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STATE OF CALIFORNIA
DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

BULLETIN NO. 91-4

DATA ON WATER WELLS
IN THE WILLOW SPRINGS,
GLOSTER, AND CHAFFEE AREAS,
KERN COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

PREPARED BY
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

FEDERAL-STATE
COOPERATIVE GROUND WATER INVESTIGATIONS

SEPTEMBER 1960

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This report is one of a series of open file reports prepared by the United States Department of Interior Geological Survey, Ground Water Branch, which present basic data on wells obtained from reconnaissance surveys of desert areas. These investigations are conducted by the Geological Survey under a cooperative agreement whereby funds are furnished equally by the United States and the State of California. The reports in this Bulletin No. 91 series are being published by the Department of Water Resources in order to make sufficient copies available for use of all interested agencies and the public at large.

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
Water Resources Division
Ground Water Branch
2929 Fulton Avenue
Sacramento 21, California

September 15, 1960

Mr. Harvey O. Banks, Director
California Department of Water Resources
P. O. Box 388
Sacramento 2, California

Dear Mr. Banks:

We have the pleasure to transmit herewith, for publication by the Department of Water Resources, U. S. Geological Survey report "Data on Water Wells in the Willow Springs, Gloster, and Chaffee Areas, Kern County, California," by Fred Kunkel and L. C. Dutcher. This investigation was conducted and the report prepared in accordance with the cooperative agreement between the State of California and the Geological Survey.

This report, one of a series for the Mojave Desert region prepared by the Long Beach subdistrict office, tabulates all available data on wells in the areas and shows reconnaissance geology with special reference to the water-yielding deposits.

Sincerely yours,

Harry D. Wilson, Jr.

Harry D. Wilson, Jr.
District Engineer

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DATA ON WATER WELLS IN THE WILLOW SPRINGS, GLOSTER,
AND CHAFFEE AREAS, KERN COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

By Fred Kunkel and L. C. Dutcher

PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF THE WORK AND REPORT

The data presented in this report were collected by the U.S. Geological Survey in connection with an investigation of water wells and general hydrologic conditions throughout much of the desert region of southern California. The geologic mapping was financed by Federal funds for arid-regions studies, and the canvass of wells and compilation of data were financed under a cooperative agreement with the California Department of Water Resources.

The desert regions of California are characterized by barren mountain ranges and isolated hills surrounding broad valleys, or basins, which are underlain by alluvial debris derived from the surrounding highlands. These basins generally contain ground water which has a wide range in chemical quality and which can be and in some areas has been developed for beneficial use.

The general objective of the cooperative investigation is to collect and to tabulate all available hydrologic data for the individual desert basins in order to provide public agencies and the general public with data for use in planning water utilization and management and for use in subsequent ground-water investigations.

Accordingly, the scope of the work carried out by the Geological Survey in each area has included (1) brief reconnaissance mapping of major geologic features to define the extent and general character of the deposits that contain the ground water; (2) visiting and examining virtually all the water wells in the area; determining and recording their locations in relation to geographic and cultural features and the public-land net, wherever possible; and recording well depths and sizes, types and capacities of installed equipment, uses of the water, and other pertinent information available at the well site; (3) measurement of the depth to the water surface below an established and described measuring point at or near the land surface; (4) selection of representative wells to be measured periodically in order to detect and record changes of water levels; and (5) collection and assembly of well records, including well logs, water-level measurements, and chemical analyses.

The work has been carried on by the U.S. Geological Survey under the general supervision of Harry D. Wilson, Jr., district engineer in charge of ground-water investigations in California, and under the immediate supervision of Fred Kunkel, geologist in charge of the Long Beach subdistrict office. The fieldwork was carried on principally by L. C. Dutcher, Fred Kunkel, W. J. Hiltgen, and F. S. Riley intermittently between April 1951 and March 1959 from the southern California subdistrict office of the Ground Water Branch at Long Beach.

LOCATION AND GENERAL FEATURES OF THE AREAS

The Willow Springs, Gloster, and Chaffee areas cover about 500 square miles and include part of Fremont Valley and the northwestern part of Antelope Valley as defined by Thompson (1929, pls. 16 and 19). The locations and some of the general features are shown on figure 1. The areas of this study lie in the southwestern part of the Mojave Desert region between long $117^{\circ}57'$ and $118^{\circ}30'$ W. and about lat $34^{\circ}52'$ and $35^{\circ}10'$ N., near the town of Mojave. The northeastern boundary of the area coincides with the Muroc fault, Bissell Hills, and Edwards Air Force Base; the southern boundary is Edwards Air Force Base and the Rosamond fault; the western boundary is the Tehachapi Mountains.

The area mapped is shown on figure 2 and includes one large ground-water subbasin northeast of Mojave, called the Chaffee area, a relatively large subbasin north of the Rosamond fault near Willow Springs, and several minor basins or subbasins in Antelope Valley in the area east of Willow Springs and north of the Rosamond Hills. The largest of these is the so-called Gloster area between Soledad Mountain and the Rosamond Hills.

Both the Muroc fault and the Rosamond fault are well defined and are barriers to the movement of ground water. The altitude of the water surface on the south side of the Muroc fault is as much as 320 feet higher than it is on the north side. The altitude of the water surface on the north side of the Rosamond fault is as much as 100 feet higher than the altitude of the water surface on the south side of the fault.

Topographically the area southwest of the Muroc fault consists principally of steep alluvial fans and gently sloping alluvial plains built out from the southeastern slopes of the Tehachapi Mountains. In the central and southeastern parts of the area isolated buttes and mountains rise above the alluvial plain. Low, gently rolling hills of granitic rocks limit the alluvial plain on the east.

The Willow Springs, Gloster, and Chaffee areas are shown on parts of the following U.S. Geological Survey topographic quadrangle maps: Castle Butte, Mojave, Rogers Lake, Rosamond, Tehachapi, and Willow Springs, all at a scale of 1:62,500.

Access to the area is provided by U.S. Highways 6 and 466 and several paved and many unpaved roads. The principal town in the area is Mojave, at the intersection of U.S. Highways 6 and 466 and the junction of the Southern Pacific and Santa Fe Railroads.

In the area extending from the Muroc fault to Willow Springs (fig. 2) the economy is based mainly on commerce with travelers using U.S. Highways 6 and 466 and the railroad yards at Mojave. Except for several small fields of alfalfa northeast of Rosamond and in the Gloster area, the only significant irrigation during the period 1954-58 was that in the vicinity of Willow Springs. In this area 10 wells reportedly supplied irrigation water to about 2,000 acres of alfalfa.

PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Data on ground water in the Willow Springs, Gloster, and Chaffee areas are contained in two reports: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Supply Paper 578, "The Mohave Desert Region, California" (Thompson, 1929, p. 201-223, 289-371), includes data obtained in 1918 on wells in the area of the present investigation; and a private report (Williams, 1930) contains information collected in 1929 and 1930 on wells in the area. The data on wells from these reports are included herein.

Approximately 95 square miles of the southeastern part of the area of this report lies within Edwards Air Force Base and is closed to civilian development. Data on wells within the military reservation are not included in this report but are contained in a Geological Survey open-file report (Dutcher and Hiltgen, 1955) prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Air Force.

The geology shown on figure 2 was compiled and generalized from the geologic maps of the Castle Butte (Dibblee, 1958) and Mojave (Dibblee, 1959) quadrangles, from unpublished mapping by the junior author, and from unpublished maps of the Rosamond, Tehachapi, and Willow Springs quadrangles by T. W. Dibblee of the U.S. Geological Survey.

The California Department of Water Resources provided access to all pertinent information in its files, including numerous well logs and chemical analyses. In addition, many well owners and drillers provided data from their files. The cooperation and assistance given by these people and agencies contributed materially to the completeness of the data presented in this report and are acknowledged.

GEOLOGIC FEATURES OF THE AREA

The geologic units in the Willow Springs, Gloster, and Chaffee areas can be grouped into two broad categories: Consolidated rocks and unconsolidated deposits. The consolidated rocks are for the most part impervious and, except for minor amounts of water in cracks and weathered zones, yield little or no water. The consolidated rocks comprise the old crystalline, metamorphic, and consolidated sedimentary rocks of pre-Tertiary age which collectively form the basement complex, the consolidated sedimentary rocks of Tertiary age, and the volcanic rocks of Tertiary age.

The consolidated sedimentary and volcanic rocks of Tertiary age are part of the Witnet, Gem Hill, Kinnick, Bopesta, and Horned Toad formations mapped by Dibblee (1959) in the Mojave quadrangle and the Tropico group mapped by Dibblee (1958) in the Castle Butte quadrangle. In the Rosamond, Willow Springs, Tehachapi, and Rogers Lake quadrangles the consolidated sedimentary and volcanic rocks have not been named. Presumably these rocks also are of Tertiary age. They consist mainly of gray and red conglomerate, arkose, cobble gravel, tuff, sandstone, chert, limestone, gravel, sand, silt, and clay. For the most part these rocks are poorly permeable, but locally where penetrated by deep wells they yield small amounts of water to domestic wells.

Volcanic rocks of acidic composition, mainly quartz latite, some andesite, rhyolite, and dacite of Miocene to Pliocene age, also occur in the area. Locally these rocks are part of the Tropic group mapped by Dibblee (1958) in the Castle Butte quadrangle, the Bobtail quartz latite member of the Gem Hill formation mapped by Dibblee (1958) in the Rosamond quadrangle, and the Gem Hill formation mapped by Dibblee (1959) in the Mojave quadrangle.

Extrusive and intrusive basalts of Miocene(?) to Pliocene age also occur in the area. Locally these rocks are part of the Tropic group mapped by Dibblee (1958) in the Castle Butte quadrangle.

The unconsolidated older alluvium of late Pleistocene age consists of compact arkosic gravel, sand, silt, and clay. The deposits are weathered, and locally the feldspar has been altered to clay. Near the hills the unit is predominantly gravel but beneath the valley areas it is finer grained and better sorted. Because the older alluvium and the older fan deposits overlie the Tertiary continental rocks on which an erosional surface of considerable local relief is present, the thickness of the older deposits varies greatly from place to place. Where saturated the older alluvium contains the main aquifers in the area.

The older fan deposits of Pleistocene age consist of poorly consolidated conglomerate or unsorted, unbedded boulder gravel occurring as isolated erosional remnants. The materials are mainly of granitic origin but fragments of basalt, andesite, dacite, and metamorphic rocks are common. The unit is nearly everywhere above the water level in wells and therefore is unsaturated. However, the attitude of this unit suggests that locally it extends beneath the younger alluvium in the valley and where saturated may yield small quantities of water to deep wells.

The younger alluvium of Recent age is mostly gravel, sand, and silt, and overlies the older units beneath the central parts of the valleys. These deposits are generally above the water table except in the lower parts of the valley, where they may yield small amounts of water to shallow wells.

The younger fan deposits of Recent age are mostly poorly sorted boulders, arkosic gravel, sand, silt, and clay derived from nearby hills or mountains. The materials have been transported only a short distance and mainly represent mudflow or slope-wash debris. Near the hills and mountains the younger fan deposits are coarse grained, but they become finer with increasing distance from the areas of active erosion. These deposits are poorly sorted and poorly permeable, are generally above the water table, and are believed to be unpromising sources of water.

Unconsolidated coarse to fine dune sand occurs in the lower parts of the valleys. The dunes are, in part at least, actively drifting; locally some small interdune playas are included in the area shown as dune sand on figure 2.

HYDROLOGIC FEATURES OF THE AREA

The surface drainage basins of the region are of the closed type, and infrequent runoff reaches one or another of the small playas, shown on figure 1, or reaches the larger playas known as Koehn Lake, in the northeastern part of Fremont Valley, and Rogers Lake or Rosamond Lake in Antelope Valley. Two principal drainage systems, those of Cache and Oak Creeks (fig. 2) carry occasional surface runoff from the mountains onto the alluvial slopes of the desert floor.

In 1958 the water levels in wells ranged from a few feet below the land surface in the Willow Springs area to more than 300 feet below the land surface beneath the higher alluvial slopes.

Recharge to the area southwest of the Muroc fault occurs by percolation of water from Cache and Oak Creeks and minor streams draining the Tehachapi Mountains and in very minor amounts by deep percolation of rain during infrequent periods of heavy precipitation.

A considerable part of the ground-water recharge from Cache Creek moves generally eastward and discharges across the Muroc fault into the ground-water basin to the north. The remainder of the ground-water flow from Cache Creek moves eastward and southeastward into the central part of the Chaffee area, where the movement is northeastward toward the Muroc fault. Recharge from the Oak Creek drainage system moves generally southeastward toward Soledad Mountain into the Chaffee area, and part moves southward along the west side of the mountain. Of the water that moves southward along the west side of Soledad Mountain, most eventually moves eastward along the south edge of the mountain into the Gloster area and thence into the Chaffee area. Some of the water may move southward and southwestward into the Willow Springs area and eventually discharges across the Rosamond fault into another ground-water basin to the south.

The ground water in the Willow Springs, Gloster, and Chaffee areas is moderately mineralized. The highest concentration of dissolved solids, about 900 ppm (parts per million), occurs in wells drilled near the Muroc fault in the northeastern part of the Chaffee area. The water of best quality comes from wells drilled in the alluvial materials underlying the higher slopes of the younger alluvium in the southern and southwestern parts of the area, where the dissolved-solids content is only about 220 to 500 ppm.

WELL-NUMBERING SYSTEM

The well-numbering system used in this report conforms to that used in virtually all ground-water investigations made by the Geological Survey in California since 1940. It has been adopted as official by the California Department of Water Resources and by the California Water Pollution Control Board for use throughout the State.

Wells are assigned numbers according to their location in the rectangular system for the subdivision of public land. For example, in the number 11/14-36A1, assigned to a well shown on figure 2, the part of the number preceding the slash indicates the township (T. 11 N.), the part between the slash and the hyphen indicates the range (R. 14 W.), the number between the hyphen and the letter indicates the section (sec. 36), and the letter indicates the 40-acre subdivision of the section as shown in the accompanying diagram.

D	C	B	A
E	F	G	H
M	L	K	J
N	P	Q	R

Within the 40-acre tract the wells are numbered serially as indicated by the final digit. Thus, well 11/14-36A1 is the first well to be listed in the $NE\frac{1}{4}NE\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 36, T. 11 N., R. 14 W. (San Bernardino base and meridian).

Similarly, well 32/36-22N1 is in the $SW\frac{1}{4}SW\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 22, T. 32 S., R. 36 E., Mt. Diablo base and meridian. Because all the wells are either in the northwest quadrant of the San Bernardino base and meridian lines or in the southeast quadrant of the Mt. Diablo base and meridian lines, the foregoing abbreviations of the township and range are sufficient.

For well numbers where a Z has been substituted for the letter designating the 40-acre tract, the Z indicates that the well is plotted from unverified location descriptions; the indicated sites of such wells were visited but no evidence of a well could be found.

REFERENCES CITED

Dibblee, T. W., Jr., 1958, Geologic map of the Castle Butte quadrangle, Kern County, Calif.: U.S. Geol. Survey Mineral Inv. Map MF-170.

_____ 1959, Preliminary geologic map of the Mojave quadrangle, California: U.S. Geol. Survey Mineral Inv. Map MF-219.

Dutcher, L. C., and Hiltgen, W. J., 1955, Appendix A, Tables of basic data for wells on Edwards Air Force Base: U.S. Geol. Survey open-file rept., 84 p.

Jenkins, O. P., 1938, Geologic map of California: Calif. Div. Mines.

Thompson, D. G., 1929, The Mohave Desert region, California: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 578, 759 p.

Williams, Cyril, Jr., consulting engineer, San Francisco, Calif., 1930, Supply investigation in the vicinity of Mojave, Calif.: Prepared for Pacific Portland Cement Co.

Table 1.- Descriptions of wells in the Willow Spring, Gloster, and Chaffee areas, California

USGS number: The number given is the Geological Survey number assigned to the well according to the system described in the section on the well-numbering system.

Source of data and other numbers: The source of data on each line is indicated by the following symbols: GS, observations and measurements made by the Geological Survey on the dates indicated as well as information reported to the Geological Survey by owners, drillers, or others; CW, from Cyril Williams, Jr. (1930); DGF, from Thompson (1929); DWR, from California Department of Water Resources; Owner, from owner. A number following the letters is the well number used in the reports by Thompson (1929) or Williams (1930).

Date of observation: Data for each well are given in reverse chronological order, with the most recent information summarized on the top line, opposite the well number.

Owner or user: The name given is the owner or user of the well on the date indicated. If more than one set of data are given for a well the name is not repeated unless it is known to be different.

Year completed: The completion date was obtained from the driller's log or reported by the owner or others.

Depth: Depths of wells given in whole feet were reported by owners, drillers, or others; depths given in feet and tenths were measured below land-surface datum by the Geological Survey.

Type of well and diameter: The type of well construction is indicated by symbols as follows: A auger, C cable tool, D dug, DC dug and deepened by cable tool, R rotary, G gravel packed, RG rotary gravel-packed well. The number following the letter is the diameter of the casing or pit, in inches, and where no casing was installed the symbol N is used.

Pump type and power: The type of pump or method of lift is indicated as follows: A airlift, B bucket, C centrifugal, J jet, L lift, N none, S submersible, T turbine. The type of power is indicated as follows: D diesel engine, E electric motor of undetermined horsepower (where a number appears in this column it indicates the rated horsepower of an electric motor), G gasoline engine, H hand operated, N none, W windmill.

Yield: The yield of the well in gallons per minute generally is reported by the driller or owner and is not necessarily the maximum capacity of the well.

Specific capacity: The specific capacity of a well is its rate of yield per unit of drawdown of the water level in the well. It is determined by dividing the figure in the Yield column by the drawdown resulting from sustained pumping at that rate; the result is expressed in terms of gallons per minute per foot of drawdown. The yield and drawdown data are principally from tests performed by the California Electric Power Company and reported by well owners and drillers.

Use: Dm domestic, Ds destroyed or dry, Ir irrigation, P poultry raising, Ps public supply, S stock, T test hole, Un unused.

Measuring point: The point from which the water-level measurement(s) by the Geological Survey are made is described as follows:

Bpb bottom edge of pump base
Bbc bottom of hole in casing
Bnc bottom of notch in casing
Hcc hole in casing cover
Hpb hole in pump base

La land surface
Na no access
Tap top of access pipe
Tbc top of board cover
Tc top of casing

Tcc top of casing cover
Tdp top of discharge pipe
Tmc top of masonry curb
Tpb top of pump base
Twc top of wooden curb

The suffix letters N, S, E, and W, indicate the side (north, south, east, or west) where used. The distance of the measuring point above or below(-) land-surface datum is given in feet and tenths and sometimes hundredths. All measurements of water level are from the same measuring point unless otherwise indicated; however, the measuring points used by Thompson (1929), owners, drillers, and California Department of Water Resources are not known.

Altitude: The altitude given is the altitude of land-surface datum, the plane of reference approximately at ground surface, at the well. Altitudes given to the nearest foot were interpolated from Geological Survey topographic maps, those given in feet and tenths were determined by spirit leveling by Cyril Williams, Jr., (1930), C. F. Hostrup, consulting engineer, Westwood, Calif., the well owner, or the Geological Survey.

Depth to water: Measured depths to water level are given in feet, tenths, and hundredths, or feet and tenths; reported or approximate depths to water level are given in whole feet. The water-level measurements are below or above(+) land-surface datum. For the measurements made by the Geological Survey (GS) and Williams (CW, 1930), the difference in altitude between land-surface datum and the measuring point has been subtracted from or added to the measured water level below the measuring point. The measurement given is the depth to water level below or above land-surface datum.

Other data: B well reported to have penetrated bedrock (basement complex) at bottom, C chemical analysis of water is given in table 5, E electric log for well in the files of the Geological Survey, I driller's log of well is given in table 4, R automatic water-level recorder, installed and maintained by the owner, was operating in the well at the time of the Geological Survey field canvass, W records of water levels in wells are given in table 3; all known records of water levels in wells in the area are given in either table 1 or 3.

USGS number	Source of data and other numbers		Date of observation	Owner or user	Well data				Measuring point		Altitude of lsd (feet)	Water level Depth below lsd (feet)		
	Year completed	Type			Diam-eter (in.)	Pump	Yield (gpm)	Power	Point	Altitude of lsd (feet)				
9/12-16D1	GS		3-29-51	R. E. Payne	1949	G 6	L 2	30	Dm	Tmc	1.2	2,390	26.75	B
16E1	GS		5-24-56	Clara Koch	1950				Ds			2,404	48.4	
	GS		3-29-51	-Gettys		N	N		Un	Ls	0			
16E2	GS		5-23-56	Clara Koch	1951	8	T		Dm	Tap	1.65	2,375	94.15	W
	GS		9-21-51	-Gettys		182.4	L	W	S	TcE	1.0		92.94	
16E3	GS		5-24-56	Clara Koch	1955	503	C	L	Dm			2,390	36	
16J1	GS		5-24-56	A. C. Scruggs	1951	200	RG 12	T 25	Ir	TcS	.4	2,340	65.75	B,C,L
	GS		11-5-52										74.94	
	GS		4-17-51										60.86	
16K1			4-17-51	R. J. Rubees	1945	204	RG 12	T 20	Ir	Na		2,360		L
16L1	GS		5-24-56	Frank Miske	1917	14	T 15	450	Ir	Tc	0	2,365	89.72	L
	Owner		2-9-51					281					79.5	
	Owner		2-9-51										all 1.3	
	DWR		2-1-47	Mitchell, Erickson									70	
				Johnson										
						254		450						35

T. 9 N., R. 12 W.

16Q1	GS	4-17-51	Peter Thomas	250	14	T	25	Ir	Na	2,335		
16Q2	GS	4-17-51	Peter Thomas		10	T	10	Ir	Na	2,335		
17M1	GS	5-22-56	C. G. Spencer	1936	6	N	N	Un	Tc	.3	2,370	87.14
	GS	4-9-51		135.0		L	W	Dm	Na			
17M2	GS	5-22-56	C. G. Spencer		R	8	J	Dm	Tc	.4	2,370	93.15
18C1	GS	5-21-56		15.0	D			Ds			2,422	Dry
	GS	4-12-51		45.0	N	N	N	Un	Ls	0		19.9
18E1	GS	5-22-56	Dale Randleman	1949	D	12	L	Un	Tc	1.0	2,423	17.25
	GS	3-2-52						Dm				b61.58
	GS	11-15-51										b61.74
	GS	4-9-51										a55.60
	Owner	10- -50										17
18E2	GS	5-22-56		27.0			N	Ds				Dry
	CW-18A	10-8-29					L	Dm		.65	2,408.7	35.95
18E3	GS	5-22-56		19.5	12	N	N	Ds				Dry
	CW-18B	12-7-29						Un	Tc	.17	2,396.0	26.13
18F1	GS	5-23-56	Dale Randleman	1956	C	8	L	Dm	TcE	1.0	2,415	63.74

a. Well being pumped.

b. Well pumped recently.

7Q1	GS CW-7F	2-10-53 11-14-29	Willow Springs Co. F. M. Hamilton	38.1						Dm Hcc Tap	0 .7	2,566.0	2.86 3.10	W
7Q2	GS GS	2-8-54 2-10-53	Willow Springs Co.	50.6	12	C 2				Dm Tc	0 0	2,560	a5.60 a.83	C
7Q3	GS CW-7G	5-23-56 11-14-29	Willow Springs Co. F. M. Hamilton	185	R 8	S E				Dm Tap	0 0	2,564.3	e20.90 .31	
7Q4	GS CW-7D	5-23-56 11-14-29	Willow Springs Co. F. M. Hamilton	1.0	D	N N				Ds Tpb	.1	2,561.0	Dry 2.01	
7Q5	GS CW-7E	5-23-56 11-14-29	Willow Springs Co. F. M. Hamilton	3.0	D	N N				Ds Tpb	.1	2,564.0	Dry 20.26	
7R1	GS CW-7C	5-23-56 11-14-29	Willow Springs Co. F. M. Hamilton			L N L W				Un Dm Tc	2.4 .4	2,564.0	18.80 9.45	
7R2	GS GS GS	5-23-56 2-8-54 2-10-53	Willow Springs Co.	37.1	12	N N				Un Tc	0		23.20 16.32 15.19	
7R3	DW-7B GS CW-7A1	11-14-29 5-23-56 11-14-29	F. M. Hamilton Willow Springs Co. F. M. Hamilton		G					Tc Un Dm Bhc Tc	3.0 -.3 .5	2,567.7	13.08 26.71 24.94	B,L
8D1	GS CW-8A DWT-16A	2-10-53 11-16-29	J. Maquin Maquin	4.0		N N L W				Ds Un Tc	0 .325	2,618.0	Dry 44.06 47	
10A1	GS CW-10A	5-23-56 12-8-29	W. S. Webb	38.0	D 60					Ds Un	0	2,540.5	Dry 54.3	

a. Well being pumped.

c. Nearby well being pumped.

14F1	GS	5-23-56	Clifford Burton	108.4	12	L 5	Ps	TcN -5.6	2,455	87.45
14F2	GS Owner	5-23-56 1955	Clifford Burton			T 20	Ps		2,450	62 62
14H1	GS Owner	5-23-56 1953	J. Jones	190	RG 8	L W	Dm	Hcc .5	2,470	82.14 70
14H2	GS	5-23-56	C. O. McLennan	200	12	L W	Dm	Hcc 0	2,455	73.30
			<u>T. 9 N., R. 14 W.</u>							
9/14- 1H1	GS	5-23-56	Jess Butler	945	RG 18	N N	Un	Tc 0	2,700	115.00
1P1	GS	5-21-56 1946	E. Jordan	221	C 8	L G	Dm	Tc .9	2,680	81.80 74
1Q1	GS	5-21-56 2-10-54 1-30-53	Miss Ball	170	8	L W	Un	TcN 1.5	2,675	69.86 68.46 67.79
1R1	GS	1-30-53	Wagon Wheel Ranch	210	7	J 1	Dm		2,670	
1R2	GS GS GS DGT-15A	5-23-56 2-10-54 1-30-53	Fred Hamilton	170	12	L W	Dm	Tc 1.0	2,670	63.46 60.15 59.14 57
2J1	GS	1-30-53	S. L. Henson	250	12	S E	Dm	Tc 2.0	2,735	124.63
2Z1	CW-2A DGT-14A	11-4-29		164 155	7 7		Ds	Tc 2.1	2,746.3	148.70

a. Well being pumped.

16P1	GS	11-24-52	Charles Halcomb	1950	200	6	L H	Dm	Na	2,605	70
16Q1	GS	3-5-56	Brown			8	J E	Dm	TcW 1.0	2,680	
16R1	GS	5-22-56	M. White			8	J 1	Dm	Hpb .5	2,577	65.63
	GS	9-11-52									66.05
	GS	11-27-51									65.62
18P1	GS	5-22-56				5	S E	Dm	Na	2,735	
19D1	GS	3-5-56	Collender	1954	300	12	T 45	Ir		2,777	
20B1	GS	9-21-51	O. J. Backus	1912	117.6	16	N N	Un	TcW 1.0	2,638.6	89.92
	CW-20A	9-27-29	R. M. Sopp		200						90.60
20C1	GS	11-13-52	O. J. Backus	1917	107.8	DC 12	T 5	Dm		2,650.5	99.28
	CW-20D	2-19-30			161		T G	Ir	Tmc 0	al28	98.89
	CW-20D	12-13-29									98.30
	CW-20D	12-13-29									
	CW-20D	12-8-29									
20C2	GS	11-24-52	O. J. Backus	1918	107.8	DC		Un	Na	2,650.5	
20C3	GS	3-9-59	O. J. Backus	1914	128	8	J E	Dm	Bpb 0	2,645	93.50
	GS	11-4-58									93.86
	GS	3-4-58									93.12
	GS	11-13-52									93.32
20C4	GS	3-5-56	O. J. Backus	1954	625	G 12	T 30	Ir		2,660	
20W1	GS	11-13-52			82.6	10	N N	Ds	TcN 0	2,660	Dry

a. Well being pumped.

22F2	GS GS	3-2-56	Cole Investment Co.	1924	125	C 6	N N		Un	Tc	.5	2,540	38.95 a64
								1.5					
22F3	GS GS	3-2-56 3-2-56	Cole Investment Co.	1924	500	C 12	T 15	390	Ir	Bpb	.5	2,540	38.13 a98
22N1	GS GS GS	5-22-56 5-5-54 9-11-52	Mrs. Leitch	1919	60.8	10	N N		Un	TcN	.5	2,563	48.96 50.56 49.60
22N2	GS GS GS	5-22-56 9-11-52 9-21-51	Mrs. Leitch	1919	125	12	T 5		Dm	Bpb	.8		49.31 50.62 54.01 49.43
	CW-22B	9-27-29	J. Kawall		100		T G		Ir	Tc	0	2,561.0	
27L1	GS CW-27A CW-27A	11-24-52 2-19-30 11-4-29	W. Fusek		42.2 66	D 48	N N		Ds	Ls Tmc	0 .2	2,540.5	Dry 57.20 57.20
28C1	GS GS GS	5-24-56 1-20-53 11-13-52	W. D. Miller		79.6	10	N N		Un	TcS	0		58.61 58.25 58.32
	CW-28A	10-5-29									1.7	2,585.0	61.69 61.90
28J1	GS CW-28B	5-22-56 2-19-30	E. Faires J. D. Faires	1920	105.0 120	9	L W		Un	TcS	1.0		63.34 b63.32
28Z1	CW-28C CW-28C	2-18-30 12-19-29	F. A. Jungquist			12			Ds	Tc	0	2,560.0	54.55 54.76

a. Well being pumped.
b. Well pumped recently.

24C1	GS	3-4-52	Mrs. DeBoard	252	6	L	L	Dm	TcW	.7	2,775	184.23	C
	GS	11-16-51										184.14	
	GS	9-26-51										184.17	
24F1	GS	9-26-51	Montmorency		12	S	E	Dm	Tc	1.1		184.7	
	CW-24A	2-19-30	C. E. Patterson	600		L	W	S	Tc	2.5	2,757.6	180.90	C
	CW-24A	11-2-29										179.40	
29M1	GS	2-8-54	Paul Adler	1953 1250	RG 16	T	200 2200	Ir	TcW	0	2,800	218.34	
30B1	GS	2-8-54	M and P Ranch	1952 750	G 16	T	150	Ir	TcW	.5	2,860	255.65	
	GS	1-20-53										247.78	
30D1	GS	11-29-54	M and P Ranch	1952 834	G 16	T	200	Ir	TcE	.5	2,880	282.74	L
	GS	2-8-54										282.74	
	GS	1-20-53										275.26	
30K1	GS	1-20-53	M and P Ranch	1952 407	G 16	T	200	Ir			2,825		L
31E1	GS	2-10-54	CCC Ranch	1952 1000	RG 16	T	150	Ir	TcE	0	2,795	186.34	
		1-30-53										181.49	
31M1	GS	1-30-53	CCC Ranch			T	50	Ir	Na		2,780		
32D1	GS	1-20-53	Lombardi and Frew	1949 1345	R 16	T	200	Ir	Na		2,775		L
32M1	GS	5-21-56	Lombardi and Frew	1951 805	R 16	T	200	Ir	Tc	.5	2,740	162.30	B,C,L,W

- a. Well being pumped.
- b. Well pumped recently.
- d. Tape smeared.

6DL	GS	9-30-55	Glenn Ward	1956	257.1	12	N	N	Un	TcW	1.7	254.28	
	GS	3-15-54										254.42	
	GS	1-21-53			256.3							255.0	
	GS	12-3-52										254.97	
	CW-6A	2-27-30	F. Ward						Un		2,681.0	258.30	
	CW-6A	9-28-29										258.20	
6ML	GS	3-2-55			245.8	12	N	N	Ds		2,680	Dry	
7AL	GS	2-3-58	Southern Pacific Land Co.	1956	414.0	C 14	N	N	Un	Tap	.85	2,627.9	201.63
													C, L, W
8DL	GS	10-21-55	Zetta Thorning		e275.0	12	N	N	Un	Bhc	1.0	198.43	C, W
	GS	9-29-55			f204.0							198.32	
	CW-8A	2-27-30	A. T. Thorning						Un	Tc	1.5	2,624.5	218.30
	DGT-49	1918						450				205	
9AL	GS	2-3-58	Southern Pacific Land Co.	1956	421	C 14	N	N	Un	Tap	1.19	2,549.6	124.73
													C, L, W
18DL	GS	12-2-52	B. Hammett		220	C 12	N	N	Un	TcN	.5	213.02	
	CW-18A	2-28-30	Natl. Bank of Italy Co.						Un	Bpb	1.3	2,639.5	220.6
	CW-18A	9-28-29										217.9	
200L	GS	12-5-52			76.2	12	N	N	Ds	Tc	2.8	Dry	
	CW-20A	2-19-30	A. E. Morse									2,561.0	131.10
	CW-20A	9-27-29										131.29	
23JL	GS	12-5-52			1512				Ds				L
	CW-23A	12-15-29	Southern Pacific Land Co.	1929					T	Bpb	.1	2,763.0	310.60
		10-15-29										314.50	

a. Well being pumped.

e. Well cleaned to bottom.

f. Depth of obstruction in well.

USGS number : Source of data and other numbers : Date of observation : Owner or user : Year completed : Depth (ft.) : Type (diam.) : Pump (eter) : and (in.) : power : Yield (gpm) : Sp. cap. : Use : Measuring point : Altitude of lsd (feet) : Water level : Depth below lsd : Other data :

T. 11 N., R. 11 W., Continued

11/11-30C1	GS	12-2-52		21.2	7	N	N		Ds		2,585	Dry
30K1	GS	9-27-55		146.2	8	L	W		Un	Tbc	0.5	124.20
	GS	9-15-52										124.34
	CW-30A	2-19-30	F. H. Forbes	140			N			Tc	.3	124.9
	CW-30A	9-25-29										125.2
32N1	GS	9-27-55		112.0	D	60	N		Ds			Dry
	CW-32A	2-19-30	B. N. Peterson						Un	Tmc	.2	113.52
	CW-32A	11-26-29										113.58
33P1	GS	11-4-55							Ds			Dry
	GS	9-28-51							Un	Tc	0	69.60
	CW-33A	2-19-30	Mission Sisters of Sacred Heart	190						Tc	2.5	70.8
	CW-33A	11-26-29										70.8
	DGT-8A		Rathbun	200					Dm			70

USGS number : Source of data and other numbers : Date of observation : Owner or user : Year completed : Depth (ft.) : Diameter (in.) : Pump type : Yield (gpm) : Sp. cap. : Use : Well data : Measuring point : Altitude of 1st (feet) : Other data : Water level : Depth below 1st (feet) :

T. 11 N., R. 12 W., Continued

11/12-18B2	GS	9-28-55	E. A. Koch	300	12	NN	Un	TcN	1.0	2,825	241.82	
22D1	GS	9-15-52	Mojave Public Utility, Dist., 1	1914	14	NN	Ds	Tc	4.1	2,687.4	Dry	L
	CW-22A	2-19-30	M. Cuthbert				Un	Tc		2,687.7	249.9	
	CW-22A	12-10-29									250.00	
24D1	GS	12-16-55		199.8	14	NN	Ds			2,650	Dry	
26J1	GS	9-27-55	Monolith Portland Cement Co.	225.0	14	NN	Un	TcS	1.0	2,594.0	156.37	C,L,W
	CW-26A	3-1-30	I. M. Jameson			L W	S	Twc	.6	2,594.6	158.2	
	DGT-50	1918	F. H. Forbes	250			S				155	
26J2	GS	12-4-52	Monolith Portland Cement Co.	1948	321	RG 14	Ir	TcS	1.0	2,595	156.97	L
29D1	GS	9-30-55		1952	283.0	G 12	Un	Na		2,765		
	GS	11-25-52						TcS	1.0		176.95	

32E1	GS	11-25-52	Dr. L. Schultz	300	10	T 15	40	Ps	2,770		
32E2	GS	12-4-52	Goodwin Knight	1922	10	T 7½	40	Dm	2,765	179.95	C
32E3	GS	10-4-55	Miehl	1955	C 5	J 1		Dm	2,765	176.43	
32R1	GS	10-4-55	Verdi Development Co.	1955	R 5	NN		Un	2,690	187.76	B
<u>T. 11 N., R. 13 W.</u>											
11/13-19C1	GS	5-24-56	California Portland Cement Co., well 1	1953	C 16	NN	58	Un	3,610	279.65	L
	DWR	3-19-56								275.77	
	GS	10-6-55								268.19	
	Owner	12-10-53								a327	
	Owner	12-10-53								217	
19C2	Owner	3- -54	California Portland Cement Co., well 4	1954	C 16		65	Un	3,600	a277	L
	Owner	3- -54								147	
19C3	Owner	3- -54	California Portland Cement Co., well 3	1954	C 16		90	Un	3,600	a337	C,L
	Owner	3- -54								145	
19Z1	Owner	1956	California Portland Cement Co.	1953	C	NN		Ds	3,600	246	L
	Owner	11- -53									
24A1	GS	12-5-52	Spicer and Silvestro	1948	8	T G		Dm	2,840	d250	B,C

a. Well being pumped.
d. Tape smeared.

T. 12 N., R. 11 W.

12/11-34L1 GS 9-10-52

95.4 8 N N Ds 2,550 Dry

T. 12 N., R. 12 W.

12/12-35R1 GS 2-3-58

1957 640 C 14 N N Un Tc 1.02 2,743.3 316.12 C,L,W

Southern Pacific
Land Co.

T. 32 S., R. 36 E.

32/36-20M1 GS 9-30-55

12 N N T Tc 0 2,930 485.70

21Q1 GS 11-3-55

1949 J805 RG 10 T G 263 Ps TapW 1.0 2,798.9 372.88 B,C,L,
W

J. J. Wonders

22N1 GS 9-18-52

1947 370 6 L G 16 Dm 2,760 C

W. M. Kinkade

28N1 GS 7-17-57

406.1 C 12 N N Ds Tc 1.0 2,832 Dry

R. Gannt

CW-28A 1929

407

R. Gannt

34E1 GS 12-2-52

Ds Tc .8 2,760 332.0

Maddock

CW-34A 1930

34E2 GS 10-18-57

1957 800 RG 16 N N Un Bnc 2.0 2,760 325.53

Mojave Public Util-
ity District

GS 12-20-57

325.52

GS 2-3-58

325.44

35D1 GS 7-17-57

1956 800 C 14 N N Un Bnc .25 2,692.0 263.93 C,L,W

Southern Pacific
Land Co.

a. Well being pumped.

f. Depth of obstruction in well which is above water table.

j. Well drilled to 1,356 feet. Demented off at 805 feet.

USGS number	Source of data and other numbers	Date of observation	Owner or user	Well data				Measuring point	Altitude of lsd (feet)	Water level				
				Year completed	Depth (ft.)	Type, Pump	Diameter (in.)				Yield (gpm)	Sp. Use		
32/36-35R1	GS	7-17-57	Southern Pacific Land Co.	1956	800	C 14	NN	1900	Un	Tap	2.51	2,631.9	206.52	C, L, W
35R2	GS	7-17-57	Southern Pacific Land Co.	1956	720	R 8	NN		Un	Tc	3.42	2,634.5	207.99	L, W

T. 32 S., R. 36 E., Continued

Table 2.--Cross index of other well numbers and U. S. Geological Survey numbers

The first column shows the number assigned to the well by others and the second column shows the Geological Survey number assigned to the same well. The numbers in the first column are listed consecutively. Numbers missing in the consecutive listings are for wells outside the area or for wells for which data are not available.

Part 1. Numbers used by Thompson (1929)

Other number	USGS number	Other number	USGS number	Other number	USGS number
7A	11/11-34M1	15A	9/14- 1R2	50	11/12-26J1
8A	11/11-33P1	16A	9/13- 8D1	51	11/11- 2N1
13A	9/14- 4B1	22A	9/12-16L1	52	12/10-31Z1
14A	9/14- 2Z1	49	11/11- 8D1	53	11/12-12D1

Part 2. Numbers used by Cyril Williams, Jr., (1930)

9/12-18A	9/12-18E2	10/12-16A	10/12-15M2	11/11-33A	11/11-33P1
18B	18E3	20A	20B1	11/12-12A	11/12-12D1
9/13- 1A	9/13- 1N1	20B	20P1	12B	12M1
4A	4A1	20D	20C1	14A	14D1
5A	5Z1	22A	22E1	22A	22D1
7A1	7R3	22B	22N2	26A	26J1
7B	7R2	22E	22C1	30/37-24A	30/37-34B1
7C	7R1	27A	27L1	24B	24M1
7D	7Q4	28A	28C1	24C	24R2
7E	7Q5	28B	28J1	26A	26Z1
7F	7Q1	28C	28Z1	36A	36G1
7G	7Q3	30A	30A1	30/38-30A	30/38-30E1
7H	7A1	10/13- 4A	10/13- 4D1	30B	30B1
8A	8D1	24A	24F1	32A	32G1
10A	10A1	24B	24B1	31/37-14A	31/37-14L1
14B	14A1	11/11- 2A	11/11- 2N1	22A	22Q1
14C	14E1	6A	6D1	26A	26K1
9/14- 2A	9/14- 2Z1	8A	8D1	30A	30F1
10/11- 8A	10/11- 8M1	18A	18D1	32B	32A1
10/12-10A	10/12-10Z1	20A	20Q1	33A	33Z1
10B	10R1	23A	23J1	34A	34A1
12A	12K1	30A	30K1	32/36-28A	32/36-28N1
12C	12H1	32A	32N1	34A	34E1

Table 3.--Records of water levels in wells

Included are all known records of water-level measurements in wells where six or more measurements have been made; records for wells where less than six measurements have been made are shown in table 1.

Altitudes given are in feet above mean sea level for the land-surface datum at the well. Land-surface datum is a plane of reference which approximates land surface. Altitudes given in whole feet are interpolated from topographic maps. Altitudes given in whole feet are interpolated from topographic maps. Altitudes given in feet and tenths were determined by spirit leveling [from records by Cyril Williams, Jr. (1930); C. F. Hostrup, consulting engineer, Westwood, Calif.; or the Geological Survey].

Measurements. All measurements of water level have been adjusted to depth below land-surface datum. That is, the altitudes of the measuring points as reported above land-surface datum have been subtracted from the water-level measurements below the described measuring point.

All measurements are by the Geological Survey unless otherwise indicated.

9/12-16E2 (CW-18A). Clara Koch. Depth 182.4 ft. Altitude about 2,375 ft. Measuring point: Top of casing 1.0 ft above lsd prior to May 23, 1956; top of access pipe 1.65 ft above lsd after that date.

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
Sep. 21, 1951	92.94	Mar. 5, 1952	a95.09	Mar. 13, 1953	89.20
Nov. 15	90.89	Nov. 6	92.24	May 23, 1956	94.15

9/13-4A1 (CW-4A). O. S. Hatcher. Depth about 282 ft. Altitude 2,636.8 ft. Measuring point: Top of casing at lsd.

Nov. 15, 1929	b69.70	Nov. 14, 1955	74.49	Nov. 15, 1957	c79.09
Feb. 10, 1954	71.39	Mar. 21, 1956	74.75	Mar. 4, 1958	78.43
Nov. 29	75.50	Oct. 15	75.90	Nov. 4	79.79
Mar. 1, 1955	72.90	Mar. 5, 1957	76.59		

9/13-7Q1 (CW-7F). Willow Springs Co. Depth 38.1 ft. Altitude 2,566.0 ft. Measuring point: Hole in casing cover at lsd.

Nov. 14, 1929	b3.10	Nov. 14, 1955	12.24	Nov. 15, 1957	16.40
Feb. 10, 1953	2.86	Mar. 21, 1956	12.39	Mar. 4, 1958	a15.01
Feb. 8, 1954	4.86	May 23	17.95	Nov. 4	27.56
Nov. 29	13.76	Sep. 26	21.52	Mar. 9, 1959	20.58
Mar. 1, 1955	8.72	Mar. 5, 1957	11.58		

9/14-2J1. S. L. Henson. Depth about 250 ft. Altitude about 2,735 ft. Measuring point: Top of casing, 2.0 ft above lsd.

Jan. 30, 1953	124.63	Mar. 21, 1956	132.31	Nov. 15, 1957	130.34
Feb. 10, 1954	119.12	May 21	130.76	Mar. 4, 1958	131.22
Nov. 29	127.11	Sep. 26	130.62	Nov. 4	133.34
Mar. 1, 1955	127.09	Mar. 5, 1957	130.11	Mar. 9, 1959	136.59
Nov. 14	128.78				

10/12-20B1 (CW-20A). O. J. Backus. Depth 117.6 ft. Altitude 2,638.6 ft.

Sep. 27, 1929	b90.60	Mar. 4, 1952	89.69	May 22, 1956	89.98
Feb. 19, 1930	b90.19	Nov. 13	89.63	Sep. 26	91.17
Sep. 21, 1951	89.92	Jan. 20, 1953	89.82	Mar. 5, 1957	90.00
Nov. 16	89.95	May 5, 1954	89.63	Nov. 15	Dry

- a. Well being pumped.
- b. Measurement by Williams (1930).
- c. Well pumped recently.

10/12-28JL (CW-28B). E. Faires. Depth 105.0 ft. Altitude 2,549.2 ft. Measuring point: Top of casing 1.0 ft above lsd.

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
Oct. 31, 1929	b62.10	Sep. 21, 1951	65.80	Mar. 3, 1952	60.68
Feb. 19, 1930	bc63.32	Nov. 16	64.09	Nov. 2	61.64
				May 22, 1956	63.34

10/13-19M1. Dewey Butler. Depth about 770 ft. Altitude about 2,905 ft. Measuring point: Hole in casing 1.0 ft above lsd.

Jan. 20, 1953	291.61	Mar. 21, 1956	302.34	Nov. 15, 1957	304.11
Feb. 8, 1954	295.76	May 21	304.10	Mar. 4, 1958	305.60
Nov. 29	299.20	Sep. 26	304.12	Nov. 4	307.32
Mar. 1, 1955	299.12	Mar. 5, 1957	303.97	Mar. 9, 1959	306.61

10/13-32M1. Lombardi and Frew. Depth about 805 ft. Altitude about 2,740 ft. Measuring point: Top of casing 0.5 ft above lsd.

Jan. 20, 1953	131.95	May 21, 1956	162.30	Nov. 4, 1958	165.67
Mar. 1, 1954	143.82	Nov. 15, 1957	162.99	Mar. 9, 1959	170.14
Nov. 14, 1955	156.19	Mar. 4, 1958	164.77		

11/11-1Q1. A. H. Kent. Depth 761.5 ft. Altitude about 2,450 ft. Measuring point: Top of casing, 1.5 ft above lsd prior to August 14, 1957; top of extension on casing 1.98 ft above lsd thereafter.

Dec. 11, 1952	31.88	Aug. 14, 1957	31.52	Oct. 15, 1957	31.48
Sep. 29, 1955	32.10	Sep. 24	31.57	Nov. 19	31.50
Nov. 1	33.25				

11/11-5D1. Southern Pacific Land Co. Depth about 670 ft. Altitude 2,630.9 ft. Measuring point: Top of access pipe 0.78 ft above lsd.

July 17, 1957	204.22	Oct. 15, 1957	204.22	Dec. 20, 1957	204.24
Aug. 14	204.23	Nov. 19	204.23	Feb. 3, 1958	204.22
Sep. 24	204.23				

11/11-7A1. Southern Pacific Land Co. Depth 414.0 ft. Altitude 2,627.9 ft. Measuring point: Top of access pipe 0.85 ft above lsd.

July 17, 1957	201.66	Oct. 15, 1957	201.65	Dec. 20, 1957	201.67
Aug. 14	201.65	Nov. 19	201.66	Feb. 3, 1958	201.63
Sep. 24	201.69				

- b. Measurement by Williams (1930).
- c. Well pumped recently.

11/11-8D1 (CW-8A). Zetta Thorning. Depth 204.0 ft prior to October 21, 1955; 275.0 ft thereafter. Altitude 2,624.5 ft. Measuring point: Bottom of hole in casing 1.0 ft above lsd.

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
	1918 205	Oct. 21, 1955	198.43	Oct. 15, 1957	198.71
Sep. 28, 1929	b218.60	Mar. 21, 1956	198.11	Nov. 19	198.73
Feb. 27, 1930	b218.30	Oct. 19	199.95	Dec. 20	198.74
Sep. 10, 1952	198.79	Mar. 6, 1957	198.19	Feb. 3, 1958	198.70
Mar. 15, 1954	198.50	June 17	198.73	Nov. 4	198.97
Mar. 2, 1955	198.47	Aug. 14	198.75	Mar. 10, 1959	198.09
Sep. 29	198.32	Sep. 24	198.71		

11/11-9A1. Southern Pacific Land Co. Depth about 422 ft. Altitude 2,549.6 ft. Measuring point: Top of access pipe 1.19 ft above lsd.

Oct. 17, 1956	124.59	Sep. 24, 1957	124.75	Dec. 20, 1957	124.77
July 17, 1957	124.75	Oct. 15	124.73	Feb. 3, 1958	124.73
Aug. 14	124.75	Nov. 19	124.74		

11/12-26J1 (CW-26A). Monolith Portland Cement Co. Depth 225.0 ft. Altitude 2,594.0 ft. Measuring point: Top of casing 1.0 ft above lsd.

	1918 155	Sep. 27, 1955	156.37	Nov. 15, 1957	156.19
Sep. 26, 1929	b161.2	Mar. 21, 1956	156.24	Dec. 20	156.20
Mar. 1, 1930	b158.2	Oct. 19	156.22	Feb. 3, 1958	156.16
Sep. 15, 1952	156.46	Mar. 5, 1957	156.25	Mar. 12	156.15
Dec. 4	156.40	July 17	156.16	Nov. 4	156.06
Mar. 15, 1954	156.60	Aug. 14	156.23	Mar. 10, 1959	156.10
Nov. 29	156.49	Sep. 24	156.23		
Mar. 2, 1955	156.46	Oct. 15	156.19		

11/13-29M1. California Portland Cement Co., well 2. Depth about 749 ft. Altitude about 3,350 ft. Measuring point: Top of casing cover 1.0 ft above lsd.

Feb. 4, 1954	d300	Oct. 6, 1955	321.24	Mar. 19, 1956	e322.27
Feb. 4	ad517	Feb. 1, 1956	d317		
Feb. 6, 1955	d322	Mar. 5	d324		

- a. Well being pumped.
- b. Measurement by Williams (1930).
- d. Measurement reported by owner.
- e. Measurement by California Department of Water Resources.

12/12-35R1. Southern Pacific Land Co. Depth about 640 ft.
 Altitude 2,743.3 ft. Measuring point: Top of casing 1.02 ft above
 lsd.

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
July 17, 1957	316.11	Oct. 15, 1957	316.13	Dec. 20, 1957	316.14
Aug. 14	316.11	Nov. 19	316.16	Feb. 3, 1958	316.12
Sep. 24	316.18				

32/36-21Q1. J. J. Wonders. Depth about 805 ft. Altitude 2,798.9
 ft. Measuring point: Top of access pipe 1.0 ft above lsd.

Dec. 3, 1950	371.20	Mar. 21, 1956	370.89	Nov. 19, 1957	372.90
Mar. 2, 1955	370.88	Mar. 7, 1957	371.26	Mar. 12, 1958	372.29
Nov. 3	372.88				

32/36-35D1. Southern Pacific Land Co. Depth about 800 ft. Altitude
 2,692.0 ft. Measuring point: Bottom of notch in casing 0.25 ft above
 lsd.

July 17, 1957	263.93	Oct. 15, 1957	264.98	Feb. 3, 1958	264.87
Aug. 14	263.93	Nov. 19	264.96	Nov. 4	264.94
Sep. 24	264.96	Dec. 20	264.96	Mar. 10, 1959	265.01

32/36-35R1. Southern Pacific Land Co. Depth about 800 ft.
 Altitude 2,631.9 ft. Measuring point: Top of access pipe 2.51 ft
 above lsd.

July 17, 1957	206.52	Oct. 15, 1957	206.55	Dec. 20, 1957	206.58
Aug. 14	206.53	Nov. 19	206.57	Feb. 3, 1958	206.48
Sep. 24	206.56				

32/36-35R2. Southern Pacific Land Co. Depth about 720 ft.
 Altitude 2,634.5 ft. Measuring point: Top of casing 3.42 ft above lsd.

Dec. 10, 1956	207.89	Mar. 7, 1957	208.19	Oct. 24, 1957	208.05
15	208.07	July 17	207.99	Nov. 19	208.10
19	209.18	Aug. 14	208.01	Dec. 20	208.08
26	208.16	Sep. 24	208.04	Feb. 3, 1958	208.03
29	208.08				

f. Nearby well being pumped.

Table 4.--Logs of wells

9/12-16J1. A. C. Scruggs. Altitude about 2,340 ft. Drilled by Frank Rottman. 12-inch casing.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Sand -----	50	50
Gravel and sand -----	20	70
Clay and gravel -----	20	90
Clay -----	20	110
Rock and gravel -----	40	150
Boulders -----	20	170
Gravel -----	10	180
Rock -----	20	200

9/12-16K1. R. J. Rubees. Altitude about 2,360 ft. Drilled by Frank Rottman. 12-inch casing, perforated from 72 to 204 ft.

Clay -----	10	10
Clay and boulders -----	20	30
Sand -----	10	40
Clay and boulders -----	20	60
Sand and gravel -----	5	65
Sand; hard, boulders and clay -----	25	90
Rock and clay -----	20	110
Boulders and clay -----	20	130
Sand and boulders -----	28	158
Clay and rock -----	12	170
Sand -----	5	175
Clay -----	29	204

9/12-16L1 (DGT, Antelope Valley 22). Frank Miske. Altitude about 2,365 ft. Drilled by R. H. Orr. 14-inch casing, perforated 71-251 ft.

Soil -----	32	32
Sand -----	1	33
Clay -----	27	60
Sand -----	1	61
Clay -----	17	78
Sand -----	2	80
Clay -----	10	90
Sand -----	3	93
Clay -----	47	140
Sand -----	3	143
Clay -----	17	160

Continued

9/12-16L1.--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Sand -----	3	163
Clay -----	7	170
Sand -----	3	173
Clay -----	7	180
Sand -----	2	182
Clay -----	38	220
Sand -----	2	222
Clay -----	10	232
Sand -----	2	234
Clay -----	20	254

9/12-18⁵L1. Dale Randleman. Altitude about 2,423 ft. Drilled by Frank Pottman. 12-inch casing, perforated from 140 to 354 ft.

Surface -----	10	10
Gravel -----	130	140
Sand and gravel -----	150	290
Sand and gravel; hard, and some clay -----	64	354
Rock -----	-	354+

9/13-1Q1. Edward Starr. Altitude about 2,463 ft. Drilled by Pengilley. 6-inch casing.

Alluvium -----	69	69
Rock -----	135	204
"Ore", red -----	5	209
Rock -----	33	242

9/13-7R3 (CW-7A1). Willow Springs Co., old Willow Springs school. Altitude 2,568.2 ft.

Sand and clay in alternating beds -----	76	76
Water sand -----	14	90
Clay -----	10	100
Limestone, hard -----	-	100
(Heavy clay just above water sand. Water rose to 30 feet)		

9/14-1H1. Jess Butler. Altitude about 2,700 ft. Drilled by Frank Rottman. 18-inch casing.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Surface soil -----	20	20
Sand and gravel, fine -----	30	50
Gravel -----	32	82
Clay and sand -----	38	120
Clay -----	47	167
Sand and gravel, fine -----	28	195
Clay and gravel -----	20	215
Gravel -----	20	235
Clay -----	43	278
Clay and gravel -----	22	300
Clay, sand, and gravel -----	40	340
Gravel, and a few boulders -----	20	360
Sand, clay streaks -----	10	370
Clay, sand, boulders -----	10	380
Clay streaks and boulders -----	20	400
Sand and gravel -----	25	425
Sand, clay and gravel -----	25	450
Sand, boulders, gravel -----	20	470
Clay -----	25	495
Gravel -----	12	507
Gravel, streaks of clay -----	16	523
Sand and boulders, hard -----	42	565
Sand, hard -----	15	580
Sand; hard and bentonite -----	20	600
Sand and rock -----	32	632
Sand, hard -----	23	655
Sand and gravel, hard -----	22	677
Sand and clay, hard -----	23	700
Sand and clay streaks -----	22	722
Rock and boulders -----	18	740
Sand and boulders -----	25	765
Sand and rock -----	45	810
Gravel, fine -----	92	902
Not logged -----	43	945

10/11-8E1. Robert Fetters. Altitude 2,497.5 ft. Drilled by AV Pump and Drilling Co. 10-inch casing.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Sand -----	112	112
Rock -----	5	117
Gravel -----	70	187
Bottomed in rock (red) -----	-	200

10/12-9A1. Mrs. Dorothy McAllister. Altitude 2,594 ft. Drilled by Pengilley Bros. 8-inch casing, perforated from 158 to 208 ft.

Clay, sand, etc. -----	198	198
Sand and gravel, coarse -----	10	208
Rock, solid -----	-	208+

10/12-20E1 (CW-20A). O. J. Backus. Altitude 2,638.6 ft. 16-inch casing.

Alternating beds of clay and sand -----	125	125
Gravel -----	5	130
Clay -----	2	132
Quicksand -----	3	135

10/12-20C1 (CW-20D). O. J. Backus. Altitude 2,650.5 ft. Drilled by O. J. Backus. 12-inch casing.

Shaft (no data) -----	-	93
Clay, blue, stiff -----	62	155
Water gravel -----	6	161

10/12-20P1 (CW-20B). G. H. Buckley. Altitude 2,632.2 ft. 10-inch casing.

Alternate clay and sand in alternating beds -----	50	50
Sandstone, red -----	7	57
Clay and sand in alternating beds -----	40	97

10/12-21R1. Wiggenton. Altitude about 2,570 ft. Drilled by Pengilley Bros. 6-inch casing.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Sand; coarse, rather tight, one slightly harder streak -----	150	150

10/12-22E1 (CW-22A). A. L. Kemper. Altitude 2,552.3 ft. 10-inch casing. Uncased hole below 241 ft.

Sand and clay in alternate streaks -----	169	169
Gravel, fine -----	19	188
Clay and some sand streaks -----	53	241
Boulders; rounded, and sand -----	59	300

10/12-27L1 (CW-27A). W. Fusek. Altitude 2,540.5 ft. 48-inch dug well.

Sand -----	61	61
Granite, rotten -----	5	66

10/12-30A1 (CW-30A). Freeman. Altitude 2,664.1 ft. 10-inch casing.

Soil, gravelly -----	60	60
Granite, rotten -----	34	94
Granite -----	?	?

10/13-14Q1. Seaton. Altitude about 2,840 ft. Drilled by Frank Rottman. 12-inch casing.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Sand, hard -----	50	50
Sand and boulders -----	50	100
Sand, hard -----	50	150
Boulders and clay -----	50	200
Sand; coarse, little -----	20	220
Boulders and sand -----	30	250
Boulders -----	30	280
Sand and clay -----	20	300
Boulders and clay -----	50	350
Sand -----	20	370
Boulders and sand -----	30	400
Sand and clay -----	30	430
Boulders and clay -----	20	450
Clay -----	13	463

10/13-19M1. Dewey Butler. Altitude about 2,905 ft. Drilled by Frank Rottman. 16-inch casing.

Sand and boulders -----	90	90
Boulders and hard sand -----	22	112
Boulders and sand -----	22	134
Gravel; fine, and sand -----	23	157
Sand and boulders, hard -----	22	179
Rock, sandy -----	23	202
Clay, sandy -----	22	224
Clay streaks, sand, some boulders -----	23	247
Clay and fine gravel -----	22	269
Clay; sandy, hard -----	23	292
Clay and gravel -----	23	315
Clay, fine sand -----	21	336
Clay and boulders -----	24	360
Clay and gravel -----	44	404
Clay, coarse rock -----	23	427
Clay, fine sand -----	22	449
Gravel and clay -----	45	494
Clay, fine sand -----	23	517
Gravel and clay -----	67	584
Clay; red, and rock -----	23	607
Clay and gravel -----	22	629
Clay and boulders -----	45	674
Clay and shale -----	23	697
Clay, red, and rocks -----	23	720
Clay and gravel -----	22	742
Not logged -----	28	770

10/13-22D1. Marsh. Altitude about 2,875 ft. Drilled by G. Montmorency. 6-inch casing.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Sand -----	70	70
Clay -----	50	120
Sand -----	10	130
Clay -----	157	287
Sand, water -----	13	300
Clay -----	-	?

10/13-30D1. M and P Ranch. Altitude about 2,880 ft. Drilled by Frank Rottman. 16-inch casing.

Surface sand and gravel -----	73	73
Not logged -----	23	96
Sand; hard, and gravel -----	43	139
Sand and small gravel -----	22	161
Clay and fine sand -----	22	183
Sand; hard, and clay -----	22	205
Gravel and clay -----	68	273
Sand and gravel -----	23	296
Sand; hard, clay -----	44	340
Sand, hard -----	23	363
Sand, clay, small gravel -----	22	385
Sand and gravel with clay streaks -----	23	408
Sand streaks; hard, and clay streaks -----	22	430
Clay and sand -----	22	452
Clay, fine sand -----	23	475
Clay -----	22	497
Clay sand -----	22	519
Clay and sand streaks -----	68	587
Clay and gravel -----	22	609
Sand, gravel, few boulders -----	22	631
Sand and gravel -----	22	653
Clay; red, streaks of sand -----	23	676
Clay, sand -----	22	698
Sand; hard, and red clay streaks -----	23	721
Shale; blue, hard -----	23	744
Shale; blue, clay -----	22	766
Shale and clay, red -----	22	788
Not logged -----	46	834

10/13-30K1. M. and P Ranch. Altitude about 2,825 ft. Drilled by Frank Rottman. 16-inch casing, perforated from 200 to 400 ft.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Surface -----	50	50
Clay -----	28	78
Gravel -----	24	102
Clay and gravel -----	16	118
Clay and sand -----	22	140
Clay and gravel -----	23	163
Sand and gravel -----	22	185
Clay and boulders -----	22	207
Clay and gravel -----	23	230
Not logged -----	22	252
Gravel -----	15	267
Clay -----	14	281
Gravel and boulders -----	24	305
Clay and boulders -----	27	332
Gravel -----	25	357
Clay -----	15	372
Gravel and boulders -----	23	395
Gravel and clay -----	12	407

10/13-32D1. Lombardi and Frew. Altitude about 2,775 ft. Drilled by Frank Rottman. 16-inch casing.

Surface soil -----	30	30
Clay -----	65	95
Clay with sand -----	61	156
Sand, fine -----	22	178
Sand, fine, and gravel -----	23	201
Clay and boulders -----	21	222
Clay and gravel -----	23	245
Clay and sand and gravel -----	23	268
Clay, sand, gravel and boulders -----	22	290
Clay, sand and boulders -----	38	328
Sand, fine -----	23	351
Gravel, fine -----	135	486
Gravel and clay -----	20	506
Tufa and some gravel -----	23	529
Clay and gravel -----	112	641
Gravel, fine -----	23	664
Clay and gravel -----	67	731

Continued

10/13-32D1.--Continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Gravel -----	66	797
Gravel, red -----	23	820
Boulders and clay -----	45	865
Clay and gravel -----	23	888
Clay and gravel, some boulders -----	22	910
Sand and clay -----	46	956
Very hard -----	44	1,000
Gravel; fine, and boulders -----	22	1,022
Clay, fine sand, and boulders -----	24	1,046
Clay, gravel, and boulders -----	22	1,068
Rock cuttings -----	112	1,180
Clay and gravel -----	142	1,322
Gravel, fine -----	23	1,345

10/13-32M1. Lombardi and Frew. Altitude about 2,740 ft. Drilled by Frank Rottman. 16-inch casing.

Surface -----	89	89
Clay -----	23	112
Boulders and clay -----	22	134
Clay and fine sand -----	23	157
Shale, hard -----	43	200
Boulders and clay -----	44	244
Gravel and boulders -----	23	267
Clay and boulders -----	44	311
Clay and gravel -----	23	334
Gravel, fine -----	23	357
Gravel -----	44	401
Boulders and clay -----	23	424
Rock -----	44	468
Sand; packed, hard -----	112	580
Clay, boulders and fine sand -----	23	603
Gravel -----	22	625
Gravel and fine sand -----	23	648
Gravel -----	22	670
Sand; packed, hard -----	135	805
Rock bottom -----	-	805+

10/14-36A1. CCC Ranch. Altitude about 2,855 ft. Drilled by Frank Rottman. 16-inch casing.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Sand and gravel -----	64	64
Clay and streaks of fine sand -----	88	152
Clay and streaks of sand and boulders -----	148	300
Clay and streaks of sand and shale -----	50	350
Sand; fine, and streaks of clay and gravel -----	117	467
Sand, gravel and shale streaks -----	44	511
Clay, gravel, sand and few boulders -----	45	556
Sand, gravel, few boulders -----	44	600
Gravel; coarse, and sand -----	45	645
Gumbo clay, fine sand -----	67	712
Clay and heavy streaks of gravel and sand -----	202	914
Sand; fine, small gravel -----	72	986

11/7-32E1. Boron Community Services District, well 8. Altitude about 2,455 ft. Drilled by Rottman Drilling Co. in July 1956. 10-inch casing zero to 502 ft, perforated 262 to 502 ft.

Clay and sand -----	50	50
Clay and gravel -----	22	72
Clay and sand -----	22	94
Sand, coarse -----	22	116
Sand; coarse, and clay -----	24	140
Sand and clay -----	44	184
Sand and clay streaks -----	26	210
Clay, hard -----	22	232
Clay and gravel -----	24	256
Clay and sand streaks -----	22	278
Gravel and clay streaks -----	22	300
Gravel -----	23	323
Boulders, clay, and sand -----	22	345
Gravel and boulders -----	26	371
Gravel; packed hard -----	21	392
Clay; packed hard, and gravel -----	23	415
Clay; hard, and gravel -----	66	481
Gravel and hard clay -----	21	502

11/7-32G2. Franklin. Altitude about 2,460 ft. Drilled by owner in 1954. 5-inch casing. (Log not complete.)

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Overburden -----	8	8
Caliche, hard -----	102	110
Clay, brown, sticky -----	20	130
Caliche and brown calcareous sandy silt -----	80	210

11/11-5D1. Southern Pacific Land Co. Altitude 2,630.9 ft. Drilled by Roscoe Moss Co. 14-inch casing, perforated at intervals between 270 and 514 ft.

Sand, loose -----	2	2
Clay; brown, sandy, few hard streaks -----	210	212
Sand, coarse -----	2	214
Silt and sand, fine -----	14	228
Clay; red, sticky -----	8	236
Clay, sandy with gravel streaks -----	34	270
Sand and gravel -----	6	276
Clay, sandy -----	8	284
Gravel, $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch -----	16	300
Clay, sandy -----	20	320
Sand, muddy -----	20	340
Sand, muddy with clay streaks -----	40	380
Sand; coarse $\frac{1}{4}$ - to 1-inch gravel -----	4	384
Clay, sandy -----	52	436
Sand and gravel, $\frac{1}{4}$ to 1-inch -----	26	462
Clay; yellow, sticky -----	36	498
Sand and gravel, cemented -----	16	514
Clay, sandy, hard -----	6	520
Clay; sandy, streaks hard and soft -----	40	560
Clay; sandy, hard -----	20	580
Sand, loose -----	2	582
Clay; sandy, packed -----	50	632
Clay; sandy, with small gravel -----	10	642
Clay; sandy, hard, quartz gravel -----	4	646
Granite; red and brown, decomposed -----	4	650
Conglomerate, very hard -----	12	662
Granite; decomposed, very hard -----	8	670

11/11-7A1. Southern Pacific Land Co. Altitude 2,627.9 ft.
 Drilled by Roscoe Moss Co. 14-inch casing, perforated 305 to 356 ft.
 Materials classified by U. S. Geological Survey.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Silt, sandy, clayey; yellowish-brown; 3 to 5 percent subangular to angular coarse sand consisting mainly of quartz and feldspar but some volcanic material is present -----	298	298
Silt, sandy, clayey; yellowish-brown; 3 to 5 percent subangular to subrounded, fairly well-sorted sand -----	34	332
Coarse sand, silty, clayey; yellowish-brown; 3 to 4 percent subangular to subrounded granules, 2 to 3 percent angular pebbles; quartz and feldspar predominate but contains some volcanic ash, metamorphic, and dark minerals -----	24	356
Clay and coarse sand; yellowish-brown; clastics: 3 to 5 percent; quartz, feldspar, some ash, and dark minerals; very adhesive -----	10	366
Quartz monzonite showing weathering effects and limonite stains -----	46	412

11/11-9A1. Southern Pacific Land Co. Altitude 2,549.6 ft.
 Drilled by Roscoe Moss Co. 14-inch casing, perforated 262 to 295
 and 352 to 362 ft. Materials classified by U. S. Geological
 Survey.

Sand and silt; streaky -----	50	50
Clay, sandy, silty; yellowish-brown; 5 to 10 percent clastics; some small pebbles; quartz and feldspar predominate but some volcanics are present -----	100	150
Silt, sandy, clayey; yellowish-brown; 10 to 20 percent clastics: very coarse sand and subangular pebbles; quartz and feldspar predominate, some volcanics -----	100	250
Silt, sandy, clayey; yellowish-brown; 5 to 10 percent clastics: very coarse subangular sand ---	12	262
Very coarse sand, silty; yellowish-brown; subangular, fair sorting; 5 to 10 percent granules; predominantly quartz, feldspar, green tuff or ash, some volcanics, muscovite and pyrite -----	26	288
Weathered boulder; grayish-white (salt and pepper appearance); 30 to 40 percent clastics: angular; quartz, feldspar, biotite -----	2	290
Continued		

11/11-9A1--Continued.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Very coarse sand; yellowish-brown; subangular, fair sorting; 5 to 10 percent granule size; predominantly quartz, feldspar, green tuff or ash, some volcanics --	5	295
Sand, silty, clayey; yellowish-brown; 10 to 20 percent coarse clastics; subrounded quartz and feldspar -----	55	350
Sand, medium to coarse; reddish-brown; grains of quartz, feldspar and mica; angular to subangular granules and sand grains. Some chips up to 1.4 cm. long -----	12	362
Granite or quartz monzonite; decomposed, becoming progressively harder -----	59	421

11/11-23J1 (CW-23A). Southern Pacific Land Co., oil-well test.
Altitude 2,763.0 ft.

Surface sands, gravel, lime shells -----	570	570
Sand, buff -----	20	590
Shale; brown, sandy -----	20	610
Not logged -----	710	1,320
Sand, brown -----	10	1,330
Not logged -----	129	1,459
Lime; gray-blue, hard -----	8	1,467
Sand and shale, gray-blue -----	45	1,512

11/12-14D1 (CW-14A). H. S. Knowles, oil-well test. Altitude 2,705.4 ft. 12-inch casing.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Gravel and clay -----	270	270
Gravel, water -----	80	350
Sand and gravel -----	5	355
Clay, yellow -----	45	400
Conglomerate -----	150	550
Lime, blue -----	220	770
Not logged -----	100	870
Shale, brown -----	10	880
Conglomerate, medium hard -----	10	890
Shale, dark -----	5	895
Hard capping -----	5	900
Shale, dark -----	5	905
Shale, brown -----	40	945
Shale, dark -----	5	950
Shale; blue, and hard shells -----	25	975
Shale; brown, and hard shells -----	20	995
Shells; hard, and water -----	15	1,010
Shell, hard -----	30	1,040

11/12-22D1 (CW-22A). Mojave Public Utility District, well 1. Altitude 2,687.4 ft. 14-inch casing.

Gravel and adobe -----	3	3
Gravel, decomposed -----	42	45
Adobe, sandy -----	20	65
Sand and gravel -----	25	90
Adobe, sandy -----	15	105
Gravel, fine -----	55	160
Adobe, fine sandy, and hardpan -----	57	217
Sand, loose, coarse -----	13	230
Hardpan -----	30	260
Sand, soft, fine -----	10	270
Sand, fine; water -----	7	277
Sand, coarse, or gravel, fine -----	3	280
Hardpan -----	31	311
Sand, fine -----	14	325
Gravel, coarse -----	10	335
Hardpan, sandy -----	13	348

11/12-26J1 (DGT-50, CW-26A). Monolith Portland Cement Co.
 Altitude 2,594.0 ft. 14-inch casing.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Clay and sand streaks -----	125	125
Sand, water -----	10	135
Clay; heavy, and packed sand -----	15	150
Sand and fine gravel, water -----	10	160
Clay and packed sand -----	70	230
Gravel, up to 2 inches in diameter; water -----	20	250

11/12-26J2. Monolith Portland Cement Co. Altitude about 2,595 ft.
 Drilled by Frank Rottman. 14-inch casing.

Surface soil and clay -----	20	20
Shale and boulders; hard -----	15	35
Sand, clay, and boulders; hard -----	55	90
Clay, hard -----	20	110
Clay and boulders -----	55	165
Clay, gravel, and boulders -----	35	200
Clay and gravel -----	40	240
Gravel -----	5	245
Clay and sand -----	25	270
Clay -----	30	300
Clay, sand, and boulders -----	21	321

11/13-19C1. California Portland Cement Co., well 1. Altitude
 about 3,610 ft. Drilled by Roscoe Moss Co. 16-inch casing,
 perforated from 230 to 358 ft and from 376 to 430 ft.

Sand and gravel, 3-inch -----	6	6
Clay and boulders -----	42	48
Sand and gravel, 4-inch -----	2	50
Granite boulders -----	70	120
Clay and gravel, 1-inch -----	44	164
Clay and boulders -----	36	200
Clay and gravel, 1-inch -----	10	210
Clay and coarse sand, $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch -----	145	355
Granite, decomposed -----	13	368
Clay, red -----	12	380
Granite -----	50	430

11/13-19C2. California Portland Cement Co., well 4. Altitude about 3,600 ft. Drilled by Roscoe Moss Co. 16-inch casing, perforated from 160 to 354 ft.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Sand and boulders -----	105	105
Clay and gravel, 2-inch -----	70	175
Clay and gravel, $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch -----	23	198
Clay and boulders -----	82	280
Clay; red, and gravel -----	70	350
Quartz -----	25	375

11/13-19C3. California Portland Cement Co., well 3. Altitude about 3,600 ft. Drilled by Roscoe Moss Co. 16-inch casing, perforated from 150 to 366 ft.

Sand -----	48	48
Clay and boulders -----	102	150
Gravel, 2-inch -----	18	168
Clay and boulders -----	24	192
Clay and gravel, 1-inch -----	91	283
Clay and boulders -----	57	340
Clay and gravel, $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch -----	40	380
Quartz, sharp -----	8	388

11/13-19Z1. California Portland Cement Co. Altitude about 3,600 ft. Drilled by Roscoe Moss Co. Bailed dry, casing pulled.

Sand -----	40	40
Sand and clay -----	45	85
Sand and granite boulders -----	40	125
Clay and boulders -----	55	180
Clay -----	55	235
Clay; sandy, with small gravel -----	13	248
Gravel, 1-inch -----	2	250
Clay; sandy, and gravel, $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch -----	130	380
Sand and gravel, $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch -----	4	384
Clay; sandy, hard -----	6	390
Quartzite -----	40	430

11/13-29M1. California Portland Cement Co., well 2. Altitude about 3,350 ft. Drilled by Roscoe Moss Co. 16-inch casing, perforated from 520 to 724 ft.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Top soil -----	5	5
Sand, cemented -----	20	25
Clay and boulders -----	73	98
Clay and gravel, 2-inch -----	60	158
Granite boulders -----	120	278
Clay and gravel, 1-inch -----	242	520
Gravel, 2-inch; water-bearing -----	5	525
Clay and gravel, 1-inch -----	45	570
Clay, sticky -----	20	590
Gravel, 5-inch; clean -----	14	604
Clay and gravel, $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch -----	24	628
Sand and gravel, 3-inch; cemented -----	4	632
Granite, decomposed -----	76	708
"Hill top" (bedrock?) -----	27	735
Quartzite -----	14	749

11/13-31A1. Tull. Drilled by J. M. Scoggin. Altitude about 3,300 ft. Log reported by George Marsh. 16-inch casing.

Shale -----	40	40
Sand and gravel, dirty -----	350	390
Shale -----	10	400
Sand, water -----	100	500
Beach sand, white -----	40	540
Sand, red and white -----	60	600
Sandstone -----	-	600+

11/13-36B1. Dr. James Gillis. Drilled by J. M. Scoggin. Altitude about 2,900 ft. Log reported by George Marsh. 16-inch casing, perforated from 400 to 580 ft.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
No data -----	395	395
Sand, water -----	85	480
Shale -----	10	490
Sand, water -----	40	530
Lime -----	10	540
Sand, water -----	40	580
Shale, green -----	-	580+

11/13-36C1. Dr. James Gillis. Altitude about 2,910 ft. Drilled by J. M. Scoggin. Log reported by George Marsh. 14-inch casing.

No data -----	400	400
Sand, water -----	100	500
Conglomerate -----	10	510
Sand, water -----	50	560
Shale -----	10	570
Sand, water -----	40	610
Lime -----	1	611
Shale, green -----	-	611+

11/13-36K1. Dr. James Gillis. Altitude about 2,888 ft. Drilled by J. M. Scoggin. Log reported by George Marsh. 16-inch casing, perforated from 380 to 630 ft.

Gravel -----	20	20
Shale -----	180	200
Sand and pea-gravel -----	125	325
Loam, black -----	55	380
Sand, good water -----	120	500
Shale, gray -----	10	510
Sand, water -----	50	560
Lime -----	10	570
Sand, water -----	60	630
Shale, green -----	-	630+

11/14-14B1. California Portland Cement Co., well 5. Altitude about 4,000 ft. Drilled by Roscoe Moss Co. 16-inch casing, perforated from 30-60 ft.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Top soil -----	8	8
Sand and gravel -----	54	62
Clay, blue -----	18	80
Granite -----	4	84

11/14-14B2. California Portland Cement Co., well 6. Altitude about 3,990 ft. Drilled by Roscoe Moss Co. 16-inch casing, perforated from 20 to 46 ft.

Sand -----	5	5
Sand and boulders -----	20	25
Sand and gravel, 6-inch -----	25	50
Limestone -----	14	64

12/12-35R1. Southern Pacific Land Co. Altitude 2,743.3 ft.
 Drilled by Roscoe Moss Co. 14-inch casing, perforated at intervals
 between 373 and 560 ft.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Dirt and gravel -----	30	30
Clay and gravel -----	250	280
Sand and gravel, 3/4-inch -----	5	285
Clay, sandy -----	18	303
Sand and gravel, 1/2-inch -----	8	311
Clay, sandy -----	35	346
Sand and gravel, to 2 inches -----	14	360
Clay and gravel -----	10	370
Sand and gravel, 2 inches -----	10	380
Clay with sand streaks -----	15	395
Sand and gravel, 3/8-inch -----	7	402
Clay with sand streaks -----	18	420
Sand and gravel, 3/4-inch -----	14	434
Clay, sandy -----	16	450
Sand and gravel, 1-inch -----	22	472
Clay with some gravel -----	8	480
Sand and gravel, 1-inch -----	34	514
Clay, sandy -----	16	530
Sand and gravel, 1/4-inch -----	14	544
Sand and gravel, to 2 inches -----	16	560
Clay with some gravel -----	75	635
Conglomerate (consolidated rock) -----	5	640

32/36-21Q1. J. J. Wonders. Altitude 2,798.9 ft. Drilled by Frank Rottman. 10-inch casing to 805 feet, uncased and cemented off below 805 ft.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
No data -----	340	-
Gravel and coarse sand -----	-	340
No data -----	200	540
Gravel, very fine, well sorted -----	21	561
Sand, medium to coarse, unweathered -----	22	583
Sand, fine to coarse, very silty -----	23	606
Sand, fine to coarse, some fine gravel -----	20	626
Sand, fine to coarse, considerable fine gravel -----	23	649
No data -----	44	693
Sand, coarse; and gravel, fine; silty -----	22	715
Sand, fine to medium, and silt; tight -----	22	737
No data -----	73	-
Silt and clay, tight -----	-	810
No data -----	35	845
Gravel, fine, silty -----	71	916
Sand, coarse, and fine gravel -----	55	971
No data -----	271	-
Sand, fine to medium -----	-	1,242
No data -----	22	-
Sand, fine to medium -----	-	1,264
No data -----	21	-
Silt, sandy -----	-	1,285
No data -----	5	-
Silt, sandy -----	-	1,290
No data -----	33	1,323
Rock; granitic, somewhat decomposed -----	33	1,356

Material below 800 feet reported to be poorly water bearing, and may be Tertiary continental deposits.

32/36-35D1. Southern Pacific Land Co. Altitude 2,692.0 ft.
 Drilled by Roscoe Moss Co. 14-inch casing, perforated at intervals
 between 339 and 725 ft.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Soil -----	10	10
Sand and gravel to 2 inches -----	30	40
Clay, sandy -----	248	288
Sand and gravel -----	19	307
Clay, sand, and gravel -----	31	338
Sand and gravel, $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch, some cement -----	22	360
Clay with sand streaks -----	18	378
Clay -----	15	393
Sand and gravel; coarse, $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch -----	18	411
Clay -----	13	424
Sand and gravel, $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch -----	42	466
Clay with sand streaks -----	14	480
Sand and gravel, $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch -----	14	494
Clay, sandy -----	26	520
Sand and gravel, $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch -----	10	530
Clay, sandy -----	10	540
Sand and gravel, $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch -----	10	550
Clay, sandy -----	12	562
Sand and gravel, $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch -----	8	570
Clay, sandy -----	6	576
Sand and gravel, $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch, some clay -----	30	606
Clay, sandy -----	4	610
Sand and gravel, $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch -----	19	629
Clay, sandy -----	11	640
Sand with clay streaks -----	35	675
Clay; hard, sandy -----	41	716
Sand and gravel, $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch -----	9	725
Clay; sandy, hard -----	75	800

32/36-35R1. Southern Pacific Land Co. Altitude 2,631.9 ft.
 Drilled by Roscoe Moss Co. 14-inch casing, perforated at intervals
 between 333 and 694 ft. Materials classified by U. S. Geological
 Survey.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Silt, sandy, clayey; yellowish-brown; 5 to 10 percent clastics: sand to pebble size is predominantly quartz, feldspar, dark minerals -----	80	80
Silt, clayey, sandy; yellowish-brown; 10 to 20 percent grains of granule to pebble size but granules predominate; quartz, feldspar, olivine, and dark minerals; moderately well sorted. Some pyrite in quartzs -----	5	85
Silt, clayey, sandy; same as above but the percentage of granule to pebble-size material is reduced to about 5 -----	5	90
Silt, sandy, clayey; yellowish-brown; 10 to 20 percent of the clastics are of granule to pebble size and are predominantly quartz and feldspars, olivine and dark minerals are present as is some pyrite -----	10	100
Silt, sandy, clayey; same as above, but the percentage of clastics is reduced to about 5 -----	10	110
Silt, sandy, clayey; yellowish-brown; about 10 percent clastics of granule to pebble size which are mainly quartz and feldspars, but olivine and some hematite are present -----	70	180
Silt, sandy, clayey; yellowish-brown; about 5 percent of the grains are of granule to pebble size and are moderately well sorted; quartz and feldspars predominate -----	10	190
Silt, sandy, clayey; yellowish-brown; 10 to 15 percent clastics of granule to pebble size which are moderately well sorted quartz and feldspar crystals -----	17	207
Silt, clayey, sandy; yellowish-brown; 20 to 30 percent of the clastics are granule to pebble size, moderately well sorted; no even gradation between grains; quartz, feldspar, and dark minerals -----	3	210
Silt, clayey, sandy; yellowish-brown; 5 to 10 percent clastics: (80 percent granule size; 20 percent pebble size), moderately well sorted, angular to subrounded -----	43	253

Continued

32/36-35R1--Continued.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Clay; yellowish-brown; very few clastics, very adhesive -----	7	260
Silt, sandy, clayey; greenish, yellowish, and brown; 5 to 10 percent grains of granule to pebble size, moderately well sorted; quartz and feldspar predominate but dark minerals are present; clay lenses are present in this interval -----	10	270
Silt; same as above; dark minerals not as abundant as in above samples -----	10	280
Gravel, sandy, silty, clayey; yellowish- brown; clasts are fairly well sorted, angular to subrounded; quartz predominates but feldspars, olivine, and dark minerals are present. Grains are granule to pebble size (70 percent granules, 30 percent medium pebbles). Overall the material is about 60 to 70 percent gravel and sand, 30 to 40 percent silty clay -----	10	290
Very coarse sand, silty, clayey; yellowish- brown; poorly sorted, angular to subrounded; (silt and clay 30 to 40 percent, pebbles 10 to 20 percent, cobbles 3 to 5 percent). Quartz and feldspar with rhyolite and other volcanic clasts -----	14	304
Silt, sandy, clayey; medium brown; about 5 to 10 percent clastics; sandstone spheres 2 to 3 inches in diameter are present -----	26	330
Very coarse sand, silty; yellowish-brown; fair sorting; angular to subrounded; about 30 percent coarse sand, 5 to 10 percent granules, 2 to 3 percent pebbles, and 3 percent cobbles of granite, basalt, or marble -----	5	335
Sand; yellowish-brown; fine to very coarse; subangular to subrounded, fairly well sorted; 5 to 10 percent granules (orthoclase, granite, diorite), 5 percent pebbles, 3 to 5 percent cobbles of orthoclase granite which are subrounded. A few pebbles are flat and subrounded -----	21	356
Sand, silty; fine to very coarse, fair sorting, subangular to subrounded, quartz and feldspar predominate, no cobbles as above -----	7	363

Continued

32/36-35R1--Continued.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Silt, clayey, sandy; yellowish-brown; 10 to 20 percent fine to very coarse sand, fair sorting, subangular to subrounded; quartz and feldspars -----	15	378
Silt, sandy, clayey; yellowish-brown; 10 to 20 percent pebbles -----	10	388
Silt, sandy, clayey; yellowish-brown; no material larger than coarse sand size -----	2	390
Silt, clayey, sandy; yellowish-brown; sand is very fine to coarse, 10 to 20 percent very coarse sand, 3 to 5 percent pebbles -----	29	419
Sand, silty, clayey; yellowish-brown; sand is mainly very coarse, fairly well sorted, subangular to subrounded but mostly subangular. 10 to 20 percent granule size (quartz and metamorphics) 2 to 3 percent pebbles (light green volcanic ash) -----	12	431
Silt, coarse sandy, clayey; yellowish-brown; 2 to 3 percent granules which are subangular to subrounded, 2 to 3 percent pebbles of granite or felsite -----	13	444
Sand, silty, clayey; yellowish-brown; very coarse, fairly well sorted, subangular to subrounded; quartz and feldspar predominate, granitic origin; granules and pebbles are present -----	16	460
Silt, sandy, clayey; yellowish-brown; sand is very coarse, 2 to 3 percent granules, 2 to 3 percent subrounded pebbles; clay has sand stringers -----	18	478
Sand, coarse, silty, clayey; yellowish-brown; fair sorting, subangular to subrounded; 30 to 40 percent granules showing fair sorting, 5 to 10 percent pebbles which are subangular to subrounded but mostly are subrounded -----	16	494
Clay, sandy, silty; yellowish-brown; 5 to 10 percent granules -----	6	500
Sand, very coarse, silty, clayey; yellowish, greenish, brown; fair sorting, subangular to subrounded, granules 5 to 10 percent, pebbles 3 to 5 percent, cobbles 3 percent; light green volcanic ash is present. Thin clay lenses in above sample -----	8	508
Continued		

32/36-35R1--Continued.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Clay, silty; very adhesive, very few clastics, few grains of coarse sand and granules, quartz and feldspar -----	65	573
Sand, coarse, silty, clayey; yellowish-brown; fair sorting, subrounded to subangular, mostly subangular; 5 to 10 percent pebbles; orthoclase, granite, and feldspar predominate ----	5	578
Silt, clayey; yellowish-brown; very adhesive; 5 percent pebbles and granules -----	22	600
Sand, coarse, silty, clayey; yellowish-brown; fair sorting but grades from fine sand to coarser clastics, subangular to subrounded; 5 to 10 percent granules, 5 percent pebbles which are metamorphics and volcanics -----	8	608
Clay, silty; yellowish-brown; scattered granules, subangular to subrounded, very adhesive -----	40	648
Sand, coarse, silty; fair sorting, subangular to subrounded, granules 5 to 10 percent, quartz predominates; pebbles 5 to 10 percent metamorphics; light green volcanic ash is present -----	12	660
Clay; yellowish-brown -----	8	668
Gravel, pebble; silty, sandy; fair sorting, mostly subangular but some subrounded; 20 to 30 percent coarse gravel, pebbles of quartz, chert, orthoclase granite, light green volcanic ash is present -----	13	681
Sand, coarse, silty; fair sorting, mostly subangular; 20 to 30 percent pebbles; 5 to 10 percent large cobbles to small boulders; boulders of breccia, chert or chalcedony and light green volcanic ash -	13	694
Silt, clayey, sandy; medium brown -----	21	715
Sand, very fine, silty, clayey; fair sorting, subangular to subrounded -----	3	718
Clay; medium brown; very cohesive, few clastics ----	6	724
Sand, very coarse, very silty, clayey; poor to fair sorting, mostly subangular, 5 to 10 percent granule size; quartz and feldspar -----	8	732

Continued

32/36-35R1--Continued.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Clay and volcanic rocks; interbedded; clayey siltstone and mudstone; purplish-brown with streaks of green interbedded; 10 to 15 percent subangular clastics, mostly quartz with a few feldspars; very hard drilling -----	68	800(+1)

32/36-35R2. Southern Pacific Land Co. Altitude 2,634.5 ft.
 Drilled by Orange County Pump Co. 8 5/8-inch casing, perforated from 220 to 720 ft.

Top soil, sandy -----	10	10
Sand; coarse, and 1/4-inch gravel -----	173	183
Sandstone; hard ledge -----	5	188
Sand and clay, muddy -----	116	304
Clay, sandy -----	27	331
Sand and gravel -----	33	364
Clay; sandy, fine 1/8-inch gravel -----	61	425
Sand and gravel -----	33	458
Clay, brown -----	21	479
Sand and 1/4-inch gravel -----	11	490
Clay, brown -----	8	498
Sand and 1/4-inch gravel -----	8	506
Clay and sand -----	76	582
Clay and 1/2-inch gravel -----	18	600
Sand and 1/2-inch gravel -----	10	610
Clay, brown -----	40	650
Sand and 3-inch gravel -----	20	670
Sand and 3- to 4-inch rock -----	25	695
Clay, brown -----	13	708
Clay and sand -----	12	720

Table 5.- Chemical analyses of water from wells

Constituents: Where the value for sodium is preceded by the letter a it indicates sodium and potassium expressed as sodium. The value for dissolved solids is the analytically determined value reported by the laboratory. The sum of determined constituents is the sum of the tabulated constituents minus approximately half (50.8 percent) of the bicarbonate. Because all the major constituents (except silica in many of the analyses) that commonly occur in ground water were analytically determined, the values for dissolved solids and sum of determined constituents should be approximately the same. Constituents shown in parentheses are values calculated by the Geological Survey, Ground Water Branch. All values have been rounded where necessary to conform to the standards of the Geological Survey, Quality of Water Branch.

Temperature: For the Geological Survey analyses (GW, GP, and QW), where the temperature is given the sample was collected from the pump discharge; where the temperature is omitted the samples were collected mainly from a storage facility at the well. For the other analyses the point of collection was mainly from the pump discharge.

Analyzing laboratory: CT, Curtis and Tompkins, San Francisco, California; DWR, State of California, Department of Water Resources; GP, U. S. Geological Survey, Geochemistry and Petrology Branch; GW, U. S. Geological Survey, Ground Water Branch; H, Hornkohl Co.; QW, U. S. Geological Survey, Quality of Water Branch; SE, Smith-Emery Co.; USN U. S. Navy. For analyses for which the analyzing laboratory is not given the agency from which the analysis was collected is given: CW, Cyril Williams, Jr. (1930); DGT, Thompson (1929); SP, Southern Pacific Co.

Well number	: 9/12- :	9/13-7Q2	: 10/11-
	: 16J1 :		: 8E1

Constituents in parts per million

Silica (SiO ₂)				
Iron (Fe)				
Calcium (Ca)	49	32	37	13
Magnesium (Mg)	16	7.1	2	3
Sodium (Na)	.80	52	47	94
Potassium (K)	3.1	2	1.7	2.5
Bicarbonate (HCO ₃)	188	150	140	143
Carbonate (CO ₃)	0	0		120
Sulfate (SO ₄)	116	65	65	99
Chloride (Cl)	58	18	12	14
Fluoride (F)	1.2	.1	.4	
Nitrate (NO ₃)	2.0		3.0	1.2
Boron (B)	.52	.1	.16	.5
Dissolved solids		223	264	
Sum of determined constituents	(419)	(250)	(237)	(32A)
Hardness as CaCO ₃	(188)	(109)	(101)	103
				45
Percent sodium (%Na)	47	50	50	81
Specific conductance (micromhos at 77°F)	730	412	416	430
pH	7.2	8.0	7.3	7.4
Temperature (°F)			70	52
Date collected	8-15-53	6-4-53	10-19-54	5-23-56
Depth of well in feet	200	50.6	50.6	50.6
Analyzing laboratory (Lab.)	GP	DWR	DWR	DWR
Laboratory number (No.)	B351	P-679	R-404	R-1048
				5866

Well number	: 10/12-	: 10/12-	: 10/12-	:
	: 4B1.	: 4B2.	: 10R1	: 10/12-15M2

Constituents in parts per million

SiO ₂					30
Fe					
Ca					34
Mg					6
Na					a54
K					
HCO ₃					142
CO ₃					6
SO ₄					70
Cl	25	24	13	28	20
F					
NO ₃					0
B					
Dis. S.					
Sum					(290)
Hardness	215	200	160	89	(110)

%Na					55
Micromhos	668	643	529	389	
pH					
OF					
Date	11-7-51	12-4-52	12-4-52	12-5-52	3-6-30
Depth		200	300	275	275
Lab.	GW	GW	GW	GW	CT
No.					107780

Well number	:	10/12-20C1	:	10/12-	:	10/12-
	:		:	21R1	:	22N2

Constituents in parts per million

SiO ₂	25				
Fe					
Ca	32	36	31	33	
Mg	5	3.3	6	6	
Na	49	44	38	41	
K		3.1	1.5	1.7	
HCO ₃	130	131	125	115	
CO ₃	0		0		
SO ₄	69	72	65	75	
Cl	21	19	18	16	18
F			.6		
NO ₃		2.5	.7	2.9	
B		.03	0	.04	
Dis. S.			270		
Sum	(265)	(245)	(223)	(233)	
Hardness	100	(104)	(102)	107	131

%Na	55	47	47	45	
Micromhos		413	372	387	423
pH		7.2	7.2	8.1	
°F		69		66	
Date	3-6-30	2-4-52	11-1-55	12-5-52	12-4-52
Depth	161	107.8	107.8	150	125
Lab.	CT	QW	DWR	QW	GW
No.	107781	5871	R-906	5880	

Well number	: 10/13- : : 1401 :	10/13-24C1	: :	10/13-24F1
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Constituents in parts per million

SiO ₂					17
Fe					
Ca			27		22
Mg			4		4
Na			45		a53
K			.8		
HCO ₃			101		103
CO ₃					0
SO ₄			64		66
Cl	17	17	16	21	21
F			.3		
NO ₃			5.8		0
B			.01		
Dis. S.			236		
Sum			(213)		(234)
Hardness	79	90	(84)	79	(71)

%Na			53		64
Micromhos	366	382	359	365	
pH			7.6		
OF					
Date	12-4-52	11-7-51	10-20-54	12-4-52	3-6-30
Depth	463	252	252	600	600
Lab.	GW	GW	DWR	GW	CT
No.			R-398		107782

Well number	: 10/13-	: 10/14-	: 11/11-	: 11/11-	: 11/11-
	: 32M1	: 36A1	: 1Q1	: 2N1	: 5D1

Constituents in parts per million

SiO ₂					31
Fe					0
Ca	36	66	1.6	37	44
Mg	9	8.1	.5	8.3	17
Na	49	82	140	47	32
K	1.7	3	5.8	3.5	
HCO ₃	149	99	185	192	152
CO ₃	0	0	75	0	0
SO ₄	78	240	(26)	(47)	86
Cl	24	29	38	15	33
F	.6	11	5.6	.4	.4
NO ₃	4.5	.2	.7	6.2	
B ³	.12	0	1.2	.15	.34
Dis. S.	295				395
Sum	(291)	(488)	(385)	260	(319)
Hardness	(127)	(198)	6	127	180

%Na	(45)	47	96	44	31
Micromhos	412	735	691	459	565
pH	7.7	7.7	9.6	7.7	7.9
°F	74				
Date	3-8-56	6-4-53	10-21-55	10-21-55	2-16-57
Depth	805	986	761.5	303.5	670
Lab.	DWR	DWR	QW	QW	USN
No.	B-6906	P-684	17237	17236	

Well number	: 11/11-	: 11/11-	: 11/11-	: 11/12-	: 11/12-
	: 7A1	: 8D1	: 9A1	: 12M1	: 18B1

Constituents in parts per million

SiO ₂	20		30		
Fe			0		
Ca	22	30	26	17	40
Mg	5	8.1	8.8	2.4	8.1
Na	38	56	37	86	61
K		3.7		8.9	1.5
HCO ₃	146	235	178	225	213
CO ₃	0	5	0	0	0
SO ₄	25	(16)	12	(6.7)	37
Cl	9	11	16	35	29
F	.5	.4	.3	.8	.4
NO ₃		.7		97	13
B	.15	.29	.05	.61	.2
Dis. S.	265		308		
Sum	(192)	(247)	(218)	(365)	(295)
Hardness	76	108	100	(52)	(133)

%Na		52	45	75	
Micromhos	373	444	360	547	485
pH	8.3	8.5	8.0	8.2	
OF					
Date	11-2-56	10-21-55	10-19-56	10-20-55	6-4-53
Depth	414.0	275.0	421	318.5	300
Lab.	USN	QW	USN	QW	DWR
No.		17235		17234	P-678

Well number	: 11/12- :	11/12-32E1	:	11/12-32E2
	: 26J1 :		:	

Constituents in parts per million

SiO ₂	23		20		
Fe					
Ca	28	33	50		54
Mg	5	14	10		17
Na	a38	45	50		54
K		1.4	1.9		1.5
HCO ₃	124	98	119		115
CO ₃	0	10	0		0
SO ₄	49	118	155		193
Cl	15	17	17	12	19
F		.5	.4		.4
NO ₃	0	0	0		4.0
B		.10	.05		.20
Dis. S.	254	305	318		375
Sum	(219)	(287)	(363)		(400)
Hardness	90	(140)	(166)	212	(205)

%Na	52	(41)	(39)		(36)
Micromhos		451	529	622	630
pH		8.3	7.9		8.1
OF		78			
Date	6-3-30	7-12-55	7-1-57	12-4-52	7-12-55
Depth	225.0	300	300	265	265
Lab.	CT	DWR	DWR		DWR
No.	107783	5937	T-893		5936

Well number	: 11/12-	: 11/13-	: 11/13-	: 12/12-	: 32/36-
	: 32E2	: 19C3	: 24A1	: 35R1	: 21Q1

Constituents in parts per million

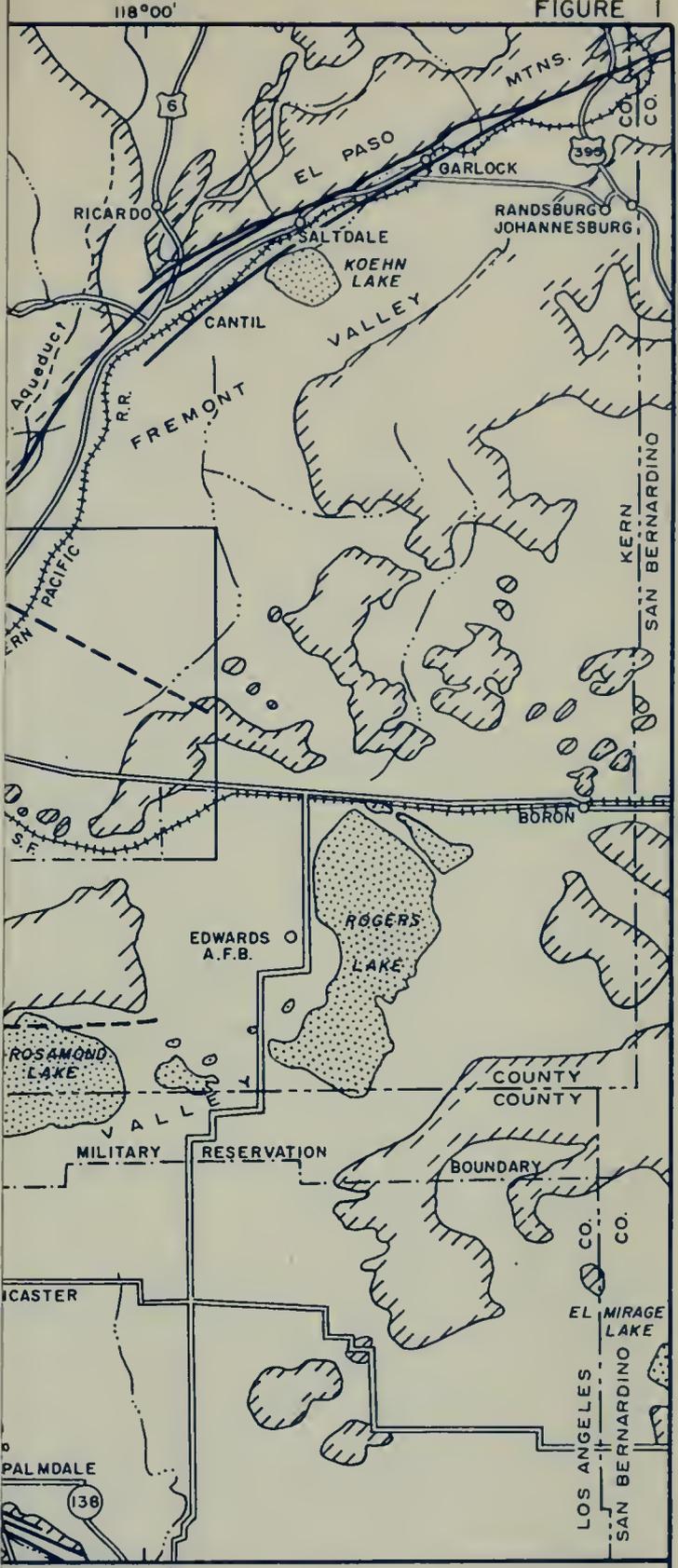
SiO ₂	21			29	
Fe				0	
Ca	45	72	46	44	20
Mg	7	42	4.9	18	63
Na	49	60	74	a52	196
K	1.5	1.8	2.6		7
HCO ₃	134	471	177	196	342
CO ₃	0	0		0	0
SO ₄	113	70	42	85	371
Cl	15	17	45	32	49
F	.8	1.0		.2	.2
NO ₃	2.2	8.4	52		12
B	.20	.28	.16	.5	2.0
Dis. S.	390	538		455	
Sum	(321)	(504)	(354)	(358)	(888)
Hardness	(141)	(353)	135	181	(309)
%Na	(43)	27	54	38	
Micromhos	559	902	588	595	1,280
pH	7.8	7.3	7.4	8.0	8.0
°F		59	76		
Date	7-21-57	2-18-55	12-5-52	3-5-57	6-4-53
Depth	265	388	357	640	805
Lab.	DWR	DWR	QW	USN	DWR
No.	T-892	1872	5878		P-677

Well number	:	32/36-21Q1	:	32/36-22M1	:	32/36-35D1	:	32/36-35R1
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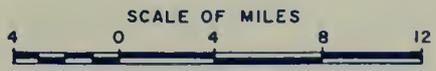
Constituents in parts per million

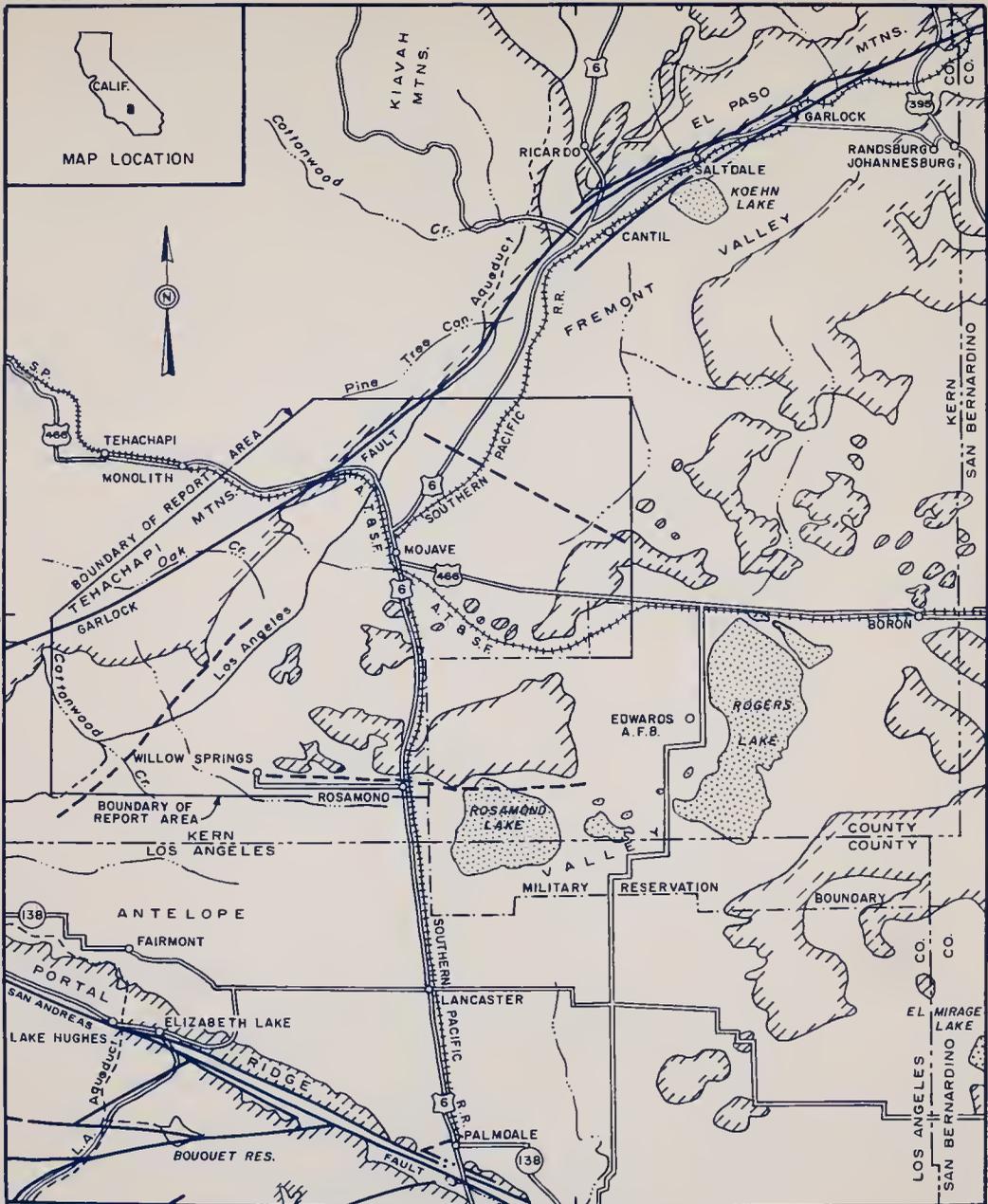
SiO ₂		20			14	31
Fe					.26	0
Ca	55	82	87	31	97	90
Mg	28	30	27	51	59	27
Na	188	191	158	160	102	61
K	6.8	7.4	9.8	6.8		
HCO ₃	244	363	276	205	149	191
CO ₃	0	0		7	0	0
SO ₄	375	370	392	372	376	235
Cl	48	49	46	49	67	50
F	.5	.6		.8	.5	.2
NO ₃	4.5	4.9	2.2	5.0		
B	2.4	2.0	1.2	2.7		.47
Dis. S.	836	842		805	824	685
Sum	(828)	(936)	(859)	(786)	(789)	(589)
Hardness	(252)	(328)	328	(287)	378	338

%Na	61	(55)	50	(54)		28
Micromhos	1,260	1,420	1,290	1,260		955
pH	7.8	7.5	7.2	8.2	7.4	7.6
°F			75			78
Date	7-12-55	7-2-57	12-2-52	7-12-55	11-29-56	10-12-56
Depth	805	805	370	370	800	800
Lab.	DWR	DWR	QW	DWR	USN	USN
No.	R-746	T-875	5867	5935		



OF PART OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
ING AREA COVERED BY THIS REPORT





Base map and fault pattern largely after geologic map of California (Jenkins 1938)

MAP OF PART OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA SHOWING AREA COVERED BY THIS REPORT

LEGEND

- VALLEY AREA
- MOUNTAIN AREA
- FAULT (DASHED WHERE INFERRED)



U. S.

118°3

T.
32
S.

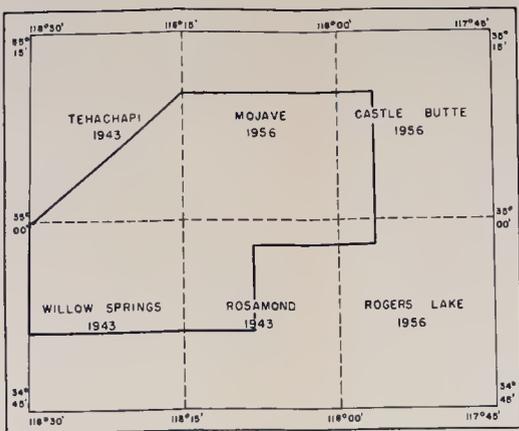
T.
12
N.

U. S.

118°3

T.
32
S.

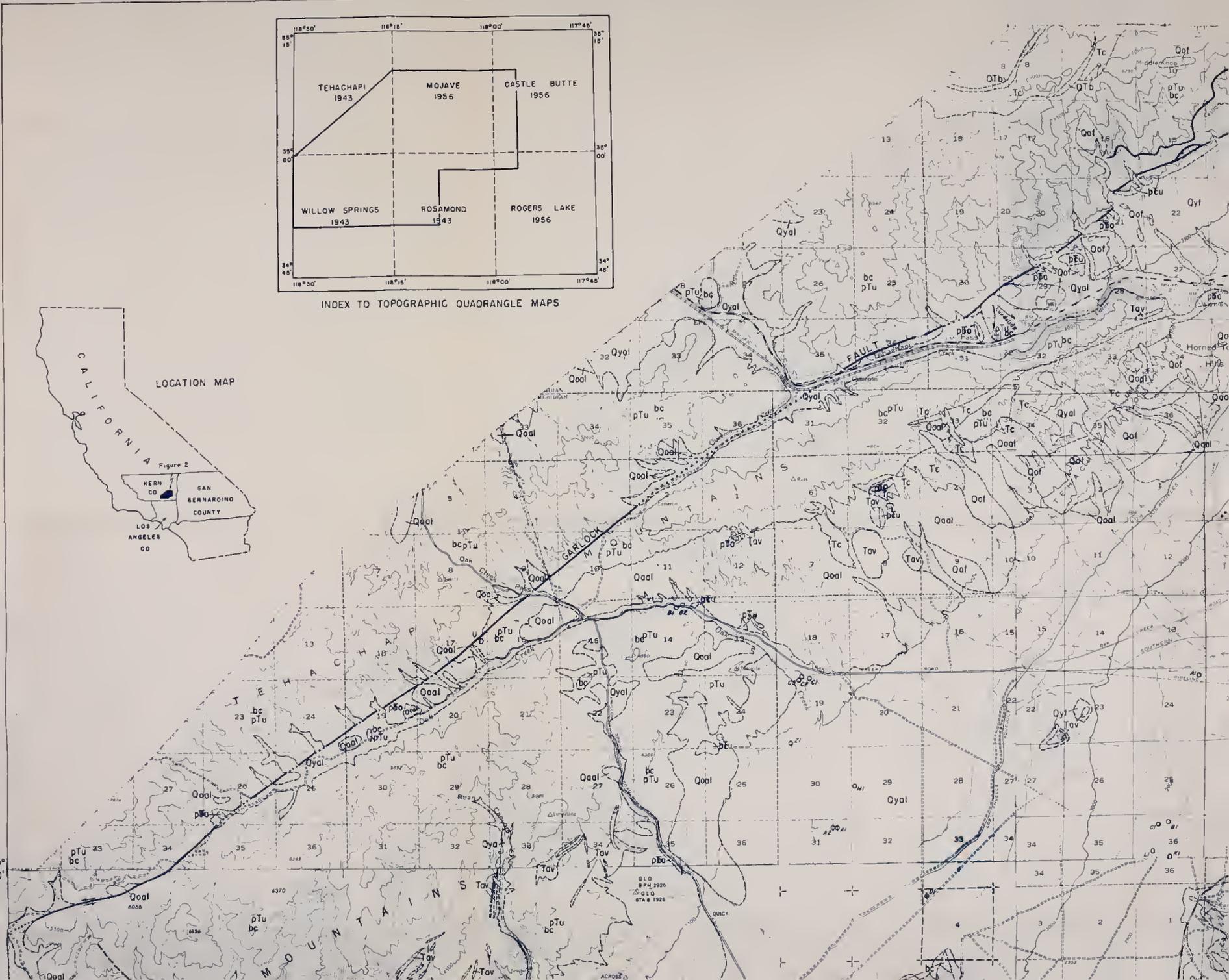
T.
12
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INDEX TO TOPOGRAPHIC QUADRANGLE MAPS



LOCATION MAP

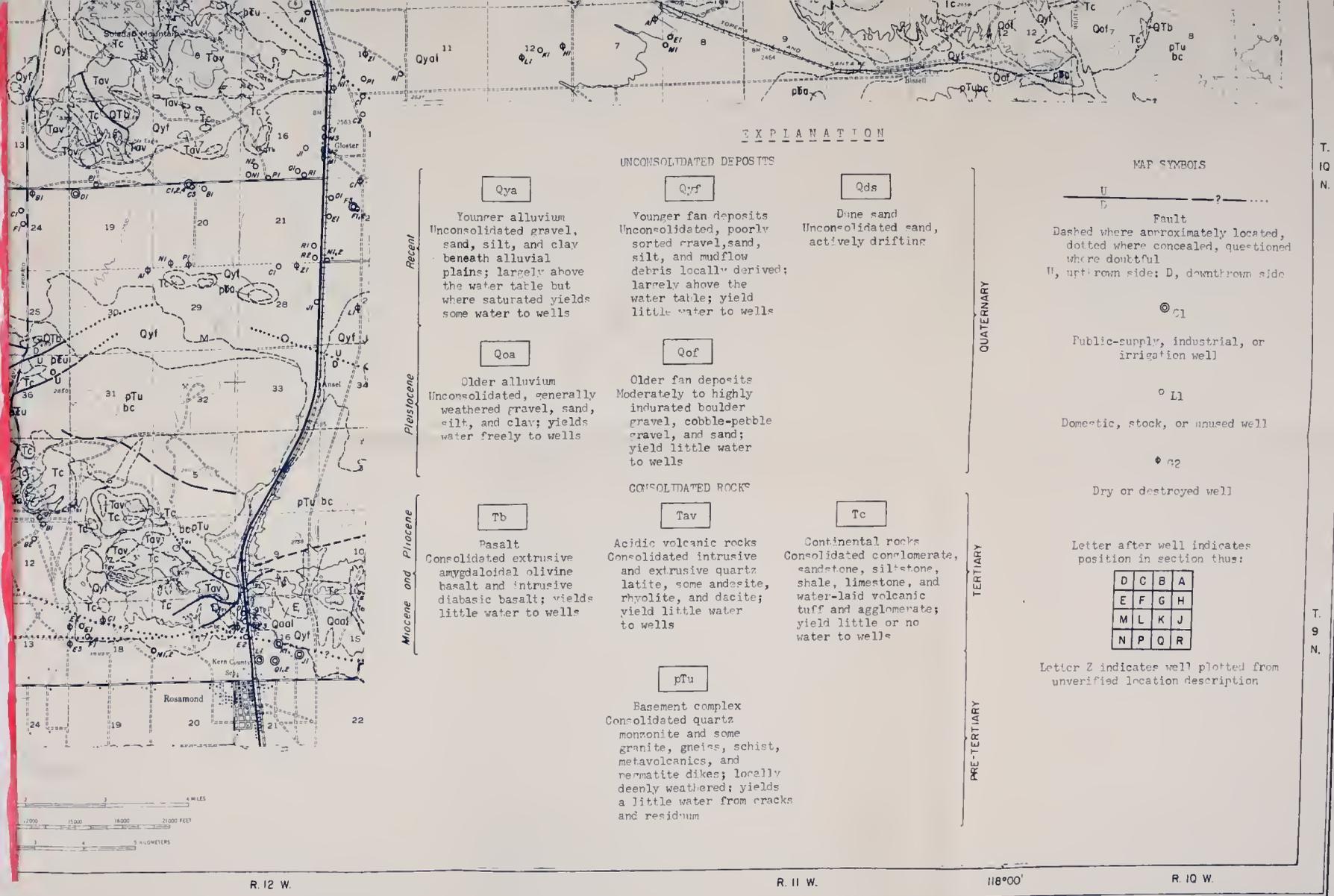


G.L.O. 8 JULY 1926
G.L.O. 8 JULY 1926
G.L.O. 8 JULY 1926

R. 36 E.

R. 37 E. 118°00'





**ROSAMOND, CHAFFEE, AND FREMONT VALLEYS, CALIFORNIA
GEOLOGY AND LOCATIONS OF WELLS**

(SANTA FE AND FREMONT VALLEYS)
CALIFORNIA
WATER RESOURCES

GROUND WATER INVESTIGATIONS

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Geology compiled by L. C. Dutcher, 1959,
largely generalized after published
and unpublished mapping by
T. W. Dibblee, Jr. and L. C. Dutcher

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