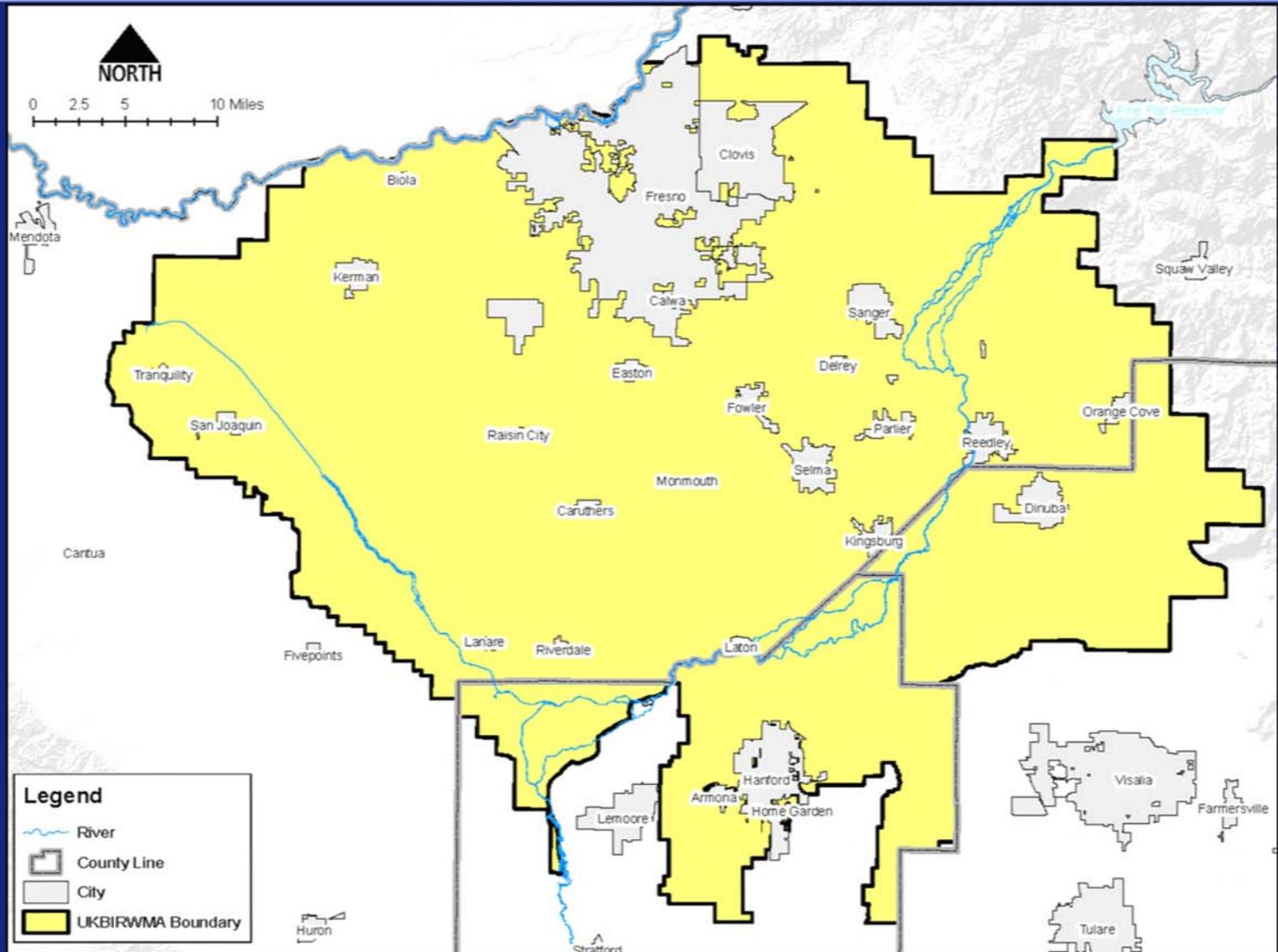
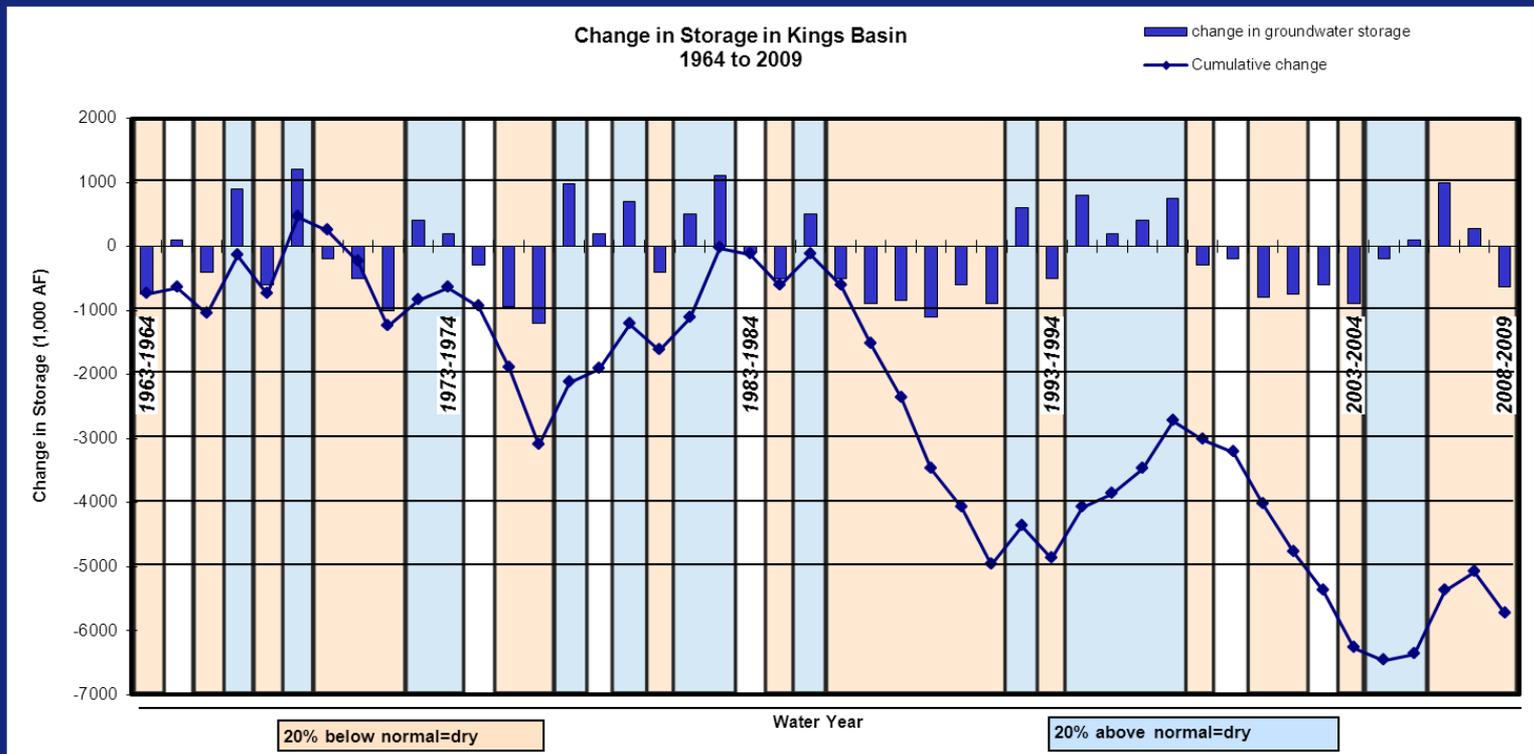


Integrated Regional Water Management in the Kings Basin



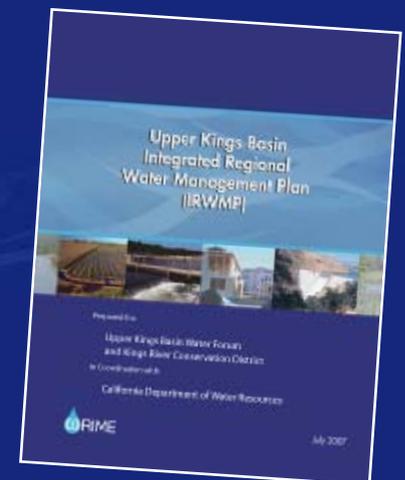
Kings Groundwater Basin's Decline in Storage

- Average annual overdraft since 1963 ~ 120 TAF
- Over 500 TAF in flood flows left the system in 2010 alone
- Over 7 MAF in flood flows have left the system since 1982



IRWM Plan Priorities

- Projects to increase water supply reliability & preserve quality
 - Groundwater recharge, conveyance
 - Recycling
 - Metering
- Protect and enhance aquatic ecosystems and wildlife habitat, and riparian recreation areas
- Public Awareness
- Coordinated Basin-level Monitoring
 - Groundwater elevations, quality, subsidence



Cultivation of IRWM in the Kings Basin



- 2001 the **Basin Advisory Panel (BAP)** was formed:
 - + KRCD and 3 upper basin water districts
 - + Assistance provided by DWR
 - + Goals: to address the overdraft problem and develop implementable solutions

- 2004 the **Upper Kings Basin Water Forum** was formed from the BAP to coordinate water management activities and develop an IRWMP
 - + Composed of KRCD, 5 upper basin irrigation/water districts, 10 cities, 3 counties, and 15 other governmental agencies and non-governmental organizations
 - + Assistance provided by DWR
 - + Goals: to prepare a groundwater and surface water model and develop the IRWMP

- 2009 the **Upper Kings Basin IRWM Authority** was formed from the UKBWF to further develop the IRWMP under Prop 84
 - + Composed of 17 members and 24 interested parties
 - + Expanded boundary to include entire groundwater basin
 - + Branded name "Kings Basin Water Authority"

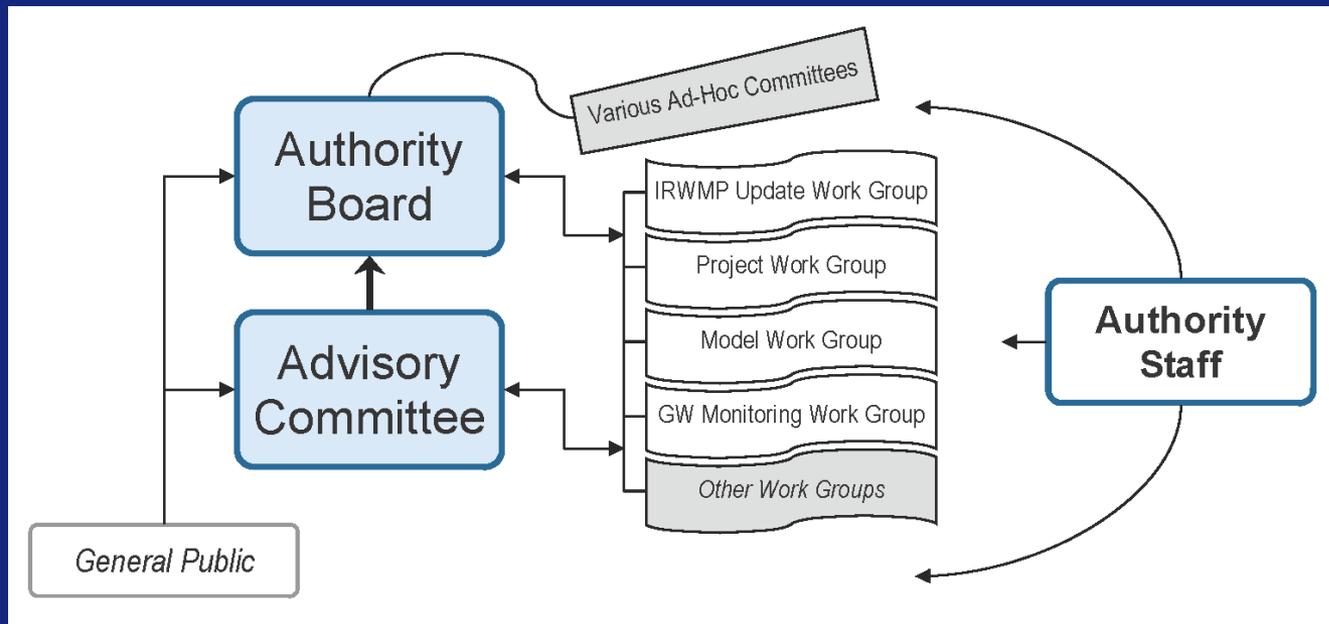
- 2011 **Celebrating 10 Years of IRWM Planning**
 - + Composed of 17 members and 24 interested parties
 - + Expanded boundary to include entire groundwater basin
 - + Branded name "Kings Basin Water Authority"

Water Authority Governance Structure

Members – voting members, only public entities

Interested Parties – non-voting (on the Advisory Committee) may be public and non-public entities (non-governmental organizations and local & state agencies) advisory capacity participate in committees and sub-committees seek their support before decisions are made

Administrative Manager / Staff – executive and fiscal agent, non-voting





Diversity of IRWM Planning Participation

MEMBERS (17)

- Alta Irrigation District
- City of Clovis
- City of Dinuba
- City of Fresno
- City of Kerman
- City of Kingsburg
- City of Parlier
- City of Reedley
- City of Sanger
- City of Selma
- County of Fresno
- County of Tulare
- Consolidated Irrigation District
- Fresno Metro. Flood Control Dist.
- Fresno Irrigation District
- Kings County Water District
- Kings River Conservation District
- Raisin City Water District

INTERESTED PARTIES (32)

- Bakman Water Company
- Biola Community Services District
- California Native Plant Society, Sequoia Chapter
- City of San Joaquin
- Community Water Center
- County of Kings
- Crescent Canal Company
- Cutler Public Utilities District
- East Orosi Community Services District
- El Rio Reyes Conservation Trust
- Hardwick Water Company
- James Irrigation District
- Kings River Conservancy
- Kings River Water Association
- Laguna Irrigation District
- Laton Community Service District
- Liberty Canal Company
- Liberty Water District
- London Community Services District
- Mid-Valley Water District
- Orange Cove Irrigation District

- Orosi Public Utilities District
- Reed Ditch Company
- Riverdale Irrigation District
- Riverdale Public Utility District
- Self-Help Enterprises
- Sierra Club, Tehipite Chapter
- Sierra Resource Conservation District
- Sultana Community Services District
- Terranova Ranch, Inc.
- Tulare Basin Wildlife Partners

OTHER PARTICIPATION

- CA Department of Fish & Game
- CA Department of Water Resources
- California Water Institute (CSUF)
- Center for Collaborative Policy
- Fresno Audubon Society
- Kings River Fisheries Program
- Regional Water Quality Control Board
- Sierra Nevada Research Institute (UCM)
- State Water Resources Control Board

IRWM Successes

- Awarded \$30M in grant funds to implement \$60M in projects
- Developed a regional integrated GW/surface-water model
- 20,000 AF of annual direct recharge capacity added
- Water metering projects – combined reduce per capita annual consumption by 12,000 AF
- Surface water treatment projects – combined reduce annual need for GW pumping by up to 50,000 AF
- Disadvantaged Communities (DACs) planning outreach and water resources needs assessment
- Coordinated SB-1938 GW Management Plan development and implementation (GW elevations, quality, subsidence)
- SB-7x6 (CASGEM) plans for Kings and Tulare Lake Basins
- *Over 100 planned projects with more than 100,000 AF of additional annual benefit*

Challenges

- Maintaining grant eligibility in an increasingly complex and time-consuming regulatory environment is nearing the level of being cost prohibitive
- While still the best option for governance, equal participation and avoiding “pay to play” with JPA has not been easy
- Large and diverse stakeholder group results in higher quality planning framework, however, limited funding makes it a challenge to meet needs of all interests



Plans for the Future

- Update IRWMP to meet new requirements and incorporate input from new stakeholders
- Implement DAC Outreach pilot study to better engage and identify DAC critical water supply/quality needs and potential projects
- New Website, and improved DMS
- Explore potential opportunities for internally funding high priority projects, or external funding other than IRWM