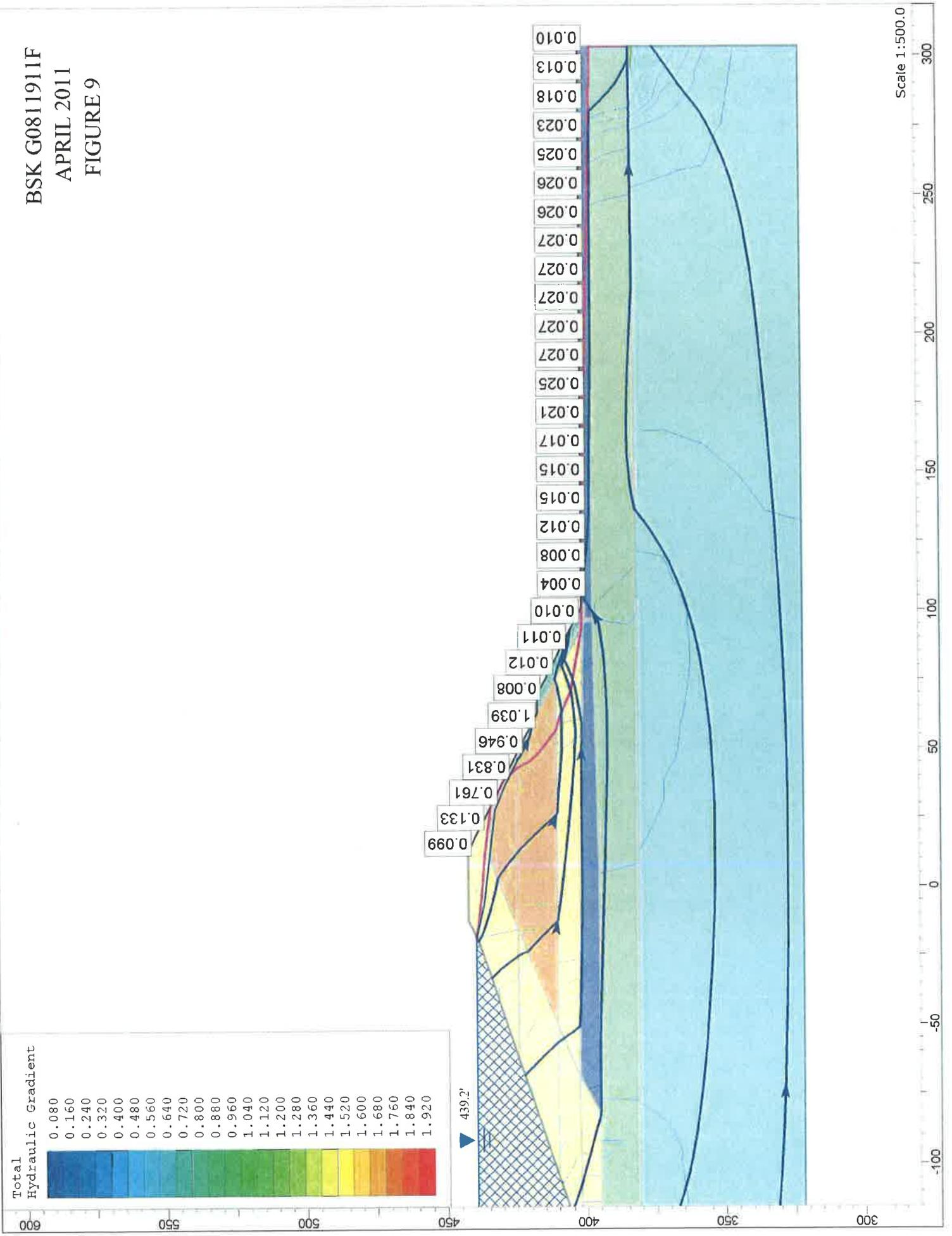
Seepage Analysis:
 Total Discharge: 1.8 cfs/foot = 12.1 gpd/foot
 Discharge at Toe: 1.7 cfs/foot = 11.1 gpd/foot

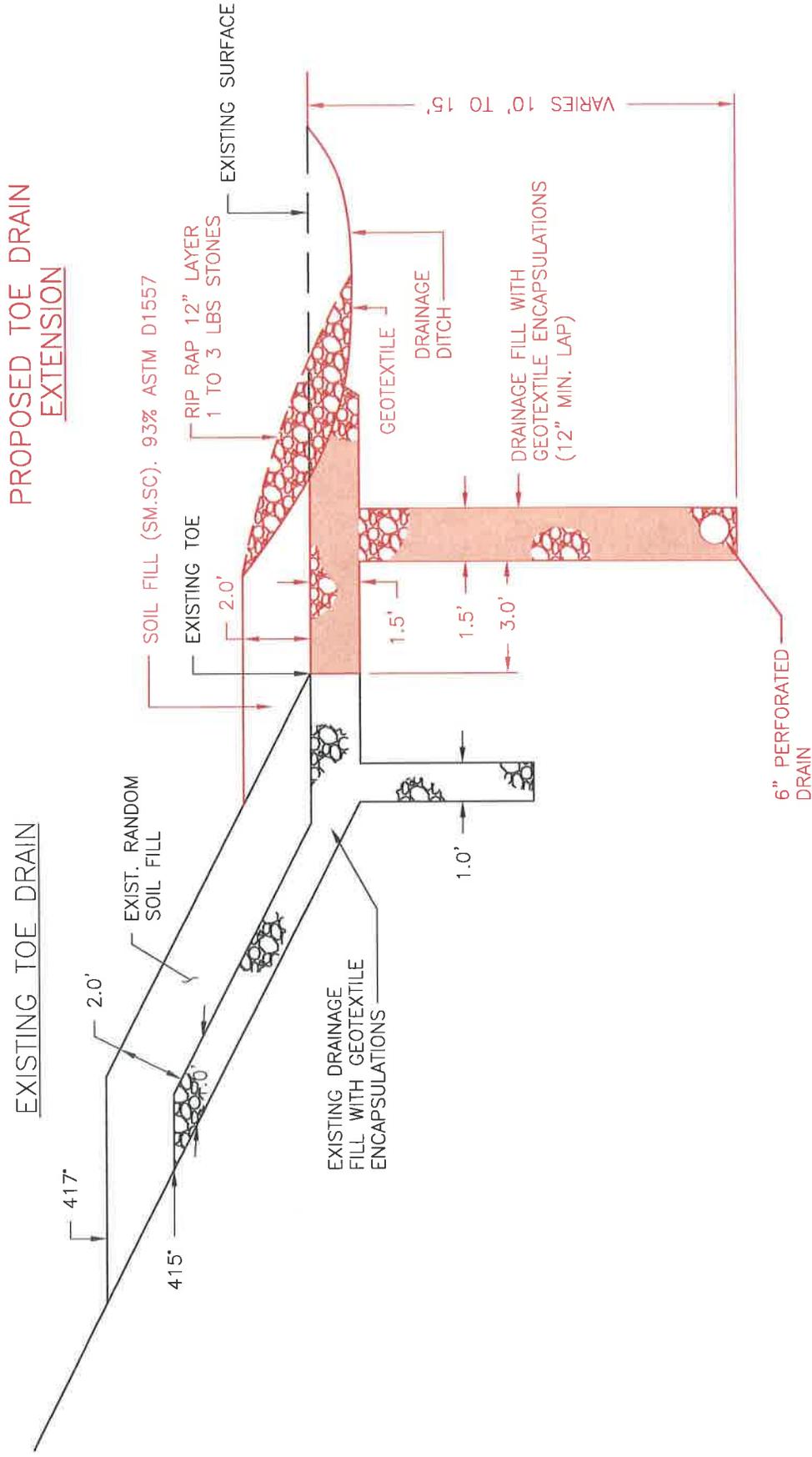


SEEPAGE & SLOPE ANALYSIS
 Big Dry Creek Dam - Station 80+80
 Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
 Fresno, California

Scale 1:500.0

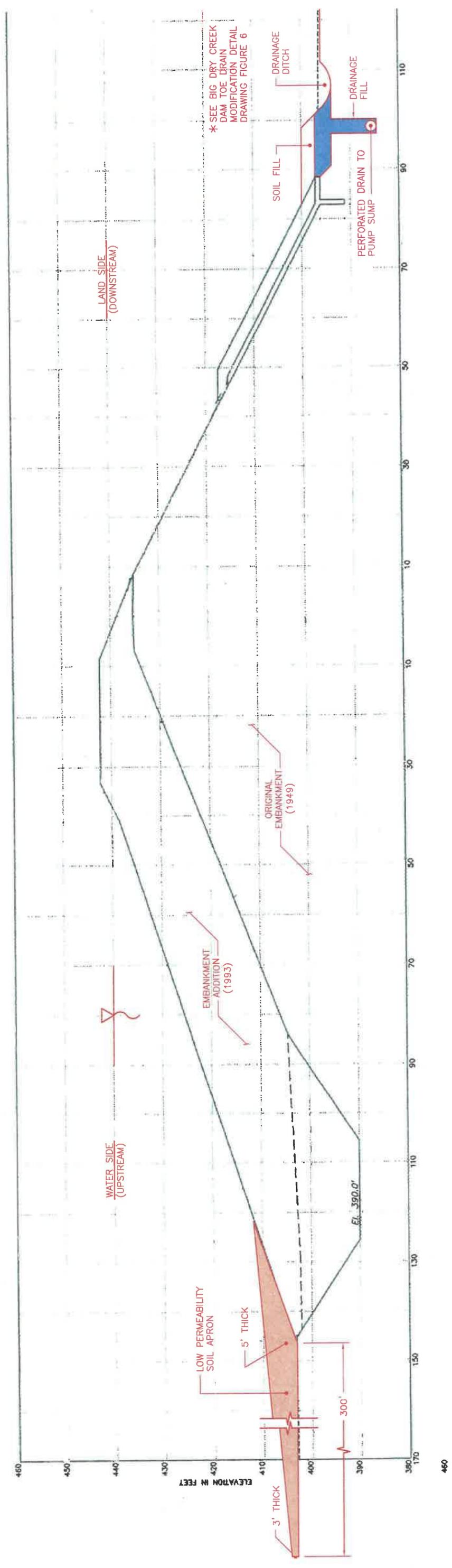
BSK G0811911F
 APRIL 2011
 FIGURE 9





**BIG DRY CREEK DAM
 TOE DRAIN MODIFICATION**

BIG DRY CREEK DAM
 Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
 Fresno, California



LANDSIDE (DOWNGRADE) TOE DRAIN EXTENSION, 12 TO 15 FEET DEEP AND 300 FEET WATERSIDE (UPGRADIENT) SOIL APRON. (SOIL OBTAINED FROM WITHIN RESERVOIR) (1)

NOTE:

- (1) SUBJECT TO SOILS EXPLORATION FOR DETERMINATION OF SUFFICIENT QUANTITIES OF SUITABLE SOILS.

APPENDIX A

Piezometric Data (December 1, 2010 – February 28, 2011)

Section P2 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION				DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION					
		A	B	C	D			A	B	C	D		
12/1/2010	401.51	393.70	391.82	391.65	12/1/2010	-	-	390.83	390.78	390.67	-	-	-

Section P1 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION				DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION					
		A	B	C	D			A	B	C	D		
12/21/2010	409.10	401.92	398.15	392.46	392.12	12/21/2010	409.10	-	391.00	391.56	391.66	-	-
12/23/2010	410.50	401.74	400.91	393.58	392.91	12/23/2010	410.50	-	393.15	393.54	393.58	-	-
12/24/2010	410.75	401.70	402.23	394.44	393.64	12/24/2010	410.75	-	394.49	394.95	394.84	-	-
12/25/2010	410.80	401.67	403.21	395.24	394.27	12/25/2010	410.80	-	395.76	396.17	396.01	-	-
12/26/2010	411.49	401.68	403.23	395.67	394.80	12/26/2010	411.49	-	396.00	396.28	396.12	-	-
12/27/2010	411.82	401.67	403.92	396.15	395.31	12/27/2010	411.82	-	396.77	396.91	396.70	-	-
12/28/2010	411.95	401.69	404.66	396.72	395.86	12/28/2010	411.95	-	397.93	397.87	397.61	-	-
12/29/2010	414.10	401.71	405.15	397.36	396.65	12/29/2010	414.10	-	398.77	398.58	398.33	-	-
12/30/2010	416.20	401.70	406.69	397.63	397.00	12/30/2010	416.20	-	399.95	399.64	399.37	-	-
12/31/2010						12/31/2010							

DATA SHOWN FOR 12/1/10 ARE READINGS FROM 9/30/10

Section P3 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D
12/1/2010	-	390.63	389.39	390.10	390.10

Section P4 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D
12/1/2010	-	-	389.89	389.03	388.65

DATA SHOWN FOR 12/1/10 ARE READINGS FROM 9/30/10

12/21/2010	409.10	-	392.23	390.08	390.47	12/21/2010	409.10	-	393.38	390.75	389.88
12/23/2010	410.50	-	395.73	391.68	392.08	12/23/2010	410.50	-	396.45	393.20	392.18
12/24/2010	410.75	-	397.43	392.78	393.11	12/24/2010	410.75	-	397.99	394.51	393.37
12/25/2010	410.80	-	398.71	394.28	394.12	12/25/2010	410.80	-	399.22	395.75	394.55
12/26/2010	411.49	-	398.96	394.93	394.47	12/26/2010	411.49	-	399.62	396.16	394.94
12/27/2010	411.82	-	399.69	395.64	395.18	12/27/2010	411.82	-	400.41	396.85	395.65
12/28/2010	411.95	-	400.60	396.69	396.22	12/28/2010	411.95	-	401.35	397.74	396.64
12/29/2010	414.10	-	401.23	397.73	397.21	12/29/2010	414.10	-	402.11	398.57	397.36
12/30/2010	416.20	-	402.79	398.54	398.15	12/30/2010	416.20	-	404.08	399.98	398.63
12/31/2010						12/31/2010					

Section P6 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION				DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D			A	B	C	D
12/1/2010	-	389.64	389.04	388.84	12/1/2010	-	386.95	388.49	391.48		

Section P5 Trends

DATA SHOWN FOR 12/1/10 ARE READINGS FROM 9/30/10

12/21/2010	409.10	-	392.32	390.02	388.56	12/21/2010	409.10	-	385.33	388.54	391.53
12/23/2010	410.50	-	396.70	394.34	393.06	12/23/2010	410.50	-	387.11	388.52	391.49
12/24/2010	410.75	-	398.81	396.32	395.27	12/24/2010	410.75	-	388.66	388.51	391.48
12/25/2010	410.80	-	400.26	397.82	396.82	12/25/2010	410.80	-	390.58	388.51	391.48
12/26/2010	411.49	-	400.76	398.24	397.17	12/26/2010	411.49	-	391.97	388.52	391.50
12/27/2010	411.82	-	401.74	399.05	397.92	12/27/2010	411.82	-	393.53	389.21	391.48
12/28/2010	411.95	-	402.69	400.00	398.87	12/28/2010	411.95	-	395.40	390.21	391.51
12/29/2010	414.10	-	403.42	400.72	399.49	12/29/2010	414.10	-	396.52	391.34	391.52
12/30/2010	416.20	-	405.69	402.41	400.94	12/30/2010	416.20	-	398.53	392.96	391.55
12/31/2010						12/31/2010					

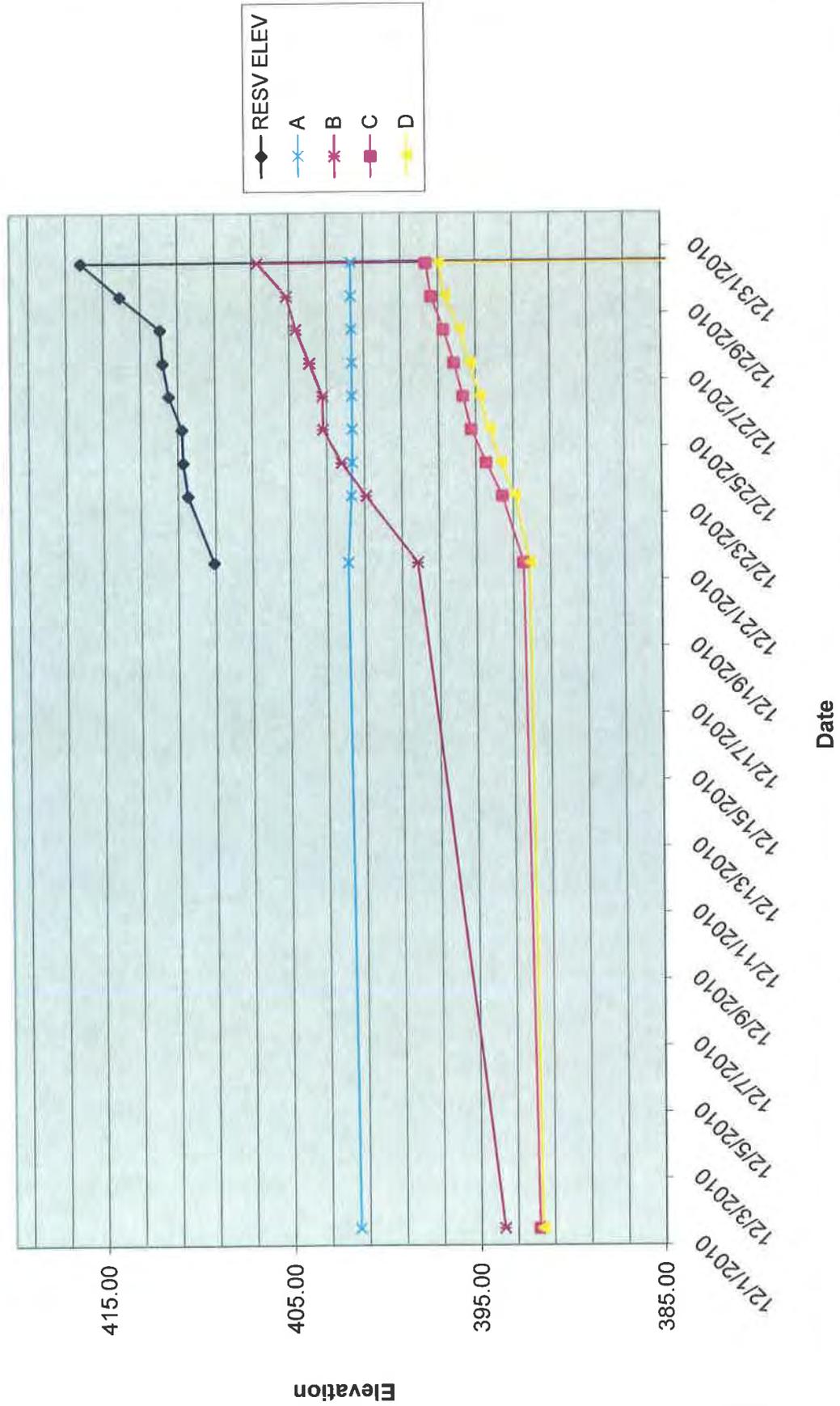
Section P7 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D
12/11/2010	-	-	-	389.39	389.92

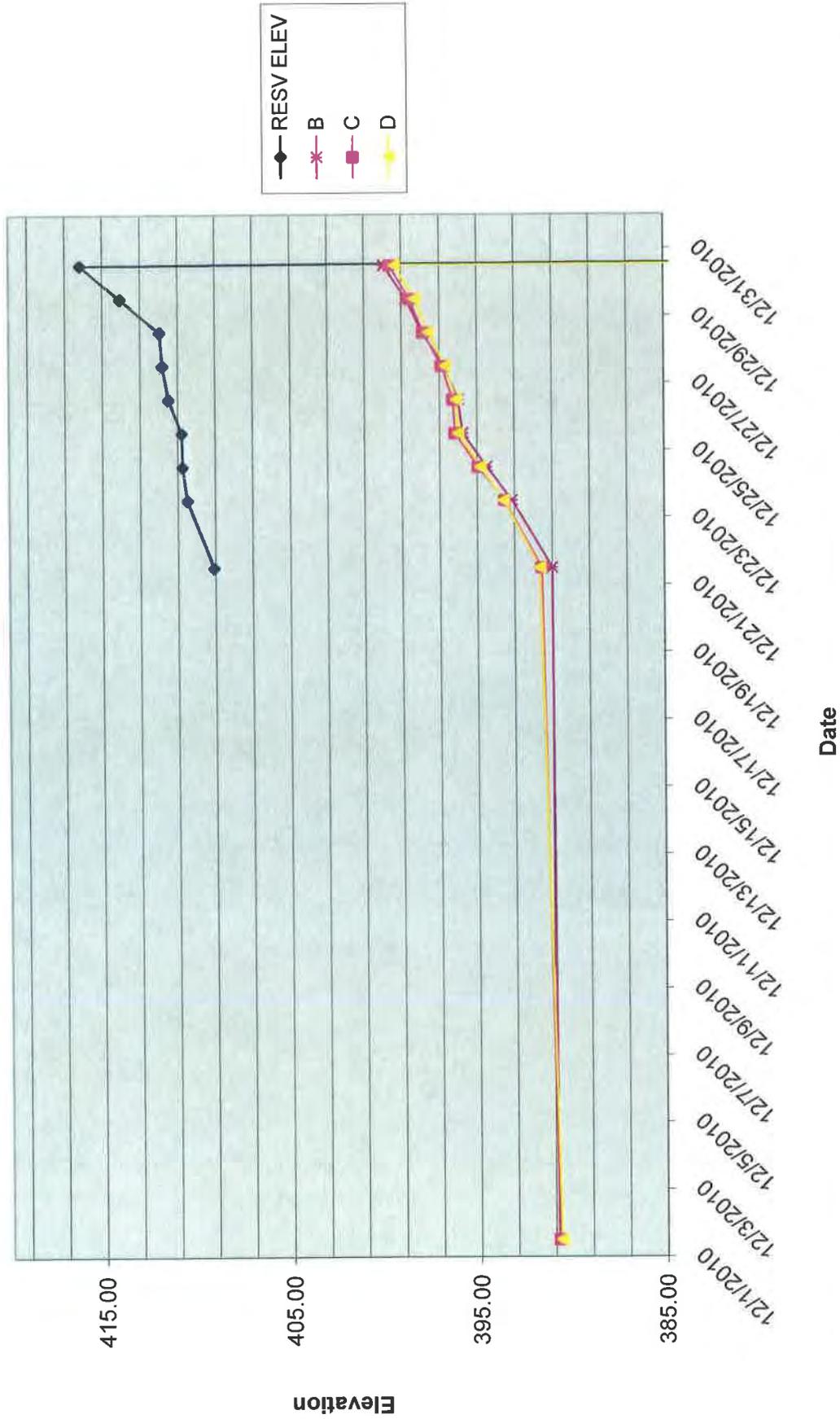
DATA SHOWN FOR 12/1/10 ARE READINGS FROM 9/30/10

12/21/2010	409.10	-	-	389.44	389.97
12/23/2010	410.50	-	-	389.40	389.92
12/24/2010	410.75	-	-	389.39	389.92
12/25/2010	410.80	-	-	389.40	390.02
12/26/2010	411.49	-	-	389.40	389.99
12/27/2010	411.82	-	-	389.42	389.99
12/28/2010	411.95	-	-	389.42	390.00
12/29/2010	414.10	-	-	389.43	390.07
12/30/2010	416.20	-	-	389.45	390.10
12/31/2010					

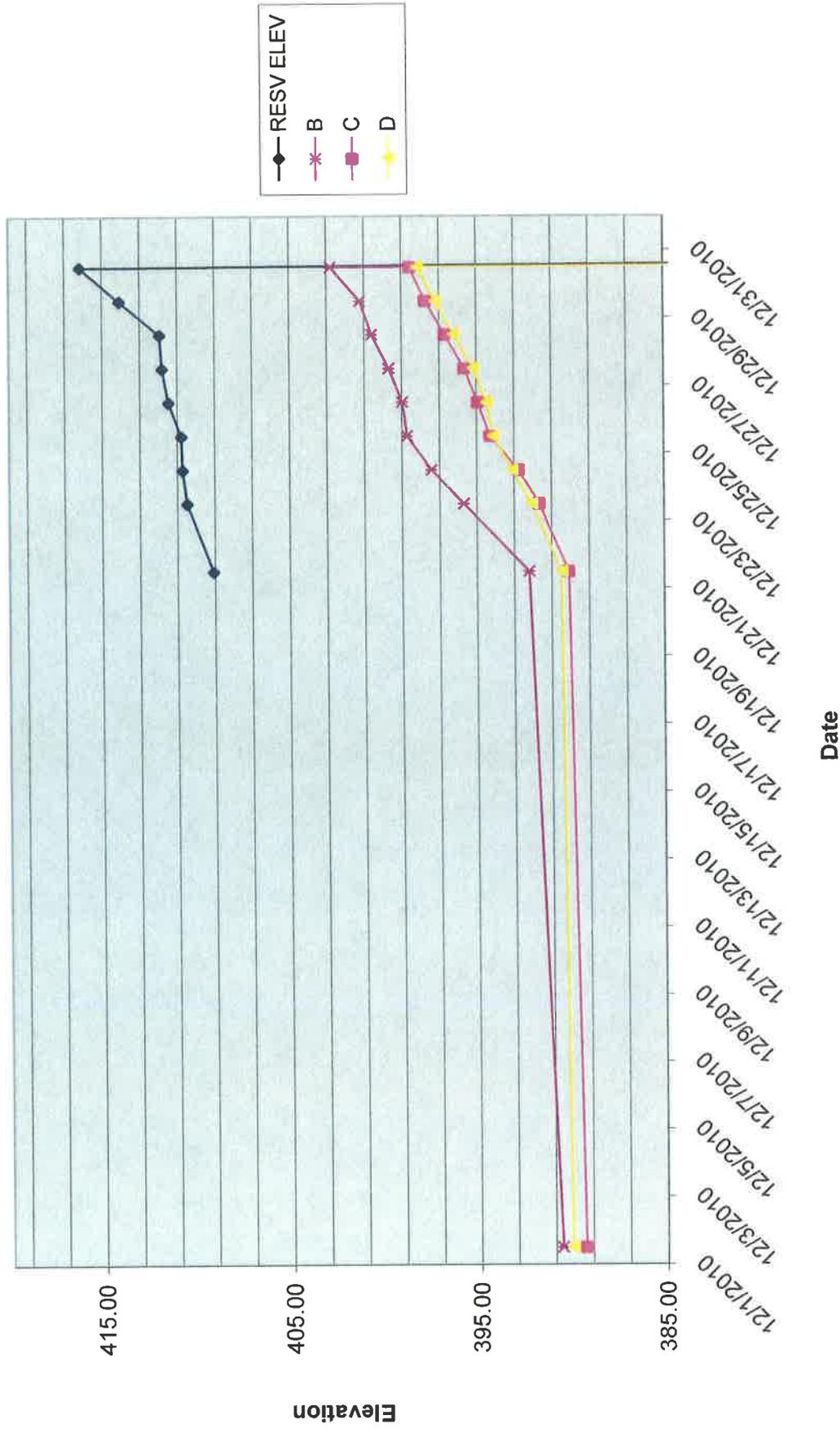
P1 TRENDS
DATA SHOWN FOR 12/1/10 ARE READINGS FROM 9/30/10



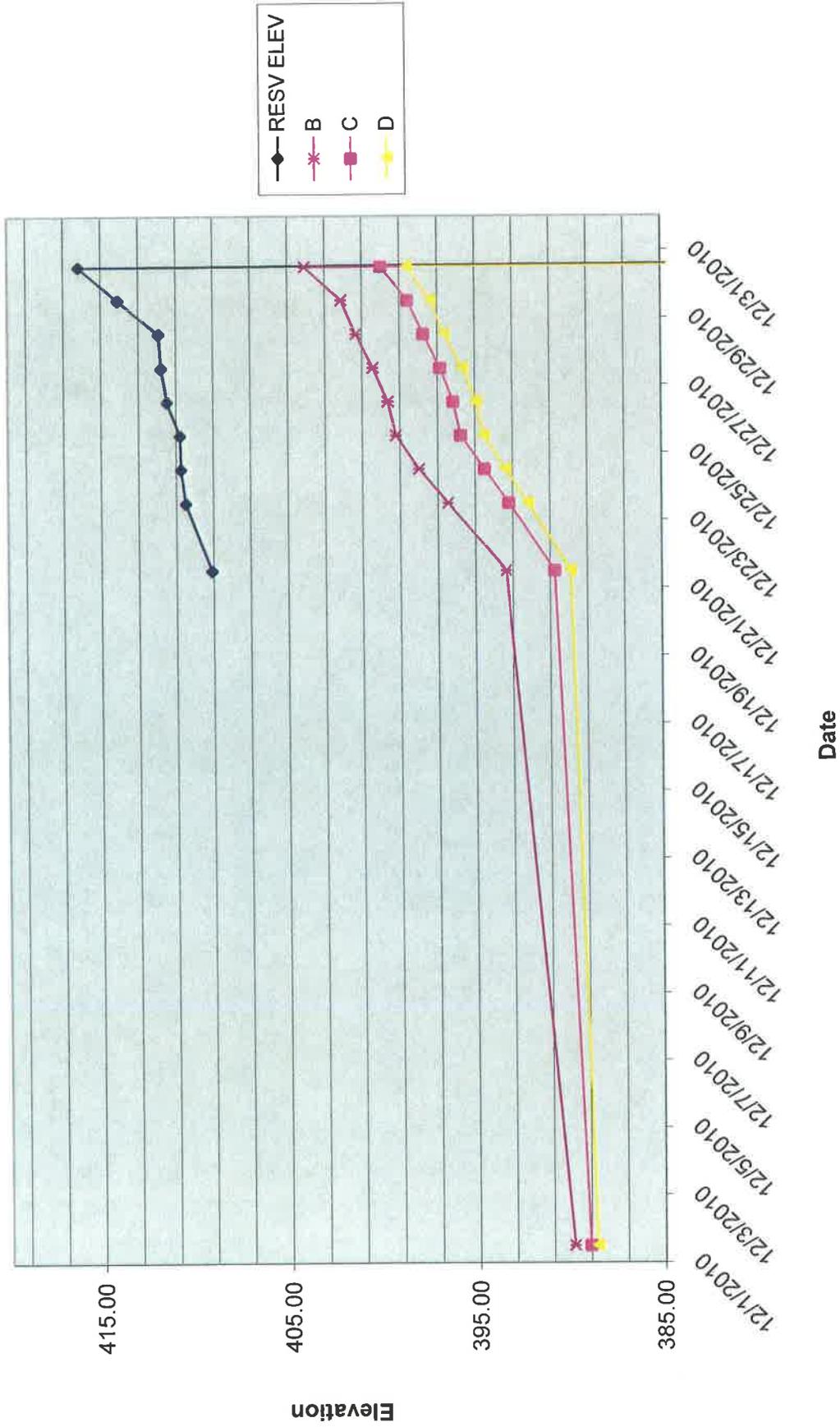
P2 TRENDS
DATA SHOWN FOR 12/1/10 ARE READINGS FROM 9/30/10



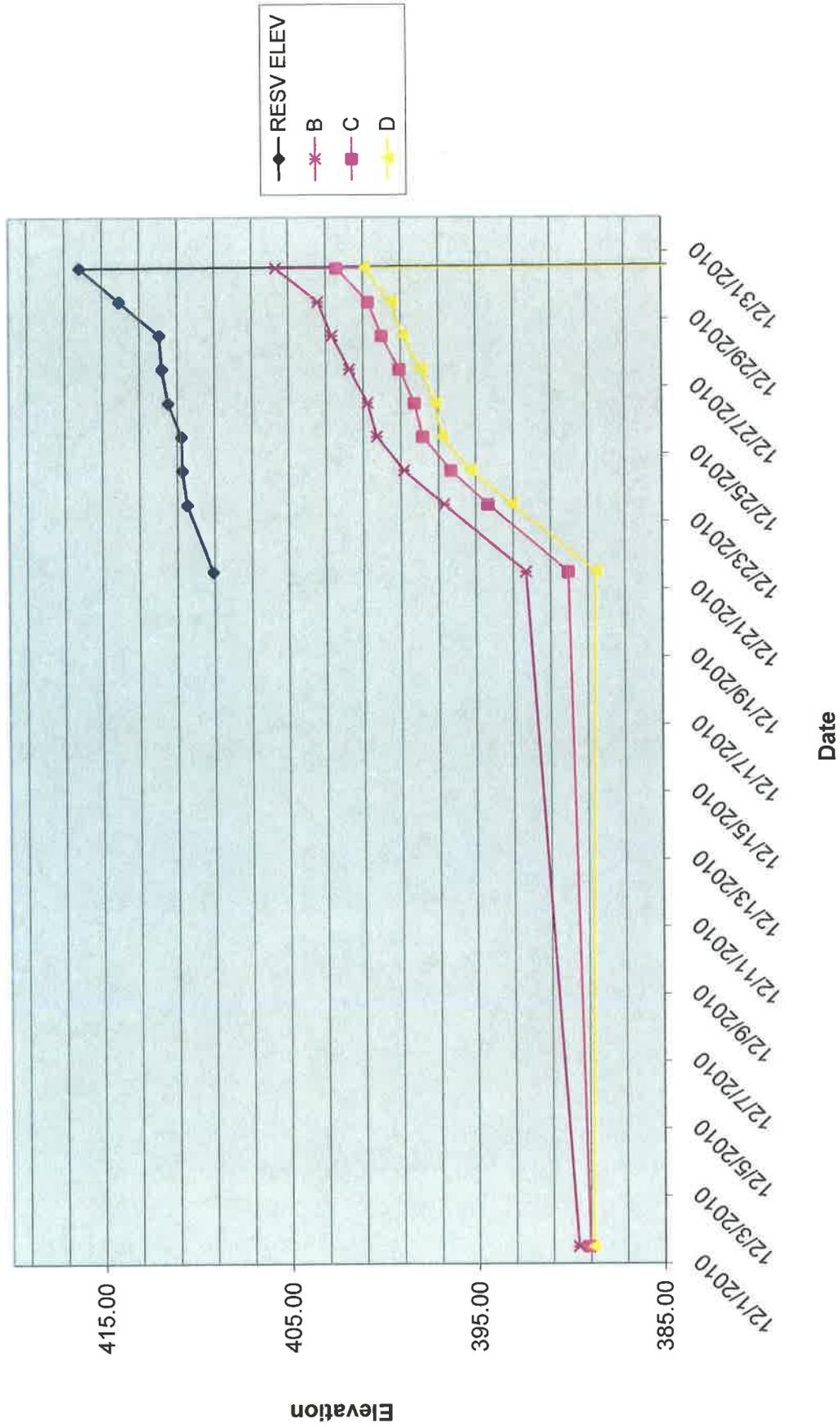
P3 TRENDS
DATA SHOWN FOR 12/1/10 ARE READINGS FROM 9/30/10



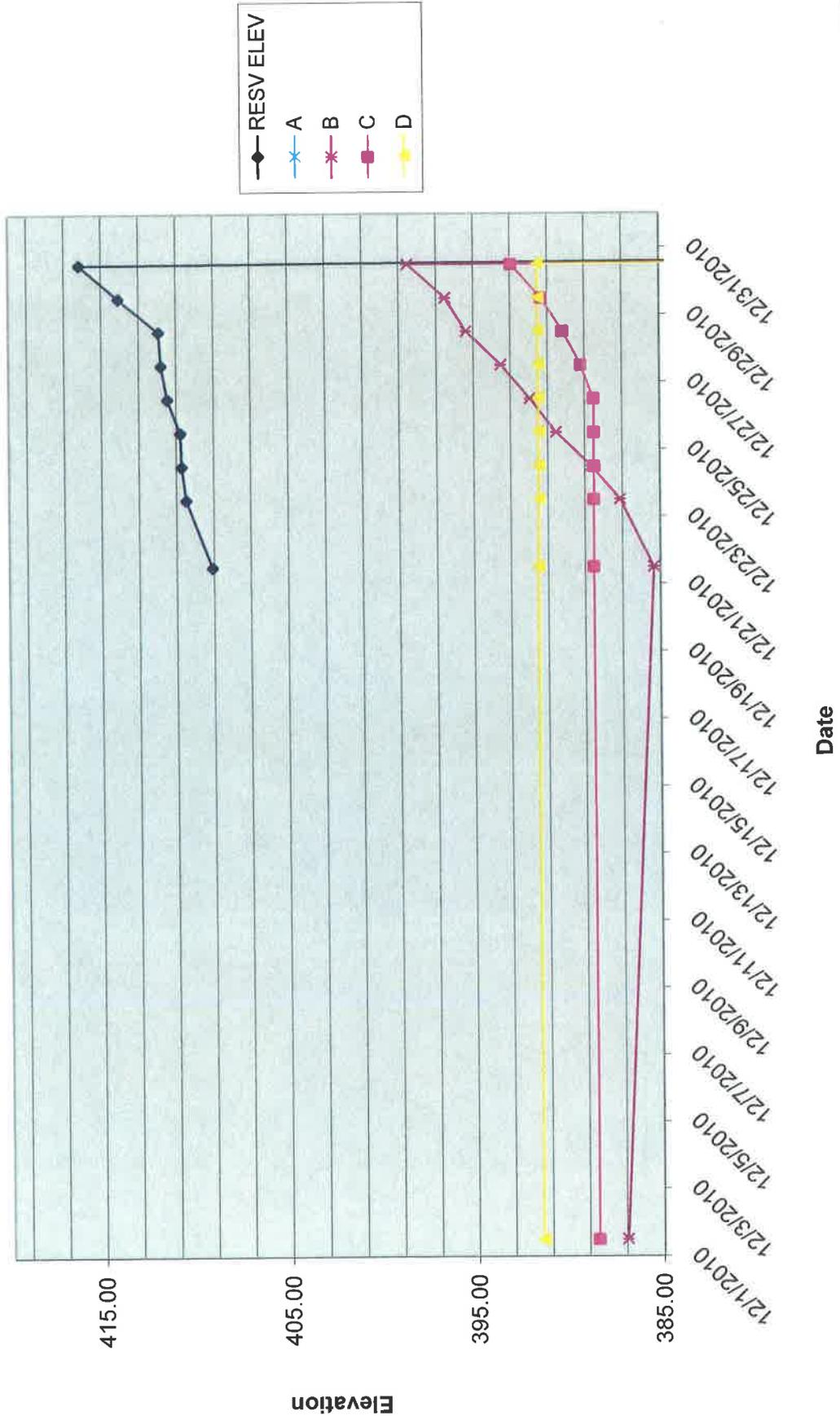
P4 TRENDS
DATA SHOWN FOR 12/1/10 ARE READINGS FROM 9/30/10



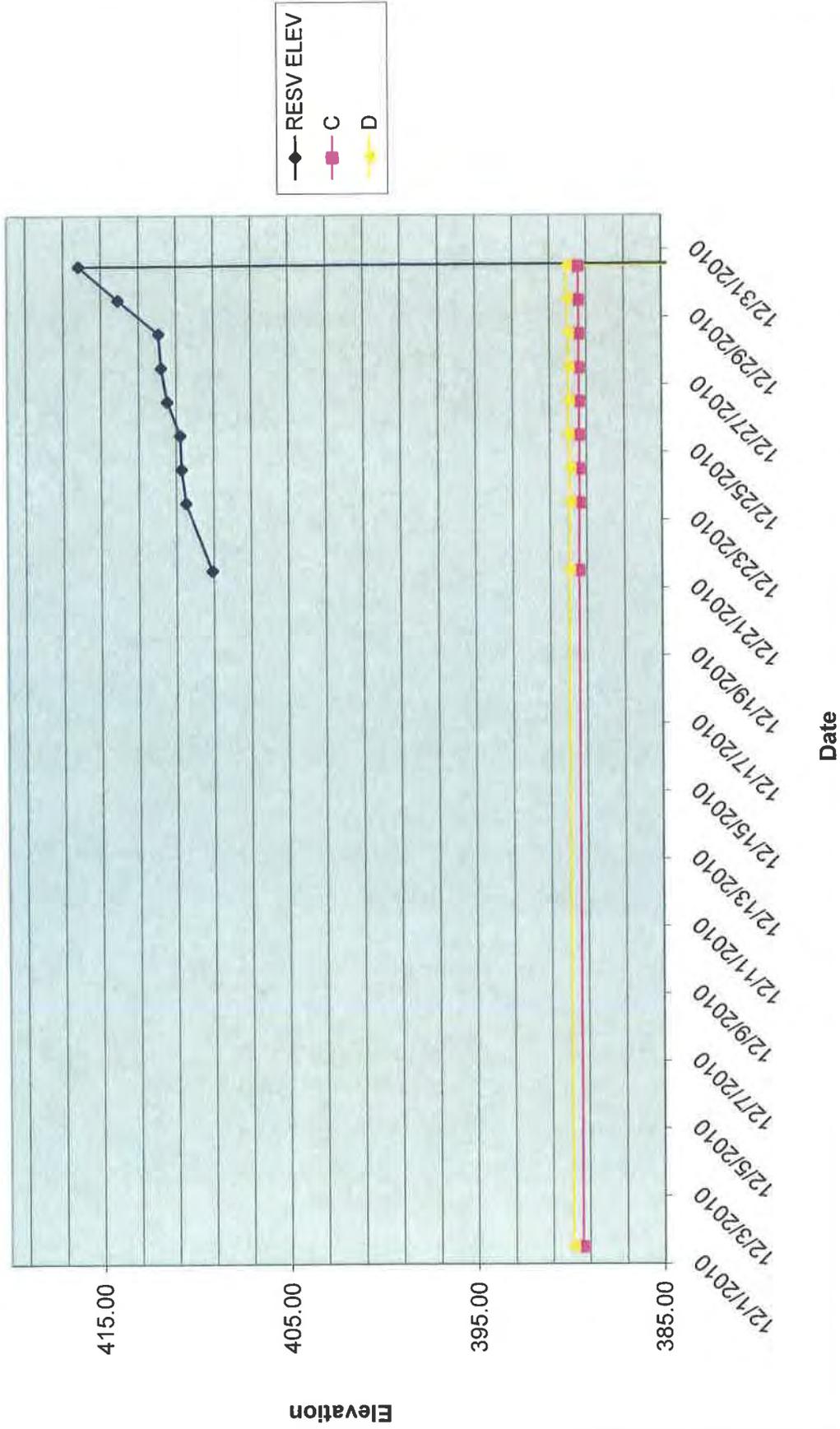
**P5 TRENDS
DATA SHOWN FOR 12/1/10 ARE READINGS FROM 9/30/10**



**P6 TRENDS
DATA SHOWN FOR 12/1/10 ARE READINGS FROM 9/30/10**



P7 TRENDS
DATA SHOWN FOR 12/1/10 ARE READINGS FROM 9/30/10

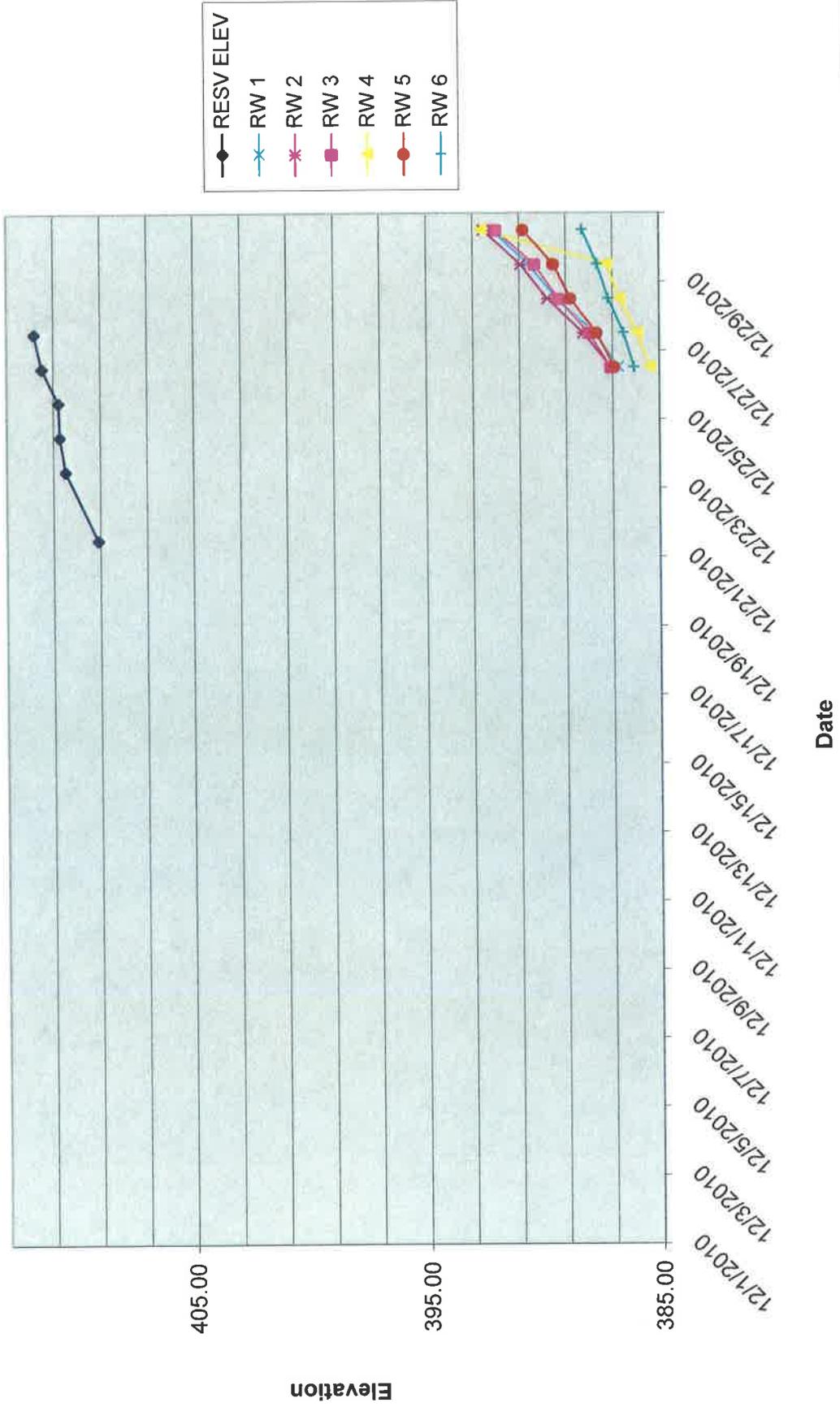


NOTE: For the trend graphs to show correctly, you must go to each row of data for each date not collected and deleted the cell contents of the date cell for that row - DO NOT DELETE THE CELL OR ROW, JUST THE DATE CELL CONTENTS THAT SHOW

RELIEF WELL MONITORING

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION					
		RW 1	RW 2	RW 3	RW 4	RW 5	RW 6
12/1/2010							
12/21/2010	409.10						
12/23/2010	410.50						
12/24/2010	410.75						
12/25/2010	410.80						
12/26/2010	411.49	386.77	387.06	387.07	385.38	386.93	386.11
12/27/2010	411.82	387.78	388.26	388.01	385.95	387.68	386.56
12/28/2010		389.41	389.79	389.31	386.69	388.80	387.21
12/29/2010		390.64	390.94	390.35	387.25	389.53	387.68
12/30/2010		392.20	392.54	392.01	392.64	390.83	388.31

BDR RELIEF WELLS



Section P1 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D
1/1/2011	416.50	401.70	407.51	397.82	397.24
1/2/2011	417.00	401.71	407.90	398.20	397.69
1/3/2011	419.00	401.70	408.92	398.36	397.89
1/4/2011	418.95	401.70	409.20	398.35	397.89
1/5/2011	418.80	401.70	409.34	398.39	397.93
1/6/2011	418.42	401.70	409.38	398.42	397.93
1/7/2011	418.05	401.69	409.30	398.41	397.93
1/8/2011	417.80	401.70	409.11	398.35	397.88
1/9/2011	417.40	401.69	408.90	398.30	397.81
1/10/2011	416.91	401.69	408.68	398.31	397.83
1/12/2011	415.99	401.71	408.23	398.26	397.77
1/13/2011	415.52	401.70	407.97	398.18	397.69
1/14/2011	414.82	401.67	407.75	398.21	397.70
1/16/2011	413.65	401.69	407.17	398.19	397.69
1/18/2011	412.30	401.68	406.45	398.07	397.63
1/19/2011	411.45	401.68	406.09	398.07	397.65
1/21/2011	409.49	401.66	405.00	397.89	397.48
1/24/2011	404.49	401.69	402.71	397.67	397.32
1/26/2011	404.49	401.64	401.79	397.47	397.16
1/28/2011	404.42	401.68	401.80	397.51	397.20
1/31/2011	404.77	401.63	401.54	397.46	397.14

Section P2 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D
1/1/2011	416.50	-	401.67	400.82	400.51
1/2/2011	417.00	-	402.52	401.50	401.18
1/3/2011	419.00	-	403.62	402.40	402.09
1/4/2011	418.95	-	404.18	402.81	402.44
1/5/2011	418.80	-	404.80	403.29	402.86
1/6/2011	418.42	-	405.20	403.46	403.21
1/7/2011	418.05	-	405.41	403.46	403.28
1/8/2011	417.80	-	405.36	403.46	403.24
1/9/2011	417.40	-	405.23	403.46	403.15
1/10/2011	416.91	-	405.10	403.46	403.08
1/12/2011	415.99	-	404.73	403.29	402.88
1/13/2011	415.52	-	404.53	403.08	402.71
1/14/2011	414.82	-	404.19	403.04	402.70
1/16/2011	413.65	-	404.11	402.79	402.46
1/18/2011	412.30	-	403.62	402.46	402.13
1/19/2011	411.45	-	403.37	402.29	401.97
1/21/2011	409.49	-	402.50	401.59	401.31
1/24/2011	404.49	-	401.13	400.44	400.19
1/26/2011	404.49	-	400.13	399.66	399.47
1/28/2011	404.42	-	399.75	399.40	399.26
1/31/2011	404.77	-	399.22	399.01	398.88

Section P4 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION				DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D			A	B	C	D
1/1/2011	416.50	-	404.04	399.61	399.21	1/1/2011	416.50	-	405.53	401.35	399.92
1/2/2011	417.00	-	404.74	400.57	400.02	1/2/2011	417.00	-	406.18	402.15	400.74
1/3/2011	419.00	-	406.07	401.45	401.23	1/3/2011	419.00	-	407.65	403.40	402.05
1/4/2011	418.95	-	406.59	401.84	401.66	1/4/2011	418.95	-	408.06	403.72	402.36
1/5/2011	418.80	-	407.03	402.26	402.18	1/5/2011	418.80	-	408.36	403.98	402.68
1/6/2011	418.42	-	407.30	402.62	402.56	1/6/2011	418.42	-	408.50	404.14	402.88
1/7/2011	418.05	-	407.46	402.82	402.85	1/7/2011	418.05	-	408.48	404.21	403.01
1/8/2011	417.80	-	407.39	402.83	402.89	1/8/2011	417.80	-	408.35	404.16	402.97
1/9/2011	417.40	-	407.29	402.83	402.92	1/9/2011	417.40	-	408.15	404.10	402.91
1/10/2011	416.91	-	407.24	402.84	402.97	1/10/2011	416.91	-	408.02	404.10	402.93
1/12/2011	415.99	-	406.89	402.76	402.94	1/12/2011	415.99	-	407.62	403.93	402.85
1/13/2011	415.52	-	406.67	402.62	402.83	1/13/2011	415.52	-	407.38	403.81	402.74
1/14/2011	414.82	-	406.48	402.63	402.89	1/14/2011	414.82	-	407.15	403.75	402.71
1/16/2011	413.65	-	406.08	402.46	402.79	1/16/2011	413.65	-	406.62	403.50	402.52
1/18/2011	412.30	-	405.48	402.20	402.55	1/18/2011	412.30	-	405.96	403.15	402.25
1/19/2011	411.45	-	405.15	402.05	402.44	1/19/2011	411.45	-	405.63	402.98	402.07
1/21/2011	409.49	-	404.09	401.47	401.86	1/21/2011	409.49	-	404.53	402.28	401.47
1/24/2011	404.49	-	401.95	400.13	400.72	1/24/2011	404.49	-	402.26	400.73	400.18
1/26/2011	404.49	-	400.94	399.23	399.90	1/26/2011	404.49	-	401.16	399.76	399.26
1/28/2011	404.42	-	400.69	398.95	399.60	1/28/2011	404.42	-	400.81	399.38	398.88
1/31/2011	404.77	-	400.28	398.51	399.15	1/31/2011	404.77	-	400.40	398.98	398.48

Section P3 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D
1/1/2011	416.50	-	404.04	399.61	399.21
1/2/2011	417.00	-	404.74	400.57	400.02
1/3/2011	419.00	-	406.07	401.45	401.23
1/4/2011	418.95	-	406.59	401.84	401.66
1/5/2011	418.80	-	407.03	402.26	402.18
1/6/2011	418.42	-	407.30	402.62	402.56
1/7/2011	418.05	-	407.46	402.82	402.85
1/8/2011	417.80	-	407.39	402.83	402.89
1/9/2011	417.40	-	407.29	402.83	402.92
1/10/2011	416.91	-	407.24	402.84	402.97
1/12/2011	415.99	-	406.89	402.76	402.94
1/13/2011	415.52	-	406.67	402.62	402.83
1/14/2011	414.82	-	406.48	402.63	402.89
1/16/2011	413.65	-	406.08	402.46	402.79
1/18/2011	412.30	-	405.48	402.20	402.55
1/19/2011	411.45	-	405.15	402.05	402.44
1/21/2011	409.49	-	404.09	401.47	401.86
1/24/2011	404.49	-	401.95	400.13	400.72
1/26/2011	404.49	-	400.94	399.23	399.90
1/28/2011	404.42	-	400.69	398.95	399.60
1/31/2011	404.77	-	400.28	398.51	399.15

Section P6 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION				DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D			A	B	C	D
1/1/2011	416.50	-	407.01	403.71	402.29	1/1/2011	416.50	395.61	401.72	395.62	393.72
1/2/2011	417.00	-	407.66	404.38	403.01	1/2/2011	417.00	396.43	403.06	396.84	395.04
1/3/2011	419.00	-	409.37	405.85	404.30	1/3/2011	419.00	397.79	405.60	398.76	396.73
1/4/2011	418.95	-	409.84	406.34	404.82	1/4/2011	418.95	398.35	406.74	399.99	397.92
1/5/2011	418.80	-	410.07	406.71	405.31	1/5/2011	418.80	399.88	407.69	401.28	399.23
1/6/2011	418.42	-	410.17	406.90	405.57	1/6/2011	418.42	400.57	408.29	402.20	400.23
1/7/2011	418.05	403.14	410.11	406.99	405.75	1/7/2011	418.05	401.39	408.56	402.88	400.98
1/8/2011	417.80	403.32	409.92	406.89	405.72	1/8/2011	417.80	401.81	408.65	403.20	401.36
1/9/2011	417.40	403.56	409.74	406.77	405.67	1/9/2011	417.40	402.42	408.73	403.49	401.77
1/10/2011	416.91	403.81	409.56	406.70	405.63	1/10/2011	416.91	403.87	408.82	403.84	402.17
1/12/2011	415.99	404.30	409.06	406.40	405.40	1/12/2011	415.99	404.49	408.59	404.09	402.55
1/13/2011	415.52	404.35	408.77	406.19	405.25	1/13/2011	415.52	404.50	408.36	404.02	402.55
1/14/2011	414.82	404.46	408.44	406.00	405.14	1/14/2011	414.82	404.59	408.15	404.07	402.62
1/16/2011	413.65	404.64	407.80	405.53	404.70	1/16/2011	413.65	404.75	407.62	403.87	402.58
1/18/2011	412.30	404.84	406.94	404.87	404.18	1/18/2011	412.30	404.62	407.01	403.56	402.37
1/19/2011	411.45	404.89	406.45	404.52	403.87	1/19/2011	411.45	404.56	406.71	403.43	402.28
1/21/2011	409.49	404.93	405.11	403.43	402.87	1/21/2011	409.49	404.04	405.82	402.92	401.85
1/24/2011	404.49	404.88	402.92	401.59	401.18	1/24/2011	404.49	403.42	404.56	402.11	401.24
1/26/2011	404.49	404.67	402.04	400.77	400.35	1/26/2011	404.49	402.89	403.77	401.56	400.78
1/28/2011	404.42	404.54	401.75	400.53	400.07	1/28/2011	404.42	402.58	403.32	401.25	400.50
1/31/2011	404.77	404.26	401.34	400.07	399.61	1/31/2011	404.77	402.01	402.60	400.62	399.95

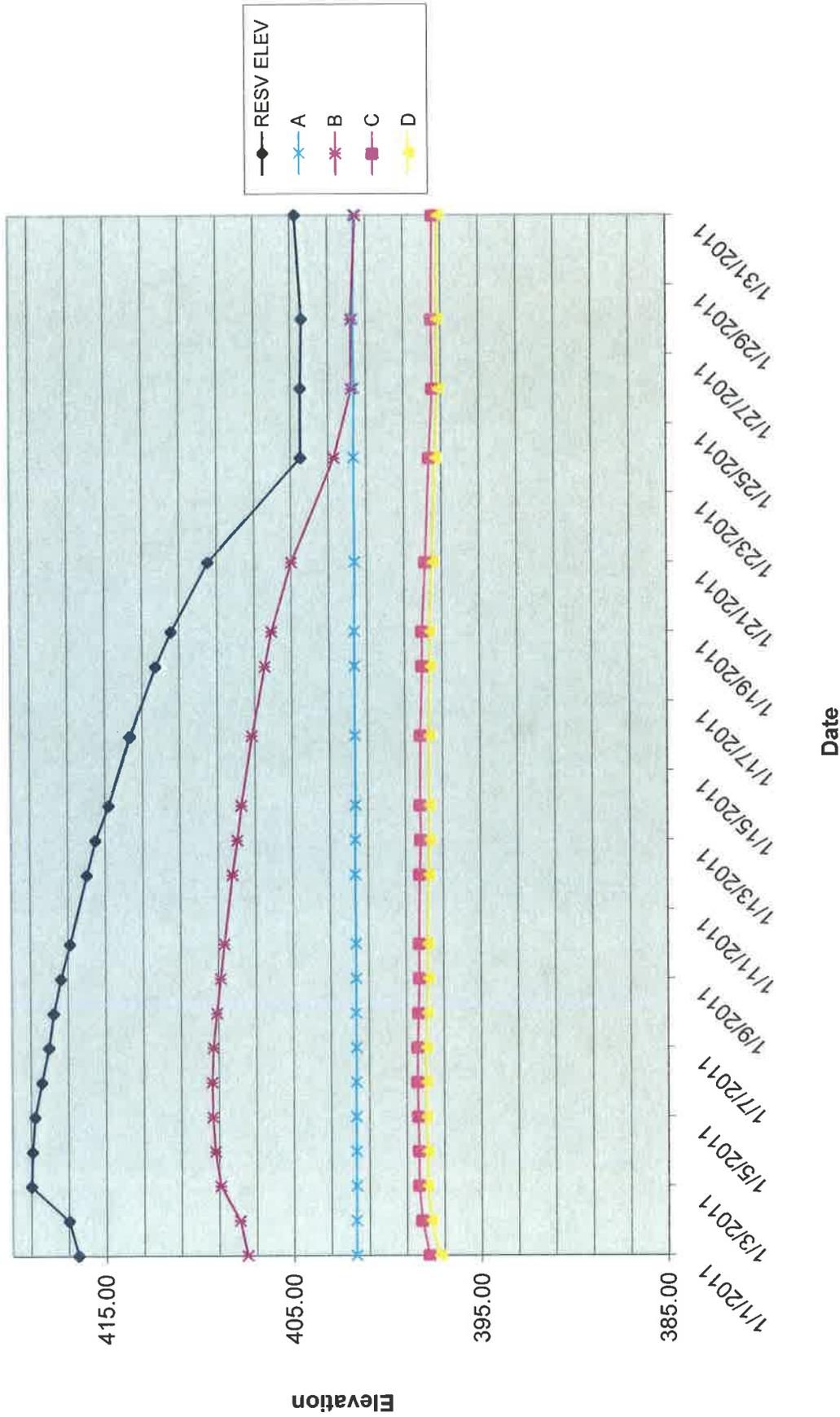
Section P5 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D
1/1/2011	416.50	-	407.01	403.71	402.29
1/2/2011	417.00	-	407.66	404.38	403.01
1/3/2011	419.00	-	409.37	405.85	404.30
1/4/2011	418.95	-	409.84	406.34	404.82
1/5/2011	418.80	-	410.07	406.71	405.31
1/6/2011	418.42	-	410.17	406.90	405.57
1/7/2011	418.05	403.14	410.11	406.99	405.75
1/8/2011	417.80	403.32	409.92	406.89	405.72
1/9/2011	417.40	403.56	409.74	406.77	405.67
1/10/2011	416.91	403.81	409.56	406.70	405.63
1/12/2011	415.99	404.30	409.06	406.40	405.40
1/13/2011	415.52	404.35	408.77	406.19	405.25
1/14/2011	414.82	404.46	408.44	406.00	405.14
1/16/2011	413.65	404.64	407.80	405.53	404.70
1/18/2011	412.30	404.84	406.94	404.87	404.18
1/19/2011	411.45	404.89	406.45	404.52	403.87
1/21/2011	409.49	404.93	405.11	403.43	402.87
1/24/2011	404.49	404.88	402.92	401.59	401.18
1/26/2011	404.49	404.67	402.04	400.77	400.35
1/28/2011	404.42	404.54	401.75	400.53	400.07
1/31/2011	404.77	404.26	401.34	400.07	399.61

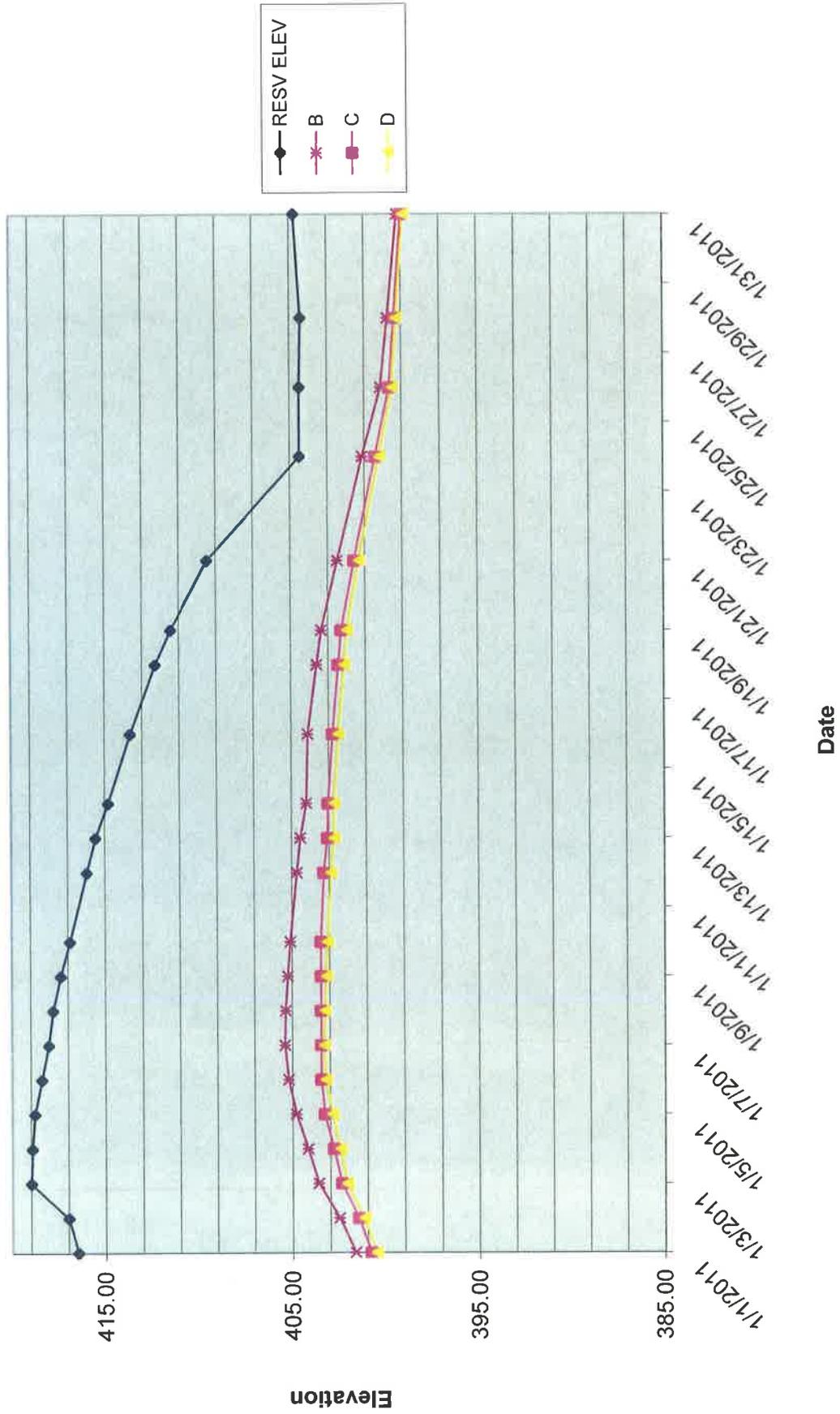
Section P7 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D
1/1/2011	416.50	-	-	389.44	390.09
1/2/2011	417.00	-	-	389.43	390.10
1/3/2011	419.00	-	-	389.43	390.09
1/4/2011	418.95	-	-	389.43	390.10
1/5/2011	418.80	-	-	389.43	390.10
1/6/2011	418.42	-	-	389.76	390.10
1/7/2011	418.05	-	-	390.51	390.70
1/8/2011	417.80	-	-	391.02	391.15
1/9/2011	417.40	-	-	391.57	391.70
1/10/2011	416.91	-	-	392.19	392.31
1/12/2011	415.99	-	-	392.99	393.12
1/13/2011	415.52	-	-	393.34	393.42
1/14/2011	414.82	-	-	393.73	393.81
1/16/2011	413.65	-	-	394.25	394.32
1/18/2011	412.30	-	-	394.73	394.76
1/19/2011	411.45	-	-	394.91	394.93
1/21/2011	409.49	-	-	395.10	395.14
1/24/2011	404.49	-	-	395.28	395.24
1/26/2011	404.49	-	-	395.22	395.18
1/28/2011	404.42	-	-	395.27	395.24
1/31/2011	404.77	-	-	395.11	395.05

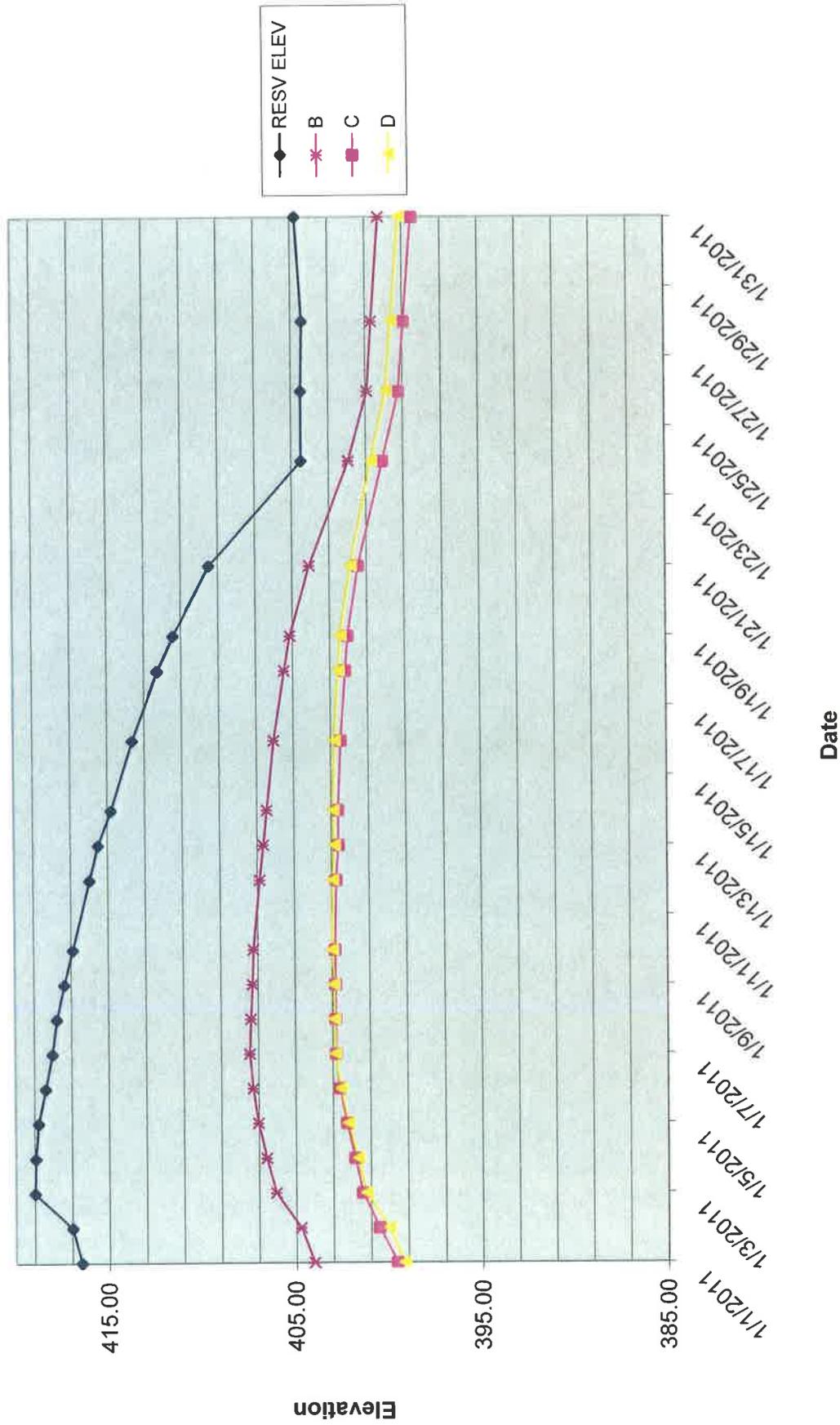
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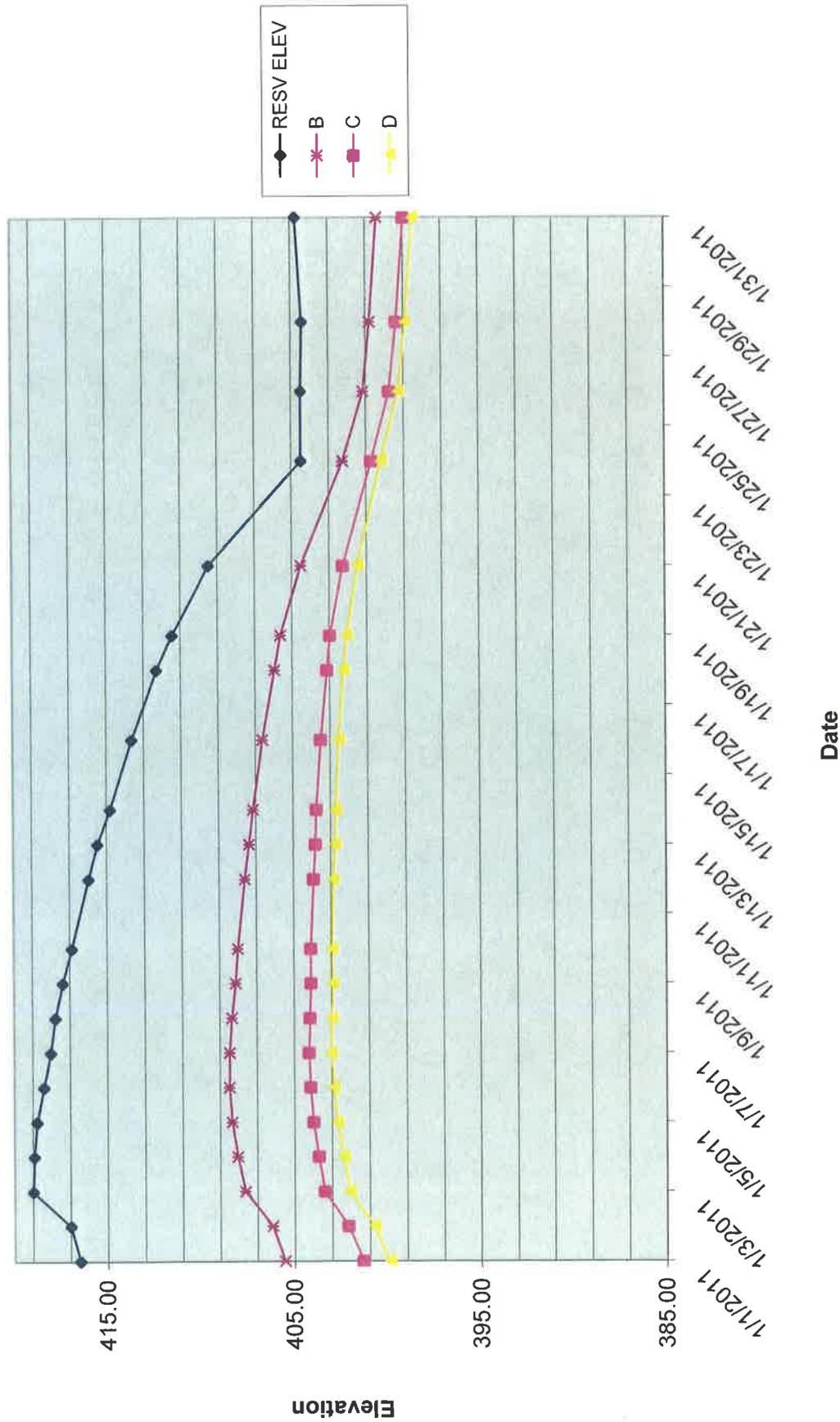
P2 TRENDS



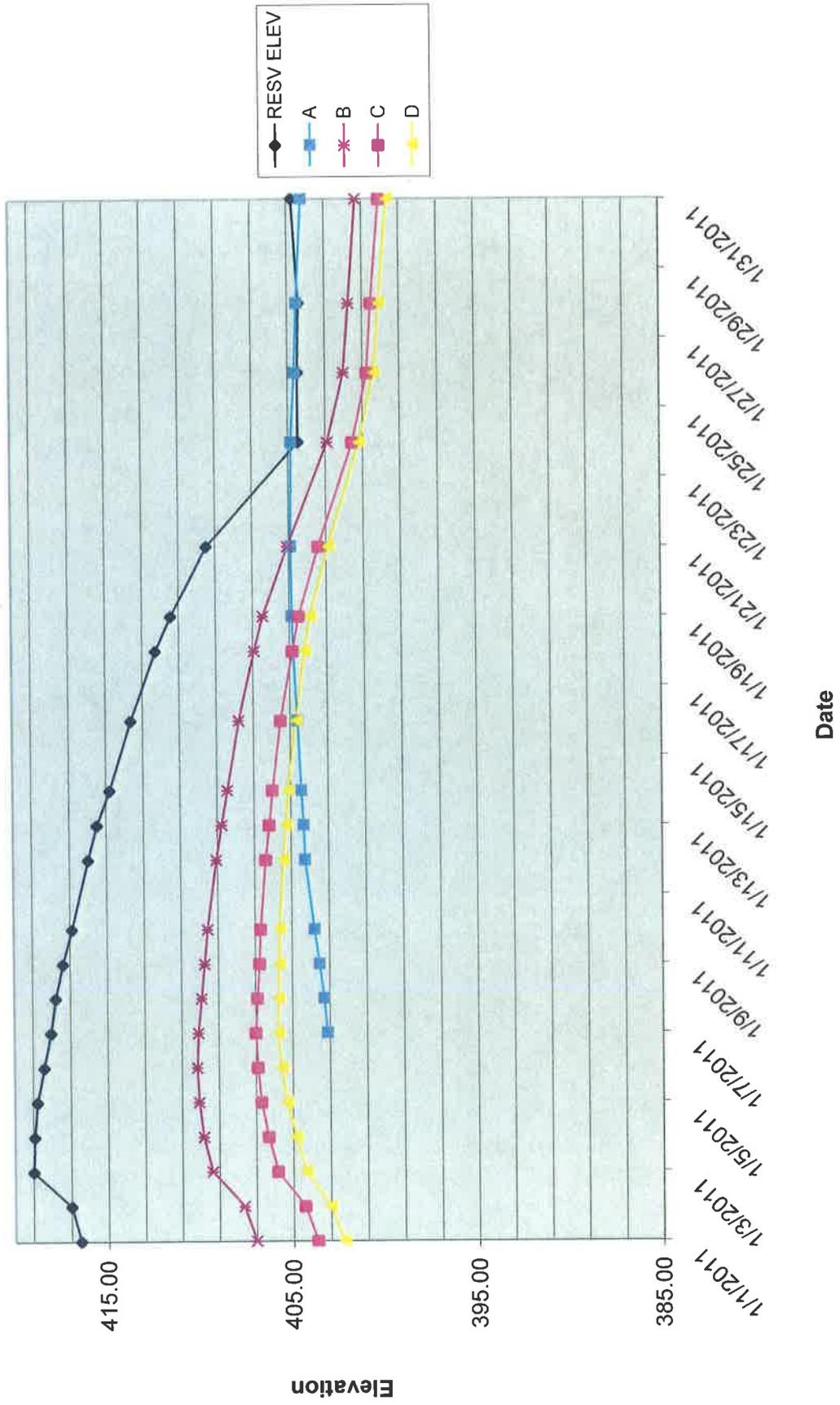
P3 TRENDS



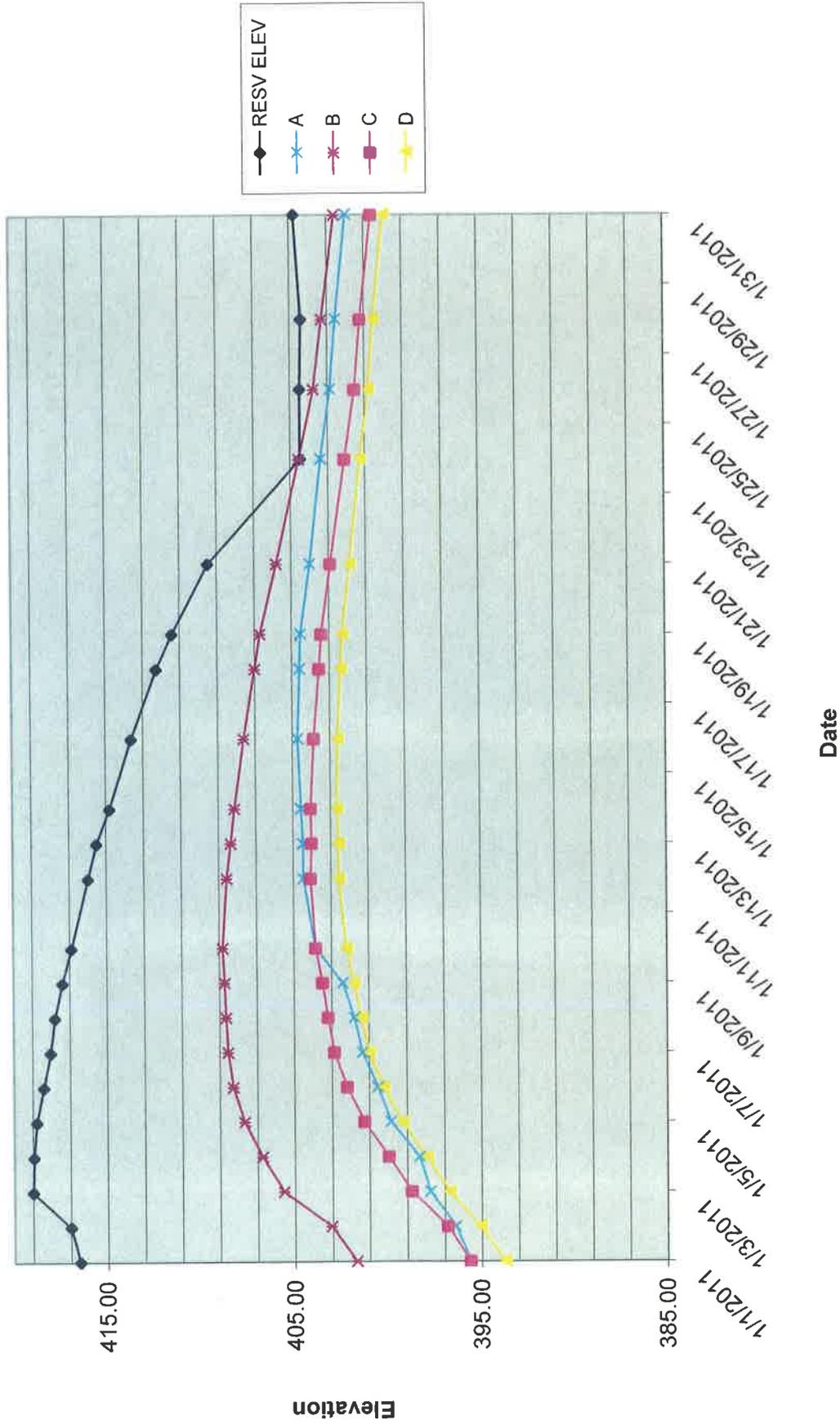
P4 TRENDS



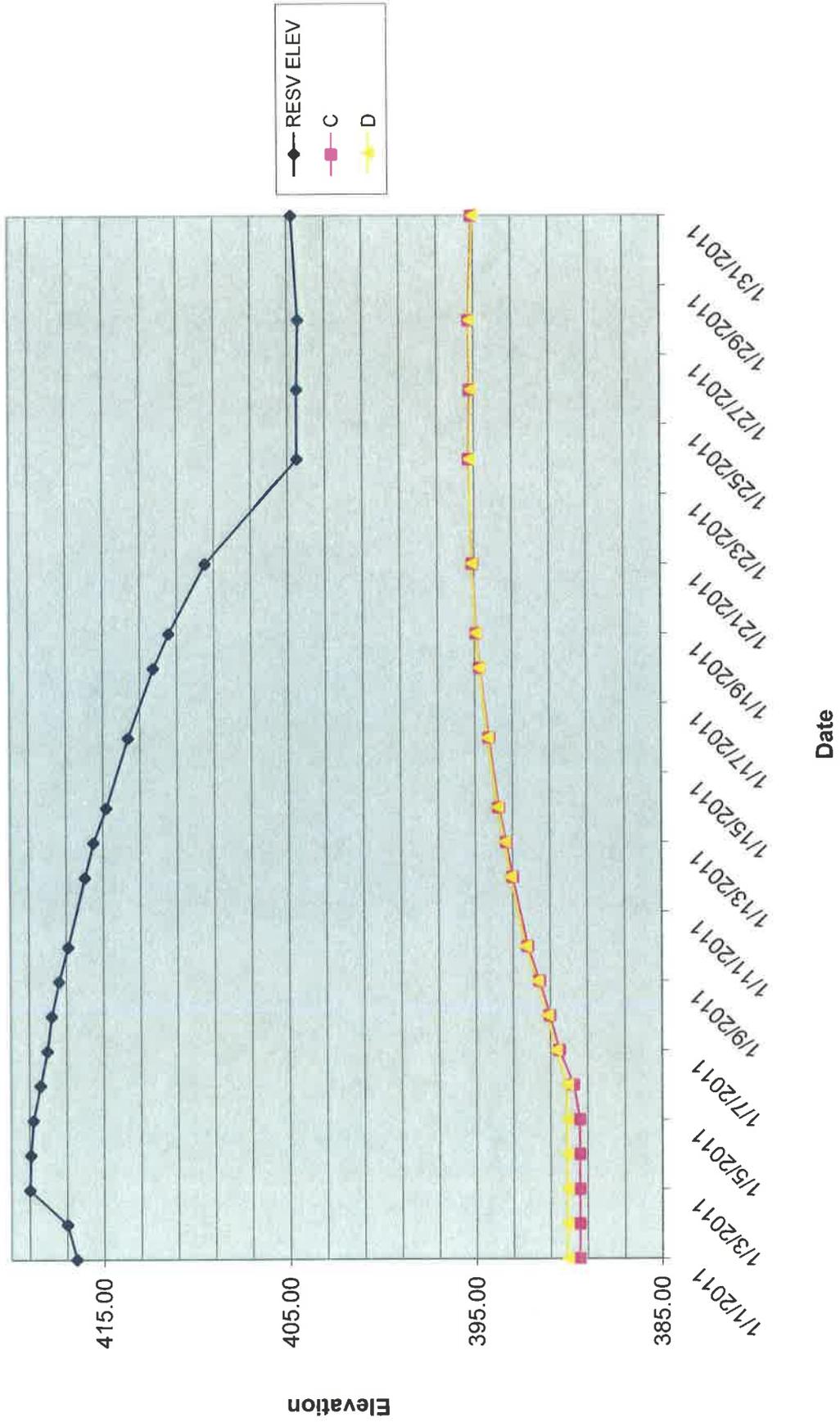
P5 TRENDS



P6 TRENDS



P7 TRENDS

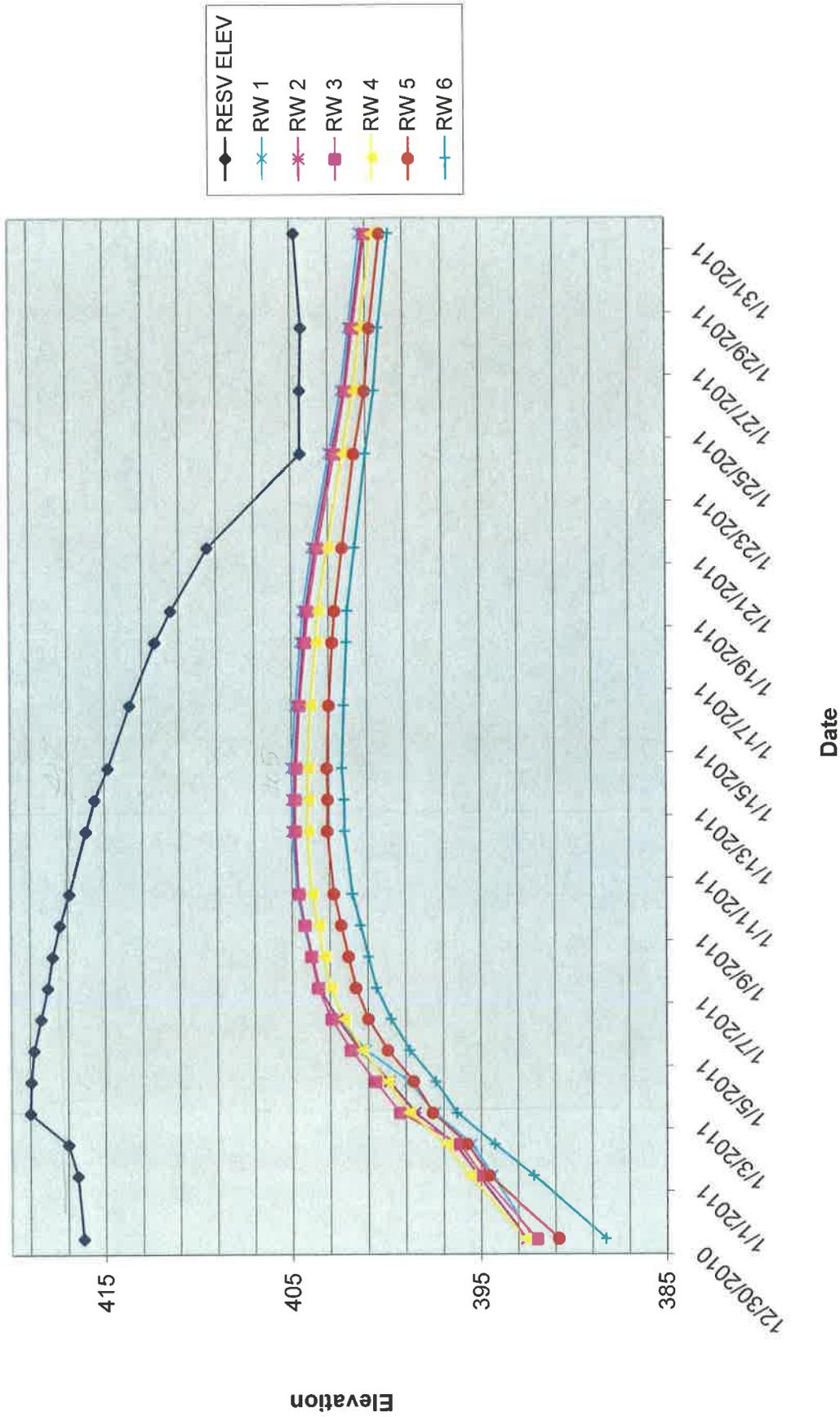


NOTE: For the trend graphs to show correctly, you must go to each row of data for each date not collected and deleted the cell contents of the date cell for that row - DO NOT DELETE THE CELL OR ROW, JUST THE DATE CELL CONTENTS THAT SHOW

RELIEF WELL MONITORING

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION					
		RW 1	RW 2	RW 3	RW 4	RW 5	RW 6
12/30/2010	416.2	392.20	392.54	392.01	392.64	390.83	388.31
1/1/2011	416.50	394.39	395.14	394.94	395.59	394.54	392.18
1/2/2011	417.00	395.50	396.39	396.15	396.83	395.73	394.26
1/3/2011	419.00	397.47	398.49	399.31	398.82	397.56	396.29
1/4/2011	418.95	398.84	399.89	400.62	399.99	398.58	397.42
1/5/2011	418.80	401.13	401.41	401.90	401.33	399.96	398.79
1/6/2011	418.42	402.63	402.62	402.91	402.26	400.98	399.78
1/7/2011	418.05	403.57	403.56	403.64	402.96	401.63	400.56
1/8/2011	417.80	404.02	403.94	403.99	403.28	402.02	400.99
1/9/2011	417.40	404.39	404.33	404.32	403.58	402.40	401.40
1/10/2011	416.91	404.73	404.64	404.64	403.93	402.78	401.81
1/12/2011	415.99	405.00	404.86	404.81	404.16	403.11	402.21
1/13/2011	415.52	405.00	404.86	404.81	404.12	403.09	402.23
1/14/2011	414.82	405.03	404.84	404.75	404.12	403.12	402.34
1/16/2011	413.65	404.81	404.62	404.57	403.98	403.00	402.22
1/18/2011	412.30	404.52	404.35	404.26	403.65	402.81	402.07
1/19/2011	411.45	404.40	404.22	404.10	403.55	402.68	402.03
1/21/2011	409.49	403.89	403.71	403.56	403.02	402.25	401.62
1/24/2011	404.49	402.95	402.79	402.65	402.19	401.62	401.03
1/26/2011	404.49	402.29	402.13	402.06	401.61	401.04	400.56
1/28/2011	404.42	401.89	401.74	401.65	401.27	400.78	400.31
1/31/2011	404.77	401.29	401.10	401.01	400.64	400.21	399.76

BDR RELIEF WELLS



Section P1 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D
2/2/2011	404.88	401.63	401.72	397.45	397.11
2/4/2011	404.79	401.60	401.83	397.49	397.15
2/7/2011	404.58	401.63	401.77	397.51	397.18
2/9/2011	404.43	401.63	401.42	397.37	397.01
2/11/2011	404.21	401.63	401.36	397.35	397.01
2/14/2011	403.69	401.66	401.10	397.34	397.07
2/16/2011	403.46	401.62	401.14	397.36	397.02
2/18/2011	403.85	401.63	401.25	397.52	397.21
2/22/2011	406.75	401.63	402.50	397.55	397.19
2/23/2011	406.87	401.64	402.78	397.64	397.27
2/25/2011	407.02	401.65	403.03	397.70	397.35
2/28/2011	408.89	401.60	403.61	397.67	397.27

Section P2 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D
2/2/2011	404.88	-	399.16	398.95	398.83
2/4/2011	404.79	-	399.25	399.07	398.97
2/7/2011	404.58	-	399.31	399.08	399.00
2/9/2011	404.43	-	399.06	398.83	398.73
2/11/2011	404.21	-	398.95	398.72	398.62
2/14/2011	403.69	-	398.80	398.60	398.51
2/16/2011	403.46	-	398.96	398.73	398.61
2/18/2011	403.85	-	398.95	398.82	398.74
2/22/2011	406.75	-	399.42	399.25	398.94
2/23/2011	406.87	-	399.75	399.53	399.42
2/25/2011	407.02	-	400.13	399.62	399.71
2/28/2011	408.89	-	400.47	400.13	400.02

Section P3 Trends

Section P4 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION				DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D			A	B	C	D
2/2/2011	404.88	-	400.37	398.52	399.11	2/2/2011	404.88	-	400.52	398.95	398.41
2/4/2011	404.79	-	400.47	398.59	399.18	2/4/2011	404.79	-	400.61	398.99	398.42
2/7/2011	404.58	-	400.40	398.59	399.19	2/7/2011	404.58	-	400.41	398.85	398.27
2/9/2011	404.43	-	400.10	398.32	398.94	2/9/2011	404.43	-	400.06	398.54	397.98
2/11/2011	404.21	-	399.96	398.21	398.83	2/11/2011	404.21	-	399.88	398.38	397.81
2/14/2011	403.69	-	399.72	398.03	398.68	2/14/2011	403.69	-	399.56	398.15	397.62
2/16/2011	403.46	-	399.75	398.10	398.77	2/16/2011	403.46	-	399.58	398.12	397.56
2/18/2011	403.85	-	399.83	398.08	398.80	2/18/2011	403.85	-	399.59	398.14	397.58
2/22/2011	406.75	-	401.05	398.85	399.32	2/22/2011	406.75	-	401.34	399.21	398.49
2/23/2011	406.87	-	401.41	399.16	399.61	2/23/2011	406.87	-	401.73	399.56	398.81
2/25/2011	407.02	-	401.75	399.45	399.95	2/25/2011	407.02	-	402.09	399.90	399.13
2/28/2011	408.89	-	402.44	399.93	400.37	2/28/2011	408.89	-	402.84	400.53	399.72

Section P5 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D
2/2/2011	404.88	404.03	401.23	399.96	399.51
2/4/2011	404.79	403.79	401.25	400.01	399.55
2/7/2011	404.58	403.49	401.08	399.87	399.40
2/9/2011	404.43	403.35	400.80	399.57	399.11
2/11/2011	404.21	403.20	400.73	399.47	399.01
2/14/2011	403.69	402.96	400.58	399.37	398.90
2/16/2011	403.46	402.81	400.71	399.42	398.96
2/18/2011	403.85	402.70	400.80	399.53	399.05
2/22/2011	406.75	402.69	401.42	400.11	399.48
2/23/2011	406.87	402.70	401.69	400.36	399.83
2/25/2011	407.02	402.71	402.05	400.63	400.09
2/28/2011	408.89	402.67	403.41	401.67	400.97

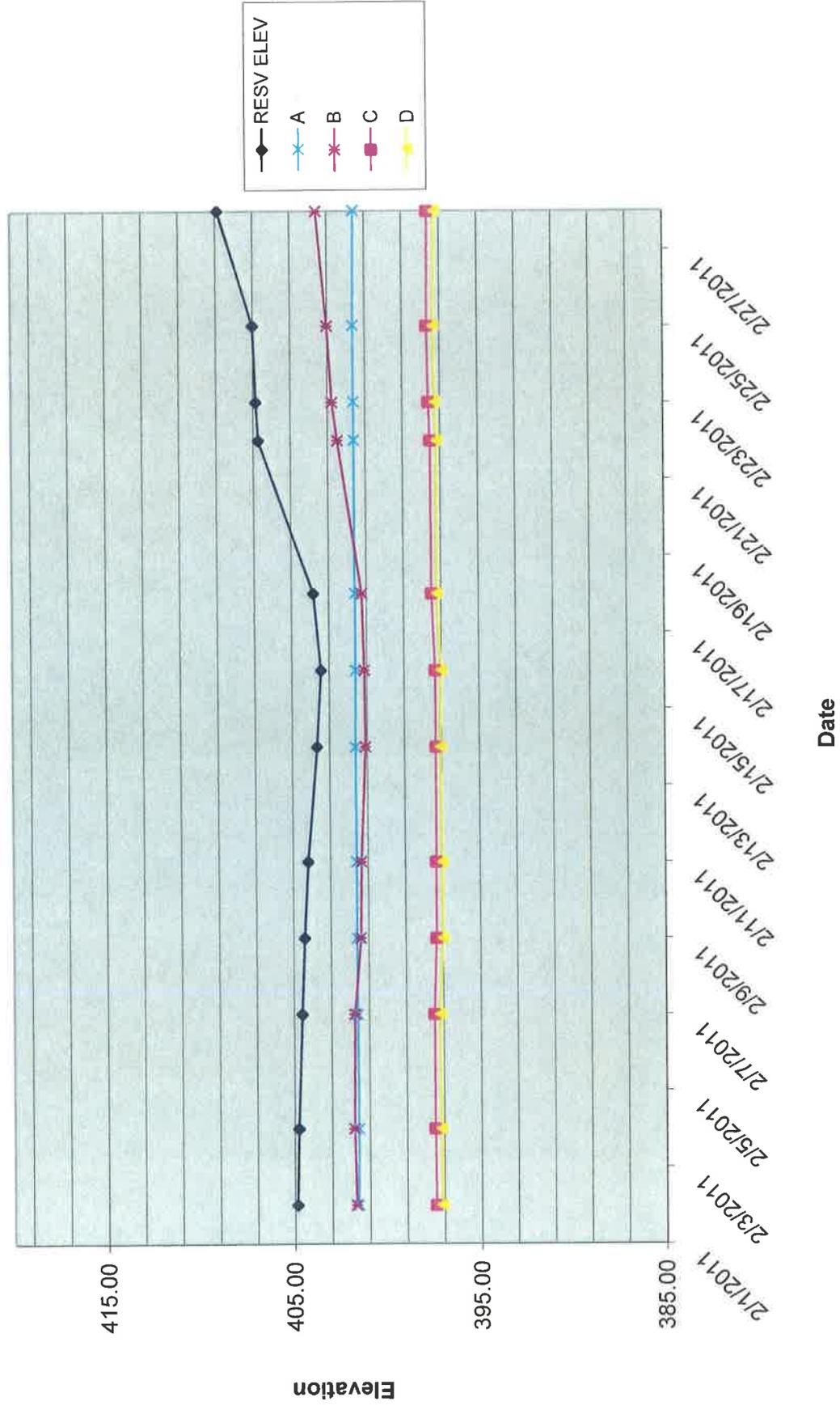
Section P6 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D
2/2/2011	404.88	401.66	402.29	400.33	399.64
2/4/2011	404.79	401.54	402.15	400.17	399.45
2/7/2011	404.58	401.38	401.84	399.92	399.19
2/9/2011	404.43	401.14	401.58	399.67	398.99
2/11/2011	404.21	401.03	401.45	399.49	398.82
2/14/2011	403.69	400.90	401.30	399.37	398.66
2/16/2011	403.46	401.14	401.32	399.28	398.58
2/18/2011	403.85	401.01	401.33	399.25	398.54
2/22/2011	406.75	400.53	401.03	399.03	398.33
2/23/2011	406.87	400.59	401.13	399.07	398.34
2/25/2011	407.02	400.68	401.35	399.14	398.38
2/28/2011	408.89	400.56	401.76	399.28	398.46

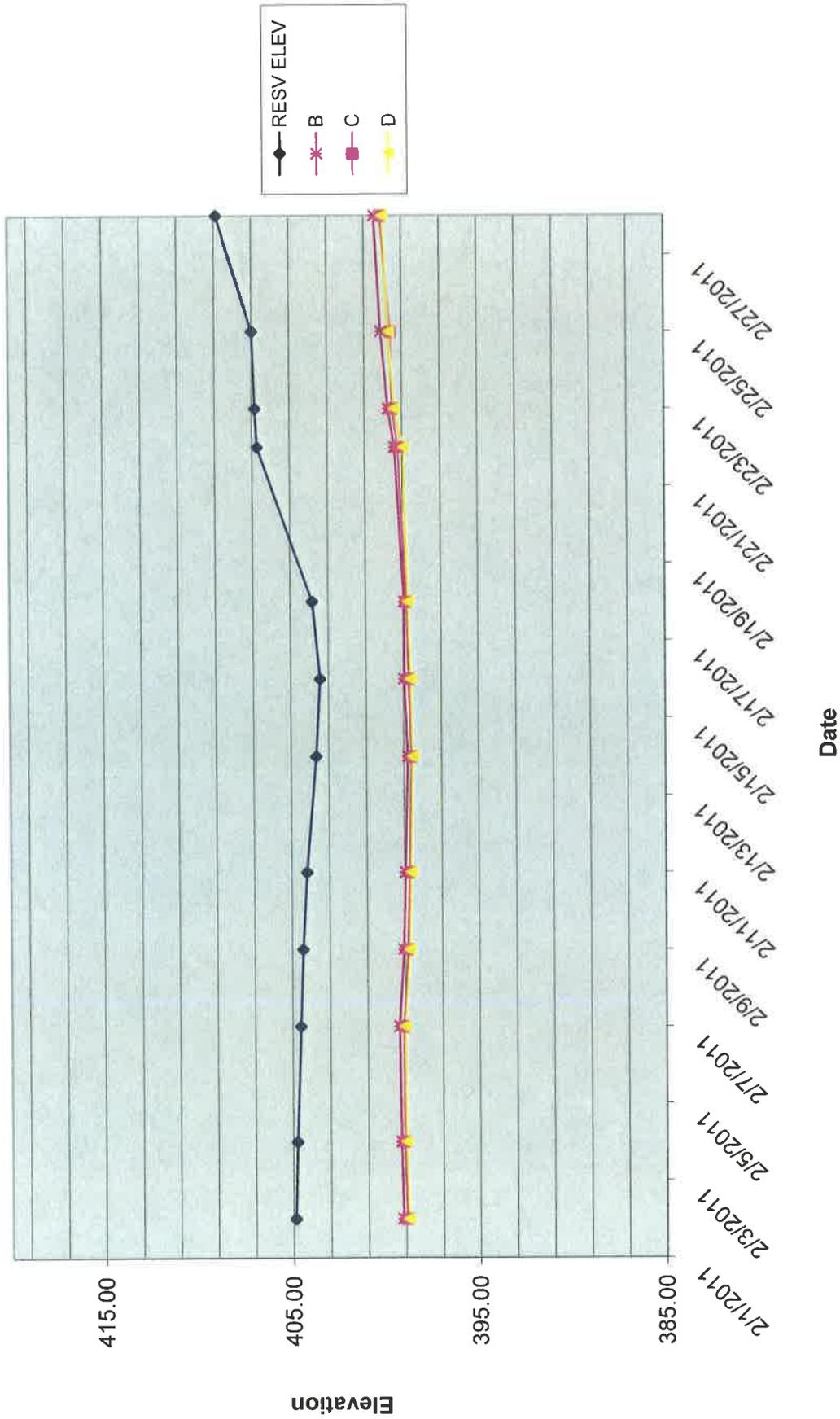
Section P7 Trends

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION			
		A	B	C	D
2/2/2011	404.88	-	-	395.04	394.99
2/4/2011	404.79	-	-	395.01	394.96
2/7/2011	404.58	-	-	395.01	394.98
2/9/2011	404.43	-	-	394.94	394.89
2/11/2011	404.21	-	-	394.90	394.84
2/14/2011	403.69	-	-	394.87	394.83
2/16/2011	403.46	-	-	394.91	394.87
2/18/2011	403.85	-	-	394.93	394.88
2/22/2011	406.75	-	-	394.77	394.72
2/23/2011	406.87	-	-	394.81	394.74
2/25/2011	407.02	-	-	394.85	394.79
2/28/2011	408.89	-	-	394.83	394.80

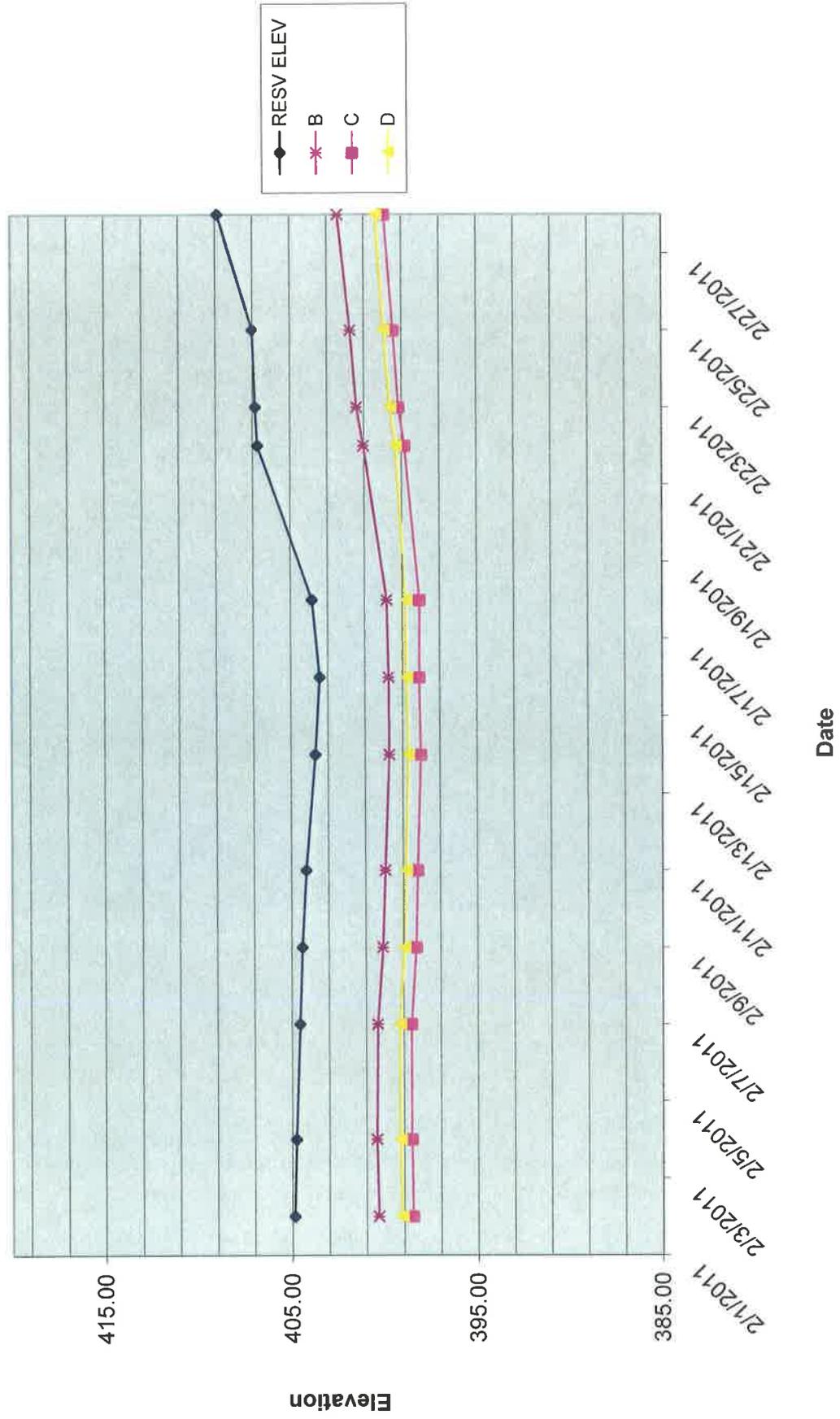
P1 TRENDS



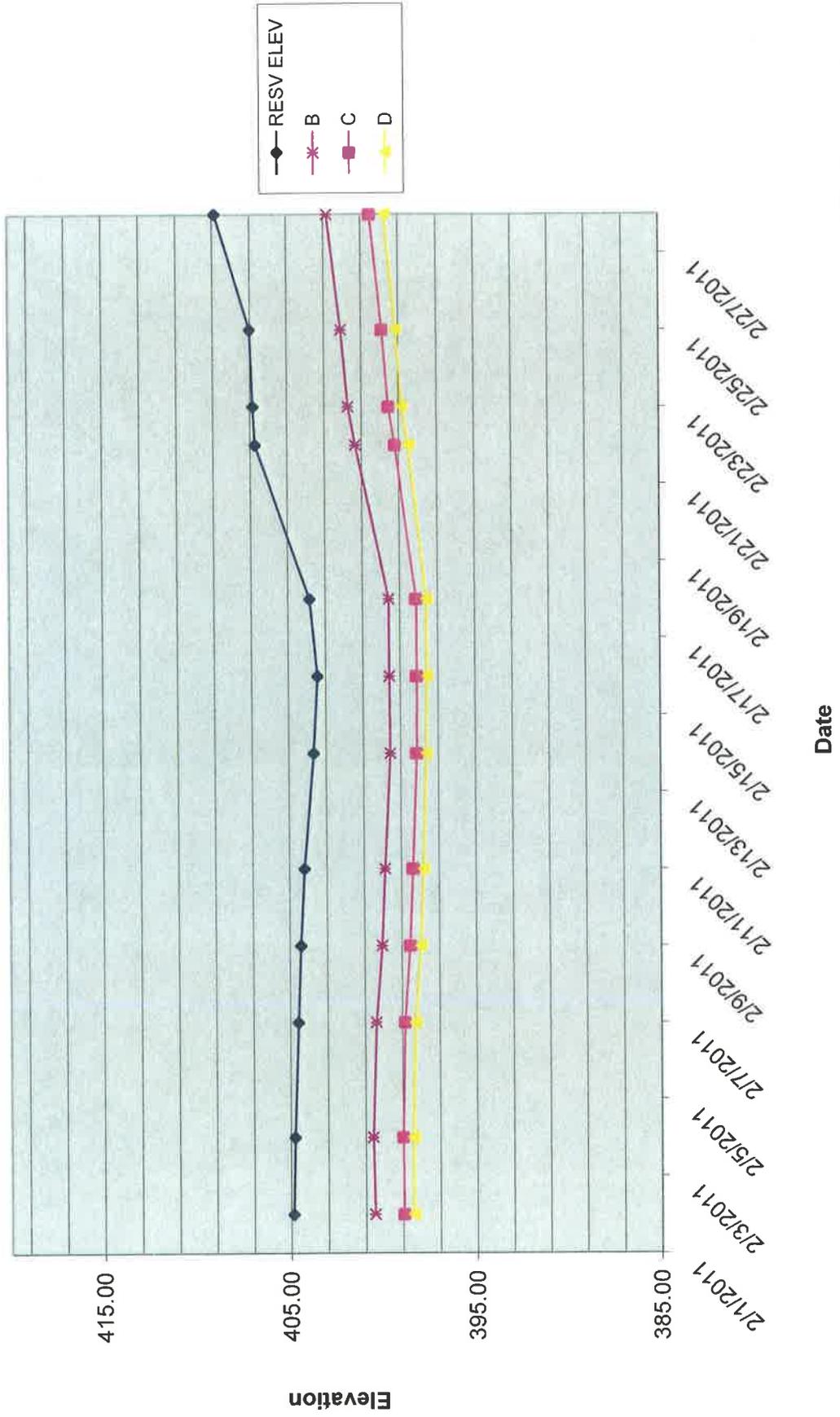
P2 TRENDS



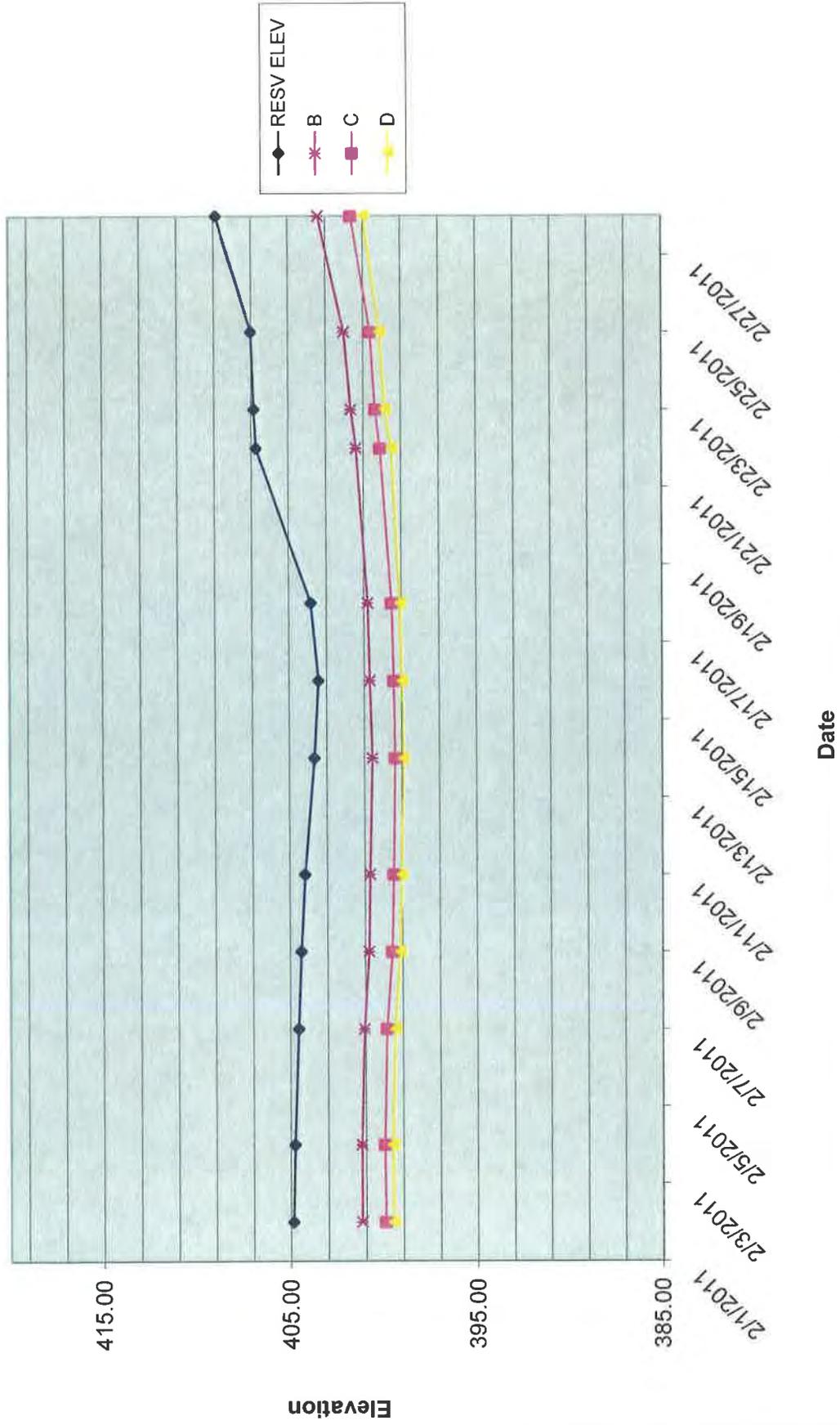
P3 TRENDS



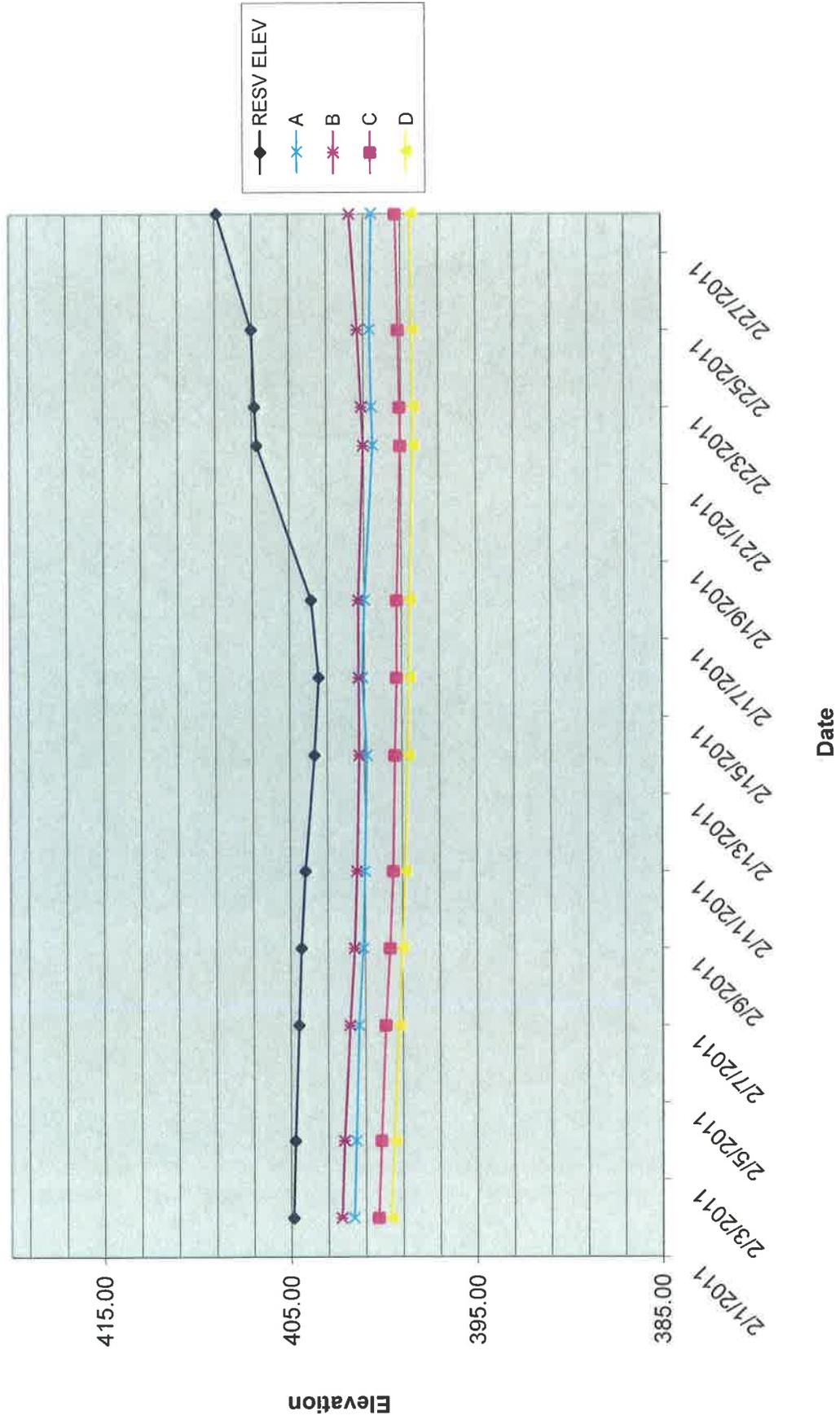
P4 TRENDS



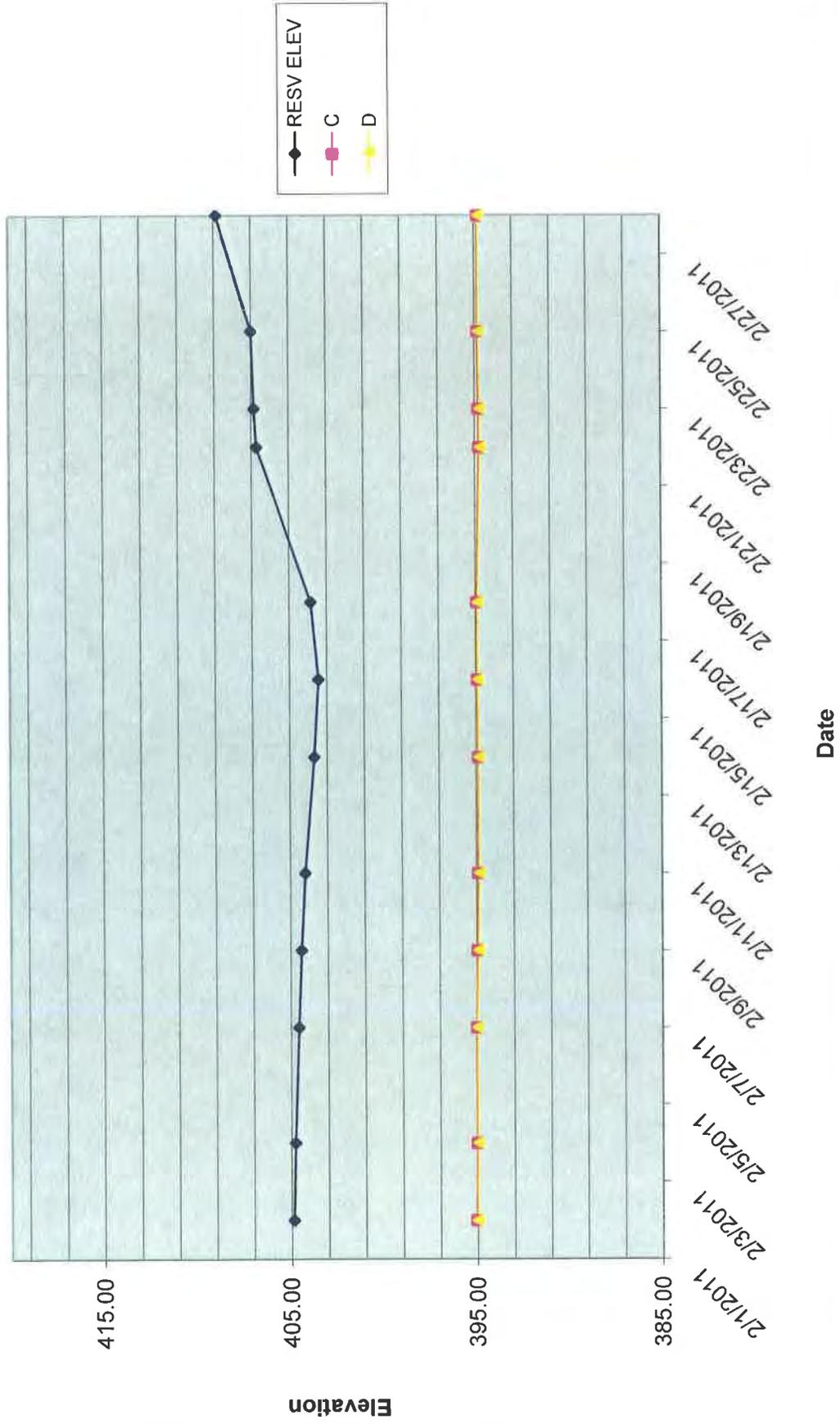
P5 TRENDS



P6 TRENDS



P7 TRENDS



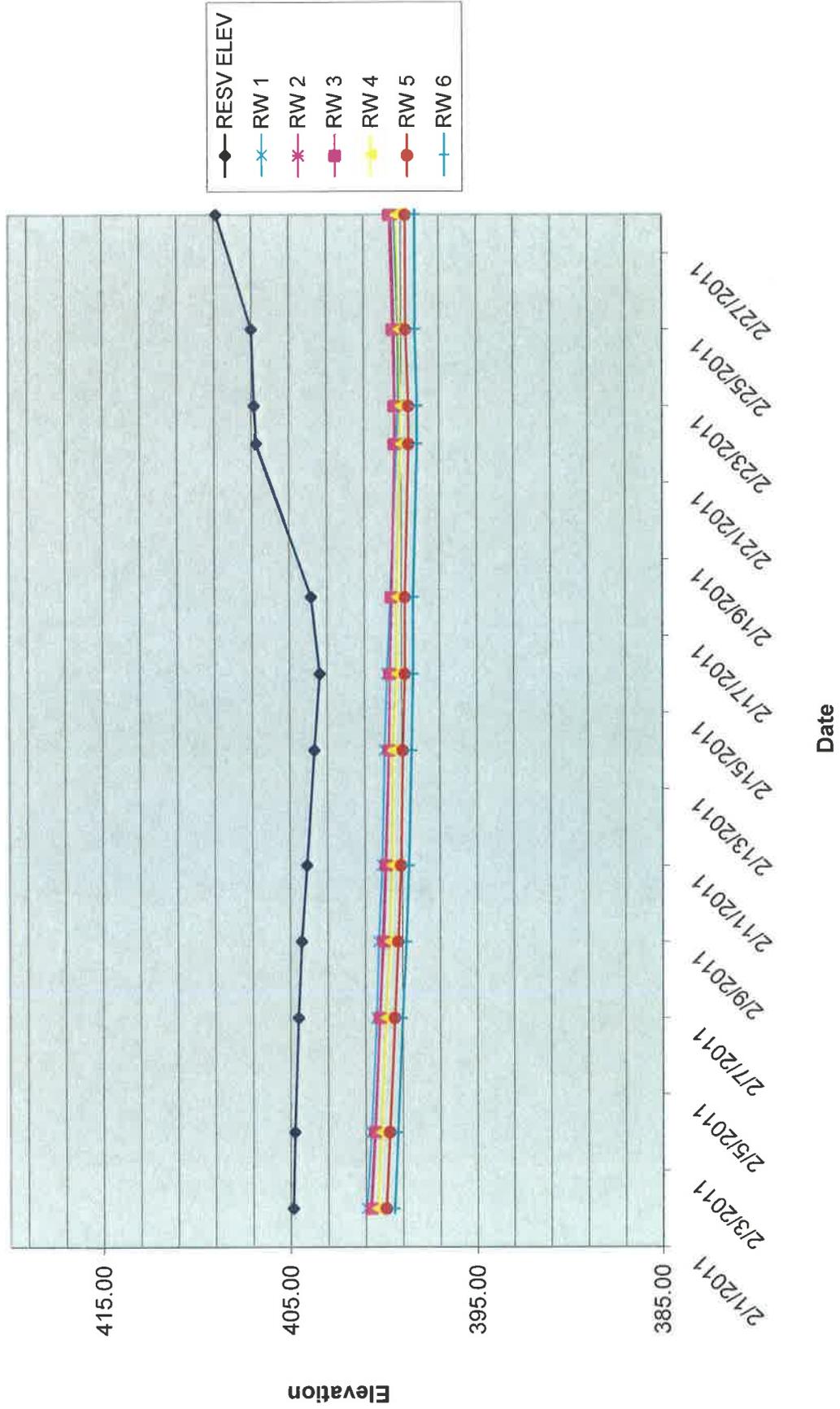
NOTE: For the trend graphs to show correctly, you must go to each row of data for each date not collected and deleted the cell contents of the date cell for that row - DO NOT DELETE THE CELL OR ROW, JUST THE DATE CELL CONTENTS THAT SHOW

RELIEF WELL MONITORING

Feb-11

DATE	RESV ELEV	GROUND WATER ELEVATION					
		RW 1	RW 2	RW 3	RW 4	RW 5	RW 6
2/2/2011	404.88	400.95	400.75	400.69	400.35	399.92	399.48
2/4/2011	404.79	400.70	400.52	400.49	400.15	399.72	399.29
2/7/2011	404.58	400.42	400.24	400.22	399.89	399.44	399.03
2/9/2011	404.39	400.29	400.07	400.01	399.66	399.23	398.80
2/11/2011	404.10	400.09	399.92	399.87	399.52	399.07	398.65
2/14/2011	403.69	399.96	399.72	399.70	399.47	398.95	398.49
2/16/2011	403.39	399.82	399.64	399.65	399.26	398.83	398.41
2/18/2011	403.85	399.63	399.55	399.56	399.24	398.81	398.39
2/22/2011	406.75	399.27	399.36	399.38	399.01	398.59	398.16
2/23/2011	406.87	399.20	399.35	399.38	399.03	398.59	398.17
2/25/2011	407.02	399.18	399.39	399.46	399.13	398.74	398.26
2/28/2011	408.89	399.40	399.54	399.63	399.26	398.76	398.25

BDR RELIEF WELLS





567 West Shaw Avenue Suite B
 Fresno CA 93704
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 F 559.497.2886
 www.bskassociates.com

8/8

June 28, 2011

BSK G08.119.11F

Mr. Jerry Lakeman, P.E., District Engineer
 Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
 5469 East Olive Avenue
 Fresno, California 93727

**SUBJECT: Piezometer Installations
 Big Dry Creek Dam
 Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
 Project BDR-18**

Dear Jerry:

This report describes the installation of piezometers in Big Dry Creek Dam, Fresno California. Field activities were carried out from late April to early June 2011. The installation was performed in substantial conformance to our Workplan of November 10, 2010.

Piezometer locations and post-construction piezometer elevations were surveyed by Blair Church and Flynn. "As Constructed" embankment section drawings, Figure 1 through 8, document field locations and field adjustments in the depths of piezometers.

The filter materials used for the piezometers was tested for particle size distribution compliance with our design (our report of December 12, 2008). As an added protection against accumulation of fines in the piezometer, the screened area was fitted with a geotextile filter fabric.

Intact and bulk soil samples were obtained in the borings. Boring logs and piezometer construction configurations are appended to this report.

Groundwater was encountered in piezometer sets P-8C. Depth to groundwater at the time of drilling was 16.1 feet below natural ground surface.

The opportunity to be of service is appreciated.

Respectfully submitted,
 BSK ASSOCIATES

Hugo Kevorkian
 Principal Geotechnical Engineer
 CE16350
 GE462
 REAII 20080



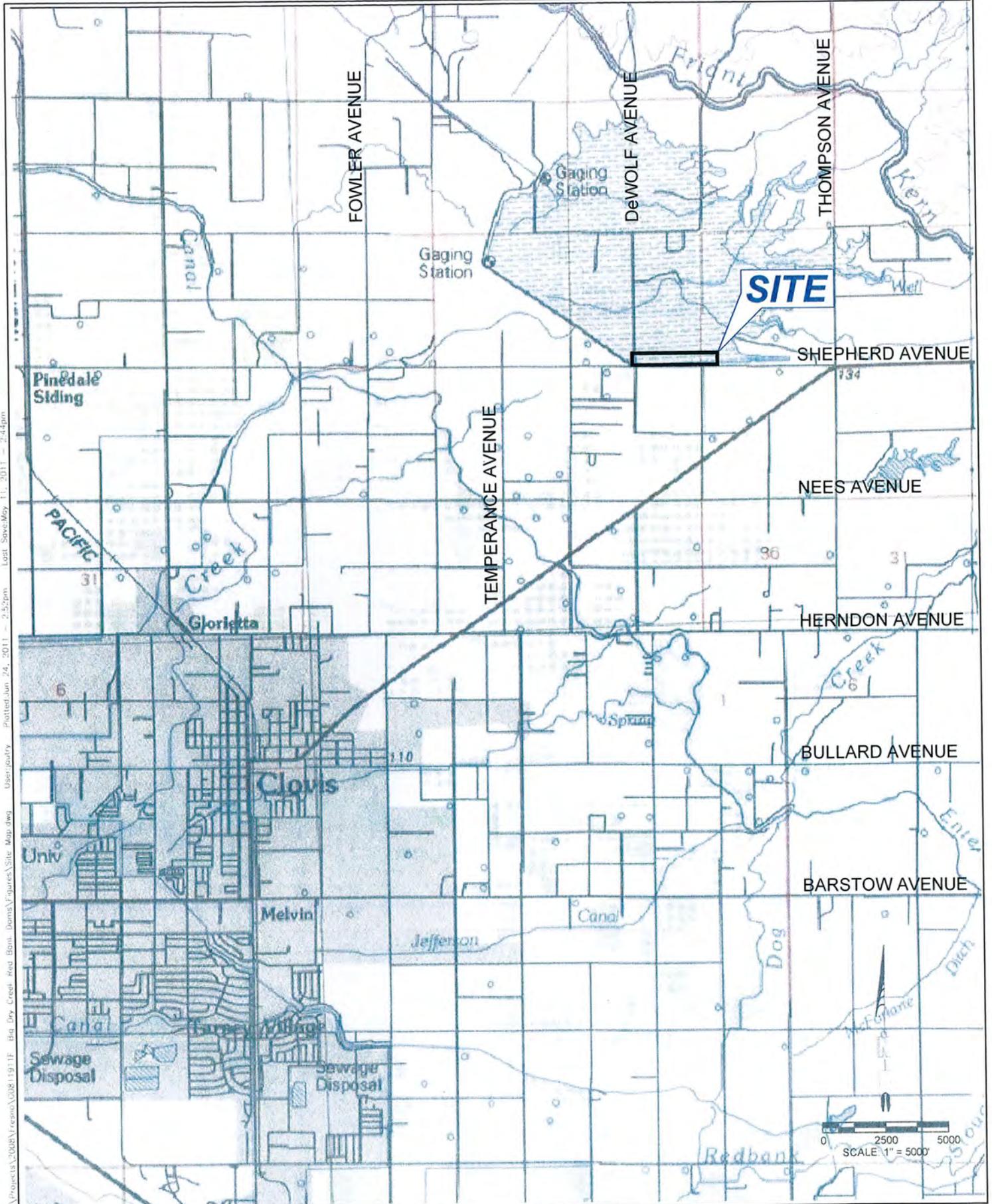
DISTRIBUTION LIST

Mr. Jerry Lakeman, P.E., FMFCD (3 originals)
BSK (1 original + E-copy)

LIST OF ENCLOSURES

Figure 1	Site Vicinity Map
Figure 2	Site Map
Figure 3	Piezometer Location Plan
Figure 4-5	Detail Drawings – open tube-type Piezometer
Figure 6-8	Piezometer Cross Sections
Figure 9	Methods of Soil Classification-Log Borings



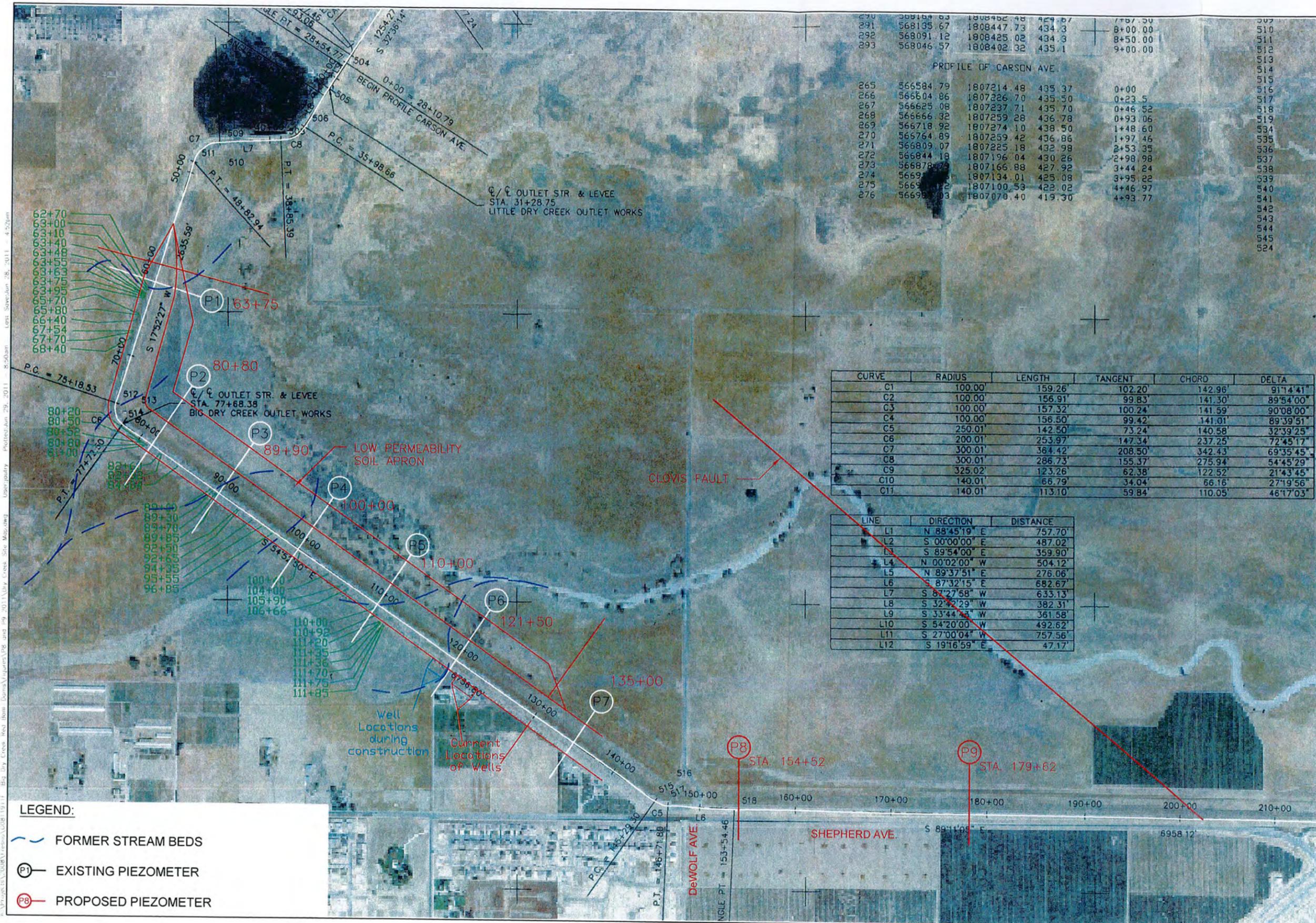


REFERENCE IMAGE: NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC; TOPO!

SITE VICINITY MAP

Big Dry Creek Dam
 Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
 Fresno County, California





CURVE	RADIUS	LENGTH	TANGENT	CHORD	DELTA
C1	100.00'	159.26'	102.20'	142.96'	91°14'41"
C2	100.00'	156.91'	99.83'	141.30'	89°54'00"
C3	100.00'	157.32'	100.24'	141.59'	90°08'00"
C4	100.00'	156.50'	99.42'	141.01'	89°39'51"
C5	250.01'	142.50'	73.24'	140.58'	32°39'25"
C6	200.01'	253.97'	147.34'	237.25'	72°45'17"
C7	300.01'	364.42'	208.50'	342.43'	69°35'45"
C8	300.01'	286.73'	155.37'	275.94'	54°45'29"
C9	325.02'	123.26'	62.38'	122.52'	21°43'45"
C10	140.01'	66.79'	34.04'	66.16'	27°19'56"
C11	140.01'	113.10'	59.84'	110.05'	46°17'03"

LINE	DIRECTION	DISTANCE
L1	N 88°45'19" E	757.70'
L2	S 00°00'00" E	487.02'
L3	S 89°54'00" E	359.90'
L4	N 00°02'00" W	504.12'
L5	N 89°37'51" E	276.06'
L6	S 87°32'15" E	682.67'
L7	S 87°27'58" W	633.13'
L8	S 32°42'29" W	382.31'
L9	S 33°44'45" W	361.58'
L10	S 54°20'00" W	492.62'
L11	S 27°00'04" W	757.56'
L12	S 19°16'59" E	47.17'

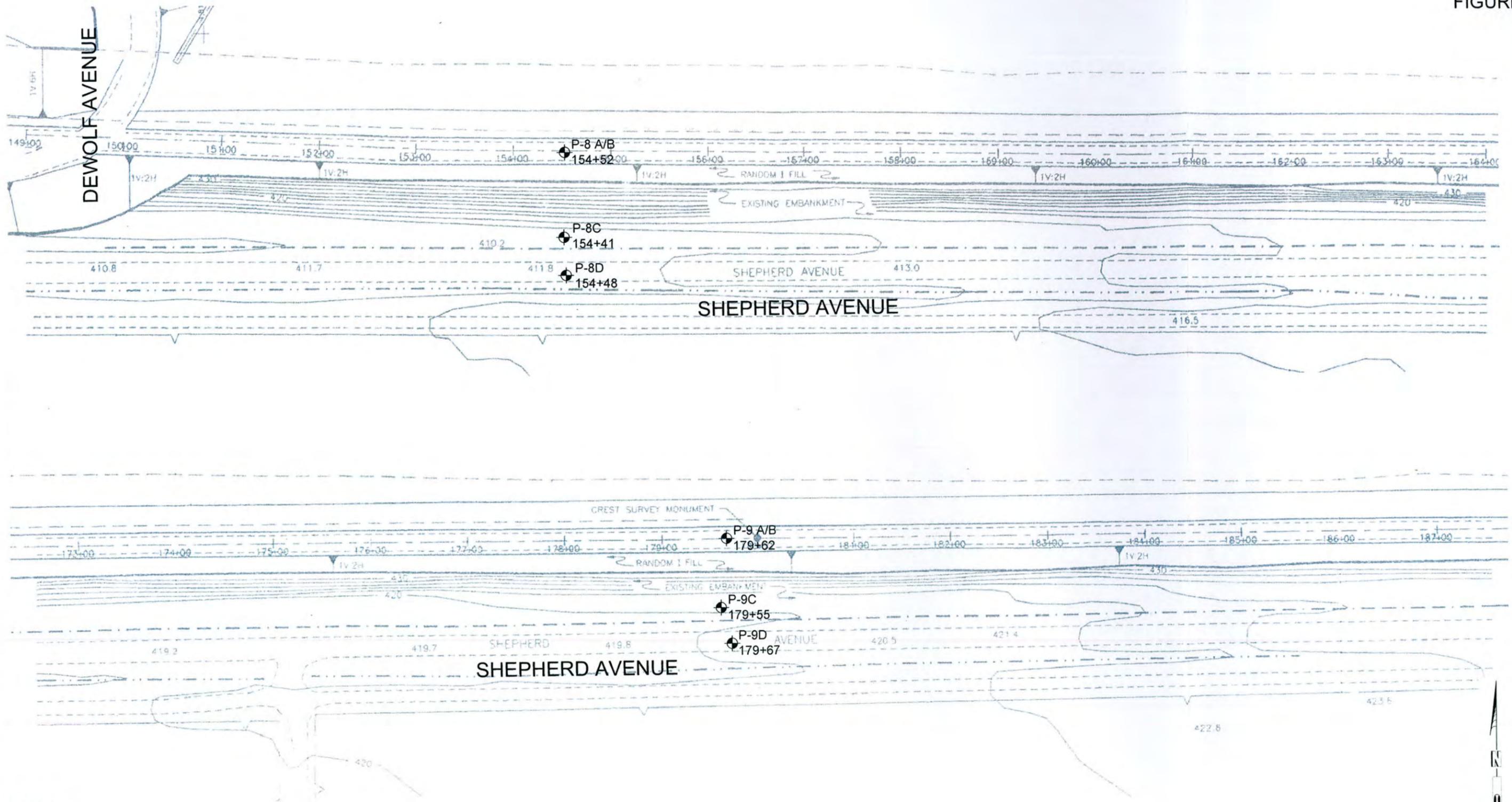
PROFILE OF CARSON AVE.

265	566584.79	1807214.48	435.37	0+00
266	566504.86	1807226.70	435.50	0+23.5
267	566625.08	1807237.71	435.70	0+46.52
268	566666.32	1807259.28	436.78	0+93.06
269	566718.92	1807274.10	438.50	1+48.60
270	566764.89	1807259.42	436.86	1+97.46
271	566809.07	1807225.18	432.98	2+53.35
272	566844.18	1807196.04	430.26	2+98.98
273	566878.79	1807166.88	427.92	3+44.24
274	566912.81	1807134.01	425.08	3+95.22
275	566946.22	1807100.59	422.02	4+46.97
276	566980.03	1807070.40	419.30	4+93.77

LEGEND:

- FORMER STREAM BEDS
- EXISTING PIEZOMETER
- PROPOSED PIEZOMETER

Scale: 1" = 100'
 (APPROXIMATELY)



LEGEND:
 ◉ APPROXIMATE PIEZOMETER LOCATION

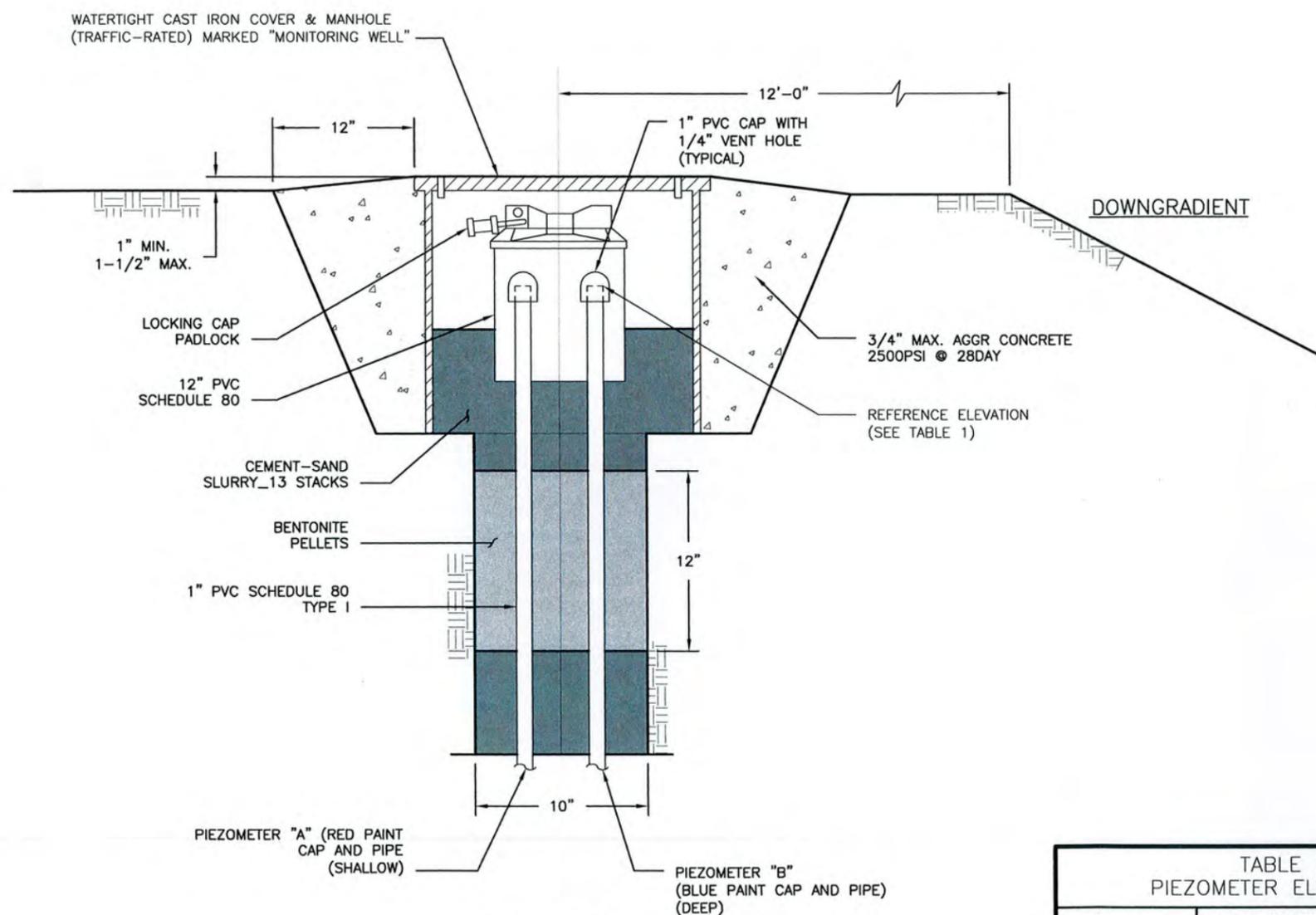


K:\Projects\2008\Fresno\G0811911F_Big Dry Creek_Red Bank_Dams\Figures\Piezometer_Location_Plan.dwg User:jrauty Plotted:Jun 29, 2011 - 8:59am Last Save:Jun 28, 2011 - 4:02pm

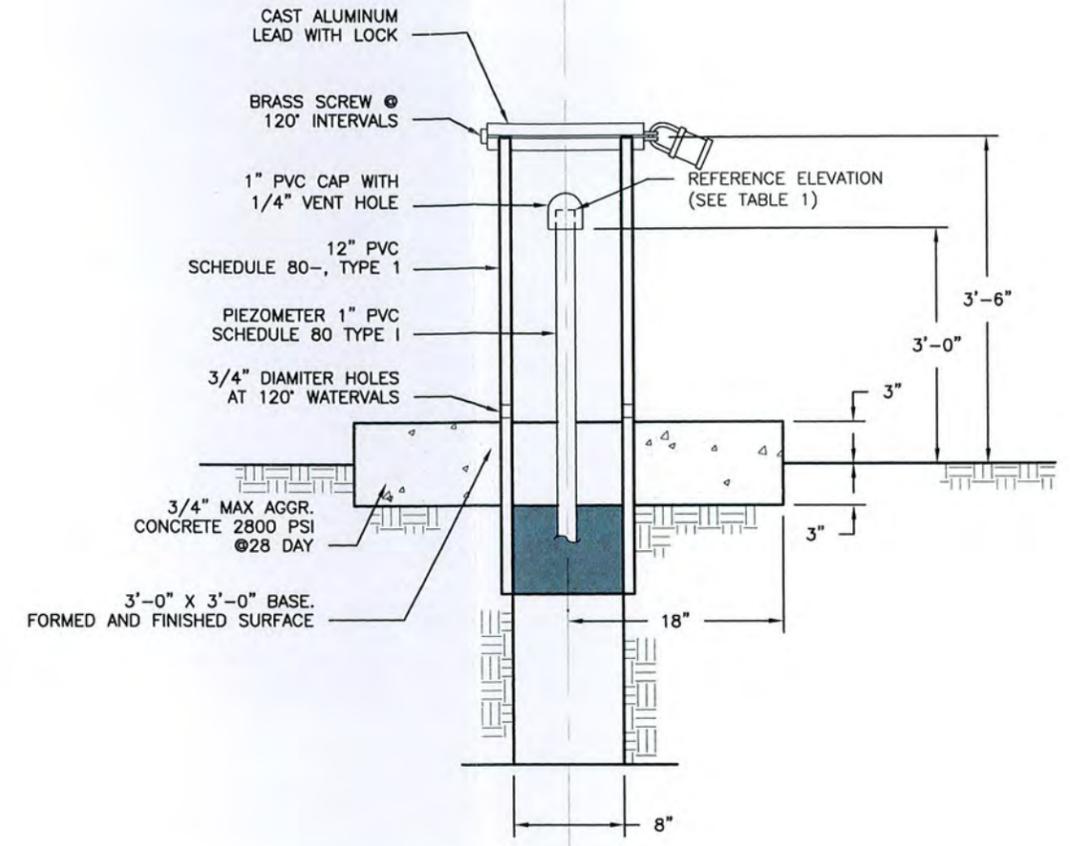


PIEZOMETER LOCATION PLAN

Big Dry Creek Dam, Piezometers P-8 and P-9
 Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
 Fresno County, California



DETAIL "A"
 PIEZOMETER VAULT
 AT EMBANKMENT CREST
 PIEZOMETER "A" & "B"

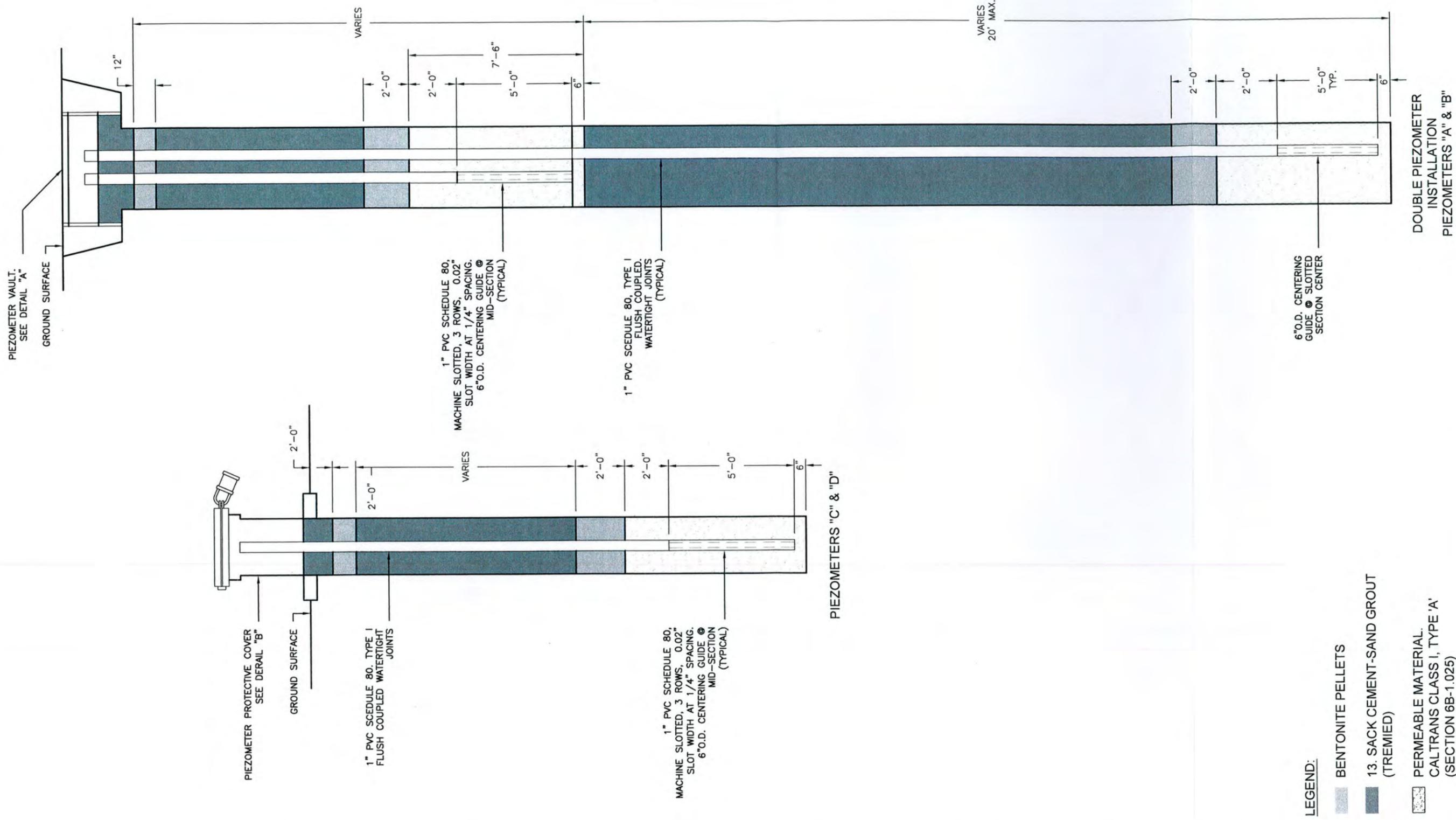


DETAIL "B"
 PIEZOMETER PROTECTIVE COVER
 PIEZOMETERS "C" & "D"
 AT EMBANKMENT TOE AREA

TABLE 1 PIEZOMETER ELEVATIONS				
PIEZOMETER STATION	PIEZOMETER ELEVATIONS			
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
P8	442.04	442.02	415.62	417.76
P9	442.25	442.24	423.66	424.61

DETAIL DRAWINGS OPEN TUBE-TYPE PIEZOMETERS

Big Dry Creek Dam, Piezometers P-8 and P-9
 Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
 Fresno County, California

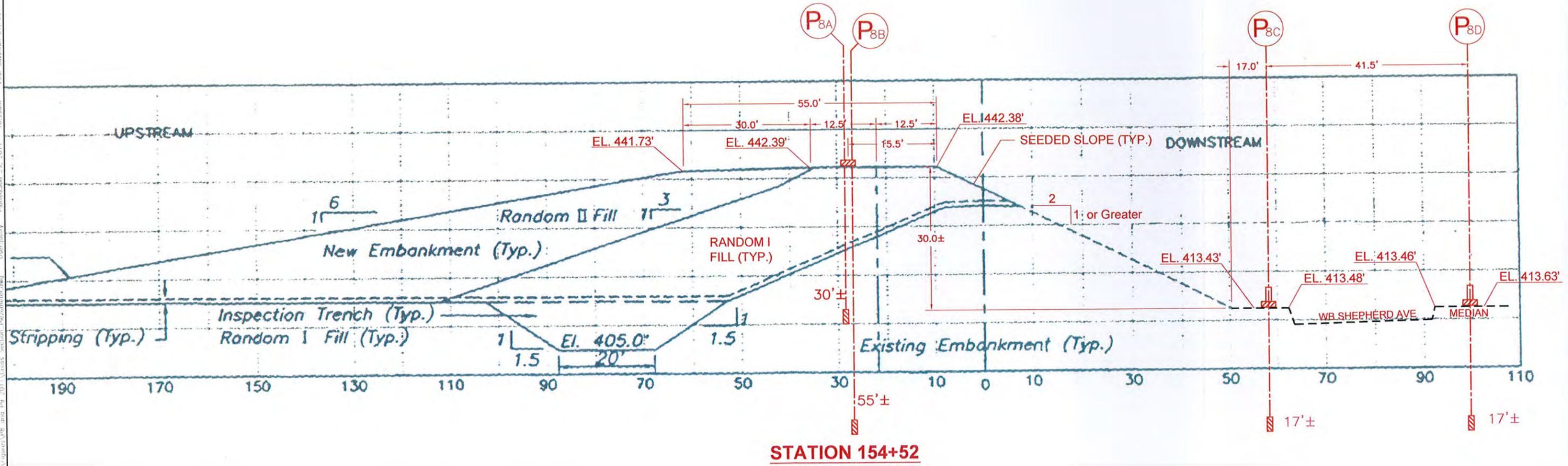


- LEGEND:**
-  BENTONITE PELLETS
 -  13. SACK CEMENT-SAND GROUT (TREMIED)
 -  PERMEABLE MATERIAL. CALTRANS CLASS I, TYPE 'A' (SECTION 6B-1.025)

DETAIL DRAWINGS OPEN TUBE-TYPE PIEZOMETERS
 Big Dry Creek Dam
 Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
 Fresno County, California
 FIGURE 5



I:\Projects\2008\119\119-11F\119-11F.dwg User: jra Date: 06/29/11 Time: 10:29am Plot: 10/29/11

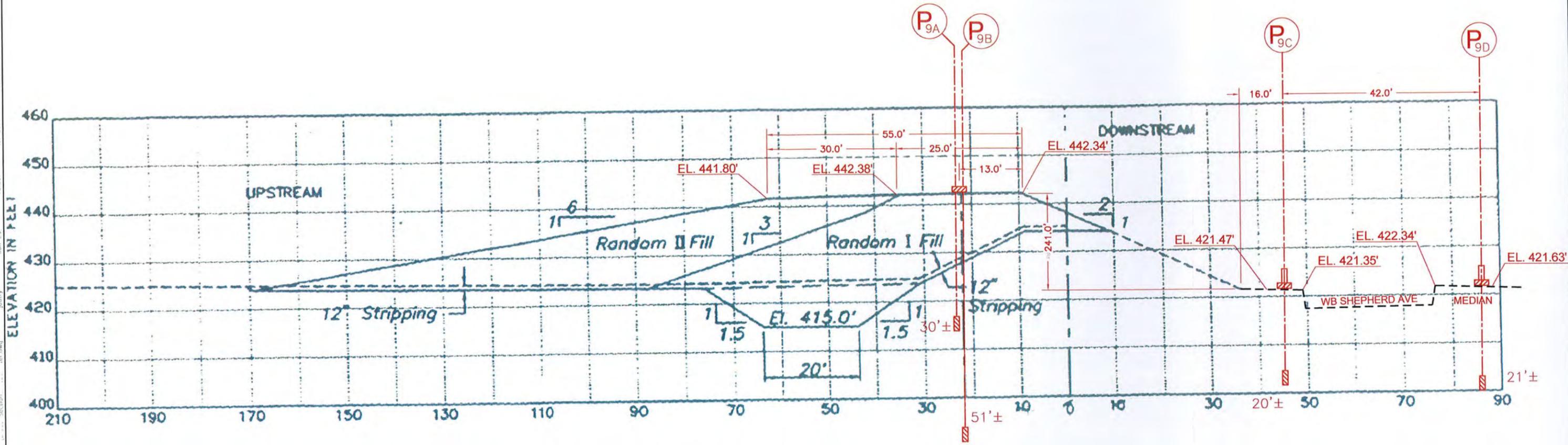


REFERENCE:
 USCE PROFILE 154+87.076 "AS-BUILT"

CROSS SECTIONS PIEZOMETER INSTALLATIONS

Big Dry Creek Dam, Piezometers P-8 and P-9
 Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
 Fresno County, California





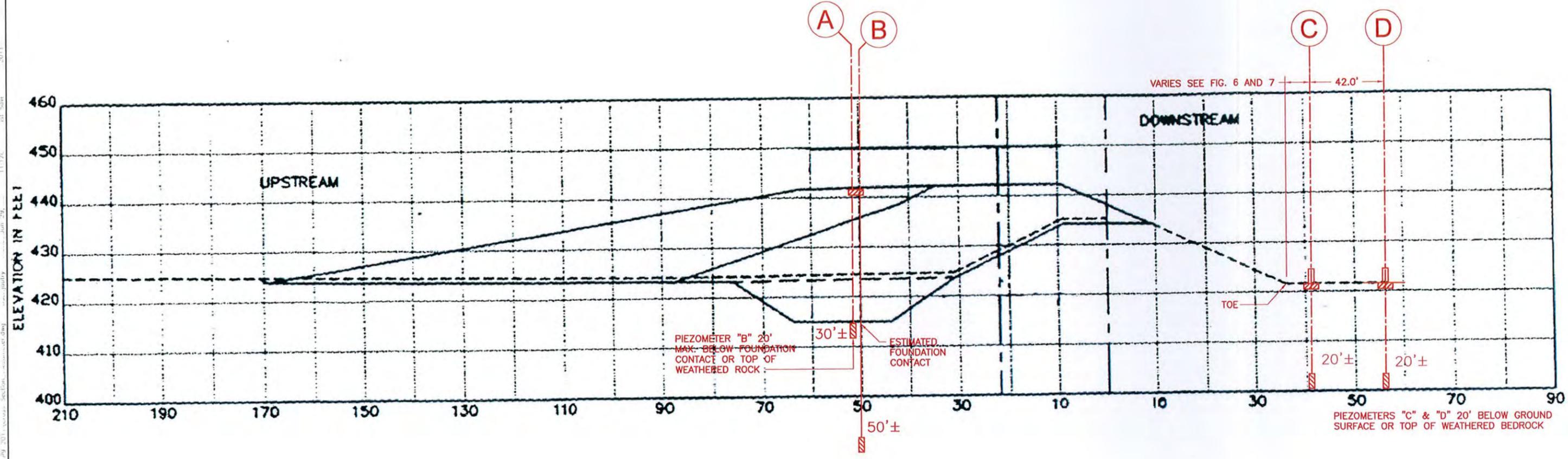
STATION 179+62

REFERENCE:
 USCE PROFILE 479+67.076 "AS-BUILT"

CROSS SECTIONS PIEZOMETER INSTALLATIONS

Big Dry Creek Dam, Piezometers P-8 and P-9
 Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
 Fresno County, California





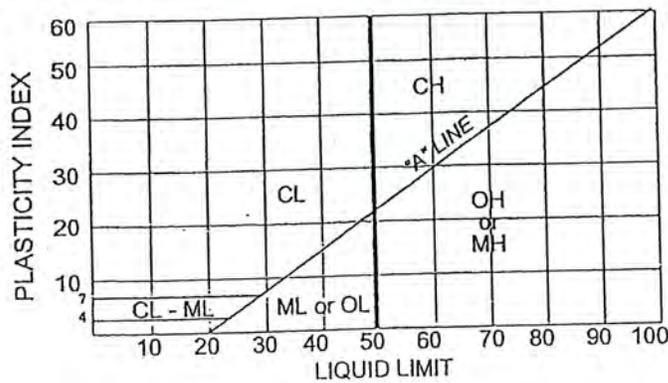
DETAIL DRAWING OPEN TUBE-TYPE PIEZOMETER

Big Dry Creek Dam, Piezometers P-8 and P-9
 Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
 Fresno County, California



METHOD OF SOIL CLASSIFICATION (Unified Soil Classification System)

MAJOR DIVISIONS		SYMBOLS	TYPICAL NAMES
COARSE GRAINED SOILS (More than 1/2 of soil > No. 200 sieve size)	GRAVELS (More than 1/2 of coarse fraction > No. 4 sieve size)	GW	 Well graded gravels or gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
		GP	 Poorly graded gravels or gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
		GM	 Silty gravels, gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
		GC	 Clayey Gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures
	SANDS (More than 1/2 of coarse fraction < No. 4 sieve size)	SW	 Well graded sands or gravelly sands, little or no fines
		SP	 Poorly graded sands or gravelly sands, little or no fines
		SM	 Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures
		SC	 Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures
FINE GRAINED SOILS (More than 1/2 of soil < No. 200 sieve size)	SILTS & CLAYS LL < 50	ML	 Inorganic silts and very fine sands, rock flour, silty or clayey fine sands or clayey silts with slight plasticity
		CL	 Inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, gravelly clays, sandy clays, silty clays, lean clays
		OL	 Organic silts and organic silty clays of low plasticity
	SILTS & CLAYS LL > 50	MH	 Inorganic silts, micaceous or diatomaceous fine sandy or silty soils, elastic silts
		CH	 Inorganic clays of high plasticity, fat clays
		OH	 Organic clays of medium to high plasticity, organic silty clays, organic silts



PLASTICITY CHART

Depth (Feet)	Samples	Bulk Samples	Penetration Blows / Foot	In-Situ Dry Density (pcf)	In-Situ Moisture Content (%)	% Passing No. 200 Sieve	Graphic Log	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
1								Clayey SAND (SC) Fill Red brown, fine to coarse grained sand, moist, very dense	12 inch Well Vault
2									
3									
4									
5			50-5"	133	7.6				
6									
7								...encountered gravel bed	
8									13 Sack Cement-Sand Grout
9									
10			100	135	8.0				
11								...trace 1/2 inch gravel, increasing in fine to coarse grained sand	1 inch Schedule 80 PVC
12									
13									
14									
15			50-3"	131	10			...orange brown, no visible gravel, fine to medium grained sand	
16									
17									
18								Silty SAND (SM) Dark red brown, fine to medium grained sand, moist, very dense, with trace clay	
19									
20			50-5"	107	17.9				
21									
22									Hydrated Bentonite Pellets
23									
24									Caltrans Class 1, Type "A" Sand
25			36	123	16.2				0.02 inch Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Screen. Geotextile Wrap
26									
27									
28									
29									PVC Cap Schedule 80
30			24	128	9.1			...dark red brown, decreasing clay	Depth of approximate fill/native interface
31									

GEO_WELL_G08.119.11F BORING LOGS.GPJ GEOTECHNICAL 08.GDT 6/29/11

Drilling Contractor: Dave's Drilling
Drilling Method: Hollow Stem Auger
Drilling Equipment: Mobile 61
Date Started: 4/20/11
Date Completed: 4/20/11

Surface Elevation: Station: 154+52, El. 442.0'
Groundwater Depth: Not Encountered
Completion Depth: 55 Feet
Sample Method: 2.4-inch ID CA Mod & 1.4-inch ID Split Spoon
Borehole Diameter: 8 inches

* See key sheet for symbols and abbreviations used above.

Checked By: H. Kevorkian

Well ID: P-8 A/B

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

WELL
CONSTRUCTION
DETAILS

Depth (Feet)	Samples	Bulk Samples	Penetration Blows / Foot	In-Situ Dry Density (pcf)	In-Situ Moisture Content (%)	% Passing No. 200 Sieve	Graphic Log		
32							Silty SAND (SM) Dark red brown, fine to medium grained sand, moist, very dense, with trace clay (continued)		
33							Sandy CLAY (CL) Dark red brown, fine to medium grained sand, moist, hard		13 Sack Cement-Sand Grout
34									
35	X		50-5"	130	11.2				
36									
37									
38									1 inch Schedule 80 PVC
39									
40	X		47	131	16.6		...orange brown, fine grained sand		
41	X								
42									
43							Clayey SAND (SC) Brown, fine to medium grained sand, moist, very dense		
44									
45	X		50-5"	131	13.3				
46									
47									Hydrated Bentonite Pellets
48									Caltrans Class 1, Type "A" Sand
49									
50	X		50-5"	130	11.2				
51	X		50-5"	130	10.4				
52									0.02 inch Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Screen. Geotextile Wrap
53									
54									PVC Cap Schedule 80
55									
56							Boring terminated at 55 feet bgs Groundwater Not Encountered		
57									
58									
59									
60									
61									
62									
63									
64									
65									
66									
67									

GEO_WELL G08.119.11F BORING LOGS.GPJ GEOTECHNICAL 08.GDT 6/29/11

Depth (Feet)	Samples	Bulk Samples	Penetration Blows / Foot	In-Situ Dry Density (pcf)	In-Situ Moisture Content (%)	% Passing No. 200 Sieve	Graphic Log	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
1								Sandy CLAY (CL) Red brown, fine to medium grained sand, moist	Well casing extends approx. 3 feet above ground surface
2									
3									
4									13 Sack Cement-Sand Grout
5									
6								Clayey SAND (SC) Brown, fine to medium grained sand, moist	
7									
8									
9									Hydrated Bentonite Pellets
10									
11									Caltrans Class 1, Type "A" Sand
12									
13									0.02 inch Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Screen, Geotextile Wrap
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									PVC Cap Schedule 80
19								Boring terminated at 18 feet bgs Groundwater encountered at 16.1 feet bgs Installed Piezometer	
20									
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									
28									
29									
30									
31									

GEO_WELL G08.119.11F BORING LOGS.GPJ GEOTECHNICAL.08.GDT 6/29/11

Drilling Contractor: Dave's Drilling
 Drilling Method: Hollow Stem Auger
 Drilling Equipment: Mobile 61
 Date Started: 6/9/11
 Date Completed: 6/9/11

Surface Elevation: Station: 154+41, El. 415.6'
 Groundwater Depth: 16.1 Feet
 Completion Depth: 18 Feet
 Sample Method: 2.4-inch ID CA Mod & 1.4-inch ID Split Spoon
 Borehole Diameter: 8 inches

* See key sheet for symbols and abbreviations used above.

Depth (Feet)	Samples	Bulk Samples	Penetration Blows / Foot	In-Situ Dry Density (pcf)	In-Situ Moisture Content (%)	% Passing No. 200 Sieve	Graphic Log	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
1								Silty SAND with Clay (SM) Red brown, fine to medium grained sand, moist, weak to moderate cementation, very dense	Well casing extends approx. 3 feet above ground surface
2									
3									
4									13 Sack Cement-Sand Grout
5									
6			50-3"	121.3	10.4				
7									
8									
9								SAND (SP) Red brown, fine to coarse grained, moist, dense	Hydrated Bentonite Pellets
10									
11			37	109.4	12.5				Caltrans Class 1, Type "A" Sand
12									
13									0.02 inch Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Screen, Geotextile Wrap
14									
15									
16			13		15.4			...medium dense	PVC Cap Schedule 80
17									
18								Sandy SILT with trace Clay (ML) Brown, fine grained sand, moist, hard	
19									
20									
21			42		17.4				
22								Boring terminated at 21.5 feet bgs Groundwater Not Encountered Installed Piezometer	
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									
28									
29									
30									
31									

GEO_WELL G08.119.11F BORING LOGS.GPJ GEOTECHNICAL 08.GDT 6/29/11

Drilling Contractor: Dave's Drilling
Drilling Method: Hollow Stem Auger
Drilling Equipment: Mobile 61
Date Started: 6/8/11
Date Completed: 6/8/11

Surface Elevation: Station: 154+48, El. 417.8'
Groundwater Depth: Not Encountered
Completion Depth: 21.5 Feet
Sample Method: 2.4-inch ID CA Mod & 1.4-inch ID Split Spoon
Borehole Diameter: 8 inches

* See key sheet for symbols and abbreviations used above.



BSK & Associates
 567 W Shaw ave
 Fresno Ca 93704
 Telephone: 559-497-2880
 Fax: 559-497-2886

Project: Big Dry Creek Piezometers

Location: Fresno, CA

Project No.: G08.119.11F

Logged By: A. Love

Checked By: H. Kevorkian

Well ID: P-9 A/B

Depth (Feet)	Samples	Bulk Samples	Penetration Blows / Foot	In-Situ Dry Density (pcf)	In-Situ Moisture Content (%)	% Passing No. 200 Sieve	Graphic Log	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
1								Clayey SAND (SC) Fill Red brown, fine to coarse grained sand, moist, very dense	12 inch Well Vault
2									
3									
4									
5			100	131	8.3				
6									
7									
8									13 Sack Cement-Sand Grout
9									
10	X		33	128	10.6				1 inch Schedule 80 PVC
11									
12									
13									
14									
15			96-8"	128	7.9				
16									
17									
18									
19									
20	X		50-4"	122	18.2				
21								Silty SAND (SM) Red brown, fine to coarse grained sand, moist, trace weak cementation, very dense	Hydrated Bentonite Pellets
22									
23									Caltrans Class 1, Type "A" Sand
24									
25			50-4"						0.02 inch Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Screen. Geotextile Wrap
26									
27									
28									
29									Depth of approximate fill/native interface
30	X		50-5"	125	12.5				PVC Cap Schedule 80
31									

GEO_WELL G08.119.11F BORING LOGS.GPJ GEOTECHNICAL.08.GDT 6/29/11

Drilling Contractor: Dave's Drilling
 Drilling Method: Hollow Stem Auger
 Drilling Equipment: Mobile 61
 Date Started: 4/19/11
 Date Completed: 4/19/11

Surface Elevation: Station: 179+62, El. 442.2'
 Groundwater Depth: Not Encountered
 Completion Depth: 51 Feet
 Sample Method: 2.4-inch ID CA Mod & 1.4-inch ID Split Spoon
 Borehole Diameter: 8 inches

* See key sheet for symbols and abbreviations used above.

Well ID: P-9 A/B

Checked By: H. Kevorkian

WELL
CONSTRUCTION
DETAILS

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

Depth (Feet)	Samples	Bulk Samples	Penetration Blows / Foot	In-Situ Dry Density (pcf)	In-Situ Moisture Content (%)	% Passing No. 200 Sieve	Graphic Log		
32							Clayey SAND (SC) Red brown, fine to medium grained, moist, very dense (continued)		
33									13 Sack Cement-Sand Grout
34									
35	X		50-5"	129	7.7				1 inch Schedule 80 PVC
36									
37									
38									
39									
40	X		50-5"	128	9.5		...decrease in clay fines		
41									
42									Hydrated Bentonite Pellets
43									
44									Caltrans Class 1, Type "A" Sand
45	X		50-5"	133	12.4		...increase in clay fines		
46									0.02 inch Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Screen. Geotextile Wrap
47									
48							Sandy SILT (SM) Brown, fine grained sand, moist, stiff		
49									
50	X		20	121	21.1				PVC Cap Schedule 80
51									
52							Boring terminated at 51 feet bgs Groundwater Not Encountered		
53									
54									
55									
56									
57									
58									
59									
60									
61									
62									
63									
64									
65									
66									
67									

GEO_WELL_G08.119.11F BORING LOGS.GPJ GEOTECHNICAL 08.GDT 6/29/11

Depth (Feet)	Samples	Bulk Samples	Penetration Blows / Foot	In-Situ Dry Density (pcf)	In-Situ Moisture Content (%)	% Passing No. 200 Sieve	Graphic Log	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
1								Clayey SAND (SC) Fine to coarse grained, moist, trace fine to coarse gravel at approx. 5 feet	Well casing extends approx. 3 feet above ground surface
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									13 Sack Cement-Sand Grout
10									
11									
12									Hydrated Bentonite Pellets
13									
14									Caltrans Class 1, Type "A" Sand
15									
16									
17									0.2 inch Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Screen Geotextile Wrap
18									Depth of approx. fill/native interface
19									PVC Cap Schedule 80
20									
21								Boring terminated at 20 feet bgs Groundwater Not Encountered Installed Piezometer	
22									
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									
28									
29									
30									
31									

GEO_WELL_G08.119.11F BORING LOGS.GPJ GEOTECHNICAL 08.GDT 6/29/11

Drilling Contractor: Dave's Drilling
 Drilling Method: Hollow Stem Auger
 Drilling Equipment: Mobile 61
 Date Started: 6/9/11
 Date Completed: 6/9/11

Surface Elevation: Station: 179+55, El. 423.7'
 Groundwater Depth: Not Encountered
 Completion Depth: 20 Feet
 Sample Method: 2.4-inch ID CA Mod & 1.4-inch ID Split Spoon
 Borehole Diameter: 8 inches

* See key sheet for symbols and abbreviations used above.

Depth (Feet)	Samples	Bulk Samples	Penetration Blows / Foot	In-Situ Dry Density (pcf)	In-Situ Moisture Content (%)	% Passing No. 200 Sieve	Graphic Log	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
1								Clayey SAND (SC) Dark red brown, fine to medium grained sand, moist, very dense	Well casing extends approx. 3 feet above ground surface
2									
3								Silty SAND with trace of Clay (SM) Light brown, fine to coarse grained sand, moist, very dense	
4									
5			50-4"	110.3	10.2			...decreasing fines, silt and clay, weak to moderate cementation	
6									
7									
8								Clayey SAND (SC) Dark red brown, fine to coarse grained sand, moist, very dense, weak to moderate cementation	13 Sack Cement-Sand Grout
9									
10			50-4"	121.5	13.0			Silty SAND (SM) Dark brown, fine to medium grained, moist, very dense	
11									Hydrated Bentonite Pellets
12									
13								Silty SAND (SM) Dark brown, fine to medium grained, moist, very dense	
14									Caltrans Class 1, Type "A" Sand
15			65		12.3				
16								SAND/Silty SAND (SP/SM) Red brown, fine to coarse grained, moist, very dense	
17									0.2 inch Slotted Schedule 80 PVC Screen Geotextile Wrap
18									
19									Depth of approx. fill/native interface
20									
21			80-10'	114.2	10.5				PVC Cap Schedule 80
22									
23								Boring terminated at 21.5 feet bgs Groundwater Not Encountered Installed Piezometer	
24									
25									
26									
27									
28									
29									
30									
31									

GEO_WELL G08.119.11F BORING LOGS.GPJ GEOTECHNICAL 08.GDT 6/29/11

Drilling Contractor: Dave's Drilling
Drilling Method: Hollow Stem Auger
Drilling Equipment: Mobile 61
Date Started: 6/8/11
Date Completed: 6/8/11

Surface Elevation: Station: 179+67, El. 424.6'
Groundwater Depth: Not Encountered
Completion Depth: 21.5 Feet
Sample Method: 2.4-inch ID CA Mod & 1.4-inch ID Split Spoon
Borehole Diameter: 8 inches

* See key sheet for symbols and abbreviations used above.

E & J EXCAVATION

4974 North Fresno Street #569
Fresno, California 93726-0387
Off: 1-559-447-3280
Fax: 1-559-447-3285

160.8378
630.2064

Jerry Lakeman
District Engineer
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District
5469 E. Olive Avenue
Fresno, CA 93727

January 8, 2012

Dear Jerry,

Subject: Parcel Easterly of Dry Creek Extension Basin

As you are aware, I am the owner of the 24 acre parcel adjoining and easterly of the Dry Creek Extension Basin. I am a willing seller of the 24 acres, provided you pay me fair market value compensation for the property. I recognize the public benefit that would be accomplished with the expansion of the Dry Creek Extension Basin and I can assure you that the basin soil is sandy and it will percolate water rapidly. I also recognize the efficiency of expanding the current basin onto my property rather than onto other property that would not be a continuous excavation and storage area.

I also understand you are seeking a grant to assist you with the funding for the acquisition of my property and I will await approval of the grant within the next 6 months.

Sincerely,



Eugene Qualls

SEMI-MONTHLY RECHARGE BASIN SUMMARY

Inspected June 28 - July 2, 2012

Basin	Location	June 2012					Intertie Position	Comments
		Date Authorized	Maximum June Authorized Recharge Level	Maximum July Authorized Recharge Level	Observed Water Elevation			
A	Florence Avenue west of Chestnut Avenue							Off recharge to dewater and maintain upstream basin.
D	Forkner Avenue & Barstow Avenue	June 6, 2012	15' BRB	15' BRB	15' BRB	Closed		**** FMFCD to control recharge valve from Basin "J". ****Do not exceed 15' BRB to prevent water from spilling to upper floor.
J	Bullard Avenue and Forkner Avenue	June 6, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	4' BRB	Open		
K	Santa Fe Avenue north of Shaw Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	4' 3" BRB	Open		Please increase water delivery.
L	San Jose Avenue east of Blackstone Avenue							Off recharge to maintain basin.
N	Escalon Avenue west of Fresno Street	March 28, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 5" BRB	Open		
O	First Street south of Bullard Avenue							Basin elevation at maximum recharge elevation due to nuisance flow. Off recharge to repair sewer relief valve.
P	Bullard Avenue and Cedar Avenue	May 1, 2012						****Cannot recharge Basin "P" until Basin "CM" is 7.5' BRB.
R	Shepherd Avenue and Chestnut Avenue							Off recharge for basin maintenance. Recharge valve closed for canal weed maintenance.
S	Ashlan Avenue east of Peach Avenue	May 1, 2012	4' BRB	4' BRB	4' 1" BRB	Closed		****Do not recharge above 4' BRB due to trees in basin.
T	Airways Avenue and Leyte Avenue							
U	Dakota Avenue and Chestnut Avenue	May 1, 2012	4' BRB	4' BRB	4' 4" BRB	Closed		Recharge valve closed for canal weed maintenance. ****Do recharge above 4' BRB due to habitat control.
W	Minnewawa Avenue south of Olive Avenue	May 9, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	4' 9" BRB	Open		Please increase water delivery.
X	Willow Avenue and Belmont Avenue	May 9, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 3" BRB	Open		****Cannot recharge Basin "X" until Basin "W" is 7.5' BRB. FMFCD to control recharge valve from Basin "W".
Y	Adler Avenue north of Kings Canyon Road	May 1, 2012	16' BRB	16' BRB	15' 6" BRB	Closed		Please keep recharge water terminated until basin elevation drops below maximum authorized level. ****Do not exceed 16' BRB to prevent water from spilling to upper floor.
Z	Kings Canyon Road and Maple Avenue (Fairgrounds)							Off recharge for basin maintenance. ****Do not exceed 12' BRB to prevent water from spilling to upper floor.
CC	Floradora Avenue west of Clark Street	June 12, 2012	11' BRB	8' BRB	13' BRB	Open		Please increase water delivery. Recharge elevation limited to 8' BRB due to construction of storm drain. ****Do not recharge before June due to limited basin capacity.
DD2	Palm Avenue and Dakota Avenue	May 1, 2012	4' BRB	3' BRB	5' 6" BRB	Open		Please increase water delivery.
EE	McKinley Avenue west of West Avenue	May 1, 2012	5' BRB	3' BRB	4' 11" BRB	Open		
FF	West Avenue south of Kearney Blvd.	May 17, 2012	14' BRB	14' BRB	14' 9" BRB	Closed		****Do not exceed 14' BRB to prevent spilling water to the floor on east side of West Avenue.
GG	Florence Avenue east of Cedar Avenue	May 1, 2012	9' BRB	9' BRB	10' BRB	Closed		Recharge elevation limited to 9' BRB due to construction of storm drain.
HH	Maple Avenue & Annadale Avenue	June 21, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	4' BRB	Open		

* BRB: Below Red Band ** BCL: Below Chalk Line *** ACL: Above Chalk Line ****Note for future reference

Figure 3-18

SEMI-MONTHLY RECHARGE BASIN SUMMARY

Inspected June 28 - July 2, 2012

Basin	Location	June 2012					Intertie Position	Comments
		Date Authorized	Maximum June Authorized Recharge Level	Maximum July Authorized Recharge Level	Observed Water Elevation			
II1	Church Avenue and Elm Avenue							Off recharge to expand basin. ****Cannot recharge before May due to limited basin capacity. Do not exceed 8' BRB to prevent water from spilling to upper floor.
II2	Orange Avenue and Belgravia Avenue	May 1, 2012	4' BRB	3' BRB	4' 3" BRB	Open		
JJ	Tenth Street south of McKinley Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 1" BRB	Open		
KK	Elm Avenue south of Jensen Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	6' BRB	Open		Maximum recharge elevation not achieved due to canal capacity limitations during current agricultural water delivery.
LL	Annadale Avenue and Cherry Avenue	March 28, 2012	7' BRB	7' BRB	8' 9" BRB	Open		Please increase water delivery. Recharge elevation limited to 7' BRB due to construction of storm drain.
MM	Ashlan Avenue west of Hughes Avenue	May 29, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	2' 7" BRB	Open		Please terminate recharge delivery until basin drops below authorized elevation.
OO	West Avenue and Florence Avenue	May 21, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	7' BRB	Open		Maximum recharge elevation not achieved due to canal capacity limitations during current agricultural water delivery. Please increase water delivery.
RR1	Nielson Avenue and Freeway 99	May 1, 2012	6' BRB	6' BRB	8' BRB	Open		****Do not recharge above 6' BRB due to trees in basin.
RR2	Belmont Avenue and Thorne Avenue							Off recharge to maintain basin. ****Cannot recharge until June and do not recharge above 5' BRB in July and August due to limited capacity.
RR3	Whitesbridge Avenue and West Avenue	May 1, 2012	5' BRB	5' BRB	6' 7" BRB	open		Please increase water delivery. ****Do not to exceed 5' BRB due to Chandler Airport inlets and trees in basin.
TT1	West Avenue south of Church Avenue	March 28, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	10' BRB	Open		Maximum recharge elevation not achieved due to canal capacity limitations during current agricultural water delivery. Please increase water delivery.
UU2	Freeway 99 & Olive Avenue	April 5, 2012	10' BRB	10' BRB	15' BRB	Open		****Can no longer discharge into Cole Ditch because line is severed south of Belmont west of Hughes. Please increase water delivery.
UU3	Belmont Avenue and Marks Avenue	May 23, 2012	7' BRB	7' BRB	8' 1" BRB	Open		Please increase water delivery. Recharge elevation limited to 7' BRB due to construction of storm drain.
XX	Mckinley Avenue and Hughes Avenue	As Needed For Reclaimed Irr. System						Basin "EE" authorized level is below the recharge valve to Basin "XX". ****FMFCD to control recharge valve from Basin EE and do not exceed 15' BRB to prevent water from spilling to upper floor.
ZZ	Crystal Avenue south of Whitesbridge Avenue							Off recharge for construction of outfall structure.
AB	Palo Alto Avenue West of Marks Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 10" BRB	Closed		
AC	Escalon north of Bullard							Basin is now a recreational facility and recharged primarily for reclaimed irrigation water .
AD	Valentine Avenue and Escalon Avenue	June 6, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 3" BRB	Open		
AE	Barstow Avenue west of Valentine Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' BRB	Open		
AF	Shaw Avenue east of Valentine Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 3" BRB	Open		
AG	Valentine Avenue south of Ashlan Avenue	May 29, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' BRB	Open		

* BRB: Below Red Band ** BCL: Below Chalk Line *** ACL: Above Chalk Line ****Note for future reference

Figure 3-18

SEMI-MONTHLY RECHARGE BASIN SUMMARY

Inspected June 28 - July 2, 2012

Basin	Location	June 2012					Intertie Position	Comments
		Date Authorized	Maximum June Authorized Recharge Level	Maximum July Authorized Recharge Level	Observed Water Elevation			
AH2	Cornelia and Gettysburg Avenue Alignment	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' BRB	Open		
AJ	Ashlan Avenue west of Cornelia Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	4' BRB	Open	Please increase water delivery to raise basin elevation to increase delivery to Basin "AJ".	
AK	Dakota Avenue and Polk Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	8' 6" BRB	Open	Basin "AJ" to low to maximize water delivery. ****Basin "AJ" must be 4.5' BRB to recharge Basin "AK". FMFCD to control recharge valve from Basin "AJ".	
AL	Brawley Avenue and Clinton Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	11' BRB	Open	Maximum recharge elevation not achieved due to canal capacity limitations during current agricultural water delivery.	
AO	Blythe Avenue and Belmont Avenue	March 28, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	6' 2" BRB	Open	Please increase water delivery. ****Recharge level remains at 3' BRB due to minimum storm drain lines are connected to the basin.	
AW2	North Avenue east of Cherry Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	6' BRB	Open	Please increase water delivery.	
AZ	Muscat Avenue and Chestnut Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	4' BRB	Open		
BE	Helm Avenue north of Church Avenue	March 28, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 10" BRB	Open		
BF	Chestnut Avenue south of Church Avenue	March 28, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 3" BRB	Open		
BH	Church Avenue east of Clovis Avenue	April 5, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 6" BRB	Open		
BM	Fowler Avenue and California Avenue	March 28, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	7' 3" BRB	Closed	Recharge valve closed for canal weed maintenance.	
BO	Sunnyside Avenue south Belmont Avenue						Off recharge due to excavation.	
BQ	Belmont and Fowler	April 2, 2012	5' BRB	3' BRB	8' 3" BRB	Open	Please increase water delivery.	
BT	Marion Avenue south of Nees Avenue						Off recharge for dewatering of Basin "BX" for excavation.	
BU	Clovis Avenue south of Clinton Avenue	May 1, 2012	4' BRB	4' BRB	3' 11" BRB	Open	Please terminate recharge delivery until basin drops below authorized elevation. ****Do not recharge above 4' BRB due to habitat control.	
BV	Fowler Avenue north of Shields Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 2" BRB	Closed	Recharge valve closed for canal weed maintenance.	
BW	Dakota Avenue east of Clovis Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 6" BRB	Closed	Recharge valve closed for canal weed maintenance.	
BZ	Copper Avenue and Cedar Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	5' BRB	Open	Please increase water delivery.	
CL	Willow Avenue and Sierra Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	5' BRB	Open	Please increase water delivery.	
CM	Cedar Avenue north of Sierra Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 3" BRB	Open		
CN	Angus Avenue and Fir Avenue	May 1, 2012	9' BRB	9' BRB	10' BRB	Closed	****Do not exceed 9' BRB to prevent water from spilling onto baseball fields.	
CO2	Maroa Avenue and Herndon Avenue	March 28, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	5' 6" BRB	Open	Please increase water delivery.	

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Figure 3-18

SEMI-MONTHLY RECHARGE BASIN SUMMARY

Inspected June 28 - July 2, 2012

Basin	Location	June 2012					
		Date Authorized	Maximum June Authorized Recharge Level	Maximum July Authorized Recharge Level	Observed Water Elevation	Intertie Position	Comments
CS	Minnewawa Avenue south of North Avenue	March 28, 2012	1' BRB	1' BRB	10' 6" BRB	Closed	Basin elevation reduced due to terminating recharge delivery during recent canal weed maintenance. ***Recharge level remains at 1' BRB due to no storm drain lines are connected to the basin.
CW	Fresno Street and Nees Avenue						Off recharge for construction of pump station.
CX	Ninth Street and Nees Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 6" BRB	open	
CY	Alluvial Avenue and Cedar Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 3" BRB	Open	
CZ	Alluvial Avenue and Chestnut Avenue	May 1, 2012	8' BRB	8' BRB	8' 4" BRB	Open	Recharge elevation limited to 8' BRB due to construction of storm drain. ***Do not recharge above 4' BRB due to trees in basin.
DE	Copper Avenue and Cedar Avenue						Cannot recharge due to pipeline easement.
DH	Maroa Avenue and Cromwell Avenue						Cannot recharge due to chemical plume.
EF	Bullard Avenue and Cornelia Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	7' BRB	Open	Please increase water delivery.
EG	Sandrini Avenue and Spruce Avenue	May 1, 2012	Top of Weir	Top of Weir	1' Below Top of Weir	Open	
EL	Freeway 99 and Barstow Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 1" BRB	Open	
EM	Barstow and Grantland	April 5, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 2" BRB	Open	
1E	Ashlan Avenue and Fordham Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 9" BRB	Closed	Recharge valve closed for canal weed maintenance.
1G	Temperance Avenue south of Ashlan Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 2" BRB	Closed	Recharge valve closed for canal weed maintenance.
2D	Ashlan Avenue and Clovis Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	4' BRB	Closed	Recharge valve closed for canal weed maintenance.
3A	Shaw Avenue and Helm Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 5" BRB	Closed	
3D	Hoblitt Avenue and Sunnyside Avenue	June 18, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	16' 5" BRB	Closed	Recharge valve closed for canal weed maintenance.
3F	Shaw Avenue and Laverne Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 2" BRB	Closed	Recharge valve closed for canal weed maintenance.
4E	Bullard Avenue and Fowler Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 10" BRB	Closed	Recharge valve closed for canal weed maintenance.
5B/5C	Sierra Avenue and Minnewawa Avenue	May 1, 2012	18' BRB	18' BRB	16' BRB	Closed	Please keep recharge delivery terminated until basin elevation drops below maximum authorized level. Recharge elevation limited to 18' BRB due to leakage in 168 embankment.
5F	Fowler Avenue and Vartikian Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 5" BRB	Closed	Recharge valve closed for canal weed maintenance.
6D	Sierra Avenue and Clovis Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 1" BRB	Closed	Recharge valve closed for canal weed maintenance.
7C	Clovis Avenue and Alluvial Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	4' 7" BRB	Open	Please increase water delivery.
7D	Alluvial Avenue and Fowler Avenue	May 1, 2012	3' BRB	3' BRB	3' 7" BRB	Open	Recharge valve closed for canal weed maintenance.

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Figure 3-18