

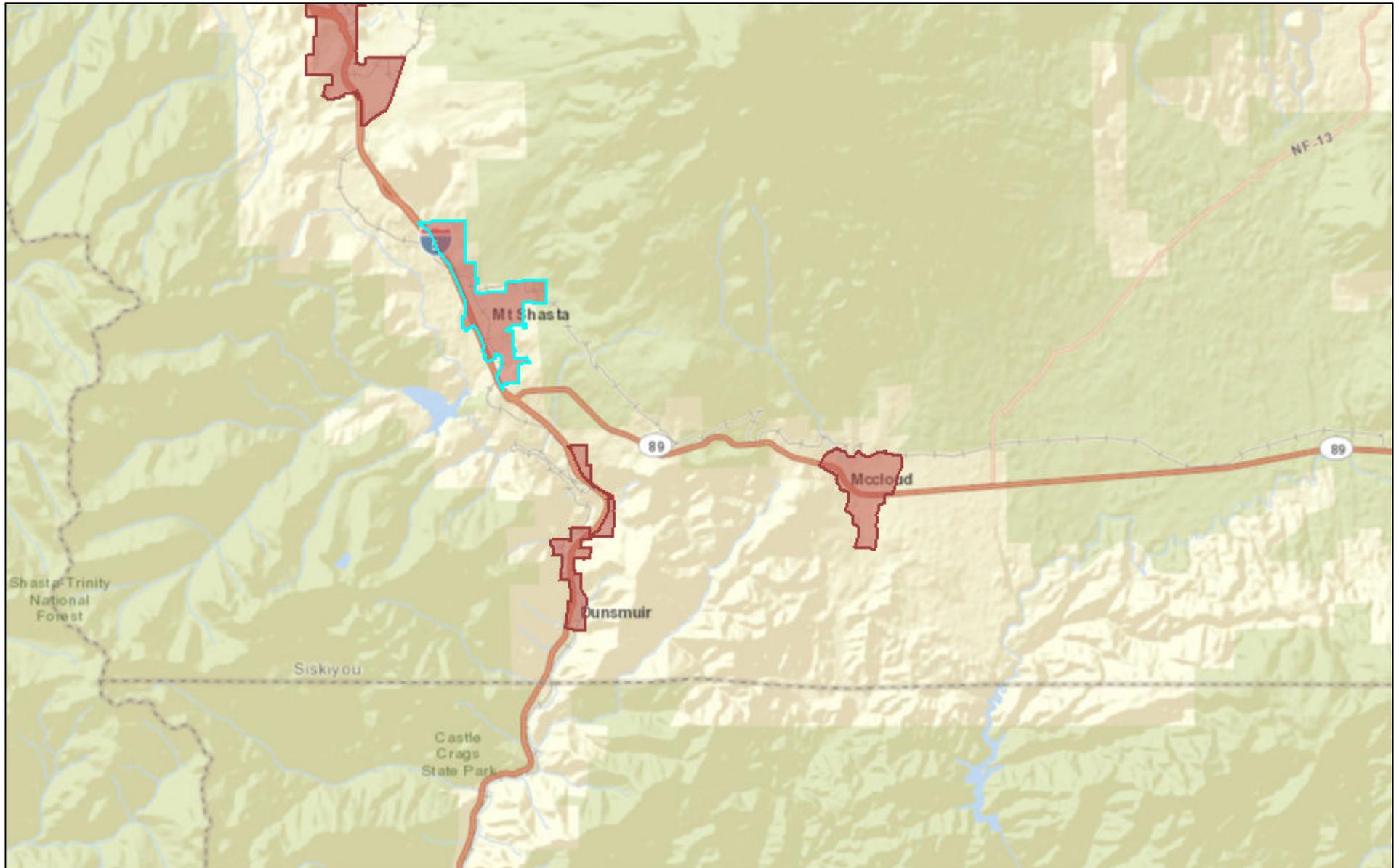
The City of Mt. Shasta Supply Line Replacement Project area encompasses the entire City, as this supply pipeline is the primary source of water to all City residents. As shown in the second file of this attachment, the City is located in Census Tract 10 and qualifies as a DAC as reported by the American Community Survey for the 5-year period of 2006-2010. This information was taken from the DAC Mapping Tool. For this time period, the MHI for this area was \$38,504. This is 79% of the Statewide MHI for the same time period of \$48,706.

This project meets a critical water supply need in the DAC as detailed in the 2014 IRWM Drought Guidelines in that it will provide infrastructure renovations to a public water supply system necessary to assure continued reliability of the minimum quality and quantity of water. As such, a waiver of funding match is respectfully requested for this project.

The City of Mt. Shasta Water Meter Installation Project area encompasses the entire City, as water meters will be installed for all City residents. As shown in the following attachment, the City is located in Census Tract 10 and qualifies as a DAC as reported by the American Community Survey for the 5-year period of 2006-2010. This information was taken from the DAC Mapping Tool. For this time period, the MHI for this area was \$38,504. This is 79% of the Statewide MHI for the same time period of \$48,706.

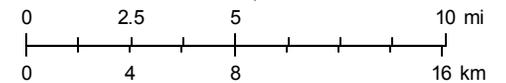
This project meets a critical water supply need in the DAC as detailed in the 2014 IRWM Drought Guidelines in that it will supply water metering critical to maintaining minimum system reliability and long-term source and system reliability. As such, a waiver of funding match is respectfully requested for this project.

# DACs - Santa Cruz County to Yuba County (15 Counties) - Beta 1.0



June 11, 2014

1:288,895



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, USGS, Intermap, increment P Corp., NRCAN, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri (Thailand),



B19013

MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2010 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)

Universe: Households

2006-2010 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2010, the 2010 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns. For 2006 to 2009, the Population Estimates Program provides intercensal estimates of the population for the nation, states, and counties.

	Census Tract 10 (part), Mount Shasta city, Mount Shasta CCD, Siskiyou County, California	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Median household income in the past 12 months (in 2010 inflation-adjusted dollars)	38,504	+/-9,227

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The methodology for calculating median income and median earnings changed between 2008 and 2009. Medians over \$75,000 were most likely affected. The underlying income and earning distribution now uses \$2,500 increments up to \$250,000 for households, non-family households, families, and individuals and employs a linear interpolation method for median calculations. Before 2009 the highest income category was \$200,000 for households, families and non-family households (\$100,000 for individuals) and portions of the income and earnings distribution contained intervals wider than \$2,500. Those cases used a Pareto Interpolation Method.

While the 2006-2010 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006-2010 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is

not appropriate.

7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.